"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Cloudy, somewhat colder Saturday, probably rain at night; Sunday unsettled; wind northeasterly.

☞For full weather report see Page 20.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,125. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1913.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

SHONTS FIRES BLAST AT GOULD

Writes John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Largest Manhattan Holder, Details of Gould Offer to Sell

CHADBOURNE A GO-BETWEEN

Shonts Reports Him as Saying There Was Nothing in Third-Tracking for Gould Estate.

GOULD REPORT IS DIFFERENT

He Says His Lawyer Told Him Shonts Wanted a Price on the Gould Stock and He Put It at 175.

A direct question of veracity was raised yesterday between Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough, and George J. Gould, President of the Manhattan Railway, over the alleged offer to sell to the Interborough the Gould holdings in the Manhattan Co. at 175. In a letter to the Public Service Commission Mr. Gould denied positively that he ever had asked Mr. Shonts to buy him out. In a letter to John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Mr. Shonts asserts that T. L. Chadbourne, Jr., private counsel for Mr. Gould, came to him with his principal's assent and made the offer. Mr. Shonts says that Mr. Chadbourne had to go back to consult Mr. Gould for the sole purpose of getting his price.

Mr. Shonts also reiterated yesterday his assertion that every step taken by the Interborough in its negotiations with the Public Service Commission as to the third tracking of the elevated railroads was with the full knowledge of Mr. Gould and the Manhattan Directors. On the other hand, Mr. Gould again asserted that he knew none of the details before Feb. 7.

"I dislike entering into a controversy which involves a question of veracity between Mr. Shonts and myself," says Mr. Gould, "but, in view of his statement which appears in this morning's papers, no other course seems open to us."

It was noted yesterday with a good deal of interest that in this controversy Mr. Shonts seemed to have obtained the support of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and J. P. Morgan & Co. Mr. Rockefeller actually controls more stock in the Manhattan Railway Co. than the Goulds, though they have a majority of the board, and there is little doubt if the fight were carried to the bitter end which side would win.

Meanwhile the Interborough refused yesterday to have any dealings with the committee appointed by the Manhattan Directors on Thursday to discuss with them the third-tracking certificate. Mr. Shonts sent a formal reply to the letter announcing the action of the Manhattan Directors, in which he said:

> In view of the fact that on yesterday the Public Service Commission acted favorably upon a certificate for third-tracking, running to the Interborough Company, the subject matter of your letter will have to be held in reserve for the present.

The matter to which Mr. Shonts referred in this communication was the authorization by the commission of the advertisement of a public hearing to be held on March 15 at 10 o'clock on the form of a third-tracking certificate to be issued to the Interborough. This covers the Second, Third, and Ninth Avenue elevated lines and is in precisely the same words as that already voted to the Manhattan Railway.

Issue Between Shonts and Gould.

In his letter to the Public Service Commission setting forth his side of the controversy Mr. Gould said that in the beginning of February Alfred Skitt, Vice President of the Manhattan and also a Director of the Interborough, handed him a copy of the third-tracking certificate.

"Prior to that time," wrote Mr. Gould, "I had been occasionally consulted by Mr. Skitt respecting the general policy of the trade between the city and the Interborough, and was in accord with that general policy, but many of the details of the proposed contracts and their bearing upon the terms of our lease to the Interborough had never been made clear to me."

In writing to Mr. Rockefeller, Mr. Shonts touched on this point, saying:

> During the long period covered by the Interborough's negotiations with the city, we have constantly kept Mr. Gould, as President of the Manhattan Company, fully advised of every substantial phase of the negotiations relative to the completion of the third tracks upon the Manhattan lines. Mr. Alfred Skitt, Vice President of the Manhattan Company, sat in all of the meetings of the Interborough Board as a member of that board, and sat in all meetings of the Interborough staff where these matters were discussed.

Mr. Shonts gave the particulars of the negotiations which took place before the Interborough made its formal protest to the city on Feb. 27, 1912, and laid stress on the fact that he had asked Mr. Skitt to get the personal approval of Mr. Gould to the part affecting the Manhattan Company. Mr. Gould, Mr. Shonts asserted, went through that particular document, and so also did Judge Dillon, chief counsel of the Manhattan, before it was referred to the city. He added:

> In this connection it may be well to state that substantially the only important objection the Manhattan ever made to the certificates was that made by it early in 1912 to the inclusion of the third track improvements within the ten-year recapture provision of the general law. The Public Service Commission, upon being advised of this objection, procured an amendment of the law in the exact phraseology approved by the Manhattan counsel. I may further add that all the papers submitted to the Manhattan board, including the resolutions and my formal letter, as President of the Interborough Company, to the Manhattan Company, were prepared and passed upon by counsel for the Manhattan Company.

Lawyer Chadbourne Advised Gould.

In his letter to the commission Mr. Gould said that as soon as he had seen the certificate he consulted his personal counsel, Chadbourne & Shores, and, becoming more uneasy through the reports submitted to him by Mr. Chadbourne, had a series of interviews with him and Mr. Skitt.

The result was a meeting of the Directors of the Manhattan on Feb. 1, at which all except Mr. McClement and Mr. Terry were present. After a full discussion it was unanimously decided to refuse to apply to the commission for the third-tracking certificates the Interborough had requested. A copy of this resolution was then sent to Mr. Shonts. On Feb. 13 there were two interviews between Mr. Shonts

Continued on Page 2.

TRY TO START A PANIC.

Rowdies Ejected from Proctor's 125th Street Theatre Set Up a Cry of Fire.

Proctor's 125th Street Theatre was well filled shortly after 9 o'clock last night when the audience, intent on the performance, was startled by cries of "Fire! Help! Fire! Murder! Fire!" Men and women sprang to their feet. There was no smoke or flame, and from all over the audience rose cries of, "Oh, what is the matter? What is it? Where's the fire?"

In an instant more there would have been a panic and probably a rush for the doors, when Frederick Hawley, assistant manager of the theatre, ran down the centre aisle and, facing the audience, shouted:

"Don't get excited. There's no trouble. No fire. We are simply trying to eject a couple of rowdies. It was they who called out."

Persons in the audience could see for themselves a group of ushers struggling with two young men in the rear of the orchestra, and as they watched they saw a policeman enter and lead the youths out. They were convinced then there was no fire and no danger and resumed their seats quietly.

While the performance went on the youths were taken to the East 126th Street Station, where they said they were Isidor Glassman and Henry Fleschler, both of 333 East 120th Street.

Hawley, who made a complaint against them, said they had bought tickets for the balcony, and instead of taking seats in the rear, the only vacant ones, had descended one of the aisles and seated themselves on the steps close to the railing. When they had been asked to move they had refused, but made little protest against being removed until they reached the orchestra floor, where they clutched the railing behind the seats and raised the cries which so alarmed the audience.

REFUSED OUR $10,000,000.

Colombians Believed Democrats Would Make Better Offer.

BOGOTA, Feb. 28.—The Colombian Government to-day published a statement in full of the negotiations between it and the United States for the settlement of the dispute over the partition of Panama. The statement says Colombia has refused the following informal propositions made by the United States:

First—The payment of $10,000,000 for coaling stations on the Islands of Andres and Providencia, and an option for a canal by way of the Atrato River.

Second—The good offices of the United States in settlement of the boundary and other questions with Panama.

Third—Arbitration of reversionary rights in the Panama Railroad.

Fourth—Preferential rights on the Panama Canal.

The statement says that after the rejection of these propositions, James T. Dubois, the American Minister to Colombia, informally asked whether, if the United States should offer to Colombia $10,000,000 and all the other propositions, without asking privileges or options, Colombia would accept. To this Foreign Minister Urrutia answered in the negative, asserting that the offer of the United States had been refused as being entirely unacceptable and that Colombia demanded arbitration of the entire question or a direct proposition as to compensation for all her losses in Panama.

The Colombian Government evidently expects a better proposition from the incoming Democratic Administration at Washington and is considered to have made public its statement in order to defend itself from criticism for refusing the offer of the present Administration.

DUPE NEW YORKERS IN CUBA.

Fake Racing Gang Get Over $5,000—One Arrested Beating Victim.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Feb. 28.—John A. Mottolla of New York City, a Harvard student, complained to the police to-day that he had been swindled of $2,000 by three Americans operating fake racing returns. Prof. Stainsky of Denver, Col., lost $3,000, and Max Schirmer of White Plains, N. Y., $80 to the same gang. Mr. Mottolla gave a check for his losses on the National City Bank, New York City, and expects payment will be stopped. Prof. Stainsky lost his bets in cash.

The police arrested L. H. Spencer as he was pummeling Mr. Schirmer in Central Park for the purpose of compelling him to give up more money. The police are looking out for three other Americans whose names are said to be Walter, Mason, and Collins, and who are believed to be the gang of swindlers recently operating in Florida resorts.

TO WED MAURETANIA'S TYPIST

Landsman Who Dictated at Sea to Marry Miss Mamie Jones.

Miss Mamie Jones, the typist on the Mauretania, is to be married to W. W. Lodge, a cotton operator of Liverpool, whom she first met on the Caronia three years ago when he was a passenger and she was employed on that ship. They became acquainted by his dictating business correspondence, and, strangely enough, when Miss Jones went to the Carmania, Mr. Lodge crossed on that ship and again happened to be on the Lusitania when she made one trip as typist on that liner. Since that time he has been a regular traveler on the Mauretania.

It is not the fault of the officers of the Cunard Line that Miss Jones is going to marry a landsman. They confess it. But she said yesterday:

"What is the use of having a husband who is always at sea?"

Miss Jones will be married in June in Liverpool and go to Switzerland for her wedding trip.

CAR KILLS BABY BOY.

Ran Away from His Sister and Got Right in Front of It.

Abraham Lazarus, 3 years old, was killed late yesterday afternoon by a surface car of the Avenue B line in front of his home, 170 Clinton Street. He was in the care of his 7-year-old sister, and broke away from her and started across the street. He ran directly in front of the car. Motorman Morris Rosenberg and the conductor, Louis Herman, pulled the child from under the car and carried him to a drug store. Dr. Meytinger of Gouverneur Hospital was called, but the child was dead before his arrival.

Little children, growing boys and girls, young or old men and women, all should use MALT BREAKFAST FOOD.—Adv.

SHIP'S SHOT FATAL; AMERICANS BLAMED

Vera Cruz Man Killed and Three Fishermen Wounded by Stray Projectiles.

ACCIDENT EXCITES MEXICANS

United States War Vessels Were at Target Practice in the Gulf—Washington Will Sift Incident.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 28.—Stray shots which were said to have come from the United States warships Vermont, Nebraska, and Georgia, at target practice in the Gulf to-day, killed one man and wounded three fishermen. Many shots from the American vessels reached land near this city. Great excitement resulted in Vera Cruz and neighboring places. A rumor quickly was circulated that the waters of the Gulf were filled with men-of-war engaged in battle.

The American ships were far out in the Gulf, having gone a long distance with a view of avoiding danger to shipping in or near the harbor.

United States civilians here deplored the mishap particularly because they already had seen signs that an anti-American spirit was growing throughout the city. One form taken by that sentiment was the refusal of young society men of Vera Cruz to play tennis with the junior officers of the Georgia.

Turner Angers Officials.

The anti-American tendency has not been decreased by John K. Turner, an American writer and agitator, who attacked Mexico in magazines and newspapers in the United States, and now is busy criticising his own country and Americans in general. Mr. Turner does not stand well with the present Government officials. It is understood they are considering the propriety of requesting him to leave this country shortly.

The steamship Ipiranga of the Hamburg-American Line sailed from this port late this afternoon, carrying several persons who were prominent in the Madero regime. Her passengers included Rafael Hernandez, ex-Minister Gobernacion, and Roque Gonzalez Garza, the famous ex-Governor of the Federal District. Another survivor of the former Administration who took passage in the Ipiranga was Senora Ernesto Madero.

All the refugees wil stay in Havana until they are joined by other Mexicans made homeless by the fall of President Francisco I. Madero, Jr.

Washington Expresses Concern.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Naval officials showed concern to-night over the report that shots from an American battleship at target practice to-day off Vera Cruz struck near shore, killing a man and wounding three fishermen. Up to a late hour to-night, the Navy Department had not received a dispatch in regard to the alleged incident.

The statement that the ships were at target practice implies that Rear Admiral Frank Fletcher, who is in command of the special squadron at Vera Cruz, had taken advantage of the quiet following the overthrow of President Madero to carry out the work which the ships would have been doing if they had remained at Guantanamo, Cuba. Dispatches were received early in the day from Admiral Fletcher, but they made no mention of target practice, or the casualties mentioned in the special cable dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

When told of the report of the accident to-night, Beekman Winthrop, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, said he was sure the department had no advices in regard to it.

"It is most awkward that such a thing should occur at this time," Mr. Winthrop commented, "because of the effect on the Mexican people. It is not strange that it should cause great excitement, and it is sure to be regarded as the beginning of intervention by many inland Mexicans, and is likely to cause distorted and sinister reports of the affair.

"Of course, explanations soon will make clear just what occurred, and will assure the Mexican Government de facto and the Mexican people that what has happened was purely an accident. It also is to be said that a full inquiry in regard to the incident will be instituted promptly.

"It is a matter of deep regret that such an accident should have occurred at any time, and especially just now, when public feeling here and there is under a strain."

If the facts prove to be as reported, the officer responsible for the alleged mishap will be required to face a court of inquiry, and, possibly, a court-martial. There have been several such instances in the history of the modern navy. Rear Admiral Thomas O. Selfridge, retired, was tried by court-martial on account of the killing of several Japanese off one of the islands of Japan by a shell fired at target practice by the warship then commanded by him.

GOV. FUENTES D SUBMITS.

Gen. Hidalgo Takes Aguas Calientes—Porfirio Diaz Praises Huerta.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 28.—Conditions in the State of Sonora, where the authorities have refused to adhere to the new administration, were admitted in the National Palace to-night to be serious. It was thought, however, there would be no necessity for a resort to arms.

Gen. Garcia Hidalgo solved to-day in Aguas Calientes, capital of the State of the same name, a problem which no one believed could be settled except with the use of soldiery. Alberto Fuentes D, the rebellious Governor of the State, who had fortified himself in the palace and defied Gen. Hidalgo to remove him, surrendered at the last moment, and Gen. Hidalgo took charge of the State Government.

Continued on Page 4.

IMPORTANT.

In order to make sure of getting **to-morrow's Sunday Times** with the portrait of Woodrow Wilson on heavy paper suitable for framing you should place an order today with your newsdealer. Tell him to deliver The Times regularly. Then you will get all of the big features that are in preparation.

STRIKE OF GARMENT WORKERS IS ENDED

Remaining 50,000 Still Out Will Be Notified to Report for Work at Once.

M.M.MARKS AN INTERMEDIARY

Eugene S. Benjamin Makes Statement of Terms Through Him Which Satisfies President Rickert.

The strike of the workers on men's and boys' garments which began on last Dec. 30, and was the largest strike of the kind in the history of the clothing industry in this city, was ended last night when an agreement was reached between the Allied Associations of Clothing Manufacturers and the United Garment Workers of America. The strikers, some 50,000, will be notified to return to work immediately, and it is believed that all the shops will have full complements of operatives by Monday.

About 120,000 workmen were affected when the strike began, but there had been many individual settlements prior to yesterday's agreement on the part of associations of employers not connected with the Allied Associations.

Marcus M. Marks was instrumental in ending the strike. On Thursday he wrote to Eugene S. Benjamin, Chairman of the Advisory Committee of the Allied Associations, asking that a statement of terms offered by the ebployers be submitted to him so that he could use his influence to bring about the acceptance of them by the strikers. Yesterday this letter was sent to Mr. Marks outlining the terms on which the strike was settled:

> Feb. 28, 1913.
>
> Mr. Marcus M. Marks, 687 Broadway, New York City.
>
> Dear Mr. Marks: I am duly in receipt of your letter of Feb. 27 and have presented it to the Advisory Committee of the Allied Associations, and they authorize me to present the following statement of what they are prepared to do for their employes in answer to your request:
>
> The workers are to return to work immediately.
>
> The question of hours to be submitted to a commission consisting of the following, Mr. Robert Fulton Cutting, Mr. Marcus M. Marks, Dr. J. L. Magnus, their recommendations to be accepted as final and binding.
>
> The findings shall be on the basis of establishing a standard of working hours per week that will maintain the industry in New York on a competitive basis with other markets for the present and for the future.
>
> Upon the resumption of work there shall be a general increase in wages to week workers in tailor shops of $1 a week over wages paid prior to the strike, and to piece workers the rate shall be advanced in the same proportion.
>
> No reduction in price in dull season. The maintenance of sanitary conditions.
>
> The abolition of sub-contracting in contractors' and inside shops.
>
> Hours and conditions in contract shops to be identical with those of inside shops.
>
> The wages of cutters to be as agreed upon between the firms and their employes.
>
> There shall be no discrimination in the reemployment of the workers.
>
> With best wishes, I remain yours very truly,
>
> EUGENE S. BENJAMIN, Chairman, Advisory Committee of the Allied Associations of Clothing Manufacturers.

The Advisory Committee of the Allied Clothing Manufacturers' Associations is composed of representatives of the New York Clothing Trade Association, the Tailors to the Trade Association, the American Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York, and the Associated Boys' Clothing Manufacturers of Greater New York. Concerning the letter, the Advisory Committee authorized the following statement:

> The correspondence between Mr. Marks and the Advisory Committee speaks for itself. The members of the various clothing manufacturers' associations have from the very outset been willing to give their employes the very best possible conditions which the competitive nature of the trade would permit, maintaining only their firm stand for the open shop principle.

In connection with the foregoing correspondence, Marcus M. Marks said:

"Being advised of this action of the Clothing Manufacturers, Mr. T. A. Rickert, representing the General Executive Board of the United Garment Workers of America, officially declared the strike off and stated that the workers would return at once."

President Rickert said last evening that he was satisfied with the terms of the settlement.

The settlement did not affect the strikes of the garment workers in other cities. Of these 6,000 are on strike in Boston, 1,000 in Baltimore, and 8,000 in Philadelphia.

TRAINMEN ROUT BANDITS.

Wounded Robbers Flee to Mountain After Battle with Crew.

HUNTINGTON, West Va., Feb. 28.—Three masked men held up a fast freight train on the Norfolk & Western Railroad last night near Alwick, an isolated mountain station, and it is believed that two of the bandits were wounded in a revolver battle with the train crew. Evidently the robbers thought they were stopping a passenger train. The telegraph wires were cut, apparently by the robbers, and only meagre details of the hold-up have reached this place. After flagging the train, the robbers opened fire, shooting into the freight cars and along either side of the train. After the first shock the train crew returned shot for shot. Two of the bandits fell, but, aided by their companion, regained their feet and retreated up a mountain side.

TWO SHIPS WIN IN SENATE.

Naval Committee's Amendment Is Adopted by Vote of 56 to 16.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Two battleships were voted into the Naval Appropriation bill by the Senate to-night after a short discussion of the provision adopted by the House limiting the building programme to one battleship. The two-battleship amendment offered by the Naval Committee of the Senate was adopted, 56 to 16.

An amendment by Senator Brandegee providing for three ships was defeated, 21 to 48.

ANTEDILUVIAN WHISKEY
Men with finely sharpened appetites for the best drink ask for it. Luyties Bros., N. Y.—Adv.

CONFER AT MIDNIGHT ON WILSON CABINET

Objections Made by McCombs to Proposed Members Submitted to Col. House.

SLATE OUT IN WASHINGTON

Marshall's Callers Show One Which Is Accepted, Except the Inclusion of Goethals and Norris.

William F. McCombs and Col. E. M. House passed on President-elect Wilson's Cabinet yesterday. By previous arrangement Mr. Wilson saw Mr. McCombs in the afternoon at the University Club in this city and Mr. McCombs's objection to some of the names on the Cabinet slate was so strong that the President-elect adjourned the conference till after the theatre which he attended with Col House. The Governor went to see "Within the Law" at the Eltinge Theatre with Col. House and immediately afterward returned to the Colonel's apartment, where Mr. McCombs joined them. The three men conferred until after midnight. Who the persons were to whom Mr. McCombs objected is not known. In fact he would not admit objecting to any names or discuss the subject at all.

There was no positive disagreement between Wilson and McCombs, but the National Chairman made it plain to Mr. Wilson that he did not approve certain names on the list of Cabinet appointments. And the result of the argument was the decision to leave the whole thing to a further conference at which Col. House was to be present.

Earlier in the evening the President-elect had a narrow escape from being forced to make a speech, and though he avoided this, it was only by making a personal explanation to the audience of his unwillingness to make an address. Gov. Wilson arrived here from Philadelphia at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. In the evening he and Col. House had a box at the Eltinge Theatre.

Gov. Wilson followed the play with close attention through half of the performance before his presence in the theatre was discovered. Then almost every eye in the house was turned toward him, and when, in the intermission between the third and fourth acts, the author, Bayard Veiller, was conducted to Gov. Wilson's box, the audience craned their necks to watch.

Mr. Veiller was congratulated by Gov. Wilson, Colonel House and the Governor's secretary, Joseph Tumulty, and while they all were conversing, first one and then another of those in the audience, seated so that they could not see the box conveniently, rose from their seats and walked down the aisles until, presently, the space below the box was crowded with men and women.

Then came calls for a speech. Gov. Wilson was not inclined to heed the invitation at first, but at last arose and bowed to the cheering throng below him. This was not enough, so he took Veiller by the hand and led him to the front of the box, remarking:

"The author."

The cries of "Speech, speech!" were resumed before the President-elect could take his seat again, and at last he went once more to the edge of the box, and, when the crowd was stilled, pointed across the theatre to a box occupied by newspaper reporters who had followed him from Princeton and had been with him all day.

"The newspaper men in the opposite box will bear witness that I am practicing the virtue of keeping silent to-night," said the Governor, laughing, and the audience, convinced at last that he was determined not to make a speech, went back to their seats after a final cheer.

CABINET SLATE OUT.

Washington Accepts It, Except the Inclusion of Goethals and Norris.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Fresh from an interview at Trenton yesterday with President-elect Wilson, Thomas R. Marshall, the Vice President-elect, received calls on his arrival here to-day from many Democratic Senators, several of whom were anxious to obtain the latest Cabinet gossip from Gov. Wilson's running mate.

Mr. Marshall admitted that Gov. Wilson had confided to him the Cabinet list as it had been arranged up to yesterday, but as far as giving out any details for publication was concerned the Vice President-elect was mute. It was regarded as significant, however, that soon after several Senators got back to the Capitol a complete Cabinet slate was produced and passed around the Senatorial cloak rooms. Some of the Senators to whom the list was shown afterward admitted that it agreed with their understanding of the make-up of President Wilson's family. Here is the list:

Secretary of State—WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska.
Secretary of the Treasury—WILLIAM G. McADOO of New York.
Secretary of War—Col. GEORGE W. GOETHALS, U. S. A.
Attorney General—JAMES C. McREYNOLDS of New York.
Postmaster General—ALBERT S. BURLESON of Texas.
Secretary of the Navy—JOSEPHUS DANIELS of North Carolina.
Secretary of the Interior—EDWARD L. NORRIS of Montana.
Secretary of Agriculture—OBADIAH GARDNER of Maine.
Secretary of Commerce—LOUIS BRANDEIS of Massachusetts.
Secretary of Labor—WILLIAM B. WILSON, of Pennsylvania.

Senators who said that this list agreed with their knowledge as to the composition of the Cabinet were careful to explain that they understood that, while Senator Gardner probably would become Secretary of Agriculture, there was still a little doubt as to who would have this portfolio.

The list given above was pretty generally accepted among Democrats of the Senate and House as correct. But it is significant that when it was shown to a few Senators and Representatives who have been regarded as closer to Gov. Wilson than any of their party associates in Congress, they were all decided that Col. Goethals and ex-Gov. Norris of Montana had not been and would not be offered Cabinet places. One of these men said that he had some knowledge on the subject and knew what he was talking about.

There was practically unanimous agreement, however, among Democratic Senators and Representatives professing to know the make-up of Gov. Wilson's Cabinet slate that James C. McReynolds had been chosen for Attorney General. Since last Tuesday not one of Gov. Wilson's close friends in Congress has expressed

Continued on Page 3.

GERMAN PRAISE FOR TIMES.

Cologne Gazette Cites the New Annex as a Marvelous Development.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—The semi-official Cologne Gazette, one of the leading papers in Germany, devotes a long article to THE NEW YORK TIMES's new building and gives an exhaustive description of it, including press capacity and other details. It points out that THE NEW YORK TIMES, in its new quarters, gives further evidence of the marvelous development of the American press, which is unknown and unrealized here.

BLAMES PICTURES FOR SUIT.

Husband Says Wife Is Unhappy Because He Isn't Like Film Heroes.

Samuel Saschik, a fur manufacturer, filed an answer yesterday in the Supreme Court to a suit for separation brought by his wife, Jennie. Saschik declared that his wife's charges against him were the products of her imagination stimulated by moving picture shows.

For some time, he said, she had been dissatisfied with him because he did not resemble the cowboys, sheriffs and other heroes of the Wild West motion pictures, which were her particular delight. He declared that she was so much under the influence of the pictures that she spent most of her time in the moving picture theatres, neglecting to prepare his meals, and feeding herself and her baby during performances with articles bought at convenient delicatessen stores.

MACKAY DROPS 250 MEN.

Employes Discharged Wholesale from His Estate at Roslyn, L. I.

Special to The New York Times.

ROSLYN, L. I., Feb. 28.—Much speculation was aroused by the dismissal of 250 men employed on the estate here of Clarence H. Mackay, and the chief question asked was what it might portend, following so closely on the announcement of the deed of trust in which Mrs. Katherine Mackay relinquished her dower rights to Harbor Hill.

At the Mackay place no one would say whether the men had been discharged or not, but several of those who appeared in the village told how they and others had lost their places.

Usually at this time of year additional men would be employed to put the Mackay estate, one of the show places of the neighborhood, in order for the Summer, and the dismissal of so many men was taken to indicate that Harbor Hill might be closed this Summer.

HEALTH BROKEN, ENDS LIFE.

Maynard Vilas, Former Dartmouth Student, Leaps to Death in River.

LEBANON, N. H., Feb. 28.—Despondent because of illness, Maynard Vilas, 28 years old, son of Charles N. Vilas, a New York hotel owner, committed suicide today by jumping into the Masoma River in sight of hundreds of mill operatives. His body was recovered after the river had been dragged four hours.

Vilas came here to-day from Newton, Mass., where he had been under treatment at a sanitarium. He left this note:

"Dear Father: This is the end. Doctor says no hope. Will be total idiot."

The young man formerly was a student at Dartmouth College.

WOULD DRAFT CIVIL SERVANTS

Meeker Would Compel All Men and Women to Undergo Training.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 28.—Royal Meeker, Assistant Professor of Political Economy at Princeton University, speaking before the seventh annual convention of the Pennsylvania and New Jersey Library Association in this city, said to-day:

"Every man and woman who has attained the age of 21 should be drafted into the service of the State for a period of three years, and receive practical instruction in various trainings, trades, and professions."

The professor asserted that this compulsory work for the civil service of the Nation would bring forward the best minds to fill places in the Government offices.

"I would go further than this," said the speaker, "and say that enrolled in this Nation-wide civil service there should be not only the healthy and sound, but I would also include the feeble and half-minded."

G. B. SHAW'S MOTHER DEAD.

Playwright Inherited Wit from Her—Comradeship with Her Son.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—G. Bernard Shaw's mother is dead at the age of 83.

A writer in The Nation who knew her says her son's wit and good-humored, derisive judgment of the ways of the world descended in no small degree from her, as also did his love of music. Mrs. Shaw was an excellent musician and taught music extremely well. Indeed, the household was always a musical one. Her brilliant son did not in the least overawe her, and between them there was a charming atmosphere of open friendliness springing from a frank and even disrespectful understanding, which is much commoner in Irish than in English households.

ENGLISH BIRDS FOR CANADA.

500 Larks, Linnets, Robins, &c., to be Naturalized in Vancouver.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Five hundred English song birds, including larks, goldfinches, linnets, tits, and robins, selected by the Agent General for British Columbia, will be dispatched next Tuesday from London to Victoria, B. C., where they will be let loose to build nests in the forests of Vancouver Island.

The Dominion Express, which has undertaken to convey the songsters, has had an aviary specially constructed on the Canadian Pacific steamer Montcalm and has reserved a special car for the journey across Canada. An attendant who is an expert whistler will travel with the birds to keep them in song.

USHER'S GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH
Is Mellowed by Great Age.—Adv.

FIND MODIFIED MONEY TRUST; PROPOSE CURE

Majority of House Committee Calls Morgan, Stillman, and Baker the "Inner Group."

THEIR CONTROL A MENACE

Drastic Measures to End Alleged Domination Over Credit and Stifling of Competition.

TO REGULATE EXCHANGES

Bill Drafted to Restrict Their Use of Mails, Telegraph, and Telephone.

MUST PROHIBIT WASH SALES

Would Prevent Hypothecation of Securities and Margins Less Than 20 Per Cent.

STRINGENT RULES FOR BANKS

Interlocking Directorates and Loans to Officers Forbidden—Republican Members Dissent.

THE MONEY TRUST.

What It Is and Who Are In It, As Found by the Pujo Committee.

I. WHAT IT IS.

Your committee is satisfied from the proofs submitted * * * that there is an established and well-defined identity and community of interest between a few leaders of finance, created and held together through stock ownership, interlocking Directorates, partnership and joint account transactions, and other forms of domination over banks, trust companies, railroads, and public service and industrial corporations, which has resulted in great and rapidly growing concentration of the control of money and credit in the hands of these few men.

If by such a trust is meant a combination or arrangement created and existing pursuant to a definite agreement between designated persons with the avowed and accomplished object of concentrating unto themselves the control of money and credit, we are unable to say that the existence of a money trust has been established in that broad, bald sense of the term.

II. WHO ARE IN IT.

Inner Circle.

J. P. Morgan & Co.,
George F. Baker,
James Stillman,
  First National Bank,
  National City Bank,
  National Bank of Commerce,
  Chase National Bank,
  Guaranty Trust Company,
  Bankers Trust Company.

Allies.

NEW YORK:

Kuhn, Loeb & Co.,
  National City Bank,
  National Bank of Commerce,
Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.,
White, Weld & Co.,
Harvey Fisk & Sons.

BOSTON:

Lee, Higginson & Co.,
Kidder, Peabody & Co.,
  National Shawmut Bank,
  First National Bank,
  Old Colony Trust Company.

CHICAGO:

First National Bank,
Illinois Trust and Savings Bank,
Continental and Commercial National Bank.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—A financial combination approximating what is popularly called a "Money Trust," but not formed in consequence of any definite agreement is asserted by the Democratic majority of the Pujo Committee to be in actual existence in the United States.

In an exhaustive report, presented to the House of Representatives to-day, the seven Democratic members of the committee summarize and discuss the evidence presented before the body at its many sessions during the Winter.

They hold that the "most active agents" in bringing about the concentration of money and credit, alleged to have been disclosed, are J. P. Morgan & Co., the First National Bank of New York, the National City Bank of New York, Lee, Higginson & Co., and Kidder, Peabody & Co. of Boston, and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. of New York.

What the report describes as the "inner group" in this combination consists of J. P. Morgan & Co., "the recognized leaders, and George F. Baker and James Stillman in their individual capacities and in their joint administration and control of the First National Bank, the National City Bank, the National Bank of Commerce, the Chase National Bank, the Guaranty Trust Company, and the Bankers Trust Company, with total known resources in these corporations alone in excess of $1,300,000,000."

The firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. is described as being "only qualifiedly allied with the inner group."

How the Combination Controls.

The report, after asserting that the Money Trust existed, said that it had come about largely as follows:

"First—Through consolidations of

[illegible] or potentially competitive banks and trust companies, which consolidations, in turn, have recently been brought under sympathetic management.

"Second—Through the same powerful interests becoming large stockholders in potentially competitive banks and trust companies. This is the simplest way of acquiring control, but since it requires the largest investment of capital, it is the least used, although the recent investments in that direction for that apparent purpose amount to tens of millions of dollars in present market values.

"Third—Through the confederation of potentially competitive banks and trust companies by means of the system of interlocking Directorates.

"Fourth—Through the influence which the more powerful banking houses, banks, and trust companies have secured in the management of insurance companies, railroads, producing and trading corporations, and public utility corporations, by means of stockholdings, voting trusts, fiscal agency and contracts, or representation upon their Boards of Directors, or through supplying the money requirements of railway, industrial and public utilities corporations, and thereby being enabled to participate in the determination of their financial and business policies.

"Fifth—Through partnership or joint-account arrangements between a few of the leading banking houses, banks, and trust companies in the purchase of security issues of the great inter-State corporations, accompanied by understandings of recent growth—sometimes called 'banking ethics'—which have had the effect of effectually destroying competition between such banking houses, banks, and trust companies in the struggle for business, or in the purchase and sale of large issues of such securities."

Two Reform Bills Proposed.

In order to carry out some of the many reforms suggested by the majority to end the alleged evils, the majority presents two bills. One proposes changes in the National banking laws for the regulation and restraint of concentration and control of money and credit.

The committee urges legislation affecting bank consolidation, interlocking directorates, interlocking stockholdings among banks, voting trusts, security companies as adjuncts to banks, fiscal agency agreements, bank investments in bonds, reform of railroad reorganization, limitation of borrowings by officers from their own banks, publicity of assets, and similar matters.

The committee advises that clearing houses be incorporated and seeks to accomplish this by prohibiting National banks from affiliation with an unincorporated clearing house, or any clearing house association that adopts rules that infringe on the rights of National banks under their charters.

The report also recommends that National banks be barred from engaging in underwritings, and that the Inter-State Commerce Commission receive power to supervise the reorganization of inter-State railroads and control the security issues of such lines.

The other undertakes to compel the incorporation of Stock Exchanges by forcing them to make certain reforms before allowing them to use the mails. This is an indirect attempt to regulate the New York Stock Exchange. The committee does not recommend direct regulation of the affairs of the Exchange except through the application of a mail embargo.

Republicans Dissent.

None of the Republican members signed the majority report. Three of them—Hayes of California, Guernsey of Maine, and Heald of Delaware—filed the principal minority report. In it they deny the existence of a money trust, but admit that there is a dangerous concentration of credit. They recommend that more testimony be taken on the probable effect of the legislation proposed by Chairman Pujo and his Democratic associates.

Representative McMorran of Michigan, the fourth Republican member of the committee, refused to sign the Pujo or Hayes reports and submitted a report of his own, covering abou* 7,000 words, challenging the conclusions of the majority and paying a tribute to the New York financial world.

The failure of the Republicans and Democrats on the committee to unite upon a unanimous report is accepted as a sign of hard sledding for the proposed bills, if they are pressed in the new Congress. It means that they will be vigorously opposed by the Republican members of the committee.

ANALYSIS OF "MONEY TRUST."

Combination Is Pointed Out and Its Power Pictured.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—In discussing the question of a combination of financial interests, having for its purpose the control of money and credit and thus constituting to all intents and purposes a real "money trust," the majority of the Pujo Committee reviews the evidence exhaustively and then says:

"Your committee is satisfied from the proofs submitted that there is an established and well-defined identity and community of interest between a few leaders of finance, created and held together through stock ownership, interlocking directorates, partnerships and joint-account transactions, and other forms of domination over banks, trust companies, railroads and public service and industrial corporations, which has resulted in a great and rapidly growing concentration of the control of money and credit in the hands of these few men.

"If by the term 'money trust' is meant a combination or arrangement created and existing pursuant to a definite agreement between designated persons with the avowed and accomplished object of concentrating unto themselves the control of money and credit, we are unable to say that the existence of a money trust has been established in that broad, bald sense of the term, although the committee regrets to find that even adopting that extreme definition, surprisingly many of the elements of such a combination exist.

Form of the Combination.

"It would, of course, be absurd to suggest that control of the bulk of the widely distributed wealth of a great nation can be corralled by any set of men. If that is what is meant by gentlemen who deny the existence of a money trust your committee agrees with them. Such a thing would, of course, be impossible, and its suggestion is ridiculous. It is not, however, necessary that a group of men shall directly control the small savings in the banks nor the scattered resources of the country in order to monopolize the great financial transactions, or to be able to dictate the credits that shall be extended or withheld from the more important and conspicuous business enterprises. This is substantially what has been accomplished, and fairly represents the existing condition.

"Under our system of issuing and distributing corporate securities the investing public does not buy directly from the corporation. The securities travel from the issuing house through middlemen to the investor. It is only the great bank or banker with access to the mainsprings of the concentrated resources made up of other people's money in the banks, trust companies and life insurance companies, and with control of the machinery for creating markets and distributing securities who can underwrite or guarantee the sale of large scale security issues.

"If, therefore, by a 'money trust' is meant 'an established and well-defined identity and community of interest between a few leaders of finance which has been created and is held together through stockholdings, interlocking Directorates, and other forms of domination over banks, trust companies, railroads, public service and industrial corporations, and which has resulted in a vast and growing concentration of the control of money and credit in the hands of a comparatively few men,' your committee has no hesitation in asserting as the result of its investigation up to this time that the condition thus described exists in this country to-day.

Make-Up of the Trust.

"The parties to this combination or understanding or community of interest, by whatever name it may be called, may be conveniently classified, for the purpose of differentiation, into four separate groups.

"First—The first, which for convenience of statement we will call the inner group, consists of J. P. Morgan & Co., the recognized leaders, and George F. Baker and James Stillman in their individual capacities and in their joint administration and control of the First National Bank, the National City Bank, the National Bank of Commerce, the Chase National Bank, the Guaranty Trust Company, and the Bankers' Trust Company, with total known resources, in these corporations alone, in excess of $1,300,000,000, and of a number of smaller but important financial institutions. This takes no account of the personal fortunes of these gentlemen.

"Second—Closely allied with this inner or primary group and indeed related to them practically as partners in many of their larger financial enterprises, are the powerful international banking houses of Lee, Higginson & Co. and Kidder, Peabody & Co., with three affiliated banks in Boston—the National Shawmut Bank, the First National Bank, and the Old Colony Trust Company—having about two-thirds of the total resources of all the Boston banks; also with interests and representation in other important New England financial institutions.

"Third—In New York City the international banking house of Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., with its large foreign clientele and connections, while only qualifiedly allied with the inner group, yet through its close relations with the National City Bank and the National Bank of Commerce and other financial institutions, with which it has recently allied itself, has many interests in common, conducting large joint account transactions with them, especially in recent years, and having what virtually amounts to an understanding not to compete, which is defended as a principle of 'banking ethics.' Together they have with a few exceptions pre-empted the banking business of the important railways of the country.

"Fourth—In Chicago this inner group associates with and makes issue of securities in joint account, or through underwriting participations primarily with the First National Bank and the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, and has more or less friendly business relations with the Continental and Commercial National Bank, which participates in the underwriting of security issues by the inner group. These are the three largest financial institutions in Chicago, with combined resources (including the two affiliated and controlled State institutions of the two National banks) of $561,000,000.

"Fifth—Radiating from these principal groups and closely affiliated with them are smaller but important banking houses, such as Kissel, Kinnicut & Co., White, Weld & Co., and Harvey Fisk & Sons, who receive large and lucrative patronage from the dominating groups and are used by the latter as jobbers or distributors of securities the issuing of which they control, but which, for reasons of their own, they prefer not to have issued or distributed under their own names. Lee, Higginson & Co., besides being partners with the inner group, are also frequently utilized in this service because of their facilities as distributors of securities.

A Maze of Co-operating Institutions.

"Sixth—Beyond these inner groups and subgroups are banks and bankers throughout the country who co-operate with them in underwriting or guaranteeing the sale of securities offered to the public, and who also act as distributors of such securities. It was impossible to learn the identity of these corporations owing to the unwillingness of the members of the inner group to disclose the names of their underwriters, but sufficient appears to justify the statement that there are at least hundreds of them and that they extend into the principal cities throughout this and foreign countries.

"The patronage thus proceeding from the inner group and its subgroups is of great value to these banks and bankers, who are thus tied by self-interest to the great issuing houses and may be regarded as a part of this vast financial organization. Such patronage yields no inconsiderable part of the income of these banks and bankers and without much risk on account of the facilities of the principal groups for placing issues of securities through their domination of great banks and trust companies and their other domestic affiliations and their foreign connections.

"The underwriting commissions on issues made by this inner group are usually easily earned and do not ordinarily involve the underwriters in the purchase of the underwritten securities. Their interest in the transaction is generally adjusted, unless they choose to purchase part of the securities by the payment to them of a commission. There are, however, occasions on which this is not the case. The underwriters are then required to take the securities. Bankers and brokers are so anxious to be permitted to participate in these transactions under the lead of the inner group that, as a rule, they join whenever invited to do so regardless of their approval of the particular business, lest by refusing they should thereafter cease to be invited."

The committee holds that the subway financing in New York, wherein 100 to 125 underwriters purpose to participate under the leadership of J. P. Morgan & Co., the First National Bank and the National City Bank as managers, is an illustration of this ability of the inner group to capitalize its financial power. The report continues:

"Your committee is convinced that however well founded may be the assurances of good intentions by those now holding the places of power which have been thus created, the situation is fraught with too great peril to our institutions o be tolerated."

Control of Security Market.

Turning to the character of the control exercised by the money trust, the report says:

"Through their power and domination over so many of the largest financial institutions, the inner group and its allies have drawn to themselves practically the sole marketing of the issues of the greater railroad, producing and trading, and public-utility corporations, which in consequence have no open market to which to appeal; and from this position of vantage, fortified by the control exerted by them through voting trusts, representation in directorates, stock holdings, fiscal agencies, and other relations, they have been able in turn to direct the deposits and other patronage of such corporations to these same financial institutions, thereby strengthening the instruments through which they work.

"No railroad system or industrial corporation for which either of the houses named has acted as banker could shift its business from one to another. Where one has made an issue of securities for a corporation the others will not bid for subsequent issues of the same corporation. Their frequent and extensive relations in the joint issues of securities has made such a modus vivendi inevitable.

"This inner group and allies thus have no competition, either from others or amongst themselves, for these security issues, and are accordingly free to exact their own terms in most cases. Your committee has no evidence that this power is being used oppressively and no means of ascertaining the facts, so long as their profits are undisclosed.

"It should be noted, however, that issues of subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation within the past year amounting to $30,500,000 having been purchased by Messrs. Morgan & Co., were, the greater part of them, immediately resold at a profit to Lee, Higginson & Co. and Kissel, Kinnicut & Co., when, so far as appears, the corporation could readily have saved this intermediate profit or commission by being permitted to deal directly with the banking houses which purchased the securities for distribution.

"It is admitted that Messrs. Morgan reaped a profit on these issues. Yet they performed no service, so far as we have been able to learn. They neither formed the syndicate, nor did they lend their names to the issues. If they wanted to market the securities we assume that it was their privilege to do so as fiscal agents of the corporation. Otherwise, was it not their duty, situated as they were with regard to the Steel Corporation as the supreme power therein, without whose approval no Director could be named, to see to it that the best possible bargain for the corporation should be made, and not reserve to themselves a profit without risk or service?

"The suggestion that because these corporations have Boards of Directors composed of men of standing they are independent seems to us disingenuous. They are the nominees of the banking house and subject to removal by it at any election. They are not accountable to the shareholders, but to Messrs. Morgan and Baker, and are not free agents, no matter how eminently respectable and distinguished they may be.

"Not only does this domination of great banks and trust companies enable the inner group and their allies to control the disposition of new security issues through control of the main outlets therefor, but it also enables them to say what and whose securities shall not be bought and of enforcing the retention in these institutions of securities issued by them, which an independent management might consider it wise to dispose of.

Equitable Life an Object Lesson.

"The purchase of the Equitable Life stock by Mr. Ryan and Mr. Morgan in succession furnishes an object lesson of the value that leading financiers place on the control of corporate assets not belonging to the corporation but held in trust for other people, and a fair criterion from which to judge of the reasons why they have engaged so actively in buying into banks and trust companies and in securing control thereof through voting trusts.

"If the controlling stock of the Equitable Life, that yields only 7 per cent. on $51,000—$3,570 per year—was worth $2,500,000 to Mr. Ryan and $3,000,000 to Mr. Morgan, why did it have that value? Was it because the life insurance company held in its treasury the majority stock of the Mercantile Trust Company, which was turned over to the Bankers' Trust Company, controlled by J. P. Morgan & Co. through a voting trust after Mr. Morgan bought Mr. Ryan's stock, and also the stocks of other banks and trust companies, including those of the National Bank of Commerce and the Fifth Avenue Trust Company? The Guaranty Trust Company, likewise controlled by Morgan & Co. through a voting trust, subsequently absorbed the Fifth Aveune Trust Company, and Messrs. Morgan, Baker, and Stillman took over one-half the holdings of the Equitable and Mutual Life Insurance Companies of the Bank of Commerce stock.

Baker Quoted Against Morgan.

Mr. Morgan's statement in evidence that group control of money and credit is impossible is called by the report "an obvious economic fallacy as the everyday transactions of business demonstrate." The report goes on:

"On the proposition that there is not and cannot be concentration of control of money or credit, it will be observed that Mr. Morgan is directly at variance with his associate, Mr. Baker, who deprecated further concentration in this regard, saying it has gone far enough, because in the hands of the wrong men 'it would be very bad'; that the safety of the situation lies in the personnel of the control. He evidently does not agree that the situation would correct itself.

"That such concentration is an existing condition and not a myth seems, indeed, to be agreed on all sides. Mr. Reynolds considers it a menace, while Mr. Schiff has been an interested observer of its rapid growth during the past few years, but is not worried because his firm is now so rich and powerful that it no longer requires credit. We note, however, that he has been something more than a mere observer. His firm has acquired also within the past few years interests and representation in the National Bank of Commerce, Equitable Trust Company, United States Mortgage and Trust Company, and Fourth National Bank."

The question of interlocking Directorates and consolidations is next taken up. From the evidence the committee concludes:

"It is manifestly through the control of the leading New York institutions and their commanding position as the depositaries of the reserves of the country, and by reason of the fact that the New York Stock Exchange is the only public money market in the United States, that the money rates and the market for securities as affected by the money rates can be controlled.

Control of Loan Market.

"The evidence demonstrates that the inner group and the banks and trust companies with which they are affiliated through stock ownership, representation in Directorates, and otherwise, dominate the money market for loans on the Stock Exchange and on Stock Exchange securities. They lend not only their own money and the money of their depositors, including the depositors of the out-of-town banks, but that of their correspondents, on terms and security satisfactory to them, (the New York banks.) It is in their power by co-operation primarily to fix the call rate from day to day, and to determine what constitutes satisfactory collateral.

"This does not mean that all the loans thus made are controlled by them. Nor does it mean that loans may not be effected by other banks and bankers on collateral that the banks affiliated with the inner group would not accept. Such absolute domination is not necessary in order to control money rates or to influence security values. Nor does the proof show affirmatively that there is in fact any definite agreement or understanding pursuant to which the daily call rates for money are fixed. But the power and the opportunity are there and could be exercised without leaving proof or trace behind.

"Whenever the incentive is at hand the machinery is ready. It is made possible by this community of interest and family representation in the institutions that hold these resources. At best it is a dangerous situation, with its boundless temptations and opportunities, no matter how high or lofty may be the sense of responsibility of those who hold the power. It is too vast and perilous a power to be safely intrusted to the hands of any man or set of men, be he or they ever so patriotic or unselfish.

"At best it would require open, reckless, and long-continued abuse to cripple power thus intrenched. It could withstand many missteps even if they became known, which is quite unlikely. And after the man was crippled he would revive. If in the end the power should be destroyed, what is likely to happen to the credit and prosperity of the country while the edifice is crumbling?

"That argument does not appeal to us as an answer to the conclusion we have reached that such power is a menace.

"To us the peril is manifest. But the remedy is not so easily found or applied, having due regard, as we should, to the encouragement of enterprise."

Proposed Remedies for Evils.

As a first step to end the evils of financial concentration, the committee advises the prohibition of interlocking directorates. The argument that competent men would not be found to fill the directorates of banks if they were not permitted to be interlocked is met by an amendment to the law reducing the number of Directors to thirteen.

The report comments on the fact that in England and France there is no community of interest between the great institutions or interlocking of directorates, and hopes that state of healthful rivalry may be brought back in this country.

The committee would end the improper practices "that permit members of banking houses to sit on the boards and Executive Committee of inter-State corporations with which they are dealing in the purchase and sale of securities or on the Boards of Directors and Executive Committees of banks that are underwriting or buying securities issued by such banking houses."

In advising that inter-State corporations be prohibited from depositing with private banks, the report is apparently aiming straight at the Morgan firm. In fact, it says:

"It is not necessary to question the good faith or fair dealing of the bankers in their relations with these controlled corporations in order to realize the impropriety of permitting this condition to continue unchecked and without supervision."

Under the heading of "Concentration," the domination of railroad systems by this inner group, the way it has come about, and the extent thereof, are discussed in connection with the present method of reorganizing insolvent railroads and the constitution of voting trusts. The control of Messrs. Morgan over competing railroads is criticised thus:

"Your committee finds that vast systems of railroad in various parts of the country are in effect subject to the control of this inner group—a situation not conducive to genuine competition."

Here follows a description of the legal procedure on reorganization which is alleged to be responsible for much of the banking control over railroads, and in its place the English system of requiring that the plan of reorganization be put under the supervision of the court so as to prevent injustice to minority holders is recommended.

MAJORITY RECOMMENDATIONS.

What Pujo and His Associates Would Do to Curb "Money Trust."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Summed up, the recommendations of the majority of the Pujo Committee for enactment into law are:

SECTION I.

As Regards Clearing House Associations.

A. Incorporation and Regulation.—National banks should not be permitted to be members of Clearing House Associations, which are not bodies corporate of the States in which they are respectively located, and every solvent and properly managed bank or trust company should have the right, enforceable at law, to become and remain a member: Provided, that no Clearing House Association should be required to admit a member, having a capital stock not less than that required of a National bank in the same locality.

B. Examination of Members.—Regular periodical examinations of members by a committee of the association should be prohibited, and instead all such examinations should be conducted by public authorities.

C. Issuance of Clearing House Certificates.—Until other measures of relief are provided by Congress, such associations should be permitted to issue certificates on the security of their members' assets for circulation among members to pay balances owing to each other at the Clearing House, but only on condition that both the issuance and retirement of such certificates shall be under Governmental control.

D. Regulation of Rates for Collecting Out-of-Town Checks.—The practice now so general among such associations of compelling members, under pain of expulsion, to charge prescribed rates for collecting out-of-town checks should be prohibited.

E. Regulation of Rates of Discount and of Interest on Deposits, &c.—Such associations should be further prohibited from prescribing rates of interest or discount, rates of interest allowed on deposits, rates of exchange, or any other regulation not appropriate to their function of instrumentality for the collection of checks by banks of the same community one from another that interfere with competition.

SECTION II.

As Regards the New York Stock Exchange.

A. Conditions Precedent to Use of Mails, Telegraph, and Telephone.—That Congress prohibit the transmission by the mails or by telegraph or telephone from one State to another of orders to buy or sell or quotations or other information concerning transactions on any Stock Exchange, unless such Exchange shall—

1. Be a body corporate of the State or Territory in which it is located.
2. Require corporations whose securities it lists to make a complete disclosure of their affairs, in particular any commissions paid to promoters, middlemen, or bankers out of any such security issue or the proceeds thereof.
3. Require a margin of not less than 20 per cent. on all purchases of stock.
4. Prohibit as far as possible the execution of simultaneous or substantially simultaneous orders proceeding from the same person or persons to buy and sell the same security for the purpose of creating an appearance of activity therein, and any orders the purpose of which is to inflate or depress the price of any security.
5. Prohibit members from pledging securities purchased and carried for a customer for an amount greater than the unpaid portion of the purchase price, whether with or without the consent of such customer.
6. Prohibit members from lending to other members securities carried by the former for customers, whether with or without such customers' consent.
7. State in its charter the condition on which issues of securities shall be admitted or removed from the trading list, and provide for a judicial review of its action in this regard.
8. Keep books of account, showing the actual names and transactions of customers, and give access thereto to the Postmaster General.

SECTION III.

As Regards Concentration of Control of Money and Credit.

A. Consolidations of Banks.—Two or more banks should not be permitted to consolidate unless such consolidation shall have been approved by the Controller of the Currency as in the public interest. He should have plenary power to forbid it where it threatens to result in undue concentration of control.

B. Interlocking Bank Directorates.—No person should be permitted to be a Director in more than one National bank serving the same community or locality, nor should any person who is a Director of any State bank or trust company, or is a partner or associate of any private banker or banking firm, be eligible as a Director of any National bank serving the same community or locality, except that a Director in a National bank may have one partner who is a Director in a trust company.

C. Interlocking Stockholdings Among Banks.—No part of the stock of any National bank should be permitted to be owned or held directly or indirectly by any other bank or by any trust company or holding company; and no National bank should be permitted to own or hold any part of the stock of any other bank or trust company.

D. Voting Trusts in Banks.—The transfer of any part of the stock of National banks to Trustees solely or primarily in order that they may vote the same at annual elections and other stockholders' meetings—"voting trusts," as they are generally known—should be expressly prohibited.

E. Cumulative Voting.—Minority representation in the Directorates of National banks should be secured by adopting the system of cumulative voting, i. e., by providing that at elections for Directors each stockholder shall have as many votes as are equal to the number of his shares, multiplied by the number of Directors to be elected, which votes may be cast solidly for one Director or distributed among several, as the shareholder shall see fit. And no National bank should be permitted to purchase the obligations or lend upon the obligations or shares of any corporation whose Directors are not chosen at elections conducted under the cumulative system of voting.

F. Security-Holding Companies as Adjuncts to Banks.—The stockholders of a National bank should be expressly prohibited from becoming associated as stockholders in any other corporation under agreements or arrangements assuring that the stock of such other corporation shall always be owned by the same persons or substantially the same persons who own the stock of the bank or that the managements shall be substantially the same.

G. Fiscal Agency Agreements.—Inter-State corporations should not be permitted to enter into any agreements or other arrangements constituting any bank, banker, or trust company their sole fiscal agent, to dispose of their security issues.

H. Private Bankers as Depositaries.—Inter-State corporations should not be permitted to deposit their funds with unsupervised, unregulated private bankers who do not disclose their resources or liabilities, who keep no reserve, and are free to invest their depositors' money as they see fit.

I. Banks Not to Engage in Underwritings.—National banks should be prohibited from directly or indirectly engaging in any promotion, guaranty, or underwriting involving the purchase, sale, public offering, or issue, or other disposition of the securities of any corporation.

J. Investments of Banks in Bonds.—National banks should be expressly authorized to invest 25 per cent. of their capital and surplus in the obligations of States, cities, counties, or other municipal subdivisions and in mortgage bonds of corporations on which interest has been regularly paid for five years, or in case of new issues when the earnings of the corporation within the period were sufficient to have paid such interest.

K. Reform of Railroad Reorganization.—The method of reorganizing insolvent railroads should be reformed by adopting in substance the system provided by the Companies' act of Great Britain, whereby, briefly stated, the plan and procedure on reorganization are placed under the direction and control of the courts, the receiver is elected by the votes of those interested in the property, no sale is involved, a single shareholder can defeat an unjust plan.

L. Railroad Reorganization Under Supervision of Inter-State Commerce Commission.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission should be empowered, subject to review by the courts, to supervise and review plans for the reorganization of inter-State railroads and the issue of securities thereunder.

M. Inter-State Railroad Security Issues Under Supervision of Inter-State Commerce Commission.—The security issues generally of inter-State railroads should be placed under the supervision and control of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

N. Competitive Bidding for Inter-State Security Issues.—It should also be required that in the disposition of such issues competitive bids, public or private, be invited.

O. Borrowings by Officers from Their Own Banks.—Borrowings, directly or indirectly, by an officer of a National bank from the bank of which he is such officer, and all other transactions between them of a financial character, should be rigidly prohibited.

P. Borrowings by Directors from Their Own Banks.—Borrowings, directly or indirectly, by a Director of a National bank or by any firm of which he is a member or any corporation of the stock of which he holds upward of 10 per cent., from the bank of which he is such Director, should only be permitted on condition that notice shall have been given to his co-Directors and that a full statement of the transaction shall be entered upon the minutes of the meeting at which such loan was authorized.

Q. Financial Transactions of Bank Officers to be in Their Own Names.—Loans or other transactions with a National bank in the interest of or for the eventual benefit of an officer or Director of a National bank, either alone or with others, should be required to be made or done in the name of such officer or Director.

R. Participations by Bank Officers and Directors in Underwritings.—Officers and Directors of National banks should be prohibited from participating in syndicates, promotions, or underwritings of securities in which their banks are or may become interested as underwriters or owners or as lenders thereon.

S. Accepting and Offering Rewards for Bank Loans.—It should be made a crime for officers or Directors of National banks to accept any compensation, commission, or other form of reward whatsoever, for making, directing, voting for, or otherwise promoting any loan of the bank's funds; and it should also be made a crime to offer any such inducement.

T. Limitation of Number of Directors of Bank.—The number of Directors of National banks should be limited to not less than five nor more than thirteen.

U. Publicity for Assets and Stockholders of Banks.—National banks should be required to open to public inspection schedules of their assets other than the names of borrowers, and to make lists of their stockholders public.

TEXT OF REFORM BILLS.

One Amends Banking Laws—Other Indirectly Regulates Exchanges.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—To carry the many reforms proposed the majority of the Pujo Committee drafted two bills:

First—A bill to amend the National banking laws, consisting of nineteen sections.

Second—A bill to prevent the use of the mails and of the telegraph and telephone in furtherance of fraudulent and harmful transactions on Stock Exchanges, consisting of six sections.

These bills embody all the majority recommendations in relation to Clearing Houses and Stock Exchanges, and such of the recommendations in relation to the concentration of control of money and credit as concern or may be carried into effect through the National banks.

There was not time to frame bills to carry into effect the remaining recommendations.

The bill to amend the National banking laws is as follows:

Section 1.—That no National bank may be, become or remain a member of, or otherwise affiliated or connected with, any voluntary or unincorporated organization performing any of the functions of a Clearing House or Clearing House association; nor shall such bank be, become, or remain a member of or otherwise affiliated or connected with any incorporated Clearing House association, or with any agency or organization performing similar functions except under the following conditions:

First—Such association must have been created a body corporate by the State or Territory in which such National bank is located and doing business or by an adjoining State or Territory.

Second—The membership of said association must be limited to incorporated banks and trust companies by the charter or articles of incorporation of such association or the law under which it exists, which must further provide that any solvent bank or trust company doing business within the prescribed territorial boundaries of the association, whether organized under Federal or State law, having a capital stock not less than that required of a National bank in the same locality, upon payment or tender of the fees fixed by the association and upon compliance with any other conditions prescribed by the association and which must be reasonably necessary to the performance of the legitimate functions of membership in such association as hereinafter stated, shall be entitled to become and remain a member and freely to enjoy its facilities and may enforce such right by summary process in any court of competent jurisdiction; that no member shall be suspended or expelled or deprived of the enjoyment of the equal facilities of such association without the approval in writing first obtained by the association from the Superintendent of Banks or like official of the State or Territory in which the member so affected is incorporated if there be such official, or of the Controller of the Currency if the member in question is a National bank: Provided, That the association shall by its charter prescribe its territorial boundaries and may thereafter upon application for membership determine in the first instance whether the applicant is solvent, which determination shall, however, be subject to review and revision by the Controller of the Currency if the applicant is a National bank or of the corresponding State official if the applicant is a State bank or trust company: And provided further, That such determinations shall thereafter be subject to further review and revision by any court of competent jurisdiction by summary process at the instance of such association or of such applicant.

Third—The charter or articles of incorporation of such association, or the law under which it exists, may authorize the association in its discretion or that of its constituted authority to issue certificates on the security of members' assets to the extent that it shall determine that it and its members are adequately secured against loss, for use solely among members and which shall not be otherwise transferable, to pay debit balances owing by members to each other at the Clearing House of such association, on condition that such certificates shall be the joint and several obligations of the several members of the association, and that the same shall not be required to be redeemed by any member to whom issued except after due notice and upon the approval of the Controller of the Currency, if the member shall be a National bank, or of the Superintendent of Banks or corresponding official of the State or Territory in which the member shall have been incorporated, if such member be a State bank or trust company: Provided, That the members to which or for the account of which such certificates are issued shall be primarily liable to the holders thereof and to the association for the payment thereof, and that as between the several members of said association, other than the member to which such certificates are issued, each member shall be liable and shall be required to contribute to the discharge of such defaulted obligations as shall remain unpaid by the members to which such certificates are issued only in the proportion that its capital, surplus, and undivided profits, as shown by its official report next preceding such default, bears to the aggregate capital, surplus, and undivided profits of all the remaining members.

Fourth—The charter of articles of incorporation of such association or the law under which it exists must further expressly provide for the voluntary resignation or withdrawal of any member subject to the discharge of its obligations to the association and the members thereof and that all the acts of said association shall be subject to judicial review at the suit of any member or applicant for membership.

Fifth—The said charter or articles of association or the law under which said association is organized must prohibit it and its officers and managers from exercising or attempting to exercise, directly or indirectly, any control or influence over its members or over the conduct of their business except as expressly authorized by its charter and from making or attempting to make or enforce any rule, regulation, arrangement, or understanding in respect of any of the following prescribed subjects:

(a) The restriction or regulation of competition between the members of the association or any of them in any matter or thing connected with the business conducted by such members or authorized to be done by them under their respective charters;

(b) The fees, commissions, or other compensation chargeable by or payable to or to be charged by or paid to any member by its customers or otherwise for the collection by or through such member or its agent or correspondent of checks, drafts, notes, or bills of exchange drawn upon banks, bankers, trust companies, or others that are not members of such association or that are outside its boundaries;

(c) The rates of interest or discount chargeable or to be charged by or payable or to be paid to members on loans or discounts to or for customers or others;

(d) The rates of interest to be allowed by members on deposits; and

(e) The rates of exchange.

Sixth—No such Clearing House Association shall make, undertake, or attempt any examination of the books of account, business, or transactions of any National bank except through the Controller of the Currency as herein provided and the official examiner authorized to be employed by him under this act. Any such association may, however, by requisition upon the Controller of the Currency, procure the appointment by said Controller of such number of examiners to be nominated by the association and approved by the Controller in addition to his usual staff of examiners as in the judgment of the association will be necessary or proper to secure the thorough performance of the work of the examination of the National banks' members of such association at such stated intervals as the association may require in addition to the examinations prescribed by existing law: Provided, That there shall be paid monthly by said association to the Controller the entire cost, charges, and expenses incurred by the Controller in such further examinations.

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Such examiners may be employed by the Controller either for specified and successive terms not exceeding one year each or under such other arrangement as may be made with the association. All particulars gathered by the Controller through such examiners or otherwise in the course of such examination or otherwise with respect to the names of borrowers, the amounts owing by them, respectively, and the collateral, if any, for such loans shall be retained in the custody of the Controller and shall not be divulged to the association or to any of the members thereof other than to the member directly affected thereby, except that the Controller may, in his discretion, impart such particulars to the association or to any authorized committee thereof whenever and only when in his judgment it shall be necessary to assure such association against the impending insolvency of any such member, and then only to the officials of the association intrusted with the power to receive such particulars. All data other than that concerning the names of borrowers, the amounts owing by them, and the collateral for such loans shall be at all times available to the association and to all members thereof and to every stockholder and depositor in such National bank and to all others, who, in the judgment of the Controller, shall request the same for proper purposes.

Restrictions on Bank Agreements.

Section 2.—No National bank shall be or become a party to any agreement, understanding, or arrangement, or shall be or become a member of or otherwise associated or connected with any corporation, association, exchange, agency, or other body, whether incorporated or unincorporated, having for its purpose or which shall engage in any of the prohibited acts specified in Section 1 of this act: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit any National bank from establishing jointly with other banks or trust companies, or both, doing business in the same city, town, or village or within a radius of 50 miles square, an agency for the collection of checks, drafts, notes, and bills of exchange drawn only upon banks outside the locality in which such agency is conducted: Provided further, That the sole purpose of such agency be to save collection expense to the members in making such collections and that neither such agency nor any of the members thereof shall engage in any of the prohibited acts specified in this or in the next preceding sections.

Section 3.—That no National bank shall act as clearing agent for any other National bank or for any other bank or for any trust company that is eligible to membership in said association in the same city, town, or other place in which such National bank is located in the collection of checks, drafts, notes, or bills of exchange drawn on any other bank or on any trust company in such city, town, or place, and no Natoinal bank shall clear through or collect through any other bank or any trust company in the same city, town, or other place in which such National bank is located any checks, drafts, notes, or bills of exchange drawn on any other bank or on any trust company in such city, town, or place.

Section 4.—That no National bank shall make or enter into any agreement, arrangement, or understanding with any other bank or with any trust company having the purpose or effect of regulating its charges for collecting checks, drafts, notes, or bills of exchange for its customers or of fixing or regulating rates of interest or discount on such loans to customers or to others, or the rates of interest allowed by it to such customers on deposits, or rates of exchange.

Section 5.—That no National bank shall knowingly enter into any agreement or arrangement with or lend money or credit to or on account of any person or corporation for use in connection with or to aid in participating in any combination, conspiracy, trust, agreement, contract, or understanding intended to or which shall have the effect to control, regulate, or affect the price or supply of any commodity or article of commerce in, or that is to be imported into, any part of the United States or subject territory; nor shall any such bank knowingly lend or advance any money or credit upon any securities issued pursuant to such combination, conspiracy, trust, agreement, contract, or understanding or in furtherance thereof or in connection therewith.

Section 6.—Section 5,144 of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 5,144. Election of Directors—Cumulative Voting.—At all elections of shareholders for Directors each shareholder shall be entitled to as many votes as are equal to the number of his shares of stock multiplied by the number of Directors to be elected. He may cast all of such votes for a single Director or may distribute them among the number to be voted for, or among any two or more of them, as he may see fit. In deciding all other questions at a meeting of shareholders, each shareholder shall be entitled to one vote on each share of stock held by him. Shareholders may vote by proxies, but no officer, clerk, teller, or bookkeeper of such association shall act as proxy, and no shareholder whose liability is past due and unpaid shall be allowed to vote. Every shareholder of a National bank heretofore formed shall hereafter exercise his right of voting according to the provisions of this act. No National bank shall accept or hold as security or collateral for any loan, discount, or advance made or negotiated by or with it or otherwise any stock or voting trust or other certificate representing any beneficial interest in any corporation unless there shall have been secured and reserved to the stockholders of such corporation the right of representation by cumulative voting as hereby defined.

Section 7.—There shall be added to the National Banking act, immediately following section 5,144 of the Revised Statutes, as hereby amended, a section to be known as section 5,144A, which shall read as follows:

Section 5,144 A.—Every person voting at any meeting of shareholders for the election of Directors, previous to casting his vote, whether such vote be cast in person or by proxy, shall file with the Inspectors of Election a statement in the following form, (the blanks being properly fillin in:)

———, being duly sworn, says: I reside in ———. I am the owner of record upon the books of ——— Bank of——— shares of the stock of said bank, and have been the registered and beneficial owner in my own name and right for upward of ninety days next preceding the date hereof of the aforesaid number of shares of stock, for which I desire to cast my vote at the election for Directors to be held on ———, or on any adjourned day of said meeting. I do not hold said stock in trust or for the benefit of any person other than as appears on the face of the certificate of stock held by me and as registered on the books of the association, and no person or corporation other than as appears upon the face of said certificate and upon said books has any beneficial interest in any of said shares or in the proceeds thereof. I have not been paid or promised any money, compensation, inducement, or reward for my vote or proxy or as an inducement to me to cast such vote or give such proxy.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this ——— day of ———, ———.

Section 8.—Section 5,145 of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 5,145.—The affairs of each association shall be managed by not less than five nor more than thirteen Directors, who shall be elected by the shareholders at a meeting to be held at any time before the association is authorized by the Controller of the Currency to commence the business of banking, and afterward at meetings to be held at such time in January of each year as is specified therefor in the articles of association. The Directors shall hold office for one year and until their successors are elected and have qualified.

Section 9.—Section 5,146 of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 5,146.—Every Director must during his whole term of service be a citizen of the United States, and at least three-fourths of the Directors must have resided in the State, Territory, or district in which the association is located for at least one year immediately preceding their election, and must be residents therein during their continuance in office; and for not less than three months next preceding the date of his election each Director must be, and he must remain during his entire term of office the registered and sole beneficial owner and holder, in his own name and right, and free from debt or claim, of at least one per centum of the then outstanding capital stock of the association of which he is a Director: Provided, however, that if the capital of the bank shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars he must own in his own beneficial right and interest not less than ten shares of such capital stock. The Directors may be voted and paid such fees, salaries, or compensation, for their services as shall from time to time be prescribed by the stockholders.

Rights of Officers and Directors.

Sec. 10. No officer or Director of a National bank shall receive or be beneficiary either directly or indirectly, of any fee, brokerage, commission, gratuity or other consideration or inducement other than the salary or other compensation that shall have been voted him by the stockholders, for or on account of any loan, purchase, sale, payment, exchange, or transaction made by or on behalf of a National bank of which he is such officer or Director.

Sec. 11. No officer or Director of a National bank shall be an officer or Director of any other bank or of any trust company or other financial or other corporation or institution, whether organized under State or Federal law, that is authorized to receive moneys on deposit or that is engaged in the business of loaning money on collateral or in buying and selling securities except as in this section provided, and no person shall be an officer or Director of any National bank who is a private banker or a member of a firm or partnership of bankers that is

Continued on Page Three.

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FINDS A MODIFIED MONEY TRUST

Continued from Page Two.

engaged in the business of receiving deposits: Provided, That such bank, trust company, financial institution, banker, or firm of bankers is located at or engaged in business at or in the same city, town, or village as that in which such National bank is located or engaged in business: Provided further, That a Director of a National bank or a partner of such Director may be an officer or Director of not more than one trust company organized by the laws of the State in which such National bank is engaged in business and doing business at the same place.

Sec. 12. No National bank shall lend or advance money or credit or purchase or discount any promissory note, draft, bill of exchange or other evidence of debt bearing the signature or indorsement of any of its officers or of any partnership of which such officer is a member, directly or indirectly, or of any corporation in which such officer owns or has a beneficial interest of upward of 10 per centum of the capital stock, or lend or advance money or credit to, for or on behalf of any such officer or of any such partnership or corporation, or purchase any security from any such officer or of or from any partnership or corporation of which such officer is a member or in which he is financially interested as herein specified or of any corporation of which any of its officers is an officer at the time of such transaction.

Sec. 13. No National bank shall lend or advance money or credit or purchase or discount any promissory note, draft, bill of exchange, or other evidence of debt bearing the signature or indorsement of any Director or for his benefit, or purchase any bond, note, debenture, or other security or obligation, or make or enter into any contract or agreement involving a profit or the payment of money or other valuable consideration to any Director or to any firm of which such Director is a partner or in which he is interested or of any corporation of which such Director owns or controls, directly or indirectly, upward of ten per centum of the share capital, unless and until previous written notice of such intended transaction shall have been given to all the Directors, nor unless action thereon shall first have been taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors duly called for the purpose and all the facts and details of the transaction have been first recorded on the minutes of such meeting.

Sec. 14. No officer or Director of any National bank, and no firm or partnership of which any such officer or Director is a member, shall be directly or indirectly beneficially interested or concerned in any guaranty, underwriting, syndicate, or other agreement or arrangement or understanding involving the purchase or sale of any securities which shall be purchased, sold or dealt in by such bank and no such bank and no officer or Director thereof shall knowingly purchase or sell or assent to the purchase or sale of any such securities.

Banks Barred from Promotions.

Sec. 15. No National bank shall engage in or be or become directly or indirectly interested in or connected with any promotion, guaranty, or underwriting involving the purchase, sale, or disposition of the securities of any corporation, or make any agreement with respect thereto, or shall either alone or jointly with others offer any securities for sale by public advertisement or otherwise, or make or cause to be made or issued any statement or representation with respect to any such security: Provided, however, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to interfere with the disposition by such bank at public or private sale of securities or interests therein that may have been acquired by it as security for loans of money made by such bank or to which it may have derived title in the current conduct of its business of loaning money on collateral.

Sec. 16. No shares of stock of any National bank shall be held by any other bank or by any trust company or other financial institution or corporation or in trust for any such bank, trust company, or other financial institution or corporation that is authorized to receive deposits of money or to engage in the general business of banking or to buy and sell securities.

Sec. 17. It shall be unlowful for any officer or Director of a National bank to be an officer or Director of any other bank or other financial corporation that has a substantially identical management, officers, or Directors as such bank or other financial corporation or of any corporation the shares of which can be bought or sold only in conjunction with the shares of such National bank or that is so related to the bank or its officers by identity or similarity of interest or management as to amount in effect to a control by either of such corporations or of the operations or management thereof by the other or by the interests that control, operate, or manage the other.

Sec. 18. That any National bank and any officer or Director or other person violating any of the provisions of this act and any officer or Director thereof assenting to such violation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding $5,000; and any such officer, Director, or other person may also be imprisoned not exceeding two years.

Sec. 19. That this act shall take effect six months from and after its passage.

Mail and Telegraph Restrictions.

The bill to prevent the use of the mails and of the telegraph and telephone in furtherance of fraudulent and harmful transactions on stock exchanges reads as follows:

Section 1. No letter, package, circular, pamphlet, post card, newspaper, or other form of printed or written statement, or partly printed and partly written, and no quotation of any prices or any other advices, report, information, or representation concerning transactions in securities sold or offered for sale, or executed or to be executed, or that are listed or quoted on any stock exchange, and no statement, account, or memorandum of purchase or sale or other information, notice, or demand regarding any purchase or sale upon or on any stock exchange of any security shall be delivered or deposited or carried in the mail or at or through any postoffice or branch thereof or by any letter carrier, unless such exchange has been incorporated under the laws of the State or Territory at which its business is conducted, or unless the charter and by-laws of such exchange or the law under which it is organized shall contain regulations and prohibitions satisfactory to the Postmaster General safeguarding the transactions of such exchange, the character of the securities dealt in thereon, the genuineness of the quotations thereof, and all other information concerning such transactions that is to be carried through the mails and by telegraph and telephone beyond the limits of the State of the organization of said exchange against fraud and deceit in the following particulars:

(a) Requiring that before the securities of any corporation shall be listed, quoted, or dealt in upon any such exchange there shall be filed with the Secretary of the exchange a statement formally approved by resolution of the Board of Directors of such corporation and verified by the oath of an officer thereof, before a person authorized to administer oaths at the place where the same is taken, setting forth, separately and in detail—

(1) The nature, amount, and value of the tangible and other property, assets, and effects of such corporation, its actual and contingent liabilities and obligations, the volume of its business and net earnings year by year for at least three years next preceding the filing of such statement or for such lesser time as the corporation shall have been engaged in business; and a like statement with respect to every subsidiary or controlled corporation in which it is interested; and

(2) A copy of every contract or agreement in writing and a full statement and description of the terms of every contract, agreement, or understanding in parol connected with or affecting the authorization, issue, sale, or disposition of the securities admitted or sought to be admitted to the official list of said exchange and quoted and dealt in thereon, accompanied by a full disclosure and recital of all fees, profits, charges, commissions, or compensation paid or agreed to be paid or reserved to bankers, brokers, middlemen, or others in connection with the authorization, issue, sale, or disposition or intended sale or disposition of such securities and of the net amount realized or to be realized by such corporation therefor.

(b) Requiring that every such corporation shall, so long as any of its securities are listed on said exchange, file at least once in each year, and as much oftener as the regulations of such exchange may require, with the Secretary of said exchange and with the Postmaster General for public inspection and use, a detailed statement of its gross receipts and expenses, its net earnings, and a particular statement of any and all agreements and transactions made or entered into, directly or indirectly, between the corporation and any of its officers or Directors, or with any partnership, joint association, or corporation in which any such officer or Director is interested and of the profits, emoluments, salaries, commissions, or other compensation or benefits derived, assured, or agreed to be paid to said officers or Directors or to any such partnership, joint association, or corporation in which such officer or Director is interested.

(c) That no outstanding securities having been so listed, quoted, and dealt in on said Exchange shall be removed or stricken from the list or denied quotation thereon so long as any part of the issue of such securities originally admitted to such list is outstanding, except after due notice to all security holders affected by the proposed action, to be given in such manner as the charter and by-laws of the Exchange, as approved by the Postmaster General, shall provide, subject to review by any court of competent jurisdiction.

(d) That the manipulation of securities and of the prices and transactions therein and all fictitious purchases and sales of securities and what are known as "matched orders" and "wash sales" thereof and all other dealings or transactions that are intended or the effect of which is to deceive or mislead the public shall be prohibited by regulations that shall be approved by the Postmaster General.

(e) That the members of such Exchange shall be forbidden under penalty of expulsion and under such other penalties as may be prescribed by the law incorporating said Exchange or the regulations thereof from hypothecating any security belonging to their customers or others for any amount in excess of the sum at the time owing such members thereon or from entering into any arrangement or agreement with such customer or others for such use of their securities.

(f) That the regulations of said Exchange shall forbid its members, under penalty of expulsion and such other penalties as may be prescribed by the articles incorporating the Exchange or otherwise, from lending securities pledged with them or from making any agreement with their customers with respect thereto.

(g) That the members of such Exchange shall be required to keep full and accurate books of account of all transactions conducted by them upon such Exchange, which shall contain the actual names and transactions of all their customers and the serial numbers of all securities or of the certificates representing the same that have been purchased or sold by them; that such books and all the records of the members of such Exchange shall be at all times open to the inspection of the officers of the said Exchange or of such examiners or other persons as they may designate for that purpose and to the Postmaster General and such persons as he may from time to time designate to make such examinations.

(h) That no orders, direction, or offer to purchase the securities of any corporation or joint-stock company shall be accepted or executed by any member of such Exchange unless the broker shall at the time of such order or previously thereto have received from the customer a partial payment in cash of not less than twenty per cent. of the market price of such stock on the day of purchase;

(i) That no securities of any corporation shall be listed, quoted, or dealt in on said Exchange unless the charter or by-laws thereof contain express prohibition against the sale by any officer or Director of any security of which he is not the owner at the time of such sale or the purchase or sale directly or indirectly of any security of any such corporation or any interest therein either alone or jointly with others, unless or until previous written notice of such intended action shall have been given to the Directors and entered upon the minutes of the meeting, nor unless all such transactions shall be reported in writing to the Secretary within five days after the same are made and entered upon the minutes of the next succeeding meeting of the Board of Directors.

Powers of Postmaster General.

Sec. 2. The Postmaster General may, upon evidence satisfactory to him that any letter, package, circular, pamphlet, postcard, newspaper, or other form of printed or written statement, or partly printed or partly written, contains an order or statement or any quotation of prices or any other advices, report, or information concerning transactions in securities sold or offered for sale or executed or to be executed on any Stock Exchange which shall not conform to the requirements specified in Section 1 hereof, or that have failed to enforce such requirements, shall make a written finding to that effect and shall thereupon instruct the Postmaster not to receive for transmission in the mails any such letter, package, circular, pamphlet, postcard, newspaper, or other of printed or written statement, or partly printed or partly written, and at the same time shall transmit a copy of such finding to the principal office of every telegraph and telephone company, and every National bank doing business in the United States or any Territory thereof, or any of its possessions. Nothing in this section contained shall be so construed as to authorize any Postmaster or other person to open any letter, package, circular, pamphlet, postcard, newspaper, or other form of printed or written statement, or partly printed or partly written, not addressed to himself.

Sec. 3. Any person who shall knowingly deposit or cause to be deposited in the mails, or who shall knowingly send or cause to be sent by mail any letter, package, circular, pamphlet, postcard, newspaper, or other form of printed or written statement, or partly printed or partly written, concerning transactions in securities sold or offered for sale, or executed or to be executed, on any Stock Exchange, which shall not conform to the requirements of Section 1 hereof, or who shall knowingly deliver for transmission, or send or transmit by telegraph or telephone in any State or Territory of the United States, or from the District of Columbia to any other State or Territory of the United States, or to the District of Columbia any order or statement or any quotation of prices or any other advices, report, or information concerning transactions in securities sold or offered for sale or executed, or to be executed on any Stock Exchange, which shall not conform to the requirements specified in Section 1 hereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and, on conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both, for the first offense; and for any subsequent offense shall be imprisoned not more than five years.

Sec. 4. Any telegraph or telephone company which shall knowingly send or transmit or furnish facilities for sending and transmitting any order or statement or any quotation of prices or any other advice, report, or information concerning transactions in securities sold or offered for sale or executed or to be executed on any Stock Exchange which shall not conform to the requirements specified in Section 1 hereof, or that shall fail to conform to any order issued by the Postmaster General pursuant to Section 2 of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined $1,000 for the first offense, and for any subsequent offense shall be fined $2,500; and any officer or Director who shall knowingly permit or suffer such order or statement or any quotation of prices or any other advices, report, or information concerning transactions in securities sold or offered for sale or executed or to be executed on any Stock Exchange which shall not conform to the requirements specified in Section 1 hereof or that shall have been proceeded against as provided by Section 2 hereof to be sent or transmitted or facilities therefor to be furnished shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined $1,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both, for the first offense, and for any subsequent offense shall be fined $2,500 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

NO SURPRISE IS FELT AT PUJO PROPOSALS

Bankers and Guaranty Trust Companies Hit by Provision Forbidding Voting Trusts.

HOW MORGAN IS AFFECTED

Firm Would Lose Enormous Deposits by Legislation Barring Corporation Funds from Private Banks.

There will be few surprises to Wall Street in the legislation proposed by the Pujo Committee, as the ideas of Samuel Untermyer, which were adopted by the committee, were clearly shown by the line of questioning to which witnesses were subjected. Many of them have direct application to particular conditions which were assailed as part of the machinery of the "Money Trust."

The broadest of these, as affecting National banks, is the system of interlocking Directorates, extending also to trust companies, which are State institutions. The National City Bank, First National Bank, Chase National, and National Bank of Commerce have many Directors in common, the board of one bank often including the Presidents of several others. This interlocking feature is strong in the Bankers' Trust Company, the Guaranty Trust Company, and among all of these institutions members of J. P. Morgan & Co. appear frequently as Directors.

There have been since this situation was emphasized at the Pujo committee hearings a few sporadic changes, which some observers in Wall Street have hailed as the beginning of a movement toward dropping the interlocking Directorate feature of the banking situation. Edmund C. Converse, President of the Bankers' Trust, recently resigned as a Director of the Guaranty Trust, but Albert H. Wiggin, President of the Chase National, and Gates W. McGarrah, President of the Mechanics and Metals National, are still on the board. Joseph T. Talbert and Samuel McRoberts, Vice Presidents of the National City Bank, also resigned as Directors in the Continental and Commercial National, which the Pujo committee includes in the Chicago branch of the Money Trust.

The provision forbidding the control of banks by voting trusts has special reference to the Bankers and Guaranty Trust Companies, each of which is controlled by a voting trust of three men. H. P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co., is a member of both voting trusts. When on the witness stand he intimated that he was favorably disposed toward the dissolution of these voting trusts, and it has been understood in Wall Street that the only reason they were not dissolved was a disposition to await the report of the Pujo Committee. Well-informed bankers say they will be dissolved whether the Pujo proposal is adopted by Congress or not.

The prohibition of security holding companies as adjuncts to National banks would directly affect the First National and the National City Banks in this city, and the First National in Chicago. The banking law forbids National banks from holding stocks as investments, and some years ago the First National of Chicago devised the plan of forming a company with the same stockholders as the bank to take over investments which were likely to be called in question. Later the First National of this city adopted the same plan.

A special dividend was declared by the bank amounting to the capital stock of the First Security Company, and the bank stockholders were authorized to subscribe for its shares in the same ratio as their holdings of bank stock. The stock certificates of the Security Company were printed on the back of the stock certificates of the bank and one cannot be sold or transferred without the other.

The investments, which included the stock control of the Chase National Bank, which was recently broken by the sale of the greater part to Albert H. Wiggin, were turned over to the security company. The National City Bank did substantially the same thing.

These security companies were attacked as a subterfuge by which National banks attempted to evade the law, and the matter was put before President Taft. Secretary MacVeagh of the Treasury rendered an opinion that they were legal, and Attorney General Wickersham held that they were illegal. President Taft pigeonholed the two opinions eighteen months ago and has never decided the issue.

The provision for cumulative voting in the election of Directors is intended to bring about the representation of the minority stock. When the majority interest in a bank is sold, the purchasers usually elect the entire Board of Directors, and some of the leading financiers examined admitted that this was wrong. Under the cumulative system any considerable minority would be assured of at least one or two Directors.

Forbidding inter-State corporations from depositing funds with private bankers would hit J. P. Morgan & Co. especially, and also such firms as Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and Speyer & Co. Mr. Morgan testified that his firm's deposits of this sort amounted to some $83,000,000. Forbidding inter-State corporations from making any banking establishment their sole agent would affect principally the Morgan firm. Mr. Untermyer has contended that the arrangement by which J. P. Morgan & Co. brought out many of the large issues of securities was a great factor in the domination which he declares the firm exercises over other financial institutions. Morgan & Co. having the opportunity to give or to withhold participation in profitable underwritings, he argued, other banks and bankers were made subservient to them in a business sense.

The proposed prohibition of National banks and their officers from taking part in underwriting syndicates strikes at a practice that has been exemplified as recently as the flotation of California Petroleum. It was for refusing to divulge the names of the banks and bank officers who participated in that spectacular promotion that George Garr Henry of Salomon & Co. was indicted.

Providing for the sale of railroad securities by competitive bids is along the same line of removing from J. P. Morgan & Co. the opportunity to make up syndicates to take these issues and so exercise its alleged influence over other bankers. It would apply also to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and others who are bankers for the big transportation systems.

Publicity for the assets and stockholders of Ntaional banks is one of the most radical proposals made by Mr. Untermyer. As a rule banks guard their lists of stockholders with the utmost secrecy. Even the City Tax Department, which has lists of them, has refused to make them public, although the city charter seems to require it do so.

The system of bank examinations by the Clearing House, which it is proposed to forbid, is of recent origin here. It was first adopted in Chicago with a view to keeping the Clearing House officials advised of the condition of all members, so that unpleasant discoveries would not be made about any of them in the midst of a panic. About two years ago the New York Clearing House took the same action and C. A. Hanna, who had been the National Bank Examiner in this city, was put at the head of the department.

Reports of his Examiners are made only to him, and if all is well he does not disclose the facts, even to the Chairman of the Clearing House Committee, and the reports are filed with the banks themselves. Should anything unsound be found it would be reported to the Chairman of the committee. This arrangement has been criticised by Mr. Untermyer as putting some of the Clearing House banks in possession of information concerning their competitors which they should not have and as destructive of real competition.

The method proposed for compelling the Clearing House to incoroprate is what had been expected, by providing that National banks must stay out of them unless incorporated. There is no such sentiment against incorporation in the Clearing House as in the Stock Exchange, and such an authority on the subject as James G. Cannon, President of the Fourth National, is on record in favor of it.

The plan to compel the Stock Exchange to incorporate is but another phase of the movement already under way at Albany and is bitterly opposed by its members on the ground that it would destroy its disciplinary powers. Aside from an increased tax on transfers, there is nothing the Stock Exchange is prepared to fight as vigorously as incorporation and State regulation. The bill at Albany was the outcome of the agitation of the Pujo committee, and Gov. Sulzer, before having it introduced, said he was open-minded on the subject, but was convinced that the State must take hold of the Stock Exchange to avoid action by Congress, which was contrary to his ideas of home rule. Most of the other proposals relating to the Stock Exchange are also covered in the proposed legislation at Albany.

MINORITY ADMIT CREDIT ABUSES

But Questions the Desirability of the Proposed Remedies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The principal minority report of the Pujo Committee was filed by Representative Everis A. Hayes of California. It is signed by him, Representative Frank E. Guernsey of Maine, and Representative William H. Heald of Delaware, all Republicans. It says:

"The undersigned are of the opinion that the testimony has not disclosed the existence of any so-called money trust in this country. It has, however, disclosed a dangerous concentration of credit in New York City, and to some extent in Boston and Chicago. Even many of those connected with this concentration of credit who came before the committee, expressed the conviction that this concentration had gone far enough and should be checked.

"Evils, existing in both Stock Exchanges and Clearing House associations, could be corrected by exchanges and the associations themselves, if they were so inclined. They having failed and neglected to remedy the abuses existing in their conduct and operation, in our opinion it is the duty of each State in which these exchanges or associations are located to compel their incorporation and to regulate their management by appropriate legislation.

"Should the exchanges and the associations as well as the various States, neglect this plain and imperative duty, then we believe that it is the duty of Congress to exercise any jurisdiction or power, conferred upon the Federal Government by the Constitution, to pass such restrictive and regulative legislation as may be necessary.

"While agreeing substantially with the majority upon many of the abuses to be corrected in the financial system, the Stock Exchanges and the Clearing House associations, the undersigned have doubts as to the wisdom of some of the remedies proposed by the majority.

"As it is manifestly impossible that any of the proposed legislation can be considered by this Congress, it seems to us wise to leave the matter of recommending complete remedial legislation to those, who will be charged with the responsibility of formulating and reporting such legislation in the Sixty-third Congress."

McMorran Defends Wall Street.

In his minority report Representative McMorran of Michigan said in part:

"I believe that a sinister light has been thrown over many banking practices which was not justified by the facts, that no effort has been made to show the reasonable and commendable explanation of these practices, and that in many cases an impression has been given to the country as to the character and motives of leading bankers which is altogether unfair.

"A sentiment has been created throughout the country against Wall Street, and good citizens do not realize what it means that New York City has become one of the world's leading money markets, that the banks of New York and their associates are now able to handle large transactions they were unable to handle only a few years since, when our people were forced to look to foreign markets for assistance in developing the various industries and commercial undertakings of the country.

"I feel that every American citizen should be proud of the fact that we have a city like New York, where there is sufficient capital to handle these enterprises, and should take pride also in the character and integrity of the men at the head of its large financial institutions.

"As regards the Clearing Houses, under the present organization of our banking, these associations of necessity exercise many important functions and bear many responsibilities which would not be forced upon them under a properly organized banking and currency system.

"I believe that it should also be recognized that the New York Stock Exchange has contributed much to the development of the transportation, industrial, and commercial activities of the country.

"I believe much of the evidence in regard to concentration and control of money and credit has been seriously incomplete and misleading, that no such harmony of motive and action has been shown to exist between the dozen or eighteen large banks in different cities, which have been repeatedly named, as would justify the description of these banks as a 'group' or as an 'inner group,' or in any way justify the assertion in the majority report that 'the acts of this inner group as here described have been more destructive to competition than anything accomplished by the trusts.'

"In regard to most of the proposals for legislation, I affirm my apprehension that their adoption would sound the knell of the National banking system. I believe the establishment of a Federal banking system, with uniform laws and regulations throughout the country, marked a distinct and important milestone in our financial history. I regard the possibility of its discontinuance as a very grave and serious objection to the general character of the legislation proposed.

"I believe that there are fundamental defects in our banking laws which require remedy at the earliest possible date, that many of banking practices which have aroused apprehension, and to which criticism has been directed in this investigation, are the result of those defects and are likely to disappear when a proper banking and currency system has been established."

SHONTS FIRES BLAST AT GOULD

Continued from Page 1.

and Mr. Gould. Of the first the only detailed account is that given by Mr. Shonts to Mr. Rockefeller, which said:

> I carefully pointed out to Mr. Gould in this conference that not only had I been advised by his personal representative and Vice President of our board that he, Mr. Gould, had been at all times informed of the essential features of this contract, and assented thereto, but that his counsel, Judge Dillon and Mr. Davies, both realized the enormous advantages to the Manhattan Company of validating their franchises and strengthening their securities, and that I could not reconcile his change of viewpoint with the expressed views of his representatives. To this Mr. Gould replied that Mr. Davies, although he was a good lawyer, and had been in the service of the Manhattan Company for many years, nevertheless indirectly received his compensation from the Interborough Company, and that inasmuch as he had observed that men frequently tried to please the people who paid them for their services, he had decided to ask Mr. Chadbourne, his own personal counsel, to come into the situation, and that Mr. Chadbourne had advised him that there was nothing in the situation for the Gould estate, and suggested that I see Mr. Chadbourne.

When Gould and Shonts Met.

The second interview between Mr. Gould and Mr. Shonts, at which Mr. Chadbourne was present, took place in the afternoon of the same day. Both Mr. Gould and Mr. Shonts in their letters agree that there was a discussion of the proposed agreement and its affect on the Manhattan Railway Company, but there is a serious disagreement as to the reference made to the Gould interests. Mr. Gould said that he maintained that the Manhattan Company should receive an increased rental from the proposed extensions and that "not one syllable respecting the Gould estate or its stock holding or what the estate would get out of it or what anybody would get out of it except the Manhattan Railway Company was mentioned directly or indirectly or even suggested by Mr. Chadbourne, Mr. Shonts, or myself."

Mr. Shonts's account of this interview reads:

> Mr. Gould asked me to tell Mr. Chadbourne what I had said to him, (Mr. Gould,) at the previous interview. When I had finished Mr. Chadbourne said: "Well, I don't think there is anything in this situation that justifies the Manhattan in executing these papers." I said, "What do you mean?" He said, "The Manhattan receives no benefit from the proposed arrangement." I said, "Do you mean to say that the validating of all your existing third-track franchises and the creation of this additional enormous earning power of that company is of no value to the stockholders?" His reply was, "Well, I am not here representing the Manhattan Company. I am here representing the Gould estate, and I see nothing in this proposition that is of any advantage to it." I then said, "What is your proposition?" He said that he had not had an opportunity to discuss this matter to a conclusion with Mr. Gould, but was prepared to do so. I then asked Mr. Gould if I should retire. Mr. Gould assented, and said he would turn the whole matter over to Mr. Chadbourne, and that Mr. Chadbourne would come to my office, (which happens to be in the same building,) in a few minutes.

Offer to Sell the Gould Stock.

Mr. Gould said the last matter discussed at this meeting related to the amount of the additional rental the Manhattan should receive, but he agreed with Mr. Shonts that there was a private discussion between him and Mr. Chadbourne before Mr. Chadbourne went up to see Mr. Shonts in the Interborough offices. Mr. Gould said he thought the full Manhattan Board should consult on the question of rental before a definite answer was given.

Then the scene is shifted to Mr. Shonts's office, where, according to the President of the Interborough, Mr. Chadbourne opened the talk by suggesting "inasmuch as the Gould estate was the only stockholder that seemed alive to the possibilities [illegible] the simplest way out of this whole situation was to buy the Gould holdings."

Mr. Shonts asked, he says, the extent of the Gould holdings, and was told 85,000 shares. The letter is continued:

> I asked what was the price. He, (Mr. Chadbourne,) said that as to the price he would again have to see Mr. Gould, but he could let me know in five minutes, and I asked him to please do so. He left my office, saying he would go to Mr. Gould's office and immediately return. He returned promptly and said that Mr. Gould told him Mr. Morgan at one time had offered $200 a share for the Gould holdings, but that he would now take $175. I said that inasmuch as the market price was only $130, I felt very confident it would be impossible to find a purchaser for the Gould holdings at any such price, and that he would have to drop it. Mr. Chadbourne answered that this was only Mr. Gould's asking price, and that he would probably be willing to shade that to some extent, and suggested that I see what I could do in a general way, and then we could get down to the actual price.

Mr. Gould's Version of It.

Mr. Shonts then, he said, told Mr. Chadbourne that before he could find a purchaser at the price it would be necessary to reassemble the Manhattan board to pass the resolutions the Interborough asked for, and provide for giving control of the board to the purchaser. To this, according to Mr. Shonts, Mr. Chadbourne agreed that a certificate could easily be put through by the board with a few modifications unobjectionable to the Interborough, since Mr. Gould controlled the majority of the Directors.

Mr. Gould's story of the price question differs radically from that of Mr. Shonts. This is from Mr. Gould's letter:

> Mr. Chadbourne returned and said: "Mr. Shonts wants you to put a price on your Manhattan stock." I replied: "He will not pay the price I will put on it—I would not sell it for less than $175 a share, and I guess I am in no danger of getting that." Mr. Chadbourne then left me, and I left for Lakewood, and that was the last I heard respecting a sale of stock, nor have I from that time to this heard from Mr. Shonts respecting my objections to the proposed contracts between the Interborough and the Manhattan Companies, although I have been in my office continuously and expecting to hear from him and to take up that matter during that entire time.

Mr. Gould went on to tell the commission how he had set Chadbourne & Shores at work examining the certificates and how the result of their labors was the report to the Manhattan board, which resulted in the appointment of a committee to take up the matter with the Interborough. He remarked on the silence of Mr. Shonts in the thirteen days, and his failure to take up the question again with the Manhattan Directorate.

In ending, Mr. Gould gave this assurance to the commission:

> Notwithstanding the fact that the contracts as finally submitted do not give the Manhattan Railway Company what it should have, if it were true that the Manhattan Railway Company's insistence upon fair treatment would delay the people of New York from getting their much-needed subways, the Manhattan Railway Company would execute the application without further insistence upon its undoubted rights, but this is not true. The subways are building as fast as they would be if the Manhattan Company signed the application to-day, and the public will not be delayed one hour by the Manhattan Company's insistence upon adequate protection and fair treatment.

No Objection from Rockefeller.

Mr. Shonts, in writing to Mr. Rockefeller, after finishing his account of his interview with Mr. Chadbourne, went on to tell how he called on J. P. Morgan, Jr., and informed him and Henry P. Davison of the Gould offer. Next day they advised him, he said, to see Mr. Rockefeller, as he also was largely interested in the Manhattan Company. Mr. Morgan himself arranged the interview by telephone. In this interview, Mr. Shonts said both Mr. Skitt and Frederick T. Gates said that they had discussed the situation with Mr. Gould and that Mr. Gould had expressed himself as being entirely favorable to the arrangement. Mr. Gates further explained that various plans whereby the Manhattan stockholders might benefit through the financing of these improvements themselves, by a sale of stock or otherwise, had been discussed, but that the final judgment was that the best interests of the Manhattan Company would be assured by the plan as set forth in the proposal now pending before the Public Service Commission.

Talk of a Purchaser.

Mr. Shonts also went over Mr. Gould's statement about his failure to discuss the Manhattan question with him again by saying that on Feb. 15, in answer to a telephone call, he went to the office of Mr. Gould to see him and Mr. Chadbourne, but that Mr. Gould was then gone. He discussed with Mr. Chadbourne a method by which the Gould stock could be deposited with a trust company in escrow and the Gould Directors could retire from the Manhattan board one by one. The stock would then be handed over to the purchaser, when the control of the board had passed into his hands.

In conclusion, Mr. Shonts called the attention of Mr. Rockefeller to the fact that as long ago as May 25, 1905, the Manhattan Company, at the request of the Interborough Directors, authorized its officers to apply for the right of third tracking the Second and Third Avenue lines. At that time the cost of the work was to be paid by the Manhattan Company, and of this Mr. Shonts said:

> While this application was denied, it is the strongest evidence of the hearty co-operation which, until the recent unexpectd action of the Manhattan board, has always prevailed between the Manhattan and Interborough Companies with respect to obtaining the requisite legal rights for completing the third track upon the Manhattan structures, even when the entire expense of carrying out the construction work was to be defrayed by the Manhattan Company, and not as under the certificate now offered the Manhattan Company by the Interborough Company.

Mr. Shonts laid these facts before Mr. Rockefeller, he said, to justify him in seeking Mr. Rockefeller's good offices in getting co-operation between the Manhattan and Interborough Companies.

Accompanying Mr. Gould's letter to the Public Service Commission were copies of the reports made on the third tracking proposal to him by Mr. Chadbourne. In the first it was pointed out that the Manhattan Company was not under any obligation to make application to the commission for permission to construct them. Consequently Mr. Chadbourne strongly advised against this being done unless some benefit accrued thereby was granted to the Manhattan.

In the second letter Mr. Chadbourne raised the question as to the ownership of any improvements made by the Interborough at the expiration of its lease. Supposing the Manhattan did not care to pay the reasonable value of these changes to the Interborough, would they remain the property of the Interborough? Moreover, the Interborough wanted the Manhattan to issue $5,400,000 bonds for a power house which would be necessary only for these improvements. It should be made clear, he thought, that the Interborough would be responsible for the interest. Finally it is suggested that the Interborough should enter into a definite engagement to indemnify the Manhattan against any liability for its property in case the Interborough defaults in its bargain with the city.

Mr. Gould left town last night with Mrs. Gould for Key West. From there he will take a trip to the Panama Canal.

INJUNCTION APPEAL LOST.

Appellate Division Refuses Consent to Have Case Go Higher Up.

The Appellate Division by a vote of 4 to 1 refused yesterday to grant the application of Clarence J. Shearn as counsel for J. J. Hopper for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals from the refusal of the Appellate Division to grant a temporary injunction restraining the Public Service Commission from proceeding with the subway contracts, pending the suit for a permanent injunction. The prevailing opinion was written by Presiding Justice Ingraham, with Justices McLaughlin, Scott and Clarke concurring. Justice Laughlin dissented.

This closes the case so far as the Appellate Division is concerned, but Mr. Shearn could, if he wished, apply to the Court of Appeals for permission to be heard in it.

CONFER AT MIDNIGHT ON WILSON CABINET

Continued from Page 1.

any doubt whatever that Col. Bryan, Mr. McAdoo, Mr. Burleson, and Mr. Daniels would be in the Cabinet.

Should the report prove true that President Taft will veto the Department of Labor bill, which will go to him this week, Representative Wilson of Pennsylvania, if he has been selected for Cabinet honors, will be eliminated as a Cabinet possibility. The Department of Labor bill provides for the creation of a separate branch of the Executive Government out of the present Department of Commerce and Labor. Should the bill fail to become law, the present Department of Commerce and Labor will be retained intact, and it is generally understood that Mr. Brandeis will be its head.

NARROW ESCAPE FOR WILSON.

Broken Rail Imperils His Train—He Pets a Small Boy.

Yesterday, for President-elect Wilson was a commingling of events which pleased and which displeased him. He departed from Princeton early in the morning to keep his weekly appointment with his dentist in Philadelphia, and was nearly at his destination when his train was halted at Tacony, a suburb of Philadelphia. A track walker had discovered a rail out of which a preceding train had chipped a piece at a point where the track ran beside a culvert.

It was considered dangerous for the train to proceed and the President-elect chafed at the delay as his train was held up for forty minutes. He was especially displeased by the fact that the location of a cross-over switch was such that four following trains were turned onto another track and started for Philadelphia before the train on which he rode was started. He arrived at West Philadelphia at 10:15 o'clock and took a taxicab to his dentist.

He departed from Philadelphia for New York soon after noon, and from Philadelphia to Trenton enjoyed his usual nap in his chair. There, however, the private car of President James Rea of the Pennsylvania was attached to the train and Mr. Rea, an old friend of the Governor, finding him on board, invited him to lunch in his private car. The Governor declined, as he had arranged to lunch with members of his own party, and he would have composed himself for another nap but for the presence on the train of a 5-year-old youngster, who, as soon as Mr. Rea departed for his own car, marched to the Governor's chair and climbed on his knee.

He proceeded at once to make the acquaintance of the future President, who received him in his arms, learned that his name was Clark Greenwood, Jr., and that he was fond of pulling hair. Master Greenwood found the Governor a ready listener to his infant utterances, and he grew intimate so rapidly that his acquaintanceship soon extended to fingering the President-elect's ears, rubbing his face, and jumping up and down on his knee.

Gov. Wilson seemed to enjoy it all, and he had an arm and a knee ready for Clark's two-year-old sister, Clara, when the baby came falling and tumbling along the car aisle to see her brother's friend. The youngsters proved to be the children of Mrs. Clark Greenwood of Narberth, Penn., who came to the Governor's rescue after a while. He chatted with Mrs. Greenwood for several minutes, and young Clark, when he was finally persuaded to return to his own chair, offered the Governor a piece of his candy. The Governor dodged the issue by explaining that old people didn't eat candy.

CHEVY CHASE CLUB HOPEFUL.

Officials Think Wilson Will Yet Join—Offer Remains Open.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Members of the fashionable Chevy Chase Club, whose invitation to President-elect Wilson to accept honorary membership therein was declined, announced to-day that, in view of the circumstances, "there was nothing further to be done so far as they were concerned."

It developed that Gov. Wilson's letter was read at a recent meeting of the Board of Governors of the club, when it was decided that, no action on it was necessary. President Thomas Hyde of the club, had contemplated calling a special meeting, but members of the board deemed it unnecessary.

"We thought Mr. Wilson would enjoy being a member," said Mr. Hyde, "and therefore we extended him the courtesy which would have included Mrs. Wilson and their daughters. Of course, the matter is entirely Mr. Wilson's own business, and we have not thought of interfering."

The offer of honorary membership will remain open, according to club officials, who express their belief that the next President, on settling here, will change his mind.

INVESTORS WHO WORRY
when their stocks and bonds decline appreciate the comfort of holding our Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates.
There is no possibility of a loss and the interest return is higher than from any other investment that is equally secure.
Any amount from $200 up can be invested to yield 4½% net.
No investor has ever lost a dollar
BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO
Capital & Surplus, $9,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Select Your
EASTER
CARDS AND GIFTS
from the carefully chosen assortment now displayed in our special cardroom. Ask to see the new postcards and folders by Mary C. Low.
Ask for a list of selected assortments for Sunday School classes, etc.
E. P. Dutton & Co.
31 West 23rd Street.

673 Men's Worsted Sweaters today at $1.95
Values 4.00 & 5.50
garments that are in perfect condition, but a little run down in price.

¶ If you want a $4 or $5.50 sweater, we take it that you are not averse to getting it for $1.95. These sweaters are an odd lot in number, but the equal of any sweaters of similar qualities on the market today.

¶ The assortment includes V neck coat sweaters, sweaters with roll or shawl collars, and Norfolk sweaters with military collars. The colors are Oxford gray, white, red and maroon. Made in light, medium and heavy weight worsteds of superior quality, by a maker who keeps quality on the payroll. The sizes range from 34 to 44 inches. There are not so many 42 and 44 sizes, however, that the man who wants them can afford to delay his selection. Garments that are made right in every particular, and which sell regularly for $4 and $5.50.

$2 & $3 Walking Sticks today at $1
a walk-over in walking stick values

¶ A brand new importation from Europe. The best-looking walking sticks of the two and three dollar variety we have ever seen. The woods are walnus, cornell, Castania or redstone, and the handles are handsomely trimmed with sterling silver mounts to give just the proper touch of superiority and style.

¶ It may probably sound incredible to you that so much can be put in a walking stick for a dollar. But it happens that it was not put in for a dollar, but for two and three dollars. The dollar end of the proposition is the special feature which occasions this announcement. We got a limited lot of these sticks at a special price, and so long as this lot lasts you are privileged to buy them at a dollar apiece. But take it from us, such a limited number at such a trifling price won't last any longer than a snowball in Egypt. Main floor.

Six Dollar Silk Hats that have no superiors at twelve
these hats have brains in them now, no matter what happens to them hereafter!

¶ Seven fashionable silk hats—the advance contingent of Spring styles. Unimpeachable in quality, impeccable in style. Made on clever lines, with dignity in their round young crowns, and the spirit of a good time in their typically imported brims.

¶ **The Belgravia** has a high bell crown and a medium flat brim, and is essentially English. $6.

¶ **The Cabaret** is strictly French, with a tapering crown and a brim uncompromisingly flat. $6.

¶ Both of these hats are literally teeming with good style—so are the other five. Main floor.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

ALL EXCISE GRAFT FOR INSIDE RING

Whitman to Follow the Newly Discovered $1,200,000 Trail to the Very End.

PERFECT SCALE OF DIVISION

Liquor Dealers' President Denies He Made Collections--Sweeney Pleads Not Guilty.

GOETHALS AS COMMISSIONER

And a Military Police, Grand Jury Foreman's Suggestion at Wagner Inquiry.

All Thursday night and from daylight yesterday morning until nearly noon District Attorney Whitman had several of his expert investigators working in the thickly settled Harlem thoroughfares trying to round up saloon keepers who had paid money for protection. He wanted to fortify the testimony of J. J. McGrath, the saloon keeper, who testified before the Extraordinary Grand Jury on Thursday that he had paid $10 a month for two months a year or so ago to John Mustard, President of the local liquor dealers' association, and that he understood the money was needed for protection.

Mustard had been subpoenaed to appear before the Grand Jury yesterday morning and Mr. Whitman, doubtful of his success to get much information from this source, wanted to supplement the knowledge he had already obtained to the end that Mustard might be induced to tell all he knew. But his efforts were not successful. Liquor dealer after liquor dealer was questional in many skillful ways, but no additional information was procured. Mr. Whitman was sure that the payments made by McGrath were supplemented by similar payments made by 10,000 other saloon keepers in the city. He believed it to be impossible that such a rich field of graft as the saloon field had been overlooked by the police grafters. Capt. Walsh had admitted in his confession that he used to collect protection money from the saloons up to two and a half years ago, when he received orders to cut out these collections. He said that this curtailed his revenues from graft at least 50 per cent. McGrath also admitted that the payments of $10 a month for each one of his two saloons had been made regularly during the last thirty months.

Mustard Denies Collecting Graft.

When Mustard was taken before the Grand Jury yesterday he said that he had received some money from McGrath, but he thought it was for tickets for one of the association's affairs. He was sure the amount was not more than $5 or $10. He denied that he was the recipient of any monthly payments of money for any sort of protection whatever. He said that occasionally money was collected for certain inside interests of the association just as it might be needed for any other association organized for mutual interests.

Mr. Whitman said yesterday that he would follow out this new $1,200,000 graft trail to the very end. Saloon graft has always been considered legitimate by a certain school of policemen, and Mr. Whitman said that he was sure the practice had been continued. His investigations so far have convinced him that graft was divided among the police in three different ways. That reaped from the gambling houses and disorderly resorts in a precinct was collected by the Captain of the precinct and divided with the Inspector. Then the Inspector made an additional levy on the same places, which he handled himself exclusive of the Captain. Then came the excise graft that was collected in some other manner by collectors representing an entirely different class of police officials and, perhaps, politicians and went into a general hopper until certain specified times, when it was divided among the men composing the inside ring of grafters.

These men got all the excise graft, the Inspector got half of the collections mad by the Captain of each one of the precincts in his inspection district, and the Captain got only half of what he collected with his own collectors. The men who have been doing the investigating for Mr. Whitman said yesterday that this made a perfect system, and that each one of the policemen got a share commensurate with his rank and influence in the department.

Sweeney Pleads Not Guilty.

Inspector Sweeney was arraigned before Justice Goff again to answer to the eleven additional indictments found against him on Thursday. He pleaded not guilty on each one of the indictments. The $10,000 bail, on which Sweeney was already held, was raised to $15,000. The additional $5,000 was furnished by a surety company.

On Monday Alfred J. Talley, Sweeney's lawyer, applied for an order permitting him to inspect the minutes of the Grand Jury that had indicted Sweeney on the first two counts of bribery and trying to induce Sipp to remain out of this State so he could not be forced to testify before the Grand Jury. The indictment for bribery accused him of the crime of accepting money from Walsh on April 3, 1911. It afterward developed that Sweeney was not in command of the Sixth Inspection District on that date. Justice Goff decided yesterday to let Mr. Talley see that portion of the indictment only that referred to the date. In his opinion the Justice said:

"The contention of the defendant is somewhat extraordinary in its nature, and as a matter of justice to him, it would appear proper that he should, in advance of the trial, be in possession of knowledge regarding the testimony against him as to the time at which he is alleged to have received the bribe. A difficulty is presented in directing that a copy of all the testimony may be furnished to the defendant, in that the testimony furnishes a basis for another indictment against the defendant, charging a different crime and alleging different transactions than those connected with the indictment in question. I therefore direct the District Attorney to segregate from the whole testimony that portion relating directly to the time when, it is claimed, the defendant accepted the bribe.

"If it is true that the defendant was not in command of the inspection district at [illegible] it would appear that [illegible] possession of the knowledge of the nature of such allegation. This petition is granted because of the exceptional nature of the application, and its operation must be confined solely to the state of facts presented."

More Duffy Indictments.

Four aditional indictments were found by the Grand Jury against Sergt. Peter J. Duffy, charging bribery in each case. The new evidence in the case was furnished by James Dougherty and Hugh McIntyre, proprietors of the Hotel Monument, of 2,287 Eighth Avenue. Both of these men were summoned before the Grand Jury. Dougherty testified that on Oct. 4, 1912, he paid $75 to Duffy for protection and that similar payments were made in November, December, and January, 1913. The fact that the protection money was demanded as recently as in January last, when there was every sign that a thorough investigation was to be made into the collection of graft by the police, greatly surprised Mr. Whitman. He had been led to believe that the payments of protection money had been dropped after December and that all those who had been making the payments had been assured that they would receive the same old protection without any further payments until further orders

Ashley Shea and Patrolman Eugene Fox had given Mr. Whitman the name of the Hotel Monument as one of the places that had paid regularly for protection. When the police, instigated by Inspector Sweeney, tried to frame up a crime against George A. Sipp the scene of one of the offenses was laid in this hotel. Fox had collected some of the money from Dougherty and McIntyre and turned it over to Capt. Walsh, while the collections made by Shea had been turned over to Duffy. The four payments referred to in the testimony yesterday were all made by Shea. It was thought that perhaps the testimony of Shea would be disputed by Dougherty and McIntyre, and so Shea was on hand to repeat his story of several days ago, but his evidence was not disputed

Waiting with Shea in an anteroom of the Grand Jury room was John Gray, known as "Paper Collar Joe," who is classed as an expert wiretapper. Mr. Whitman wanted him to testify concerning police collusion with the wiretappers. Subpoena servers were hustling around Harlem looking for other men of the same calibre as Gray, but they were not found in time to testify. So Gray was saved the ordeal of appearing before the Grand Jury for the time.

Witnesses Elude Whitman's Men.

Other witnesses were also being searched for by subpoena servers, but none of them was found. Mr. Whitman expressed the fear late in the day that a number of witnesses who might be of great service to him in finding grafting policemen had been induced to leave the city. One of the men he is anxious to get his hands on is Alexander Jacobs, who used to run a stuss game in 116th Street. Hearing that Mr. Whitman wanted him, his wife called at Mr. Whitman's office on Thursday and had a talk with the District Attorney. When she left two of Mr. Whitman's detectives trailed her. She boarded an Eighth Avenue car and rode to 116th Street, when she got off. A man followed and spoke to her. Believing that he was her husband, a subpoena was served upon him ordering him to appear before the Grand Jury yesterday. But the man, whoever he was, did not appear.

Another witness who was on hand to testify, but was not called, was Julian Roth, who, according to Shea, used to run a gambling house in West Eighty-fifth Street. Shea said that Roth paid Fox, and later paid Duffy, $50 a month for protection. After the Extraordinary Grand Jury had handed in the four indictments against Duffy, Justice Goff announced that its members were to take a recess until May 6. In dismissing the jurors he said:

"Gentlemen, I thank you sincerely for the able manenr in which you have carried the arduous duties imposed upon you during the past few months. It has been an extraordinary Grand Jury not only in name but in the amount of work that has been done by it and the thoroughly satisfactory manner in which that work has been done."

In the afternoon Mr. Whitman consulted with Justice Seabury about matters shortly to come before the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, over which the Justice will preside. At least two of these matters will be the arraignment of Patrolman Hartigan, indicted for perjury, and one of the other men indicted in connection with the police scandals.

M. rWhitman's present plan is to try Hartigan before Justice Seabury week after next, and then to place either Duffy or Edward J. Newell at the bar. The trial of Sweeney will probably be the third on the list.

GOETHALS AS COMMISSIONER

And a Military Police, T. C. Wood's Suggestion to Wagner's Inquiry.

A plan to reorganize the Police Department on a military basis, with the Police Commissioner as Commander in Chief during his lifetime, was listened to with serious attention by the joint legislative committee yesterday afternoon, when that proposal was made and strong reasons advanced for it by Thomas C. Wood, foreman of the Extraordinary Grand Jury impaneled by Justice Goff to look into the police situation.

When he was called to the stand Mr. Wood explained that what he would have to say would not be based on his views as foreman of the Extraordinary Grand Jury, but that his views had been confirmed by his experience as foreman.

"Having been educated as an officer," he said, "and having had considerable experience as an officer of the navy, both in early life and during 1898, it is natural perhaps that I take the military view of the police situation as distinct from the civil view. I think that in any discussion of this police question we cannot ignore the peculiar conditions that confront the police of New York, peculiar in the sense that this is the gateway of the Nation; that every year there is pouring into this city a vast horde of immigrants, to many of whom the law is represented by the soldier at home. When they reach New York and are turned loose in this city, and it is the undesirables who stay here, they see no soldier, and they think there is no law.

"The conditions that confront the police here in New York owing to this immigration are very unusual. London, Paris, and Berlin have not got it. Therefore, if our police are doing a National instead of a local work I think that the means to make them effective ought to be unusual. We have tried the civil administration of the police for years, and it has utterly broken down until to-day we are confronted with a condition as we all know that is awful.

Ordinarily to the citizen who walked the streets in the congested districts and saw the traffic policemen at work, the men, Mr. Wood said, presented a fine appearance. But let that same citizen serve on a grand or petit jury, or suffer a robbery in his home and appeal to the police, or follow the disclosures that are being made, and he would be convinced that the entire organization should have to be placed on an entirely different basis if it was to be made efficient.

Conditions Are Unchanged.

"The Lexow Committee," continued Mr. Wood, "disclosed years ago the same condition that exists to-day. Citizens' committees and legislative are asking what can be done, but we must get down to the root of the matter by redrafting the Charter and setting up in these days with a Commissioner whose authority should be absolute and whose judgment should be beyond revision. I think he should be appointed not by one man, not by the Mayor, but by a commission, say, consisting of the Mayor and the President of the Borough. I think he should be appointed for life, because he must have before him the sense of his business, as his life's work and reputation hang on it. We cannot get too big a man to take the office of Police Commissioner of New York. A man who more nearly to my mind fills that position than any one else is the man who did such wonderful work in Panama, Col. Goethals.

"He should be retired, I think, on reaching the age of 65, and I say the salary should be such as to make the office attractive to trained men of the highest proved ability. What does the City of New York care for a $25,000 salary? It can afford to pay it as well as not. If trained men are needed in modern warfare against an enemy, they are more urgently needed in a never-ending struggle against crime and disorder.

"Deputy Commissioners appointed from citizens in a well-devised scheme of police administration are unnecessary. If every patrolman could feel it was in his power to achieve such distinction by merit rather than by influence a stimulus would be given to his ambition which is lacking.

Would Abolish Pension System.

The present pension system, Mr. Wood said, should be abolished, because it involved enormous expense, and a new system established under which there could be a police reserve constituted of officers and men automatically retired at a certain age on reduced pay.

The Detective Bureau, he thought, should be reorganized with a chief, eminent in his profession, appointed by the Commissioner, and subject only to his authority. It should be assigned to the control of vice and the observance of the excise laws as well as the general detection of crime.

Asked his opinion of special squads to handle vice, Mr. Wood said he thought the Police Department had enough machinery already. What the department needed was simplification.

Dr. Edward T. Devine of Columbia University said that the temptation for graft could best be removed from the uniformed force by raising the men's salaries sufficiently to meet the high cost of living.

A. Leo Weil of Pittsburgh and Miss Maude Miner, Secretary of the New York Probation and Protection Association, discussed the social evil and made a number of suggestions to the committee.

Chairman Wagner received a letter yesterday from Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt advocating the plan to replace detectives with women policemen to handle the social evil, as was proposed on Thursday by Miss Lillian D. Wald. Mrs. Vanderbilt said that the idea of Miss Wald appealed strongly to her even though she had not given much study to the subject of women police. She regretted that she was sailing for Europe and could not, therefore, be present at the hearing.

Mitchel at Morning Session.

John Purroy Mitchel, President of the Board of Aldermen, was the first to appear before the committee in the morning. He based what he had to say on his experience as Commissioner of Accounts, Acting Mayor and general city official. He said:

"I might say that in my opinion it did not require a legislative committee to come down to learn what is involved in this problem of police control. I feel that every man on the committee knows practically as well as myself that this matter is one not of legislation, but of administration within the Police Department. I believe that we have quite enough laws to permit of a successful, effective strong administration of the Department of Police as we are, and that the problem is one of methods and of men rather than of laws.

"If I were to be asked to suggest legislation that I think would tend more than anything else to promote effective administration of the Police Department and to make that administration and the administration of the office of Mayor responsive to the public conscience, I should say that I think, perhaps, the best measure that the Legislature could enact would be the recall for the Mayor and other elected city officials, with of course proper safeguards put on it in order that the law might not be made a source of constant embarrassment to the public officials affected. I think that general statement covers my whole view concerning the police problem.

"I do not believe that there is a man in the Department of Police who would not tell you, if he spoke his mind honestly and frankly, that there never has been a time and is never likely to be a time in the City of New York, when the Mayor and the Police Commissioner, acting in concert, cannot control the situation."

The committee then adjourned until Wednesday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

BLUECOATS' BAD RECORDS.

Of 96 New Men Named, 28 Had Been Previously Arrested.

Henry Bruere, Director of the Bureau of Municipal Research, made the startling statement before the Curran investigating committee yesterday that, according to their civil service applications, out of ninety-six of the men appointed policemen in December and January, twenty-eight had been arrested thirty-one times. Of these twelve had been acquitted, eleven had been convicted, and in eight cases there was no record of the disposition of the cases. Mr. Bruere was called as a police expert by Emory R. Buckner, counsel to the committee, because he had studied police conditions in many of the big cities in this country and abroad.

Among the cities in other countries where he studied police conditions are Hamburg, Berlin, Leipsic, Paris, Marseilles, London, and Vienna. Mr. Bruere believed that the school of recruits at Police Headquarters was a very important part of the department, but he said that since the administration of Gen. Bingham it had lapsed into an inefficient and largely useless condition.

"To-day," said Mr. Bruere, "the work of the school is perfunctorily done, with the exception of training the men in the use of the pistol and in wrestling. The probationary policeman derives the least possible benefit from the thirty days which he spends in the school."

He thought they should be sent to the school for eleven weeks.

The other witnesses were Patrick A. Whitney, Commissioner of Corrections; Dr. Walter Bensel, Sanitary Superintendent of the Board of Health; T. A. Hardy, who has been making a study of the Tenement House Department; Charles Brady, Superintendent of the Department; Secretary George H. Chatfield of the Permanent Census Board; Lieut. William H. Van Keuren, who is in charge of the Boiler Squad, and Deputy Fire Commissioner Olvany.

Commissioner Whitney said he had appealed to the Board of Estimate in January to appropriate $600,000 for three buildings for the use of female prisoners and witnesses. He said he thought the woman's part of the Tombs prison was unfit for occupancy.

The other witnesses testified to the number of policemen detailed to departments for clerical work, for the serving of subpoenas, the enforcement of the law, and so forth. Lieut. Van Keuren was questioned about the Boiler Squad now attached to the Police Department. Commissioner Waldo has asked that it be transferred to the Fire Department. Charles Armstrong, a consulting engineer, testified that it was physically impossible for the Boiler Squad to do the work required of it. He declared that the force was not large enough to inspect properly from 14,000 to 15,000 boilers each year, besides granting certificates to 12,600 engineers and about 1,500 firemen.

A New Young Hat Shop opens to-day in the Woolworth Building, Broadway at Park Place—America's highest building and highest hat standard—a good combination—

Young's Hats
NONE BETTER MADE

MARSHALL ON HAND FOR INAUGURATION

Vice President-Elect and His Wife Arrive in Washington—Delegation Welcomes Them.

THE WILSONS DUE ON MONDAY

Visitors Pour Into the Capital to Witness the Ceremonies, for Which All Plans Are Completed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Vice President-elect Thomas R. Marshall came to Washington this afternoon to wait for his inauguration at noon on March 4, and was welcomed by a large delegation as his train stopped at the Union Station. The Governor and Mrs. Marshall were escorted directly to the Shoreham Hotel, where they have taken rooms under a long lease.

The delegation that greeted Gov. Marshall was headed by Henry B. F. MacFarland, former Commissioner of the District of Columbia. Others in the welcoming party were Senators John W. Kern, of Indiana; Claude A. Swanson, of Virginia, and Norris Sheppard, of Texas, and Representatives R. P. Hobson, of Alabama; James Hay, of Virginia; Henry T. Rainey, of Illinois, and William B. Wilson, of Pennsylvania, the last-named of whom has been mentioned for President Wilson's Cabinet.

While the delegation formed a line in the President's waiting room, Mr. MacFarland and Senator Kern went forward to the train. They returned with Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, piloted by a negro porter carrying suitcases and followed by a guard. In the President's room at the station the members of the delegation were formally presented to Mr. Marshall and his wife. Mr. Marshall was not called on for a speech and as soon as he could he followed Mrs. Marshall into a taxicab. Accompanied by Mr. MacFarland they went to their hotel.

There was great excitement in Democratic ranks and among the members of the Inaugural Committee over their arrival. Gov. Marshall's coming is an event, for it is the first time in sixteen years that the Democracy have had an opportunity to welcome a Vice President-elect. Long before his train was due to arrive crowds thronged the Union Station to witness the reception.

Coming directly from conferences with President-elect Wilson, at Trenton, the Vice President-elect found a welcome at the city gates to his liking, there being no ostentation marking this first ceremony of the inaugural programme to jar his oft-expressed ideas of Jeffersonian simplicity.

In the evening the Vice President-elect was the guest of honor at a dinner with the Indiana delegation in Congress, given by John E. Lamb, a fellow Indianan and lifelong Democrat.

The President-elect and Mrs. Wilson will arrive in Washington Monday afternoon. Thomas Nelson Page, Chairman of the Reception Committee, will meet them at the train and escort them to the Presidential room in the station, where the Reception Committee will await them. All the plans for the inaugural ceremonies have been completed; the city is a-flutter with gay decorations and every incoming train is crowded with visitors. It is estimated that 10,000 arrived to-day and to-night.

To-morrow and Sunday fifty thousand are expected to reach the city and preparations have been made to accommodate two hundred thousand visitors by Tuesday.

TAMMANY BRAVES TO MARCH.

Seven Specials Ordered to Take Delegation to the Inauguration.

Tammany Hall is astir with expectation. For the first time in twenty years, the braves will march in the Inaugural Parade at Washington, and the importance of the event is so fully recognized in Fourteenth Street that it will take seven special trains to carry the Tammany marchers over the B. & O. and the Pennsylvania to the capital. According to the figures of Thomas F. Smith, the Secretary, the thirty-five assembly districts in this county will send 1,200 representatives to the inauguration. They will all wear silk hats and gray gloves.

The Society of Tammany will be the oldest organization in the parade, and this will entitle it to first place in the civic division. In the lead will be the Sixty-ninth Regiment band and directly behind the band will ride on horseback the thirty-three Indian chiefs who came East from the reservations to share in the ceremonies marking the beginning of work on the Indian memorial at Fort Wadsworth. The chiefs departed from this city last Monday and after a visit to Philadelphia, went on to Washington to wait for the inauguration. They will be dressed in the resplendent trappings they wore here on Washington's Birthday.

After the real Indians, Charles F. Murphy will walk, leading his tribe. Behind him will be Treasurer Sohmer. The third place is reserved for John R. Voorhis, the veteran Grand Sachem, then Mr. Smith, and then the thirteen Sachems. They will carry the thirteen flags of the original thirteen States and elsewhere in this division of the parade the regimental flags and the Liberty Cap of Tammany will be in evidence. Then will come the braves, district by district, the men walking thirteen abreast.

Immediately behind this New York delegation, the Kings County Democrats, headed by Leader McCooey, will march for Brooklyn.

The original plans called for a Tammany advance on Washington that should start early Monday morning, but the death on Thursday of John T. Oakley, one of the Sachems, changed the arrangements. All Tammany Hall will wait in New York for the funeral Monday morning, and the specials will not depart from Jersey City and Seventh Avenue until after 1 o'clock on Monday afternoon. Mr. Murphy and Mr. Smith will depart by a regular train, probably the one departing at 1:08 o'clock in the afternoon from the Pennsylvania Station.

M. GOLDBERGER APPRAISAL.

Estate of Brewer's Widow Has Assets of $384,720.

The appraisal of the estate of Mathilde Goldberger, who died in Germany in 1911, was filed yesterday in the Deputy State Controller's office, showing total assets of $384,720. Of this sum $225,084 was an account due from E. Rosenwald & Brother, a firm buying and selling tobacco leaves, in which the father of the deceased, Sigmund Rosenwald, possessed an interest amounting to $736,580. This interest by the co-partnership agreement cannot be withdrawn until Dec. 31, 1915. The account due from the firm is a one-third part of Sigmund Rosenwald's interest.

The H. Koehler Brewery Corporation, of which the late Samuel Goldberger was President, voted an annuity of $7,500 a year to his widow at the time of his death, in 1905. In the Mathilde Goldberger estate are also $50,000 in bonds at 5 per cent. of this corporation. The will bequeaths $12,500 to various charitable institutions, and the residuary estate in equal shares to the daughter, Lena Newberger, and the three sons, Maurice, Carl, and Norman S. Goldberger.

SURROUND HOTEL TO CATCH FIREBUG

Man Who Escaped from Chicago Caught in Saloon Which He Owned in the Bronx.

RAN RESORTS AS A BLIND

Leader of Incendiaries Had a Saloon Here and One in Chicago, and Alternated Between Them.

As he tried to slip out of a little hotel in the woods at 3,545 Boston Road, on the outskirts of the city where Westchester County and the Bronx meet, John Denies, accused of being the leader of a band of firebugs in Chicago, was arrested at midnight last night by Detective Charles Furthmann of Chicago, Detective Barney Flood of District Attorney Whitman's staff, and Detectives Cavanaugh and Kennedy of the Tremont Police Station. Denies, the detectives say, broke down when they seized him, and confessed that he was the man they wanted.

Denies was indicted on four counts on last Monday by the Grand Jury in Chicago, and arrangements had been made to hold him in $50,000 bail. Apparently he heard of this, for on the same day he disappeared from 2,925 Ashland Avenue, where he ran a hotel and saloon, and Chicago detectives could get no trace of him beyond the report among neighbors that he had gone to New York.

Furthmann, armed with the warrants and a description of the man, followed him here, and for the last few days had been busy with lists of saloon proprietors and hotel keepers, looking for John Davies, as Denies was known in Chicago. He found no Davies, but discovered the name of Denies and was struck by the similarity. He went to District Attorney Whitman yesterday, and the District Attorney assigned Flood to help him. They picked up the other detectives and started for the limits of the Bronx.

Flood looked the place over and realized that if Denies was the right man and suspected their identity he would have a good chance of eluding them in the woods, for his hotel is in a sparsely settled part of the city and one badly lighted. Flood went to the Wakefield police station, therefore, and Capt. McKeown assigned ten mounted men to assist him. The mounted men took up posts near the hotel, within the darkness of the woods, and then Furthmann, Flood and the others entered the bar.

It was Denies who served them, and from the outset he seemed ill at ease, remarking on the presence in such a lonely neighborhood of four men when midnight was near. The detectives explained that they had been visiting in the neighborhood, and had stopped for a drink before starting home. Denies served them, but he grew no less restless, and presently they saw him go to a rear door and start to step outside.

The detectives were after him in an instant, but one of the mounted men had jumped from his horse and caught the fugitive. According to the detectives, Denies broke down at once, admitting that he had been in Chicago, that he had been indicted there, and that he was the man wanted under the name of Davies.

He was taken to the Tremont Station, where he was locked up, charged with being a fugitive from justice. According to the police, Denies has owned the Boston Road hotel for nine years or more, and has been there most of the time. Frequently, however, he would take trips, and these, it now appears, led him to Chicago, where he operated another saloon as a blind to his real business.

Denies was implicated in the confessions of Samuel Rothenberg and Joseph Udolek, who said they were his tools, obeying his orders, and setting fires in accordance with his directions. Furthmann said he was known in Chicago as "The Captain," and had been called at various times by the names of Davies, Kubitz, and Kubiazak, but never by his real name of Denies.

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In stating that the Thompson-Starrett Company is the representative organization in its chosen field, we are going on the assumption that there is nothing reprehensible in stating the facts.

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FRAUDS IN POSTAGE STAMPS.

Parcel Post Clerks Confused by the Similarity of the Designs.

The new parcel post stamps, which run from one cent to one dollar in denomination, are causing trouble to the Post Office authorities owing to the fact that they are all printed in red. This confuses the parcel post clerks and opens the door to fraudulent practices on the part of certain persons.

The denomination of one cent is indicated by the words "One-Cent-One" on the bottom part of the stamp. In the dollar stamp the word "Dollar" takes the place of "Cent." It has been found, it is said, that in a number of instances the word "Dollar" has been cut out of that stamp and pasted over the word "Cent" on the one-cent stamp.

The clerks in their hurry of canceling the stamps have mistaken the patched up one-cent for the dollar stamp. The designs of the two stamps are similar, the exception being the centre picture.

It is the purpose of the Government to withdraw the present dollar stamp of this issue from circulation owing to the fact that there is far too much detail in its background and to substitute a new dollar stamp with modification of its central part. Of this dollar denomination 400,000 stamps have been issued.

There is trouble also with the latest regular issue of postage stamps. The one-cent stamp is green. All of the stamps of this issue, except the two-cent, has the head of Franklin. Washington's head is on the two-cent. It has been found that by the use of chemicals the green color can be changed to black, which is the color of the $1 stamp. This opens an avenue to fraud.

SHIP'S SHOT FATAL; AMERICANS BLAMED

Continued from Page 1.

This gives the Huerta Government one more State and materially strengthens its position.

Ex-Gov. Maytorena of Sonora is admitted to be in possession of Agua Prieta, Nacosari, and Fronteras, along the international border, and Gov. Ignacio Pesquiera, his successor and personal friend, has fortified himself in the Government palace in Hermosillo and surrounded the building with artillery. To suppress the rebellion the Government's only available forces are a few regulars in Torin, but reinforcements will be sent from Guadalajara to Manzanillo and dispatched from there by boat to the disturbed region.

The investigation which is being conducted by the court officials to determine the responsibility for the killing of President Madero and Vice President Suarez resulted to-day in the arrest of Mariano Luque, a commonplace politician, who is charged with having been the leader of the attacking party.

"The friendly powers have shown confidence in us," said President Huerta to-day, "and so expressed that confidence through their representatives in this capital. These representatives have explained that the countries believe the new Government will bring about an early pacification of the country, which will enable all business enterprises to be conducted along the road of prosperity. This the Government also believes.

"I repeat that to bring about pacification of the country, which at this time is a supreme necessity, I shall use all the measures provided by law. It will be absolutely necessary to use that power granted under the suspension of the guarantees in certain places."

This measure gives to the Government the right summarily to execute persons found bearing arms or in any way aiding the rebels or bandits.

News that pleased the Government was brought from the North by agents professing to represent Venustiano Carranza, the rebellious Governor of the State of Coahuila. Those agents said Carranza was disposed to recognize Huerta as President, but, notwithstanding their assurances, the orders of Gen. Trucy Aubert have not been altered, and he will push the Government campaign in the direction of Saltillo.

A feature of the situation which is causing concern is the attitude of Col. Francisco Naranja, who is at the head of a thousand men on the railway between Monterey and Laredo, and who has not indicated his attitude. It was rumored a few days ago that Naranja might be in the rebellion, but that was discredited, as he had been one of the most active men in the army in fighting the Zapatistas and also because he was a protégé of Gen. Trevino.

Emiliano Zapata and his brother Eufemio have established themselves with their forces in the district about Villa Ayala, Morelos their home. Pending arrangements with the Government, they are reported to be maintaining excellent order in that district and it is not improbable President Huerta will obtain their co-operation.

HUERTA RULE RECOGNIZED.

Orozco Says Peace Delegates Bow to New Administration.

LAREDO, Texas, Feb. 28.—The Huerta Government was recognized unequivocally to-day at the peace conference in Nuevo Laredo by representatives of the northern revolutionary leaders. That information was given out to-night by Col. Pascual Orozco, Sr., father of the rebel chieftain of the northern States. Col. Orozco expressed the opinion that peace throughout Mexico was a question of a short time.

THE MADEROS IN HAVANA.

Cubans Show Respect for Their Grief —Emilio and Raoul Alive.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Feb. 28.—The father and mother of the late President Madero, Señor and Señora Francisco Madero, Sr., his uncle, Ernesto Madero, and his widow with her two children arrived here this evening. The Secretary of State, Señor Sanguily, and Mayor Andrade met them at the steamer in private, brought them ashore in President Gomez's launch, and accompanied them in the palace coach to their hotel, where six rooms had been engaged at the Cuban Government's expense.

Fully 1,000 Cubans gathered at the wharf to witness the party's landing, standing with bared heads in respectful silence on either side as the party passed. Thousands also gathered in front of the hotel, blockading the Prado. The crowd was almost wholly silent, impressed by the great grief of the members of the party, all of whom were dressed in the deepest black, though prior to their appearance repeated shouts of "Death to Huerta!" were heard.

The police to-night learned that a plan had been formed to attack the Mexican Legation here as a protest, and precautions were taken to prevent its being carried out. Gen. Loyanz Del Castillo has started a movement to bring about the breaking of diplomatic relations with Mexico by Cuba.

The Maderos refused to give out any statement to-night. Their grief was considerably lightened shortly after their arrival by a Texas cablegram from Emilio and Raoul Madero, stating that both were alive and well, having succeeded in escaping to Texas.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is informed by Congressman Zorrilla, a Mexican refugee, who talked with Francisco and Ernesto Madero, that they have not any definite plans up to the present and do not know how long they will remain in Havana.

TROOPS COMPLAIN OF CAMP.

Fourth Brigade Says It Is Quartered in Mosquito Marsh.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, Feb. 28.—Officers and men of the Fourth Brigade, who have been camped at Texas City, complained to-day of the ground they are forced to occupy. The officers said it was marsh land and that the stakes of the tents would not hold in the ground, falling of their own weight a short while after being driven in. Mosquitoes kept the soldiers awake all last night, and ants started two stampedes among their animals, so that double work was necessary to keep the animals quiet.

The engineering corps, under direction of Major Gen. Carter, commander of the Second Division, went to Galveston Beach early to-day to choose a suitable camping ground. They found one. Major Gen. Carter would not say he would ask for a movement of the present camp, but the officers commanding companies and battalions said they would join in making a protest against the present place.

Gen. Carter was instructed by the War Department to establish division headquarters for the Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Brigades at Texas City. The Fifth Brigade is camped near Fort Crockett, on the Galveston side of the bay, and has made no complaint, having dry, high ground.

No company of the Sixth Brigade has arrived here, and only 1,200 men of the Fourth are in camp.

Gen. Carter said this afternoon that there was not enough water for the 1,200 men, yet the remainder of that brigade and another entire brigade were ordered to camp there.

Between 350 and 400 members of the Fourth Artillery of the Fourth Brigade, who arrived at Texas City late yesterday to camp, started a disturbance in that place shortly after midnight. They damaged several saloons. Commanding officers rounded them up. A strong provost guard was thrown out to-night.

HUERTA REVILED IN CARTOON.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—Ruy Blas will print to-morrow a cartoon representing Gen. Huerta, Provisional President of Mexico, sitting on a throne whereon is written, "Coward! Assassin! Traitor!"

The figure of Europe is represented as standing in front of him, addressing Mexico as follows: "After the cowardly murder of Madero I will never recognize such a President." Mexico, replying, says: "You acted very differently after the murder of Draga and Alexander."

Declares Carranza Will Not Surrender

William A. Staats of this city writes to THE TIMES to deny reports that Gov. Carranza of Coahuila, Mexico, will surrender to the Huerta Government. He declares that he is in receipt daily of messages from the Governor declaring that he will not surrender to be murdered or imprisoned unjustly.

This Suit Sale
in which we are offering
$22.50 and $35 Suits for
$19.50
is an opportunity that you cannot afford to miss.

Many of these suits are medium weights, light enough to wear far into Spring.

They are Smith Gray & Co. goods, made in our own factories, made for our own trade and measuring up to our standard in every way.

Dark and medium colors, slim, medium and stout sizes, an excellent assortment from which to choose.

Choose today. The Suit you want is here, the price asked is one that will appeal to you.

Smith Gray & Co.
UNDER SAME CONTROL & OWNERSHIP SINCE 1845
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J. M. Gidding & Co.
New York Paris

Gidding Outer-apparel for Women is notable for *absolute correctness of style, beauty of material* and *faultless workmanship.*

These features are equally characteristic of our

Spring Fashions for Misses

—in which are exemplified all of those little touches of genius in dressmaking which distinguish the charming modes of noted Paris creators from the apparel common to the usual store.

Smartly Trimmed Suits at $38, $45, $50 & $55
Charming Party Frocks at $35, $40, $45 & $50
College and Street Dresses at $25, $30 & $35
Motor and "Sport" Coats at $25, $30 & $35
Blouses and Waists at $7.50, $10, $12.50 & $15
French Millinery at $15, $18 & $20

Fifth Avenue, 46th & 47th Streets

THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

CORNWALLIS-WEST SUIT UP UNOPPOSED

No Defense Entered by Husband to Wife's Petition for Restitution of Conjugal Rights.

THIS IS THE FIRST STEP

Hearing Next Monday—If Husband Disregards Court Order She May Have a Divorce in Six Months.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The petition by Mrs. Jennie Cornwallis-West for the restitution of conjugal rights against her husband, George Cornwallis-West, will be heard on Monday next. To-night's official list contains the entry of the action in the schedule of undefended cases to come before the President of the Divorce Court, Sir Samuel Evans. Mrs. Cornwallis-West filed her petition on Jan. 21, and an appearance was entered by her husband on Jan. 30 through his lawyers, Sir Charles Russell & Sons. Russell & Sons.

In the ordinary course the action could not have been heard before the next law sittings, as the case was not filed before the beginning of the present session, but application was made to the Judge in Chambers this week for the petition to be expedited. The Judge, satisfied with the reasons given, adopted this course and allowed access for a speedy hearing.

A restitution suit is usually preliminary to an application for divorce. If the court grants Mrs. Cornwallis-West's petition on Monday, the Judge will make an order for the husband to comply with the terms of the ruling within a given period—generally about fourteen days. Should this order be disregarded, Mrs. Cornwallis-West can immediately file a petition for divorce, the decree being made absolute after the expiration of the statutory six months. Non-compliance with the restitution order proves the plea of desertion, which is one of two counts which have to be proved according to the English law for divorce, the other count being adultery, which must always be proved to the satisfaction of the court. A cruelty charge is not necessary when desertion has been proved.

KEPT POISON IN BOOT-HEEL.

This Explains Suicide of Carouy, Convicted Motor Bandit.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—The mystery surrounding the suicide of Carouy, the convicted motor bandit, has been partly cleared up. The close search made by the prison authorities shows that he had had prussic acid in his possession for a long time.

It will be remembered that many members of the bandit gang had fatal doses of poison concealed about them when they were arrested. In Carouy's case the powder was hidden in the heel of his left boot. There was still enough left in the cavity to kill ten people.

NEW ALPINE TUNNEL OPEN.

Last Rail of Loetschberg Road Laid—Shortens Trip 80 Miles.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Feb. 28.—This morning saw the laying of the last rail of the Loetschberg Railway, a new international highway across the Alps. This mountain road joins Berne and Brigue, linking north and south Europe by means of the Simplon and Loetschberg tunnels. The latter was constructed by French engineers in record time, despite avalanches and inundations. Expresses will be running next week.

The work was finished in a snowstorm. No ceremony marked the completion of this great engineering triumph, but the impulsive French workmen embraced one another and exchanged felicitations.

The Loetschberg Tunnel was pierced on March 31, 1911. It has a length of nine and a quarter miles.

The completion of the Loetschberg Railroad, which embraces the famous Loetschberg tunnel, forms the last link of a through route from London to the principal tourist points in Italy by way of Calais, Berne, and Milan. The distance from Calais to Milan will be 675 miles, or nearly eighty miles less than by the old route.

ELEPHANT'S EXPENSIVE MEAL

Pachyderm's Lack of Discrimination Cost Zoo Visitor $100.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—While feeding an elephant with biscuits at the Zoo a man placed a biscuit in the side pocket of his coat, in which was also a letter containing £20.

The elephant put the tip of its trunk in the pocket and took out both biscuit and letter, and, transferring them to its mouth, swallowed them.

Want Advertisements

for Sunday's New York Times must be in the Times Building not later than 9 o'clock this (Saturday) evening in consequence of pressure of advertising business. Advertisements should be sent early in the day, or telephone 1000 Bryant.

ROMNEY BRINGS $38,000.

Top Price at Christie's Sale, Which Realized $240,000.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—One hundred and eighteen pictures realized a total of $240,000 at hte Christie sale to-day. The highest price paid was $38,000 for Romney's pleasing "Portrait of Mrs. Heron Seated Under a Tree." This and its companion, a portrait of Thomas Heron, by the same painter, went to the same purchasers, the Agnews, for $5,800. Both pictures came from Sir Ralph Wilmot's collection.

There was also an interesting portrait by Bartholomäus Bruyn, which was sold for $2,250 to Colnaghi & Obach. An excessively rare "Portrait of a Man," by Lucas van Leyden, which was catalogued as of the Dürer school, passed unrecognized and was picked up by a shrewd connoisseur for a mere song.

Earlier in the day many family portraits from Morhanger House, Bedfordshire, were sold.

The $10,610 paid by Agnew & Co. for the pastel of Henry Dawkins, by Maurice Quentin de la Tour, would seem a high price had the value of works by that master not risen enormously across the Channel.

The Agnews bought extensively and allowed none of the six authentic Knellers to fall into other hands. The best Kneller sold to-day, and perhaps the best of all Kneller's known portraits, was the full-length of Catherine Sedley, Countess of Dorchester, which made a new record at $5,000. The Duchess of Dorset brought $3,400, and Sir Charles Sedley $1,800.

What the Agnews did for Kneller Asher Wertheimer did for Reynolds. He gave $13,750 for an early faded portrait of Lady Juliana Dawkins, $9,500 for one of Mrs. James Colyer Dawkins, $3,500 for the portrait of Charles, second Earl of Portmore, and $9,750 for William Charles, third Earl of Portmore; also $2,200 for a pretty pastel, "Blowing Bubbles," by J. Russell: An anonymous lady by Romney went for $5,100 to Agnew & Co., and a fine, but unusual landscape—unusual as regards the marred trees in the foreground—by P. Koninck, for $7,500, to Cohen. Eight thousand eight hundred and fifty was far from being too big a price for a superb "View of Nimeguen," by Ruysdael, signed and dated 1645, which was bought by Wortheimer. Agnew & Co. carried off for $7,250 a rather sensual semi-nude, "Lydia," by that very unclerical Rev. W. Peters, R. A.

Considering the enormously enhanced value of Raeburn, whose pictures have gone up by leaps and bounds in the last few years, the full-length of Harley Drummond on his hunter was a great bargain for Asher Wertheimer at $18,250, as was also Agnews's purchase at $8,250 of the same master's portrait of Gen. Macgregor in a scarlet uniform.

The most speculative of all was Romney's portrait of Mrs. Edward Taylor. In paying $3,600 Mr. Martin took a great risk, the whole picture, except the eyes and mouth, having been completely repainted, with the coiffure and dress in a much later fashion. It is impossible to know what is underneath.

CHESTERTON HELD FOR LIBEL

Editor Committed on Complaint of Isaacs, Marconi Director.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Cecil Chesterton, the editor of the weekly, The Eyewitness, was committed for trial today at the Bow Street Police Court on the charge of libeling Godfrey Isaacs, the managing director of the Marconi Company.

Bail of $2,500 was allowed.

B. LUCAS DIES AT SEA.

Aged Manufacturer of Norwich Was Stricken on West Indian Cruise.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, Feb. 28.—Benjamin Lucas of Norwich, Conn., died on board the White Star liner Laurentic. His body is being shipped home.

NORWICH, Conn., Feb. 28.—A cablegram was received from Barbados, West Indies, to-day, announcing the death of Benjamin Lucas, a woolen merchant, who had been in business here for the past half century and was one of the best-known citizens of Norwich.

The Lucas woolen mill at Poquetanuck, three miles from Norwich, was destroyed by fire last October, and the loss of the factory completely unnerved Mr. Lucas, who was in his eighty-third year. He thought a cruise in southern waters would restore his health, and he was making a voyage on the White Star liner Laurentic when his fatal illness came. Accompanying him on the cruise were his nieces, Nancy and Lucy, daughters of his late brother, Solomon Lucas. Mr. Lucas started on his southern cruise on Feb. 8, and was scheduled to return home on March 9.

His wife and his brother John, both of Norwich, and a sister, Mrs. Jonathan Gay of Bellefouche, S. D., survive him.

PANAMA LAND BOARD SITS.

Joint Commission to Appraise Claims Begins Work To-day.

PANAMA, Feb. 28.—The joint commission to adjust the claims of land owners in the Panama Canal Zone will hold a preliminary meeting to-morrow. The American Commissioners are Prof. L. S. Rowe and Dr. Roland Falkner. Panama will be represented by Samuel Lewis and Federico Boyd. The claims arise from the acquisition of lands by the Panama Canal Commission.

Prof. Carlos Hoerning of the University of Chile, accompanied by twenty-three engineers, has arrived here for the purpose of studying the methods used in building the canal. The canal authorities have issued instructions that the Chileans receive every facility to aid their investigations.

UNITE FOR BELGIAN DEFENSE.

All Parties Asked to Vote Army Increase in View of Possible War.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 28.—Apprehensions of a possible war between the great European powers appear to exist among the members of the Belgian Cabinet and to be shared also by the leaders of the Opposition parties, who have been taken into the confidence of the Ministry with the object of making the pending increases of the Belgian Army non-partisan in character.

M. Hymans, the leader of the Liberal Party in the House of Representatives, last night said that, as Belgium, in the event of the outbreak of war, would become the battleground of Europe, the country must do its utmost to pre[illegible] its defense.

CASTRO NOT BIDDEN; SAYS SO HIMSELF

Goes to Inauguration of His Own Motion—Eulogizes President-Elect.

FOR 'UNION AND FRATERNITY'

Looks to Wilson for "Justice and Mutual Respect"—To Return to Teneriffe.

HAVANA, Feb. 28.—Cipriano Castro, when approached on the subject of his visit to Washington for the Presidential inauguration, said to-day:

"I have not been invited to the inauguration by President-elect Wilson, but am going of my own accord. You may absolutely and without qualification deny all stories to the contrary. Several Cuban newspapers have published stories for which they alone are accountable. I accept no responsibility whatever for them."

Gen. Castro expressed his admiration for Mr. Wilson in the following formal statement:

"My opinion is that the magnificent future of the American continent was saved with the triumph of the candidacy of Woodrow Wilson. I understand that the policy of Mr. Wilson, judging from his political documents that have been circulated up to the present, is one of equity, justice, and mutual respect, which is precisely what the Latin-American republics have claimed from their sister republic of the north.

"If this is so, as we should expect it to be, coming as it does from such a prominent authority, the die is cast, and it would be a crime not only to go backward, but even to impede the triumphant march of the American continent, which is destined to perform such important duties in the future fortunes of humanity.

"This is the grand ideal which I have followed and to which with much pleasure I have sacrificed my life interests and the tranquillity of my family. But I shall be satisfied if we reach the end of our journey with the standard of American rights and our integrity saved. In a word, my motto to-day is 'Union and Continental Fraternity.'"

Gen. Castro will leave here for Key West to-morrow morning, and will arrive in Washington on March 3. From the capital he will proceed to New York on March 6. After that date his plans have not been arranged, but it is probable he will sail in a few days to rejoin his wife and sisters, who are at Teneriffe, Canary Islands.

The ex-dictator spent the day quietly. He took breakfast and dined this evening with a coterie of Venezuelan and Cuban veterans and attended the theatre to-night.

Gen. Acosta, formerly of Castro's army, said to-day that Castro considered the moment not ripe for his return to Venezuela. He said the ex-President hoped eventually to return to his native land, but that he would not go there until the people called him.

No banquet has been given Gen. Castro here. The only recognition he received at the hands of the Cuban Government was an audience by President Gomez and the loan of the municipal band for his procession of welcome.

Rumors that Castro came to Cuba in connection with a filibustering expedition against Venezuela still lack confirmation. Former President Zelaya of Nicaragua has not arrived here, and Gen. Reyes, ex-President of Colombia, had had no conferences with the Venezuelan. It is said that Castro had offers of two boats here for filibustering purposes, but said he did not want them.

President-elect Wilson yesterday afternoon branded as untrue the report from Havana that he had invited Cipriano Castro to attend the inauguration ceremonies. "It is unqualifiedly false," he said.

As his train was approaching New York from Philadelphia some one showed him a dispatch from Washington saying that Castro had announced in Havana to Mr. Beaupré, the American Minister, that the President-elect had extended him such an invitation. Beyond the brief statement that it was "unqualifiedly false" ex-Gov. Wilson had no statement to make. It is understood, however, that Castro will be decidedly persona non grata with the incoming Administration, and if he comes to the inauguration it will be on his own initiative and not at the invitation of Mr. Wilson or any of his associates.

Not long ago the President-elect repudiated an announcement made in New York that he would grant Gen. Castro an audience at Princeton. Following this, Castro's counsel issued a statement that the General had never sought an audience, and that he had been put in an embarrassing position through a misunderstanding.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Color was given to-day to the report that Cipriano Castro, ex-President of Venezuela, was to attend the inauguration of President Wilson in the capacity of an invited guest by a dispatch received at the State Department from Minister Beaupré at Havana. This statement was given out by the State Department:

"Minister Beaupré telegraphs from Havana that Castro announces that, as he has been invited by the President-elect to attend the inauguration, he will leave on Saturday for Washington and that he will return to Havana within a few days."

William Corcoran Eustis, Chairman of the Inaugural Committee, said that this was the first time the former President of Venezuela had entered his mind in connection with the inauguration ceremonies. He said that no letter, telegram, or request of any kind had been received by him or any member of the committee in connection with Castro. Mr. Eustis's interpretation of the matter was that some one had played a joke on the Venezuelan and sent him an invitation in the name of the President-elect, or that Castro himself had facetiously made the statement attributed to him by Minister Beaupré.

Mr. Beaupré has been instructed by the Secretary of State to keep the State Department advised as fully as practicable of what Castro says and does.

Major Gen. Leonard Wood, the Grand Marshal of the inaugural parade, when asked if Gen. Castro was to be permitted to have a place in the line, said that the matter had not come before him in any way. He had no knowledge of how Castro's name had come up in connection with the parade, he said, but he considered the ex-dictator's presence very objectionable, and if he attempted to take part in the parade he (Gen. Wood) would be impelled to use his authority as Grand Marshal to have Castro arrested, should that course be necessary to remove him from the column.

BEATTY'S HIGH COMMAND.

At 42 He Heads First British Battle Cruiser Squadron.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Rear Admiral David Beatty, whose wife is an American and who was promoted three years ago to flag rank at the unusually early age of 39, will to-day assume command of the First Battle Cruiser Squadron, in succession to Rear Admiral Bayly. This squadron consists of the super-dreadnought cruisers Lion and Princess Royal and the dreadnought cruisers Indefatigable, Invincible, and Indomitable.

Admiral Beatty was promoted from Lieutenant to Commander, and again from Commander to Captain for war services, first in the Sudan in 1898, and second in China during the Boxer rebellion. It usually takes an officer seventeen or eighteen years to rise from the rank of Lieutenant to that of Captain, but in the case of Admiral Beatty it occupied only eight years. He is now, at 42 years of age, thirteen years younger than the officer he succeeds, and with the exception of his own flag Captain, (Capt. A. E. M. Chatfield,) he is younger than the commanding officer of any ship in his squadron.

TO BEGIN HUKUANG RAILWAY.

Chinese Government Hopes to Put Soldiers on Construction Work.

PEKING, Feb. 28.—Work on the Hukuang Railroad is to be begun forthwith, an agreement having been reached as the result of protracted negotiations by which the American, English, French, and German banks concerned in the construction loans will advance funds on the security of the railroad pending the reorganization of the Chinese provincial transit revenues.

The original contract provided for a loan of $30,000,000, secured on these revenues, which were suspended in consequence of the revolution.

American, British, and German engineers are ready to start on all three sections of the railroad simultaneously, and the Chinese Government is hopeful that many thousands of soldiers whom it is anxious to disband will find employment in the construction.

New Offices for Paris Embassy.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—The Department of State at Washington has authorized Myron T. Herrick, United States Ambassador to France, to lease new embassy offices at 5 Rue Chaillot, which are in a far better location and much more commodious than the Chancellery in the Avenue Kléber, occupied for so many years. The new offices will be taken over immediately.

FORCIBLE FEEDING NOW SUFFRAGE ISSUE

Home Secretary Released Prisoner Because Death Was Imminent.

MRS. PANKHURST MAY SPEAK

Not Barred by Agreement, Says Counsel—Her Conviction Doubtful.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Complications are likely to arise over the interpretation of the undertaking given by Mrs. Pankhurst when she was admitted to bail. Her lawyer, Mr. Marshall, says she is free to attend and address public meetings in the interval before the trial. The Law Journal says the case will probably raise an interesting question as to the evidence necessary to establish such a charge as has been made. The point, it says, is sure to be taken as to whether it is possible to counsel or procure any person or persons unknown to commit a felony, since, in analogous syndicalist prosecutions for inciting soldiers to disobey orders, the persons incited were not unknown; they consisted of a definite class, all the members of which were ascertainable.

Next to the case of Mrs. Pankhurst, the one which is arousing most interest in suffrage circles is that of Lilian Lenton, one of the suffragettes charged with burning the famous teahouse at Kew Gardens. The Mayor of Richmond, as Chairman of the local Board of Magistrates, described the release of Miss Lenton on bail as an extraordinary procedure of the Home Secretary and directed a warrant issued for the young woman's rearrest. However, in view of the medical certificate afterward handed in, the Magistrates did not persist in this course.

Now the Home Secretary, in a letter to a correspondent, says the prison doctor reported that Miss Lenton was in imminent danger of death in consequence of her refusal to take food. Three courses were open: To let her die; to attempt to feed her forcibly, which the doctor advised would probably entail death in her existing condition, or to release her on her undertaking to surrender herself for a further hearing of her case. Mr. McKenna, after pointing out that Miss Lenton was still too seriously ill on Thursday to attend court, says that if the necessity arises it is always open to the Magistrates to issue a fresh warrant, which he believes the police will have no difficulty in executing.

Pethick Lawrence writes that he has investigated Miss Lenton's illness and has medical authority for stating that her condition is exceedingly grave. She is suffering from pleurisy, and also, it is much to be feared, from septic pneumonia. There can be no doubt, he adds, that her condition is due to a single operation of forcible feeding in prison; for before that she was in good health.

FOR SCHOOLS, NOT WAR.

French Socialists Will Oppose $100,000,000 Military Appropriation.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—The Unified Socialists in the French Chamber of Deputies, led by Jean Jaurés, have decided to oppose the additional war appropriation of $100,000,000 demanded by the Government.

They demand in substitution for this proposal that the Chamber shall vote $130,000,000 for the public schools.

GIMBELS

We Are Selling Some Very Good SUITS and OVERCOATS for Men At $12.75 Each

Of course, this is far below the lowest price regularly prevailing in our Men's Clothing Store, on the Fourth Floor.

In other words, these Suits and Overcoats are $20, $22 and $25 at their regular Gimbel prices. The reduction in price is just so much clear gain for the man who seizes this chance to bolster up his Winter wardrobe.

The various groups—sizes 33 to 46 in each group, include

Splendidly Tailored Sack Suits
Norfolk Suits in Correct Styles
Warm Storm Coats and Ulsters
Three-quarter Length Overcoats, Including Chesterfields

with ample choosing as to pattern and coloring, among the excellent all-wool fabrics. All at $12.75 Each.

N. B.—These are worth salting down for next Winter, if you don't need them now.

Fourth Floor

The March Sales of CHINA, CRYSTAL LAMPS and HOUSEWARES
Announced Last Night, Begin This Morning
Fifth Floor and Subway Store

Today Is the FIRST of March

Deposits made in our Interest Department between now and March 10th, inclusive, will earn 4 Per Cent. Interest per Annum, from March 1st.

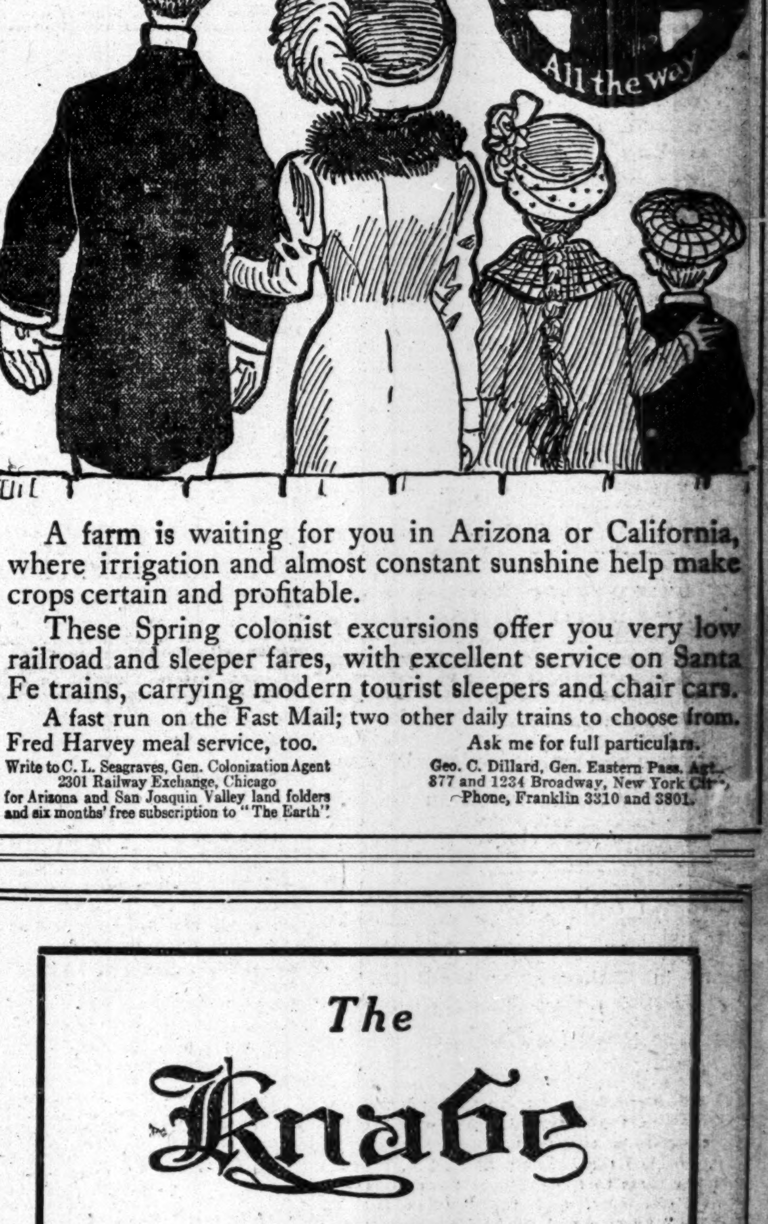
GIMBEL BROTHERS, *Bankers*
Main Floor, Rear Balcony

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

Now Ready

Imperial Bock Beer
On Draught and In Bottle Everywhere
BEADLESTON & WOERZ, Brewers and Bottlers, New York.

Go *This* Spring
Low-fare Colonist Excursions to
Arizona and CALIFORNIA
on Tourist-Sleeper Trains
MARCH 15 TO APRIL 15



A farm is waiting for you in Arizona or California, where irrigation and almost constant sunshine help make crops certain and profitable.

These Spring colonist excursions offer you very low railroad and sleeper fares, with excellent service on Santa Fe trains, carrying modern tourist sleepers and chair cars.

A fast run on the Fast Mail; two other daily trains to choose from. Fred Harvey meal service, too. Ask me for full particulars.

Write to C. L. Seagraves, Gen. Colonization Agent, 2301 Railway Exchange, Chicago, for Arizona and San Joaquin Valley land folders and six months' free subscription to "The Earth."

Geo. C. Dillard, Gen. Eastern Pass. Agt., 377 and 1234 Broadway, New York City, Phone, Franklin 3310 and 3801.

The
Knabe
PIANO

Gives the Purchaser Complete
Security and Satisfaction

It is the result of 76 years of Uninterrupted Artistic Achievement and Commercial Success.

The unqualified endorsement of the most distinguished living musicians confirms the testimony of their predecessors as to the artistic supremacy of the Knabe Piano.

Grands - Player Pianos - Uprights
$700 upwards. $900 upwards. $500 upwards.

A Visit Implies No Obligation to Purchase.
Terms Arranged to Suit.

Knabe Building 5th Ave. at 39th St.

February

In February The New York Times published 663,560 lines of advertisements, a gain of 80,830 lines over February, 1912, which had 29 days as compared with 28 days this year.

The New York Times has a greater daily city sale than the combined city sales of five of the seven other New York morning newspapers.

ARMY ENDS ITS HIKE; GEN. JONES SCORES

Will Have Nothing More to Do with Message to Wilson, Despite Request.

CROWDS BLOCK THE PARADE

No Demonstration on the Part of the Antis—Thirteen Walked Entire Distance.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—General Rosalie Jones, leader of the suffragist hikers, made a laconic entry in her diary tonight. It was: "And so marching they came to Washington." In the diary General Jones has chronicled faithfully the happenings on the long hike. The Army of the Hudson reached here shortly after noon, and its reception must have filled the heart of General Jones with pride. From the boundary line of the District of Columbia, from which point mounted policemen escorted them, all the way to the headquarters of the local organization in F Street, near Fifteenth Street Northwest, the weary hikers, the war correspondents, and camp followers marched through a lane of interested spectators.

At some points the crowd was enthusiastic, but for the most part it was merely attracted by curiosity. There were occasions when the crowd pushed so closely against the hikers that Gen. Jones had to halt the line and wait until the mounted policemen had opened the lane again. At the suffrage headquarters the street was blocked. When Gen. Jones stood in an automobile to speak a cheer went up that made the Treasury building windows rattle.

It was the weather of a Summer day when the Army of the Hudson marched down the Bladensburg road into the District of Columbia. The hikers entered the city by way of the old toll gate at Fifteenth Street Northeast and Maryland Avenue. Gen. Jones, with her pilgrim's cloak draped about her and her staff in her hand led the way. She walked some paces ahead of the army. At her side walked Milton Wend, the bugler. Behind Gen. Jones came Col. Ida Craft and walking with her Mrs. George Wend. To the left was Dr E. S Stevens of Philadelphia, carrying a large American flag. Behind came the others of the army in informal formation. War correspondents marched as they desired. Bringing up the rear were Miss Elizabeth Freeman, driving Laussanne, the noted Newark bargain horse, and Miss Marguerite Geist, driving Jerry the donkey.

As the army reached the beginning of Maryland Avenue the hikers caught sight for the first time of the dome of the Capitol.

Gen. Jones called a halt, and for a few moments the army gazed upon the dome glistening in the sunlight.

"We are here," said Gen. Jones, turning to her companions and pointing ahead with her staff.

The army cheered and again took up the hike. For a time it seemed as if there would be no welcome for the hikers. The original plan was to enter the city by way of Rhode Island Avenue. The automobile containing the delegation headed by Miss Alice Paul and the escort of women on horseback went to Rhode Island Avenue and waited some time before they learned that the army was coming in another direction.

"We will enter the city by our own way," was the comment of Gen. Jones, who halted the army for a little time to await the arrival of the welcoming delegation. In more orderly formation after a little she ordered the advance. The hikers had been marching only a short time when Mrs. Margaret Hopkins Morrell and Mrs. Lucy Reid came up on horseback. Both wore white corduroy riding habits and large white plumed hats with the rims caught up on one side. They at once took the lead in the parade. Then came the automobile, in which were Miss Alice Paul, Miss Margaret Foley of Boston, and Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of Philadelphia. Miss Paul welcomed Gen. Jones and her army. She explained how the escort had gone in the wrong direction to meet the hikers. Mrs. Richard Pope Burleson, Mrs. Russell MacLennan, and Mrs. Frank Baker, joining the welcoming party, fell into line with the escort.

"Three cheers for Rosalie Jones" shouted a crowd of men as the head of the parade turned into North Capitol Street. The cheers were given with a will. Then there were cheers for Col. Craft. The marchers swung into Pennsylvania Avenue, and there Gen. Jones halted her command and ordered the hikers, who had made the entire journey, to form a line across the street. There were thirteen in that first line, and every one had walked every step of the distance. At one end of the line was Dr. Stevens with the flag. At the other end Milton Wend with the bugle. Behind the first line came the women who had marched most of the way. Then came a line of women who had walked only a fraction of the distance, and the escort which had joined at different places. Behind came Miss Freeman in the yellow wagon, and behind her Miss Geist in her donkey cart. In the rear was the baggage automobile with Alphonse Major at the wheel.

The formal parade was led by a squad of mounted policemen. Next came the automobile carrying the women of the Washington headquarters of the National Suffrage Association. Then came women on horseback. At the request of Gen. Jones the war correspondents acted as her personal escort. There was no band. It was hard marching at times because of the crowds along the way. Once a woman pushed forward, dodged a policeman and succeeded in reaching the hikers. She presented a bunch of violets to one of the hikers. "I believe you have done a great work for the cause," she said. "Others may talk and work at home, but you have taken the gospel into the country."

A man held a little girl up so that she might see the marchers. Gen. Jones walked to the side of the street and kissed the child. The crowd cheered. "Good for you," it shouted. At Ninth Street the spectators pressed so closely that the line had to halt while the policemen fought to open up the way. The worst confusion occurred when the hikers turned at Fifteenth Street to march to F Street and the local headquarters. There was no demonstration on the part of the anti-suffragists. A number of young men in an automobile decorated with the colors of the antis, according to some of the pilgrim's twice attempted to block the line of march, but that was all.

At the suffrage headquarters the police had trouble in opening up a way. It was a friendly crowd, and when Gen. Jones arose to speak she was cheered heartily. She told the crowd how glad she was to get to Washington.

"We have come through," she said, "and we thank you for this welcome."

As Gen. Jones spoke she glanced often toward the scout car, in which sat Mrs Oliver Livingston Jones, her mother. Mrs. Jones is a pronounced anti-suffragist, and she has more than once expressed her opinion of the hiking activities of her daughter. Evidently, however, she enjoyed her daughter's triumph and smiled at her as she spoke. Inside the headquarters the hikers rested for half an hour and then went to a restaurant for luncheon.

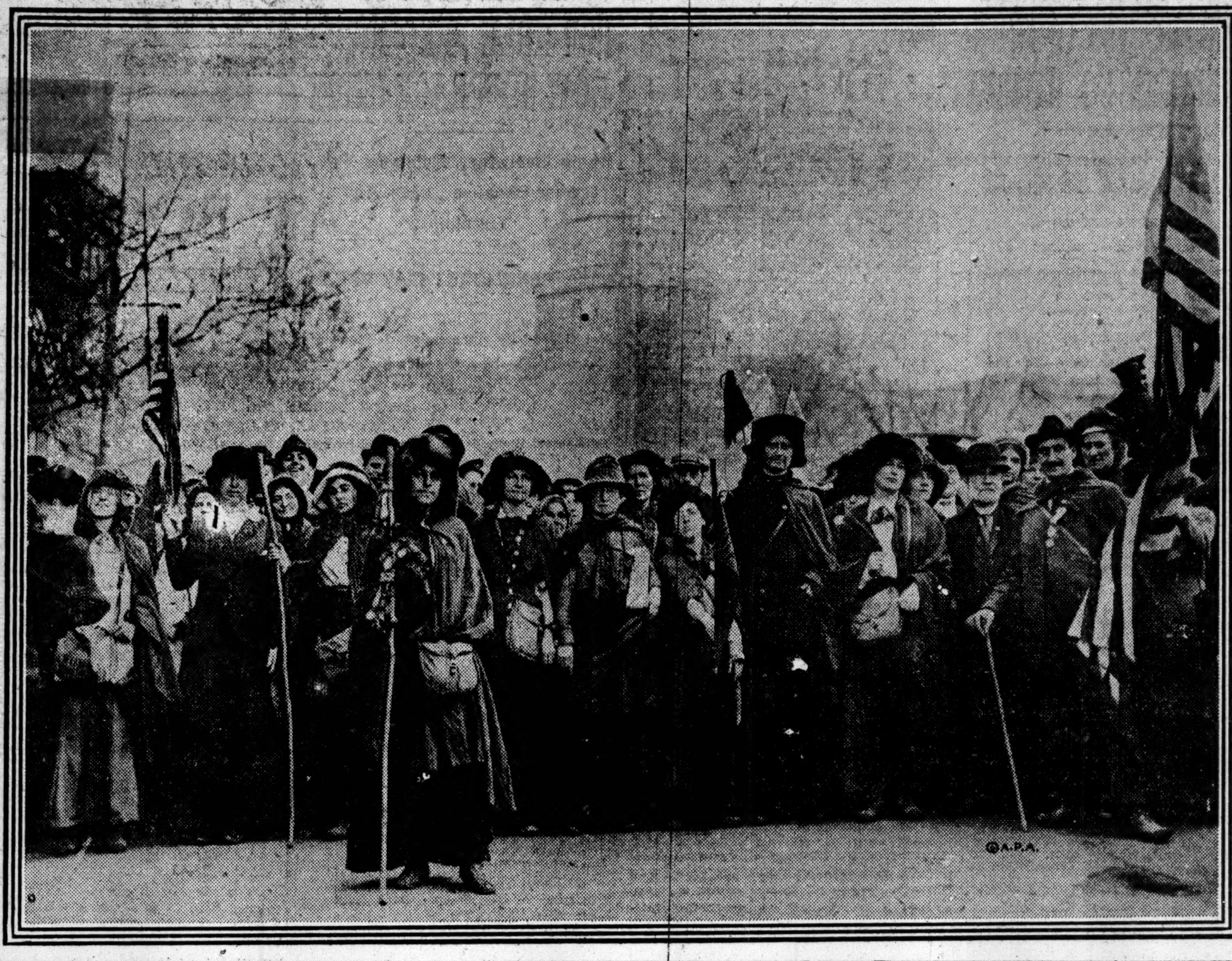
Gen. Jones's day of triumph really began when a telegram was received from the National Woman's Suffrage Association in New York telling her that the hikers could accompany the Congressional committee and the officers of the association when the message is presented to President Wilson. Gen. Jones was quite upset by the action of the association, which had intrusted the message to her to deliver and had, near the journey's end, intercepted her and taken the message away. In the telegram the officers of the association expressed regret that there had been a misunderstanding, and invited the hikers to go along and help them deliver the message. This telegram did not soothe the feelings of Gen. Jones. The hikers will not assist in the delivery of the message.

"I am through," said Gen. Jones. "I was asked to give up the message that I had received in New York to deliver to President Wilson. I did so. It is now out of my hands, and so far as I am concerned that ends the matter."

Shortly after her arrival here Gen. Jones was visited by a delegation of students from the Maryland Agricultural College. The college authorities deny the reports that some of the students made insulting remarks to the hikers as they passed the college grounds. The students say that the remarks were made by outsiders.

The hikers now await the suffrage demonstration on March 3. The anti-suffragists held a meeting to-day in the Belasco Theatre.

Gen. Rosalie Jones and Her Suffrage Hikers In Washington.



BUY FARM TO SUPPLY THE SUFFRAGE SHOPS

First in a Chain Which Will Supply Home Products for Sale Here.

CANNERY AS VACATION PLACE

Board in Exchange for Work Offered to the Faithful—Roadside Tea House for Motorists.

The first suffrage farm to supply home products to the proposed chain of New York suffrage shops has been bought. Mrs. Jennie Belle Jones, a suffragist, has sold her farm to the Suffrage Pure Food Stores Company, and the "Votes for Women" banner will fly at its gateway in a few days.

The farm consists of 125 acres, at Billings, eight miles east of Poughkeepsie, a large twelve-room house, two barns, cow barn, workshop, and smokehouse. There is woodland on the farm and the stream of crystal clear water which is a feature of every ideal farm is to be found on this one. The furniture goes with the house, and the suffragists will move in as soon as they can spare the time from their grocery work in New York.

A tea shop to quench the thirst of passing automobilists will be the first thing started to earn real money on the farm, suffrage leaflets to be served with every drink. As soon as the fruits begin to ripen the farm will be turned into a home canning factory and home-made preserves will be put up to sell in the suffrage groceries which will be opened in the different Assembly Districts of this city as soon as possible.

There will be Summer vacation accommodations at the farm for suffragists, and while it will be necessary to employ some trained workers for the work of canning, impoverished suffragists will be able to enjoy their vacations by giving their work for their board. Maple Hill Farm is the name of the new suffrage headquarters.

Already there have been contributions to the Broadway suffrage grocery from the farm. Its former owner has been consigning "Jennie Belle cookies," each with a raisin on the top.

A new suffrage grocery is to be started in the Fifteenth Assembly District in the next few weeks. The location has been practically decided upon.

Pushcart Amazons to propel the little Votes-for-Women delivery wagon have not been in evidence so far at the suffrage shop, but Miss Helen Donahue, who in her regular business is a private secretary, has promised to relieve the boy to-day, and there will be a real woman delivery clerk. The delivery baskets which will be looked after by the boy are of the ordinary wicker variety, but yesterday the suffragists decided that they must be painted yellow with Votes-for-Women signs on them. The only reason they have not done this before has been because the suffragists were afraid the one man in their business would go on strike.

Home-made pies, cakes, and tarts have been added to the list of things like mother used to make that the women are selling.

AT THE WOMAN'S EXHIBIT.

Emotions Shown in Paper—An Electric Luncheon Served.

A "Shears Artist" is one of the features of the Woman's Industrial Exhibition at the Grand Central Palace in the Unusual Women's Occupations Department. She is Miss Lillian Swan, and with a pair of scissors she defines the emotions of her patrons in a remarkable manner.

Where another person would go to the piano and play a sonata to express overwrought feelings, Miss Swan goes to her shears and snips her feelings into form. She will do the same for other people, but there she draws the line. She will only do emotions. Nothing concrete for her. She is not particular as to the quality of the emotions, however. She will snip out the heartfelt sorrow for the loss of a dearly beloved cat, the radiant joy following an uncommonly fine dinner, the repentance of a suffering sinner, or the rapture of a happy saint. The emotions come out in the form of remarkable little imps never before seen on sea or land. The snipped emotions are exceedingly clever and colored with great charm.

Something new in dolls comes from the Industrial School and Mission Settlement of Arden, N. C., whose work is training mountain children. The dolls are made in the mountain homes, carved out of wood, and dressed in the linsey-woolsey which the women of the mountains wear. There are baskets, towels, and other things made by the mountain people for sale.

Everything but currant jelly and candy was cooked by electricity in the luncheon served Mrs. Phoebe Hearst, head of the Woman's Department of the Panama-Pacific exhibition, at the electric booth of the exhibition yesterday. There was creamed chicken and mushrooms in electric chafing dishes, served with rolls cooked in an electric range; new potatoes, fresh asparagus salad, jellied apples, served with whipped cream, and coffee made in an electric percolator. The guests were Mrs. Nelson Henry, Miss Adee, Mrs. Elmer Black, Mrs. Arnold Brunner, and Miss Keinz, Director of the Electrical Department.

SAYS "LEAVE IT TO WOMEN."

Mrs. A. J. George Tells Forum That Would End Suffrage Campaign.

Mrs. A. J. George, organization Secretary of the Massachusetts Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, spoke yesterday afternoon at the New York University Forum.

"The suffragists have an alluring propaganda, and to oppose a well-advertised, popular, and somewhat noisy cause, is more difficult than to support it," said Mrs. George. "We haven't parades and banners but we have the argument that the majority of the women in the country are either indifferent to the movement or openly opposed to it."

Mrs. George referred briefly to the methods employed by a few of the suffragists whom she called the violent ones.

"I think they are few in number," she said, "but when I find minds so disordered I fear for the influence they would have on politics.

"If there is one thing which alarms the suffragists it is that the question may be left to the decision of the women. The suffragists must show that they are better able to manage the affairs of the country than the men, for they assert that they can do with the ballot what the men have not done."

Mrs. George said that only 26 per cent. of the women of San Francisco who had the right to vote at the Presidential election last November appeared at the polls.

Union Defeats St. Lawrence.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Feb. 28.—Union Put St. Lawrence among her victims in the fastest basket ball game of the season by a score of 25 to 17. The fast team from Canton scored twice before the local team got into action, but only succeeded in tossing two free throws and two more goals. In turn Union scored twice, and by brilliant work of Houghton from the foul line, scored 13 points to St. Lawrence's 10 before the close of the first half. In the second Union scored four times, andcagedfour fouls, while St. Lawrence made only one basket anad five free throws.

LONG ISLAND FARES UP.

New Schedule Submitted Following Completion of Jamaica Station.

The Long Island Railroad presented to the Public Service Commission yesterday a new tariff of fares in consequence of the opening of the Union Hill Station at Jamaica. One cent increase will be charged on one way express fares from Union Hill to Woodside, Forest Hills, Kew, Bushwick Junction, Glendale, Richmond Hill and Woodhaven Junction. A 3-cent increase will be charged to East New York.

A 1-cent reduction will be made on one-way express rates from Union Hill to Hollis, Bellaire, Queens, Bellrose, Floral Park, Stewart Manor, Nassau Boulevard, Garden City, Hempstead Crossing and Hempstead. Two cents will be taken off the fare to Belmont Park.

The round trip fares from the Union Hill station will be two cents more to Woodside, Forest Hills and Glendale; one cent more to Kew, Bushwick Junction, Richmond Hill and Woodhaven Junction, and three cents more to East New York. It will be one cent less to Hollis, Floral Park, and Stewart Manor, and two cents less to Bellaire, Queens, Bellrose, Nassau Boulevard, Garden City and Hempstead Crossing.

One way express fares will be reduced one cent between Jamaica and Bushwick Junction, two cents between Jamaica and Glendale, and one cent between Jamaica and Woodhaven Junction, and two cents for round trips between Woodhaven Junction and Jamaica. There will be no change in fares for the local electric train service from Flatbush Avenue to Belmont Park, except that the fare from Jamaica to Belmont Park will be cut two cents.

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GREY ANSWERS KNOX ON TOLLS DISPUTE

British Note, Said to Propose Arbitration, Will Pass to New Administration.

WILSON'S VIEWS IN DOUBT

Coming President Denies He Has Finally Expressed Himself on Panama Canal Issue.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The rejoinder of the British Government to the last American note regarding the Panama Canal tolls question was delivered to-day to Secretary Knox by Ambassador Bryce. Though naturally of great interest to Secretary Knox, he will make no effort to consider it, but will allow the negotiations on the American side to be continued by his successor in office.

It is understood that the British note, after a repetition of former arguments in support of its original contention, contains a flat proposal for arbitration of the issue, according to the provisions of the existing special arbitration treaty between the two countries which will expire in June.

The note was read to Secretary Knox by Ambassador Bryce at the Secretary's office, and a copy was left with Mr. Knox by direction of Sir Edward Grey. It is withheld from publication for the present to afford Secretary Knox an opportunity to lay it before President Taft, but it has been arranged that the note be given out for publication in the Sunday morning papers in this country and the Monday morning papers in Europe.

The report that President-elect Wilson favors Senator Root's amendment to the Panama Canal bill repealing the provision exempting American coastwise ships from payment of tolls is the subject of remark, because Senator O'Gorman of New York, who has been regarded as more or less of a spokesman for Mr. Wilson, is a sturdy opponent of the Root amendment and a champion of free passage for American ships.

There is no likelihood of any action upon the Root repeal amendment in the few remaining days of the Sixty-second Congress. It was recently tabled in the Senate Interoceanic Canals Committee, thus preventing the possibility of even being brought before the Senate on a minority report.

It is expected to be revived at the next Congress, probably in the course of the extra session.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Dispatches from Washington published here, announcing that President-elect Woodrow Wilson had expressed himself in favor of supporting Senator Elihu Root's amendment to the Panama Canal bill repealing the provision exempting American vessels from paying tolls for passage through the Panama Canal, have given rise to considerable comment in the English newspapers, which voice their gratification over the attitude attributed to him. The Westminster Gazette, a leading organ of the British Government, says:

"We all very much regretted to find ourselves in conflict with the United States Government on a point of this kind, and believe that public opinion in the United States will welcome this changed attitude leading to the avoidance of further controversy."

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Dr. Wilson is to be congratulated on striking a true and high note in this matter upon the eve of his accession. We think repeal of the exemption clause would be far the best solution of a tangle created by the shortsightedness of overreaching politicians."

The publication to-day of the statement that the British Government has proposed arbitration of the canal question in a note to the State Department, coupled with the comment of the British press on dispatches to London newspapers purporting to represent President-elect Wilson as against free tolls, brought no definite statement yesterday from Mr. Wilson.

The President-elect declined to make any comment beyond a denial of the published report that he had expressed himself with finality on the question. Mr. Wilson said that he did not feel it would be proper fir him to discuss the matter of canal tolls until after he became President and had had a chance to discuss it with members of the Senate.

The possibility that the Senate might take some action which would remove the grounds for the British protest and thus relieve the new Administration from all embarrassment is cited in some quarters as the chief reason for his reticence.

On the other hand, it is said by those who know in general the President-elect's ideas on foreign policies that if the question is flatly put up to him he either would indicate opposition to the proposed method of granting free tolls to American ships, or favor submission of the question to a court of arbitration.

WILSON MEN TO RUN SENATE.

Radical Strength Makes Martin Withdraw in Kern's Favor as Leader.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The progressive wing of the Democratic Party will be in control of the United States Senate for the first two years, at least, of Woodrow Wilson's Administration as President. This was assured to-day, when Senator Thomas S. Martin of Virginia, the leader of the Senate Democrats, announced that he would not be a candidate to succeed himself. The significance of Senator Martin's withdrawal is that the Progressive Democrats will organize the upper house in the new Congress, and Senator John W. Kern of Indiana, who was W. J. Bryan's running mate in the Presidential contest of 1908, will be elected Democratic leader.

Col. Bryan and Senator Kern are very close friends, and the Senator is regarded as the Commoner's foremost supporter on the Senate floor. Mr. Kern is also a strong supporter of President-elect Wilson, and his election as floor leader is looked on largely as a Wilson victory.

It had been assumed all along that the moment Mr. Martin realized that he had lost the support of a majority of his party he would withdraw. This course, it is pointed out, tends to prevent an open rupture in the Democratic ranks, and may also have the effect of saving the Chairmanships of the elder Senators. If a fight had been precipitated and the radicals had succeeded, which was probable, they might also have voted against permitting the seniority rule to obtain even to the extent of a single Chairmanship for the ranking Democrat of the various committees.

The question of Chairmanships is still undecided, but at present the prevailing opinion is that the elder Senators may be allowed to retain one Chairmanship, while the committees over which they preside will be safely progressive.

TAFT PRAISES GOLF.

Favors Establishing Links for Public Use in Washington Parks.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28. — President Taft went on record to-day strongly in favor of golf, his favorite recreation, when he embodied his views in a letter to the local Chamber of Commerce, approving the establishment of public golf links in the Washington parks.

"You know my tendency to golf, my sympathy with anybody who wants to play it, and my desire to spread a love for the game wherever I can," the President wrote. "I favor a freer use of public parks by the people. They should be available for tennis, baseball, skating, golf and like games, under reasonable restrictions. Golf is the least injurious of outdoor games to the landscape features of our parks."

ROSTRON GETS MEDAL TO-DAY

Rescuer of Titanic Survivors Arrives in Washington to Receive Honor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Capt. A. H. Rostron, who, as commander of the steamship Carpathia, directed the rescue of survivors of the Titanic disaster, arrived here to-day to receive from President Taft to-morrow afternoon the gold medal voted by Congress in recognition of his heroic services. The medal was received to-day by President Taft from its designer, John Flannagan of New York. The ceremony will take place in the East Room of the White House.

Capt. Rostron will also be presented with the American Cross of Honor at the British Embassy by Ambassador Bryce. Mrs. Rostron accompanies him.

BRIEUX PLAY ON MARCH 14.

"Damaged Goods" to be Seen at Matinee at Fulton Theatre.

Final arrangements have been made for the production of Brieux's drama on the social evil, "Damaged Goods," at the Fulton Theatre on Friday, March 14, at 3 P. M. George Tyler of Liebler & Co. has donated the use of scenery for the initial American performance of the French play.

New York managers have been skeptical as to their right to produce it. Cronin Harris of the Astor, Lee Shubert of the Thirty-ninth Street, and Winthrop Ames of the Little Theatre are among those refusing their playhouses to Richard Bennett, who is in charge of the production. Mr. Ames, although personally in sympathy with the play, regretted his inability to issue a permit. The Waldorf-Astoria Theatre was promised, but the managers withdrew their permission after half an hour in consultation with certain persons opposed to the production of the play.

Mayor Gaynor's aid was invoked by Frederick H. Robinson, publisher of The Medical Review of Reviews, and one of the production's sponsors. In his reply, the Chief Executive said:

"I do not know why every theatre manager should refuse to produce 'Damaged Goods.' No theatre licenses are revoked without the Mayor taking part therein. The Mayor does not close up theatres, or do anything, as the result of clamor. No theatre license will be revoked for the production of the play without due consideration of the play and all of the circumstances. If your play is all right you can be absolutely certain that it will not be interfered with."

Borough President George McAneny suggested that the play be given before a select audience. The Mayor approved of the plan and the production, set for March 14 before the members of the Medical Review of Reviews Sociological Fund, is the result. The cast includes Wilton Lackaye, Richard Bennett, Dodson Mitchell, Clarence Handysides, John Turner, Grace Elliston, Margaret Wycherly, Amelia Gardner, Mabel Morrison, and Laura Burt. The proceeds will go toward the study of sociological problems in New York City.

HOLD SCHWAGER IN CHICAGO.

Member of Former Examining Board of Plumbers Indicted Last Tuesday.

As a result of an investigation which Commissioners of Accounts Rice and Mahoney have been making for the past two months into the methods of the recent Examining Board of Plumbers, dismissed by Mayor Gaynor last December, August C. Schwager, one of the members, was arrested yesterday in Chicago. He had been indicted last Tuesday by the Grand Jury on evidence furnished by the Commissioners, who had examined several witnesses who confessed that they had paid Schwager from $300 to $400 each for licenses as master plumbers.

There were three members of the board, Edwin Hayward, James J. Donahue, and Schwager. The latter had a plumbing business at Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street. When the Mayor dismissed the members of the board and appointed new ones there were many rumors that graft had been paid by applicants for licenses as master plumbers, and the Commissioners of Accounts subpoenaed several applicants who had been successful in obtaining certificates. Among them were Jacob Levett of 53 West 106th Street, Harry Segal of 18 East 115th Street, and Soloman Ginsberg of 2,199 Eighth Avenue. According to the Commissioners, all three confessed that they had paid Schwager from $350 to $400 each for a license.

They testified in detail how they were able to pass the examinations of the board. Segal, said the Commissioners, testified that Schwager taught him to write before he took the examination, and that he was coached in such a way that he had no difficulty in passing.

Part of Schwager's method, according to the testimony, was to fill out examination blanks with the answers to the questions, and slip them on the applicant's desk. Segal said he entered into a partnership with Schwager whereby he furnished many applicants, who were taught to write and who received their licenses as master plumbers after paying from $350 to $400. According to one of the witnesses, it was impossible to get a license to be a master plumber without paying money.

Commissioners Rice and Mahoney are continuing their investigation, and many more witnesses will be examined.

WIDOW WINS $6,000 VERDICT.

Her Husband Killed When Auto Truck Struck Street Car.

A jury in the Supreme Court before Justice Platzek has returned a verdict for $6,000 in favor of Mrs. Beckie Geller, whose husband, a street car conductor, was killed on Aug. 12.

An automobile truck belonging to Jacob Aloy, while going through West Broadway, struck the car of which he was the conductor, throwing him off and then running over him. Alfred and Charles Steckler, counsel for the widow, brought the action to recover damages, contending that the chauffeur of the automobile truck was guilty of negligence. On behalf of the defendant it was contended that it was a wet night, the automobile skidded, and he lost the control of it. After a short deliberation the jury returned with a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $6,000.

ITALIAN CLUB'S NEW HOME.

Two Houses at 117 and 119 West 48th Street Leased for Ten Years.

The Italian National Club, which was organized about six years ago and now occupies leased quarters at 11 East Forty-fourth Street, has just leased for ten years, with an option to buy, the two old dwellings at 117 and 119 West Forty-eighth Street, a few doors east of William Brady's Playhouse. The combined houses have a frontage of 37 feet. Plans are now being prepared by the architects, Ogden, Pryor & Day, to spend nearly $40,000 in alterations, which include cutting out the partitions to make one large house of the two dwellings, and an artistic facade will be added.

The Italian National Club has a membership of about 400. Its President is Pancrazio Crassi. It was organized at 5 West Sixteenth Street, where the club was located for five years.

FORGER GOUGES OUT EYES.

Cannot Forge Another Check, Says Penitent Prisoner.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 28.—Arrested for a series of small forgeries, A. J. Heinn, founder of a manufacturing company of Milwaukee, gouged out both of his eyes with a small knife to-day in self-punishment.

"I do not believe in suicide," said he, "but I shall never see daylight again, or forge another check, and I am more at peace than I have been for some time."

LIQUOR BILL VETO REJECTED BY SENATE

President Returned It as Unconstitutional, but His Objections Were Overruled.

PROTECTED DRY TERRITORY

Party Lines Ignored in Vote of 63 to 21, by Which Bill Was Repassed by Senate and Sent to House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28. — President Taft to-day, on constitutional grounds, vetoed the Webb-Kenyon bill prohibiting the shipment of intoxicating liquors into dry territory. He sent his objections to the Senate, and that body, after debating the message for half an hour, passed the bill over the veto by a vote of 63 to 21. The bill was then sent to the House, which probably will vote on it to-morrow or Monday.

Accompanying the President's message was an opinion from Attorney General Wickersham attacking the constitutionality of the bill. Mr. Wickersham emphasized the argument that the bill, by providing a sliding standard of illegality for the inter-State liquor trade, which under the terms of the act the States alone could make definite, in effect delegated to the States the controlling power of Congress over inter-State commerce. Such a delegation of power, he insisted, was not contemplated by the framers of the Constitution.

The vote to override the veto was almost equally divided between Republicans and Democrats. Both Progressive Senators—Miles A. Poindexter of Washington and Joseph M. Dixon of Montana—voted against the President. The vote to sustain the President was made up of fifteen Republicans and six Democrats. Senator O'Gorman of New York, Democrat, voted with his Republican colleague, Senator Elihu Root, to prevent the repassage of the bill.

The fifteen Republicans voting to sustain the veto were Senators Bradley of Kentucky, Brandegee of Connecticut, Catron of New Mexico, Crane of Massachusetts, Du Pont of Delaware, Guggenheim of Colorado, McLean of Connecticut, Penrose of Pennsylvania, whose Republican colleague, Senator Oliver, voted on the other side; Perkins of California, Richardson of Delaware, Root of New York, Stephenson of Wisconsin, Sutherland of Utah, Warren of Wyoming, and Wetmore of Rhode Island.

The six Democrats who voted with them were Senators Foster of Louisiana, Martine of New Jersey, O'Gorman of New York, Paynter of Kentucky, Percy of Mississippi, and Pomerene of Ohio.

The debate was limited to brief speeches by Mr. Paynter in favor of the President's position and Mr. McCumber in opposition. Mr. Paynter ended his speech by sending to the Clerk's desk a contribution from a man whom he described as "a Colorado poet, named Clark," in which the Constitution was upheld in rhyme.

"The author of the poem just read," said Senator Thomas, rising quickly, "may be a Colorado poet, but his stay in that State was marked by a suit against him in the nature of disbarment proceedings. He escaped by the skin of his teeth."

The Webb bill passed both houses of Congress and went to the President ten days ago. Basing his decision upon the Attorney General's findings, the President expressed the belief that the measure was clearly unconstitutional because it gave the States the right to interfere with inter-State commerce.

An effort will be made to-morrow to override the veto in the House. Representative Clayton of Alabama will move to pass the bill over the President's head as soon as the House convenes. Representative Webb, author of the bill, declared he had abundant confidence that the House would repass it.

A Correction

Through an error in our advertisement in Friday's New York Times THE

Behning PLAYER PIANO "With the tone you can't forget"

was quoted at $400, $425 and $450. These prices were intended for the Behning Upright Piano. The Behning Player-Pianos range in price from

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LINCOLN STORY TOLD IN ECKERT WILL CASE

Secretary Stanton Was About to Dismiss Capt. Eckert When President Lincoln Stepped In.

MRS. T. T. ECKERT TESTIFIES

Tells of Her Rise from Hotel Maid to the General's Housekeeper and His Son's Wife.

Minnie Eagan Eckert, wife of T. T. Eckert, whose inheritance as the chief beneficiary of the will of his father, Gen. T. T. Eckert, is being contested, took the stand yesterday in Justice Greenbaum's part of the Supreme Court to defend the charge of undue influence made against her husband by his older brother, James Clendennin Eckert. Mrs. Eckert as Minnie Eagan was Gen. Eckert's housekeeper, and is credited by the contestants with exerting great influence over the General.

Mrs. Eckert told the story of her rise from hotel maid. She was born, she said, in Troy, and there attended school until the death of her mother, when she was only 14 years old. From that time on her employment was chiefly in hotels. She came to New York in 1887 and was successively employed in the Windsor Hotel, the Waldorf, and the Burlington. Her acquaintance with Gen. Eckert's family came about through her interest in church societies connected with St. Patrick's Cathedral. She became Mrs. Eckert's maid, and upon her death was promoted to housekeeper, in which capacity she served until her marriage to Thomas Eckert.

Father James Veit, assistant to Father McMahon, related this anecdote which the General told him of how he nearly lost his commission in the civil war:

"In 1862, when I was an officer in charge of the telegraph bureau, with the rank of Captain, Secretary of War Stanton called me to his office. He told me that he had received advice that I was not attending to my duties and that my dismissal had been written out. While I was standing speechless before him I felt a hand on my shoulder and some one said: 'I vouch for Capt. Eckert. I have had occasion to go to his office several times and I always found him there attending to his duties.' It was Abraham Lincoln. Stanton broke the silence. 'I apologize to Capt. Eckert,' he said."

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Battle Says His Client Will Hold Mrs. Bishop to Account for Persecution.

CALLS TESTIMONY BOUGHT

Co-respondent in Divorce Case Willing to Appear in Court, and Is Not Going to Europe.

On a petition of Mrs. Abigail Bishop, who is suing her husband, James Cunningham Bishop, the banker, for absolute divorce, Supreme Court Justice Bijur issued an order yesterday morning directing Mrs. Lelia G. Gwathmey, wife of J. Temple Gwathmey, ex-President of the Cotton Exchange, to appear in court in the afternoon and be examined in the divorce case. The reason assigned in the petition for asking an examination of Mrs. Gwathmey, who is named as co-respondent by Mrs. Bishop, was that her testimony was necessary to the case and that there was information to the effect that she was about to sail for Europe to-day.

Michael Posner, brother of Louis Posner, Mrs. Bishop's attorney, served the order on Mrs. Gwathmey at the Hotel Gotham. He reported to the court that he had gained entrance to Mrs. Gwathmey's apartment by a trick and had found her taking athletic exercises, clad in jersey and bloomers. He said she received him politely and accepted service.

At the hour appointed for Mrs. Gwathmey's apearance in court her attorney, George Gordon Battle, appeared in her behalf, and after a few moments' conversation with Mrs. Bishop's attorney it was announced that the petition would be withdrawn, as assurances had been given that Mrs. Gwathmey would be present at the trial.

The petition read, in part:

> Deponent verily believes that an examination of Lelia G. Gwathmey will disclose, if not actual, of the acts charged, such material and corroborative circumstances concerning her presence with the defendant at the Hotel St. George's at Nyack, N. Y., and at the Hotel Astor as will materially aid the plaintiff in the prosecution of her action.

George Gordon Battle, counsel for Mrs. Gwathmey, made a statement last night regarding the service of the order on his client.

"Mrs. Gwathmey has been living for some months in the Hotel Gotham with her little boy," he said. "The hotel has been surrounded by detectives and spies of every kind. Everywhere she has gone she has been shadowed by from two to half a dozen men. She has been subjected to a very infamous persecution which apparently has been inspired by Mrs. Bishop.

"The affidavit made by Mrs. Bishop to-day on which she obtained the order from Mr. Justice Bijur for the examination of Mrs. Gwathmey contained the statement that Mrs. Gwathmey had engaged passage to go abroad. That statement was utterly false. Mrs. Gwathmey has not considered going abroad; it has never occurred to her. There is not the slightest foundation for the statement.

"The man who served this order on Mrs. Gwathmey obtained admission to her apartment by presenting a forged card which had on its face the name of Mr. Unger, who is a young lawyer in my office. The card read:

"'Mr. Unger of Mr. George Gordon Battle's office.'

"I intend to show up this system of fraud and persecution to which Mrs. Gwathmey has been subjected. As soon as I heard to-day of this I went to court and I told Mrs. Bishop's attorneys, who were there, Mr. Louis Posner and Mr. Cyril Dos Passos, that the order had been served by means of fraud and forgery and that I intended to hold everybody connected with it responsible. I told them that Mrs. Gwathmey had no intention whatever of going abroad and I thought they should withdraw the order in view of the manner in which it had been served. Mr. Posner and Mr. Dos Passos disclaimed any knowledge of the fact that the order had been served by fraud and forgery, and consented that the order should be withdrawn.

"Mrs. Gwathmey has maintained an attitude of silence, and has filed a verified answer in court denying the charges, and she will conclusively disprove them.

"Mrs. Bishop has apparently presumed upon Mrs. Gwathmey's determination to keep quiet and to try her case in court. Mrs. Gwathmey has now determined that she will pursue a different policy. She has instructed her counsel to hold Mrs. Bishop and every one connected with her to a strict responsibility for what they do and say. Mrs. Gwathmey has determined to submit no longer to these false charges based on perjured testimony, some of which we can show to have been bought and paid for."

Supreme Court Justice Lehman reserved decision yesterday afternoon on a motion to punish Mrs. Bishop for contempt of court in not obeying a court order to be examined in supplementary proceedings on a judgment obtained against her by the General Motors Sales Company. Decision was reserved, also, on a motion to appoint a commission in Washington, D. C., to take the testimony of Mrs. S. G. Merriam, sister of Mrs. Bishop, in regard to funds which are said to be in the possession of Mrs. Bishop, but which Mrs. Merriam says belong to her.

TEACHERS HURT IN CRASH.

Trolley Car Collides with Work Train Near Waterbury.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., Feb. 28.—A trolley car carrying among other passengers twenty school teachers, collided head on early this morning with a work train on the road leading to Chesire. Many of the passengers were injured. Those most seriously hurt were: William Harper, leg broken; F. I. Armstrong, Rutherford, N. J., leg crushed and injured internally, and Walter Nicolai, a salesman of Philadelphia, leg fractured. Former Judge Robert A. Lowe was seriously bruised.

The school teachers who received treatment for their injuries were: The Misses Nora, Katherine, and Mollie Mahaney, Jennie and Nellie Freney, Mary Sullivan, Margaret Egan, Mary McDermot, Katherine Perkinson, Mary Allman, Daisy Lord, Mary McElligott, and Gertrude Moran.

James L. McGuire, the motorman of the trolley car, for some reason unknown to himself, passed a danger signal and the collison was the result.

MRS. TROST TO BE HANGED.

Convicted of Poisoning Husband, Fails to Get New Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—Mrs. Frieda Trost, who was convicted of murder in the first degree recently in connection with the death of her husband about ten days after their marriage last August, failed to get a new trial to-day, and was sentenced to be hanged. Trost died from poisoning. Notice of an appeal was given. The date of execution rests with the Governor.

No woman has been hanged in Pennsylvania in many years. In the case of Mrs. Edwards, who has been in the Berks County Jail in Reading since 1901 under sentence of death for the murder of her husband, Govs. Stone, Pennypacker and Stuart did not issue a final death warrant and Gov. Tener also has failed to sign one.

Indicted Again in Auto Case.

A second indictment charging former District Attorney John B. Merrill of Queens County with grand larceny in connection with the disappearance of an automobile belonging to Bert S. Clark and his wife, Mrs. Lucille Clark, of 7 Spencer Place, Brooklyn, was handed up to Judge Humphrey in the Queens County Court, Long Island City, yesterday. The first indictment was dismissed following a settlement of the controversy between Mr. and Mrs. Clark. Then the automobile was found in Greenwich, Conn., and the matter was resubmitted to the Grand Jury. Mr. Merrill says he has no more fear concerning this second indictment than he had regarding the first one.

THIEF CHASE LEADS PAST POLICE STATION

Detective Joins Patrolman and a Crowd of Pursuers to Make a Capture.

FUGITIVE READY TO SHOOT

Policeman Opens Fire on Him and He Drops Revolver—Little Girl Detected Him at Work.

Detective Tierney sprang off the steps of the Alexander Avenue Police Station in the Bronx shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when he saw a man run past followed by a crowd of men, women, and children at the head of which ran Policeman Dunn waving his revolver in the air and calling on the fugitive to halt. The latter continued to 137th Street, where he ran into a lot between Alexander and Lincoln Avenues and halted to face his pursuers, holding a revolver threateningly pointed at the leaders.

Dunn gave the man no chance to use his weapon for he raised his own revolver and fired twice, frightening the man so, apparently, that he threw his revolver from him, tossed a long jimmy which he drew from his pocket after it, and tried to scale a fence into the back yard of a house in 136th Street.

Dunn and Tierney seized him as he was half over the fence. The man, young and powerful, fought hard, but the policemen knocked him down and got a pair of handcuffs about his wrists. Then they led him to the Alexander Avenue Station. There he said he was John Martin, an iron worker, 22 years old, whose home was at 1,803 Mansion Street.

In the crowd which followed to the station were fifteen-year-old Florence Krooss of 441 East 140th Street, Mrs. Mary Clinker, janitress there, and Mrs. Mary Weatherbone, janitress of 445 East 140th Street. All tried to tell their stories at once, but the police finally got this connected story from them:

Florence Krooss was alone in the Krooss apartments on the first floor of 441 East 140th Street about 4 o'clock when she heard the bell in the flat above, occupied by her uncle, John Krooss, ringing violently. Knowing that no one was at home up stairs, the little girl went to the door. There stood Martin.

He said he had a message for John Krooss, and announced that he would go upstairs and wait, when the little girl told him her uncle was not at home. The child retired to her own rooms, but listened at the door, and presently heard the door of her uncle's apartment open. Satisfied then that the man was a burglar, she ran to the back of the house, fearing to use the stairs lest she be heard by Martin, and climbed down the fire escape to the basement, where she told Mrs. Clinker what had happened. The janitress got Mrs. Weatherbone, and together the women went to the Krooss flat. The door was ajar, and, pushing it open, they looked down the private hall and saw Martin standing in the room at the end of it.

"What do you want here?" demanded Mrs. Clinker, and Martin, making no reply, hurried down the hall and tried to push past the women to the stairs. They caught hold of him, and he yanked his revolver from his pocket, exclaiming:

"Let go of me and don't make a sound or I'll blow your heads off."

The women loosed their grips on him, and Martin hurried down the stairs and out of the door, slipping his revolver back into his pocket. The women, with Florence, were close behind him, however, and then began a chase through 140th Street to Willis Avenue, down that thoroughfare to 139th Street, through the arcade to 138th Street and past the police station, where Tierney joined the pursuit.

At Police Headquarters Martin was recognized as a familiar character under the names of John Ryan and John Kelly.

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CHEMISTRY MATURES LIFE FROM THE EGG

Frog Produced by Science Grew to Adult Stage, Dr. Loeb Tells Doctors.

SECRET OF SPERMATOZOON

Rockefeller Institute Worker Learned It and How to Imitate Its Effect in Egg Fertilization.

Prof. Jacques Loeb of the Rockefeller Institute, speaking before the Manhattan Medical Society at the Wurzburger Hofbrau last night, described some of his recent experiments in artificial reproduction by fertilization of specimens of animal life that developed to maturity. Prof. Loeb excited great interest by relating that a female frog, produced from an artificially fertilized egg, was found on dissection after accidental death to be equipped for parenthood. This frog had reached adult life.

The physicians, over whom Dr. Benjamin T. Tilton presided, followed closely Dr. Loeb's description of his experiments. Prof. Gary N. Calkins of Columbia University led the discussion which followed. Prof. Loeb asserted that as a result of his experiments he had not only learned how to imitate the effect of the spermatazoon in nature, but to learn the nature of the spermatozoon itself and its method of action. He said:

"The egg in nature is only able to develop after the spermatozoon has entered into it. The spermatozoon calls the egg, not into life—for it had life already—but into a new being. The question before biology has been, 'How?'

"Previously biologists answered this question in the same way that a few years ago was answered questions concerning contagious diseases, by hypotheses, by guesses. Biologists compared the egg to a clock, and said the spermatozoon wound it. Liebeg put his metaphor into terms of chemistry and called the spermatozoon a ferment which set up vibrations in the egg.

Imitating the Spermatazoon.

"The problem of artificial fertilization was to do what the spermatazoon does by simple physio-chemical means. Observation of the natural process showed visible changes in the egg after the entrance of the spermatazoon. The entrance was followed by a halo forming about the egg, called the fertilization membrane. We found that this was the important thing in the process, not any change in the nucleus as we had supposed.

"Experimentation led to the discovery that this same halo, or fertilization membrane, followed the application of monobasic fatty acids, such as acetic acid or buteric acid. We started with the sea urchin egg, because that is constant, and we wanted, in order to advance, to be able to repeat our experiments.

"We found when we added a monobasic fatty acid to sea water, in which to immerse the egg, that in some cases, at low temperatures, the egg developed into a larva and perished. At room temperatures the eggs divided. It was plain that the acid alone did not produce a sufficient effect.

"To prevent the disintegration we hit upon a second treatment. We took the egg from the acid sea water and put it into hypertonic sea water—water to which sugar or salt had been added. This had the effect of drawing some of the water from the egg, about which the fertilization membrane had formed, and a great many of the eggs developed normally. From this we drew the conclusion that the eggs needed a double treatment, and that the spermatazoon contained this double treatment in exactly the right proportions. All eggs did not form the fertilization membrane when subjected to the first treatment, a circumstance often embarrassing to the experimenter. We then discovered that all eggs could be made equally sensitive by treating them first with barium chloride or stronsium chloride.

Marine Life Hybrid.

"Our next experiment was the attempt to fertilize the sea urchin egg with the sperm of a remote species. Ordinarily hybrids do not occur in marine life. This is remarkable, as biologists observed when various related sea creatures spawn in the same waters. We succeeded, however, in fertilizing sea urchin eggs with starfish sperm by introducing a certain amount of alkalinity into the water.

"Then we noticed two different kinds of development. In most of the cases the fertilization halo formed as in the case of the buteric acid treatment. There it stopped, and the egg disintegrated. In others it developed naturally into a larva. The faulty specimens developed normally when subjected to the second treatment applied to eggs fertilized with the acids. The reason for this was that the spermatazoon of the remote species penetrated so slowly that part of it was excluded by the formation of the halo.

"Another branch of experiments was conducted with blood fertilization. We found that any kind of foreign blood would fertilize the eggs just as the acids did. But all eggs were found to be immune from fertilization with the blood of their species. This fertilization I believe to be due to lysins (haemolytics, or cytolics) in the blood. Ox blood, most commonly procured, was used in most of the experiments, but we got results by using the blood of molluscs and worms."

Professor Loeb explained that the eggs of frogs were started on the road to development by merely puncturing them. This, he said, convinced him that the breaking of the outside of the egg was the important factor, accomplished in nature by chemical action of the spermatozoon, in his earlier experiments by chemical dissolution of its natural protection. Experiments, both with naturally fertilized and artificially fertilized eggs, he said, showed that the first effect of the formation of the halo was to increase oxidization six times. This oxidization, he said, was the force which stirred the cell to development.

EDITOR ARRESTED FOR LIBEL.

Chief of Police of Paterson Resents an Article on His Silk Strike Methods.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 28.—Alexander Scott of Orange, N. J., editor of The Weekly Issue, was arrested to-night and released in $5,000 bail on a charge of criminal libel. Scott was arrested after a meeting in the Auditorium, where 2,000 strikers had gathered to hear Socialist speakers talk about the silk strike. Among the speakers were Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, Wilson B. Killingbeck, and others. Scott was arrested because of an article that appeared in The Weekly Issue denouncing the police of Paterson and Chief John Bimson.

On the advice of Prosecutor Michael Dunn, Chief Bimson confiscated 5,000 copies of the paper. Nothing new occurred in the strike to-day, although efforts were made to get the dyers out from the larger dye shops. At the request of Chief John Bimson, private detectives employed by some of the employers were taken out of the plants.

NOW SUGAR TRUST'S TURN.

Government Closes Evidence—Company May Take Six Months.

Assistant United States District Attorney Knapp closed yesterday the taking of evidence for the Government before Special Examiner Wilson B. Brice, in its Sherman law suit against the Sugar Trust. Testimony has been taken almost continuously since May, not only in this city, but also in Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Denver, Salt Lake City, and San Francisco.

The evidence of 125 witnesses has filled 10,000 typewritten pages and in addition there have been put in 2,000 letters and other documents. The defence, it is expected, will take six months to put in its answer and when the evidence in rebuttal is considered it does not appear likely that the case can reach the Court for final hearing before Christmas.

EUCKEN ON ART AND MORALS.

Philosopher Says They Are Allied Forces—Miss Wilson in His Audience.

Rudolph Eucken, Professor of Philosophy at the University of Jena, winner of the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1908 and this year's German Exchange Professor at Harvard, delivered a lecture last evening at the National Arts Club under the auspices of the Association of German Authors in America, his subject being "Art and Morality; or, the Aesthetic and Ethical Principle." Prof. Eucken, who spoke in German, was introduced by George Sylvester Viereck, and among those who listened with keen interest to the famous German philosopher was Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, daughter of the President-elect, who sat in the front row. She wore a gown of rose-colored silk.

Before the lecture Mr. Viereck gave a dinner at the National Arts Club in honor of Professor and Mrs. Eucken, among those present being Miss Wilson, Miss Ida Eucken, Mrs. Randolph Guggenheim, Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Herman A. Metz, Otto H. Kahn, Dr. Charles Ferguson, Leonard Dalton Abbott, Max R. Hein, and T. Everitt Harre, most of whom stayed for the lecture.

After the lecture there was a short concert. Miss Ida Eucken, daughter of Prof. Eucken, and Miss Frieda Haffner sang, and Herman Spielter was at the piano.

The concert was followed by what the programme called "Empfang und zwangloses Beisammensein," which is the German way of saying an informal reception.

In his lecture, Prof. Eucken reviewed the whole history of art and morality, from the ancient Greeks to the present, by way of Plato, St. Augustine, Dante, the Renaissance, the Reformation, Louis XIV., Kant, and Goethe, finally arriving at the conclusion that there is nothing essentially antagonistic between the two, but that, on the contrary, on the highest planes they are allied forces to be used in the attainment of the ideal. At the greatest heights, art and morality coalesce. Art is freedom; morality is spiritual depth, and both are weapons with which to attain the desired conquest in the battle of life.

$1,700 FOR INNESS'S 'STORM.'

Highest Price Paid at Sale of Late J. M. Lichtenauer's Pictures.

The sale of the art collection, American and European pictures, of the late J. M. Lichtenauer, under the direction of the American Art Association, was concluded at the Plaza last evening. The returns for the two evenings' sales was $20,350. Last night's sale brought $16,175. "Storm," by George Inness, brought the highest price of the evening, going to Henry Schultheis for $1,700. A nude by Henner, a small picture, a young woman with reddish hair, half reclining on a bank beside a stream, went to Lorenz, agent, for $1,100.

John Levy paid $590 for "In the Woods," by Wyant. A "Winter Landscape," by Theodore Robinson, went to Seaman, agent, for $800, and the same buyer paid $725 for Gari Melcher's attractive "Waiting," a Holland scene, peasant women on the beach. Leonard Ochtman's "Haystacks" went to F. O. McDonald for $660. There were several landscapes by William M. Chase which went for small prices, $40 to $75. "A Doge's Daughter," by the same artist, brought $65.

PRINCE KUNG GEMS, $182,350.

Bronze Vase of Chou Period Brings $5,200—Sale Ends To-day.

The sale of the Prince Kung collection by Yamanaka & Co. at the American Art Galleries yesterday reached a total of $182,350. The afternoon's sale brought $85,295. The bronzes brought higher prices than the jades of Thursday's sale. A bronze vase of the Chou period went to C. L. Charles for $5,200. R. H. Lorenz, agent, paid $5,200 for a bronze sacrifical ewer with cover of the same period. A bronze vase of the Han dynasty went to Lorenz, agent, for $2,200, and Seaman, agent, paid $2,500 for a bronze sacrificial jar. Skinner paid $2,500 for two large Cloisonne Palace incense burners.

The sale will be concluded this afternoon.

Christie MacDonald in "Sweethearts"

Christie MacDonald will open Easter Monday under the management of Werba & Luescher at Baltimore in "Sweethearts," a new musical comedy with music by Victor Herbert, book by Harry B. Smith and Frederick de Gresac, and lyrics by Robert B. Smith. The piece will be staged by Frederick G. Latham, and the cast will include Tom McNaughton, Lionel Walsh, Ruth Lincoln, Thomas Conkey, Ethel Du Fre Houston, Frank Belcher, Robert O'Connor, Samuel Ashe, Gene Peltier, Vivian Wessell, Nella McCoy, Marta Spears, Edith Allen, and Gretchen Hartmann.

Sentenced for Insurance Frauds.

Claire Webster Anthony, an insurance broker of 320 Broadway, convicted of violating the insurance laws, was sentenced to six months in the penitentiary yesterday by Justices Russell, Zeller, and McInerney of Special Sessions. Anthony was convicted of placing insurance in fraudulent insurance companies.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The following is the forecast for Saturday and Sunday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Cloudy and colder Saturday, probably followed by local rains. Sunday unsettled; colder on the coast; moderate, variable winds.

South Carolina and Georgia—Local rains Saturday; cooler in the interior. Sunday cloudy and colder; light to moderate variable winds.

Florida—Fair Saturday, except local rains and cooler in the peninsula; moderate, variable winds.

Alabama—Local rains and colder Saturday; Sunday probably fair; colder on the coast; light to moderate, variable winds, becoming north.

Mississippi—Cloudy and colder, probably preceded by local rains Saturday; Sunday fair; moderate north winds.

Louisiana—Cloudy and colder Saturday, probably preceded by rain on the coast; Sunday fair; moderate north winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Saturday; colder in south portion; Sunday fair; moderate north winds.

Western Texas, Nebraska—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Oklahoma—Fair and somewhat warmer Saturday; Sunday fair.

Arkansas—Cloudy Saturday; colder in east portion; Sunday fair.

Tennessee—Cloudy and colder Saturday, preceded by rain. Sunday fair.

Kentucky—Cloudy Saturday, preceded by snow in north and rain or snow in south portion. Sunday fair.

Indiana—Cloudy Saturday, preceded by snow in extreme south portion. Sunday cloudy.

Illinois—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday unsettled, probably snow flurries and colder in north portion; light to moderate variable winds.

Lower Michigan and Wisconsin—Cloudy Saturday, probably followed by snow flurries at night or on Sunday; light to moderate variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Cloudy, followed by snow flurries Saturday. Sunday, snow flurries and colder.

Minnesota—Snow flurries Saturday; colder in north portion. Sunday fair.

Iowa—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Missouri—Cloudy Saturday; Sunday fair.

North Dakota—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

South Dakota—Fair Saturday; colder in west portion. Sunday fair.

Kansas—Fair and somewhat warmer Saturday. Sunday fair.

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SULZER WOULD CUT REAL ESTATE TAXES

Valuations Up Five Thousand Million Since 1897, and What Are We Coming To? He Asks.

HOPES TO LIGHTEN BURDENS

Speaks Here at Allied Real Estate Men's Dinner—Sympathy for Rent Payer, Too—He'll Ride at Inaugural.

Gov. Sulzer attended the first annual dinner of the Allied Real Estate Interests of the State of New York at the Waldorf-Astoria last night, and he deprecated in his speech the tendency of the day to tax real estate above its intrinsic value. To the 900 or more real estate operators and owners the Governor said that he would do everything in his power to further legislation to lighten the burden of the taxpayer and the rentpayer.

The Governor told of his determination to keep down the expenses of the State, but admitted that it would cost $50,000,000 to run the State Government the first year of his administration, as against $48,000,000 the last year of Gov. Dix's term. As a remedy for overtaxation, the Governor proposed a "back to the farm" movement. Obviously, there were few would-be farmers among the diners, and the Governor's suggestion was not heartily applauded.

Allan Robinson, President of the Allied Real Estate Interests, was toastmaster. Other speakers were Public Service Commissioner Edward A. McCall and Don C. Seitz. Others at the speakers' table included Frank V. Bailey, Louis V. Bright, William H. Chesebrough, Lewis L. Clarke, Robert E. Dowling, Abram I. Elkus, James Frank, Frank V. Hedley, C. R. James, Clarence H. Kelsey, Leverett S. Miller, Henry Morgenthau, W. W. Niles, Elbridge Gerry Snow, E. A. Tredwell, William S. Van Cleff, Col. T. S. Williams, and William H. Williams.

From real estate matters the Governor drifted into National topics, which, he said, were akin to the real estate business and must be considered if the real estate business should be expected to prosper. He advocated a larger navy and lamented the recent defeat of the two-battleship plan in the House. He advocated larger terminals and piers for inter-ocean traffic; deepening of the Hudson River as far up as Albany, and a development of a merchant marine. Above all, he said, he was in favor of having each married man own his own home. Under such conditions only, he argued, would property interests be properly protected.

"The greatest antidote for anarchy, the greatest remedy for the unrest that is sweeping over this country," he said, "is more homes, more hearthsides."

Referring to taxation, on which, the Governor said, more men had risen to fame, only to fall, he said:

"My predecessor had to resort to direct taxes in order to raise enough money to pay what was appropriated last year. Unless we practice every possible economy, abolish every useless office, eliminate waste, stop graft, and keep down every appropriation to the minimum, it will be necessary to provide more money than ever before to pay the running expenses of the State for the coming fiscal year.

"It is most difficult to devise new methods of revenue unless we greatly increase the direct taxes. Something, however, must be done in order to meet this increasing burden of State expenditures.

"In view of the growing expenditures in the administration of State affairs, mounting higher and higher each succeeding year, and necessarily imposing onerous burdens on our tax payers, I have recommended to the Legislature genuine retrenchment in every Department of the State, to the end that the expenditures be reduced to the minimum, and taxation kept within reasonable bounds.

"I am in sympathy with the opppressed taxpayers of our State, and to the best of my ability will aid them in every way I possibly can to lighten some of the burdens. Nothing would gratify me so much as to be able to say at the end of my administration that I had been able by greater economies and more efficiencies to eliminate direct taxes and reduce the burdens of State Government.

"A serious condition as you know now exists among real estate owners, particularly in the cities of the State, on account of the present heavy taxation. There is at present practically no market for the sale of real property at the valuations on the tax assessment rolls.

"From an investigation of these matters I know that while the stagnation in real estate business may be general elsewhere, in the City of New York, largely owing to the enormous increase in the assessments on real property, there has been created a condition of distress among our taxpayers and rentpayers without precedent in the history of the metropolis.

"The records show that more than a quarter of a million people were dispossessed last year in the County of New York for non-payment of rent. The landlords must have their rent, as the city compels them to pay yearly practically all the taxes for the support of the City Government.

"Since 1897 the assessments on real estate in the City of New York have been increased more than five thousand million dollars in valuation, and, to add to the burden, the tax rate is now steadily increasing every year. Will it never cease? What are we coming to? What are we going to do about it?"

The Governor said that he would bend all his energies while in office to reinstate this State as the first agricultural State in the Union. New York now holds third place.

Gov. and Mrs. Sulzer will remain at the Waldorf until Sunday, when they will go to Washington to attend the inaugural ceremonies. Among the Governor's visitors yesterday was Chairman McCall of the Public Service Commission. The visit was only a personal one, it was said. The Governor seemed greatly pleased at going to Washington and at the prospect of riding a horse.

"In the inauguration parade I shall ride a horse," said he, "but it will be no new experience for me."

The Governor said that on Monday he would pay his respects to his old colleagues in the House of Representatives.

"I shall also call on President Taft and say good-bye," said he. "I hope also to see Secretary Knox. In my judgment he has been one of the best Secretaries of State in the history of the country. This will be more appreciated in time."

The Governor said he expected to have a conference with President Wilson on Wednesday and to return to Albany on Thursday.

OPPOSE FIFTH AVE. PLAN.

Owners of Land Fight Ordinance Limiting Height of Buildings.

The resolution before the Board of Estimate, to limit the height of buildings in Fifth Avenue and within a zone of 100 feet on either side of the avenue, which is to have a public hearing next Thursday, will meet with bitter opposition from many unimproved property owners.

It was announced yesterday that Henry S. Opdyke, a consulting engineer who represents large owners of unimproved real estate in Fifth Avenue between Washington Square and Fifty-ninth Street, was called into consultation yesterday by his clients as a preliminary step in a campaign to prevent the passage of the ordinance. Mr. Opdyke said yesterday:

"It is a well-known fact that the various persons behind this resolution before the Board of Estimate either have already erected the buildings which they propose to have remain as their permanent improvements, or else are not owners of unimproved real estate, of which there is an immense quantity, footing up many millions of dollars in value."

GRIEF-STRICKEN WIFE GONE.

Charles Gabriel Reports to Police His Fear She Is Dead.

Charles Gabriel of 523 Brook Avenue, the Bronx, entered the Alexander Avenue Police Station last evening and asked that an alarm be sent out for his wife, Mrs. Lillian Gabriel. The man was nearly frantic with worry over his wife's disappearance and seemed utterly hopeless that she would be found.

"I'm afraid she's dead," he repeated again and again.

Gabriel said his wife had been missing since last Sunday and he had delayed asking the assistance of the police finding her because he had hoped discover that she was with relatives Nyack, N. Y., or in various places in New Jersey where relatives of himself and his wife had homes.

Mrs. Gabriel had been almost heartbroken, her husband said, by the death some months ago of their seventeen-year-old daughter Lillian, the eldest of five children, and every Sunday since the girl's death Mrs. Gabriel had visited her grave in St. Raymond's Cemetery.

It was to the cemetery that Mrs. Gabriel started on last Sunday. Always when she returned she had sat for hours, weeping over her daughter's death, said Gabriel, and at last, he feared, her grief had upset her mind, perhaps leading her to kill herself.

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SOME LEAP FROM WINDOWS

Clerk and Newsboy Work Heroically Rousing Sleeping Occupants of Doomed Buildings.

OMAHA, Feb. 28.—Fully twenty persons and possibly more lost their lives in a fire which destroyed the Dewey Hotel, at Thirteenth and Farnam Streets, this morning. The register of the little hotel was burned, and the identity and exact number of the victims may never be known. Only four bodies have been found. They were:

Charles Cummings, a bartender; unidentified man; Mrs. Alice Bonnevie, sister-in-law of the proprietor of the hotel, and Charles Beverly, clerk for a commission firm.

Cummings jumped from the third floor to the sidewalk and was dead when picked up by the firemen.

The fire occurred at an hour when few persons were awake in the neighborhood and the interior of the building was a mass of flames before the firemen arrived. Fifty persons are known to have been asleep in the building and estimates of the number run as high as seventy-five. At least thirty are known to have escaped. Many of them were scantily clad and they were taken either to the Emergency Hospital or to other hotels.

Many of those registered at the hotel were Nebraskans who had come here to attend the automobile show. The heat from the fire was intense, and firemen did not get the flames under control for several hours, when the interior of the building had collapsed and fallen into the basement. Here, beneath many tons of débris are the bodies of the victims, and it may require two days work to remove them.

An explosion of gas is believed to have caused the fire. Jesse D. Nold, night clerk of the hotel, heard an explosion, and when he opened the office door he was driven back by smoke and flames. Followed by Izzie Steiss, a newspaper carrier, Nold ran to the upper floors and roused many of the sleeping occupants of the rooms. Thus they saved the lives of more than twenty persons. All the survivors suffered bitterly from the cold.

Mrs. C. E. Hawkins, who occupied a room on the second floor, dragged her sister, Miss Alice Bonnevie, to a window. There Miss Bonnevie collapsed. Mrs. Hawkins jumped and, although two policemen broke her fall, she was badly injured. Her sister's body is in the ruins.

The lower floors of the hotel building were occupied by the Raphael-Fred Clothing Company, the Hiller Liquor Company, and the Adams Express Company. The stock and fixtures of all these were destroyed.

LONG TERM FOR ARSON.

Grutz Sentenced to Not Less Than Twelve Years—Rubin Confesses.

George Grutz, a fire insurance adjuster recently convicted of arson in the second degree, was sentenced yesterday to not less than twelve or more than twenty-two years and six months in State prison by Justice Goff in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court.

Grutz was convicted of hiring Isidor Stein, or "Izzy the Painter," to set fire to a flat occupied by Samuel Gold in order that Gold might recover $525 insurance on his furniture. After the money had been collected it was divided up between Stein, Gold, and Grutz.

Robert J. Rubin, another adjuster convicted of arson, who was to have been sentenced yesterday, had his sentencing postponed indefinitely as he was willing to confess to Assistant District Attorney Weller.

Mr. Weller said last night that Rubin's confession would open the way for an investigation far more reaching than the one which followed the confession of Stein.

Rubin could tell, he said, of numerous business men who had come to him and asked him to supply a "firebug" to burn up their stores. All of Rubin's testimony relating to these transactions must be corroborated, and Mr. Weller feels confident that it will be at least a month before his new investigation will be brought to a close.

MRS. WILCOX'S NEW DANCE.

Columbia Club Likes Glide Proposed as Turkey Trot Substitute.

Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox and Prof. Louis H. Chalif, a dancing master, introduced a new dance at the monthly reception of the Western Club of Columbia University at Earl Hall last night, which it is hoped by its sponsors will become a popular substitute for the turkey trot and the bunny hug. These dances have been condemned by the Columbia authorities. The new dance is called the "Wilcox glide," and it made a decided hit with the members of the club. It is a reversion to the old country dance. Mrs. Wilcox wore a corn-colored satin gown.

The dance was invented by Miss Jane Beers. Dr. Alexander Cummings, President of the University Forum of America, arranged the dance. Prof. Chalif said the "Wilcox glide" was a ballroom dance, and its object was to introduce a better form of dancing which would take the place of some of the modern objectionable dances. He will formally introduce it to the Society of Dancing Professors in America when they meet here next Summer.

KIDNAPPING CHARGE DROPPED

Count de Festetics Released from Bail—His Wife Won't Prosecute.

Count Gyula de Festetics, who was indicted Aug. 20, 1907, for kidnapping his eight-year-old son, Dwight de Festetics, was arraigned before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday and released from the obligation of his $1,000 bail bond.

The discharge of Count de Festetics's bail bond is preliminary to the dismissal of the case against him. It was recommended by Assistant District Attorney Charles A. Perkins. Mr. Perkins said that the defendant's wife, who is the complainant, had refused to press the charge against her husband, and that unless she changed her attitude it would be impossible to convict.

The boy was with his mother in this city at the time he was kidnapped, but was subsequently found in New Jersey. When arrested the defendant said that his wife was a Christian Scientist and he had kidnapped the boy because he thought she would not treat him for an illness he had. After the death of the child the Count gave himself up.

OPENING CITY CONCERT.

First of Sixty to be Given on Sunday at Normal College.

President McAneny will open the city concerts at the Normal College on Sunday at 3 P. M. This will be the first of a series of sixty concerts. Signor Campanari, formerly of the Metropolitan Opera House, will be the soloist and the orchestra will number sixty, under the direction of Henry Thomas Fleck. This is the programme:

Unfinished symphony..................Schubert
Piano concerto in D minor..........Rubenstein
Albert von Doenhoff.
Aria: "Marriage of Figaro"..........Mozart
Signor Campanari.
Le Deluge..........................Saint-Saens
Intermezzo: "The Jewels of the Madonna".
Wolf-Ferrari
Vorspiel..............................Wagner

Admission is free.

DISAPPROVE PRAISE OF ROBIN

Washington Bank Depositors Ask Sulzer to Disregard Petition.

Mrs. Henry Russell Drowne and ten other members of the committee appointed by the depositors of the Washington Savings Bank last October sent a letter to Gov. Sulzer yesterday, disapproving a petition signed by Charles D. Usinger, Chairman, and Augustus E. Bieser, Secretary, of the committee, in which the Banking Department was criticised as having been negligent and inefficient in liquidating the bank's affairs. The letter said:

"The statement that Joseph G. Robin 'is the only honest man in possession of all the facts who will freely and frankly disclose them' is entirely unwarranted and misleading, and directly contradicted by all the circumstances and proof connected with this exceedingly unfortunate affair.

"We would further state that, although members of this committee, we were not notified nor given an opportunity to be present at any meeting at which these two members were authorized to sign this petition, and that we feel that the matter has been consummated at the instigation of lawyers working in the interest of the said Joseph G. Robin.

"We therefore pray your Excellency to disregard these misleading and unauthorized statements, and urge that this criminal and others connected with him be held and punished, and that the Banking Department be requested to push this matter to completion as rapidly as possible, having in view the conservation of the best interests of the many poor and unfortunate depositors of the Washington Savings Bank."

DEAD IN ELEVATOR SHAFT.

Samuel Goodman, Visiting Jeweler, Supposed to Have Opened Wrong Door

Samuel Goodman, 50 years old, a jeweler of New Haven, Conn., was found dead at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the bottom of the elevator shaft in the twelve-story building at 180 Broadway. Neither the police nor the Coroner was able to learn how Goodman came to fall through the shaft, as employes in the building declared that all of the elevator doors were closed when the body was found. Both the Coroner and the police declared, however, that there was nothing suspicious about the death.

Goodman paid some bills and made several purchases among jewelers in the building yesterday. He left an office on the ninth floor, saying he was going to the washroom. Michael Roange, a porter, heard the fall, and found Goodman at the bottom of the shaft. The body was removed to the Old Slip Police Station, where it was identified by Samuel Rubenstein, 54 Maiden Lane, and Martin Klein of 180 Broadway.

Frederick Goldsmith, a diamond importer at 180 Broadway, said that Goodman was in the habit of calling at his office when in town, and that they had had lunch together yesterday. He believes that Goodman mistook the elevator door for that of a washroom.

In Goodman's clothes was found a large number of diamonds, two watches, an Elk's watch charm, and $11 in cash.

CONDEMNS REFORM SCHOOL.

Grand Jury Says Brooklyn Institution Is a Fire Trap.

The February Grand Jury of Kings County, which completed its work yesterday, handed in a presentment urging the county officials to obtain new quarters at once for the 200 boys confined in the Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School. The presentment asserted that the institution was a fire trap. Other Grand Juries have condemned the buildings of the school and the Health Department has reported that they are unsanitary.

To obtain relief for the inmates of the school, the February Grand Jury, in addition to preparing its presentment against the institution, appointed a committee to agitate through the newspapers and other sources of publicity the need of transferring the school at once to a site selected at Melville, L. I., where the boys can be housed under the "cottage" plan.

BAR ASSOCIATION ACCUSES J. C. LENNY

Appellate Division Sends Case to a Referee—Complaint Says He Brought Unfounded Actions.

ATTORNEY IN A WILL CA[illegible]

George E. Jones, His Client, Was Said to Have Coerced a Settlement from His Sister.

The Appellate Division sent to an official referee yesterday a complaint by the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association, against James C. Lenny, an attorney, of 31 Nassau Street. The committee charged Lenny with bringing unfounded actions in a will case for the purpose of compelling settlements. Lenny denied that he brought the actions in question for the purpose of forcing compromises. He was attorney for George Edwin Jones, a son of Daniel E. Jones of Chicago, who died in 1886.

When the elder Jones died he left a widow and four children by a previous marriage, who were Mrs. Harriet G. Sabin, Mrs. Mary C. Newell, William J. Jones, and George Edwin Jones. The widow died in 1905, leaving an estate of $700,000. Had she died intestate, the four stepchildren would not have been entitled to anything from her estate, nor would they if the will had been overthrown.

By her will, however, she left trust funds of $25,000 each to her two stepsons, and the bulk of her estate in equal shares to her two stepdaughters. Proceedings to upset the will were later begun by Albert H. Knapp, a grandnephew of Mrs. Jones, the Grievance Committee charged, at the instigation of Lenny and George E. Jones. Following this the complaint charged that Lenny and his two associates, knowing that certain allegations in it were false, attempted to get James W. Gregory, a nephew of Mrs. Jones, to sign a scandalous complaint against Mrs. Sabin and Mrs. Newell. Gregory, it is charged, refused to sign this complaint.

Lenny had cognizance also, the Grievance Committee asserted, of a threat made by George E. Jones to Mrs. Sabin, that a complaint containing scandalous charges against her would be filed in the Supreme Court and thus communicated to the public unless she paid him $50,000. A summons in an action for $150,000 had previously been served upon her. As a result of these threats, Mrs. Sabin agreed, the Grievance Committee alleged, to pay her brother $2,500 outright and $27,500 later.

As a part of the general scheme, the Grievance Committee charged, Lenny went to Naples to serve another summons on Mrs. Newell, who was then in Italy. It is alleged that Lenny knew no good cause existed for the suit and served the summons for the purpose of frightening Mrs. Newell. Later Mrs. Sabin refused to pay the $27,500 she had agreed to give her brother, and he brought suit to recover it. She filed a counterclaim for the $2,500 already paid him, and was victorious when the suit and counter claim came to trial.

John F. Black Estate $141,623.

The appraisal of the estate of John Fischer Black, senior member of the Cotton Exchange firm of John F. Black & Co., who died on Feb. 14, was filed yesterday, showing total assets of $141,623. His interest in the firm was estimated at $126,571. Under the terms of the will John F. Black, Jr., the son, is bequeathed a seat on the Cotton Exchange, valued at $15,000. A life interest in the residuary estate is vested in the widow, which, upon her death, falls in equal shares to the son and daughter.

BAIL DELAYING JUSTICE.

Liberty on Appeal Interferes with Seasonable Release of Convicts.

Wardens of the State Prisons have returned many prisoners to the Tombs recently, declining to accept them because their sentences would expire in the Winter months, which is illegal. The arraignment of Joseph Tuxley before Supreme Court Justice Goff yesterday disclosed that the reason was the releasing on bail of prisoners after their sentence and pending an appeal, or their detention through a similar period in the Tombs. Thus, when their cases finally have been settled, sentences imposed originally with care by the Justice that they should not expire in the Winter months, have been found to terminate within the restricted period.

Tuxley was sentenced on March 30, 1909, to not less than six years nor more than eight in State Prison for assault. He appealed and was released on bail. On last Dec. 17 the Court of Appeals confirmed his conviction and he was sent to Sing Sing. The Warden declined to receive him and Tuxley was sent back. Apparently he believed his sentence had been rendered illegal and he asked for a revision, but Justice Goff decreed that the State Prison must accept him because it was not in the power of Justice Goff to revise or alter the judgment of the Court of Appeals.

Graves Art Collection Brings $8,175.

The sale of the art collection of John L. Graves of Boston was concluded last evening at the Anderson Galleries. Interesting old jewelry, furniture, &c., was sold in the afternoon and pictures in the evening. The total returns for the sale are $8,175. The "Setting Sun," Harpignies, went to E. E. Maxwell last night for $150. He paid $60 for an oval portrait of a woman by Sir Peter Lely. E. F. Bonaventure paid $40 for the "Portrait of a Woman," artist unknown, and the Holland Galleries $35 for an "Adirondack Scene" by Samuel Coleman. A pin of gold and platinum, containing a perfect Old Mine diamond with a pendant, pear shape, a ruby and sapphire, surrounded by Old Mine diamonds, brought $100.

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$18, $20 and $22.50 Overcoats and Suits Are now	$9.50
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Trousers Reductions

$5 & $6 Trousers are now....	$3.75
$7 & $8 Trousers are now....	$4.75
$9 & $10 Trousers are now...	$5.75

Furnishings

A Dozen Standard Advertised 2 for 25c Collars for 50 Cents:

$1.50 worth of Collars..........	50c

A Dozen Shirts at the Price of Six:

$1.50, $2 and $2.50 Shirts...... Six for $4.75.	85c

Three Ties for the Price of One:

$1 English hand Seamed Knitted Neckwear........... Three for $1.00.	35c

Boys' & Children's Clothes Reductions

At 841 Broadway & 154 E. 125th St. Stores only

$7.50 and $10 Children's Overcoats. All models; 2½ to 17 years....	$3.75
$12.50 and $15 Children's Overcoats. All models; 2½ to 18 years....	$5.75
$15, $16.50 & $18 Children's Overcoats. All models; 8 to 18 yrs.	$7.75

Hats

$3 Standard Spring Derbys...	$1.75
$5 Imported Spring Derbys..	$2.65
$6 Imp. Silk-lined Derbys....	$3.65
$6 Silk and Opera Hats......	$4.00

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MARCH 2 1913
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New York American

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Following is the table of contents:

The Cover in colors, with portrait of President-elect Woodrow Wilson.

A page of photographs showing the Pilgrim Suffragettes on their march to Washington.

Photographs of types of Mexicans taking part in the civil war now in progress.

A page of photographs of picturesque and prominent figures on the New York Stage.

A page picture of Miss Florence Noyes, in costume of "Liberty," in the "Votes for Women" tableaux to be given on evening of March 3d, on the Treasury steps at Washington.

"Inauguration Day in Washington," a detailed advance description of what will happen in the Capital on March 4th, when Taft steps out and Wilson steps in, with many interesting illustrations.

"The President-elect and His Career," a two-page article concerning Woodrow Wilson, fully illustrated.

A full-page picture of "Lysistrata," the performance given in aid of the suffrage cause.

A fashion page of new hats and gowns from Paris.

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THORPE DRIVES OUT HOME RUN FOR GIANTS

Carlisle Indian Is Doing Some Long-Distance Hitting in Texas Camp.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, Feb. 28.—The Giants had two different kinds of weather for their practice to-day. A warm, bright morning followed a chilly night and then a cold wind sprang up for the afternoon festivities. It wasn't much fun playing ball in the afternoon, but Manager McGraw added an inning to the game, making his men go six instead of five innings. The Doyles or regulars were again triumphant and defeated the second team by a score of 10 to 3.

There was a stiff siege in the morning consisting of the usual batting and fielding and of workouts for the pitchers, winding up with an energetic session of sliding. Cooper, the young Texan who has made a hit with McGraw, showed marked proficiency again as a slider and Evers and Stock also took to the lessons readily. Jim Thorpe had trouble once more getting the hang of things, but was doing much better when the practice ended.

In the game the regulars had Hanley and Wiltse pitching for them and they proved more efficient as bafflers of batsmen than did Tesreau and Schupp for the other side. Hanley's work was an improvement over previous appearances. It was no fault of Tesreau's that his side lost. The big moist ball flinger used speedy "spitters," had more on the ball than any pitcher here has yet shown, and he held the opposition to four scattered hits. Cooper stung him for two of these. Schupp, the left hander, got along nicely for one inning, but was wild in the fifth inning, giving three bases on balls and being jolted for two singles and a triple and a home run in the same round. At that there would not have been as much scoring off him but for poor support and the inability of the second team to stop the base running of the regulars. The home run maker was Thorpe. The brave sent a screaming liner to the centre field fence for a genuine home run and the second the Indian has made in two successive days. It sent in two men ahead of the batter.

For the regulars the hits were made by Groh, Cooper, Doyle, Burns, Thorpe, Stock, and Hartley, and for the other side by Robertson, two; McCormick, Thompson, Robinson Jr., Robinson, Sr., and Schupp. The regulars left for Dallas at midnight and will return Monday. The score by innings:

		R.	H.	E.
McCormicks	2 0 0 0 1 0	3	7	4
Doyles	0 3 0 0 0 7	10	8	1

Batteries—Tesreau, Schupp, and Robinson; Hanley, Wiltse, and Hartley.

Chief Meyers arrived to-day, fatigued from the trip from California.

SHAFER HAS NOT SIGNED.

Young Giant Says Report Sent Out from Marlin Camp Is Untrue.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 28.—Arthur Shafer, substitute infielder of the New York Giants, who has been holding out for a higher salary than the New York Club named in two contracts sent to him, to-night denied the story sent out from the Giants' training camp at Marlin yesterday that he had signed with the team.

The story was to the effect that Shafer had wired Manager McGraw that he had signed a contract for three years and would leave here in a few days to join the team. Shafer declared to-night that there was no truth in the report. He sent a long letter to Manager McGraw to-day and in no uncertain terms explained to the New York manager just how he stood on the salary question. Neither of the contracts tendered to Shafer comes up to the expectations of the latter, and he again announced to-night that he would retire from baseball this year unless his salary demands are met.

Boston Clubs Off for Training Camps.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—The vanguards of both Boston major league baseball teams started South for the Spring training trip to-day. Only a few members of the world's champion Americans left Boston, their party at the start being composed largely of newspaper men. Other members of the team will be picked up en route, while many are to proceed direct to Hot Springs, Ark., where Manager Jake Stahl has been working out the Winter's kinks for the past week.

The Nationals got away on an evening train for New York, the first stop on the way to Athens, Ga., the fitting out grounds. Capt. Bill Sweeney headed the party out of Boston, and was assured of several additions at New York, Philadelphia, and Washington. Manager George Stallings has had half a dozen battery candidates working out on his plantation at Haddock, Ga., for the past fortnight.

The itinerary of the Boston Nationals was announced to-night as follows:

March 21, 22, Atlanta at Atlanta; 24, 25, Atlanta at Athens; 26, 27, 28, 29, Toronto at Athens; 31, April 1, Buffalo at Charlotte, N. C.; 2, 3, Richmond at Richmond; 4, 5, Washington at Washington; 7, 8, Baltimore at Baltimore.

The Braves also will play a game with an all-star team, to be captained by Ty Cobb, and for which Nap Rucker will pitch. This game will be played prior to March 21.

Manager Stallings telegraphed to the local offices to-night that Cobb, who has refused to report to the Detroit training camp pending the settlement of his demands for increased salary, is now at the Haddock plantation, working out with the Boston players who have reached there.

Senators Go South on Sunday.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The first squad of players of the Washington Americans will leave Sunday for the Spring training camp at Charlottesville, Va. Virtually all of the youngsters will be in the party, Manager Clark Griffith desiring to get a line on them before the team actually settles down to real hard preparatory work. The remainder of the players will report late next week. Several of them are already here, but will remain to review the inaugural parade.

Changes in Brooklyn Club.

The Brooklyn Baseball Club has released Pitcher Claude Williams to the Nashville club of the Southern Association and signed Pitcher B. Hall of the Ridgewood (West Va.) club. The latter will report at Augusta, Ga., on March 5.

Empire State Baseball League.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 28.—The Empire State Baseball League was organized at a meeting here to-day. The circuit will consist of teams in Auburn, Oswego, Watertown, Fulton, Geneva, and Rome. The season will open May 20 and close Labor Day. Birney F. Lynch of Syracuse was elected President of the new organization.

CHESS STARS OPPONENTS.

Capablanca Leads in Game with Marshall Adjourned Till Sunday.

Special to The New York Times.

HAVANA, Feb. 28.—With Capablanca and Marshall paired together in the tenth round of the Cuban chess tournament to-day many enthusiasts were attracted to the match. The leaders played a steady game, which, though it followed simple lines, was far from uninteresting. Capablanca had the white pieces and Marshall countered with the Petroff defense, which the two have discussed many times in match games. Thirty-three moves had been made when the time for adjournment arrived and no result had been reached. Capablanca had just a shade the better of the position, which Marshall hopes to neutralize upon resumption of play on Sunday.

Janowski and Kupchik both outplayed their Cuban opponents, Corzo and Blanco, the former winning a French defense in forty moves and the latter a Dutch defense in fifty-nine moves. Jaffe played the Morphy defense against Chajes's Ruy Lopez, and though the latter won a pawn, the game was still difficult when adjourned after forty-eight moves.

Legislator to Demonstrate Boxing.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—That ocular demonstration will aid in passing the boxing bill now before the State Legislature is the belief of Representative George C. Hilton, who drafted the bill. Representative Hilton has challenged Packey McFarland to meet him soon in a four-round exhibition before members of both houses in the arsenal at Springfield. Hilton is [illegible] and declared he is pre[illegible] of the punches [illegible] makers that boxing [illegible] in a clean, scientific [illegible] in Illinois.

MORE YANKEES SAIL.

Second Squad Will Join Manager Chance's Party on Monday.

The second squad of Yankee baseball players sailed for Bermuda early this morning and will report to Manager Chance on Monday morning. The players, including several of the veterans and many of the recruits, sailed on the Arcadian at one o'clock. The players all seemed to be in excellent condition and were anxious to begin work in the warm climate.

President Frank Farrell and Secretary Tom Davis were at the boat to see the players on their way. President Farrell will go to Bermuda next week and will stay until the end of the training season. All the players, especially the veterans, seemed pleased that Frank Chance was to manage the club this season and they all predicted that the Yankee team would be well up in the pennant race this season.

The players who sailed this morning were: Birdie Cree, Harry Wolter, and Bert Daniels, outfielders; George McConnell, Chester Hoff, Ray Caldwell, Paddy Green and Lefty Schultz, pitchers; second baseman, Ralph Young; first baseman, Malcolm Barry; shortstops, Claude Derrick, Jack Martin, Bill Stump and Douglas Harbison; third basemen, Jack Priest and Ezra Midkiff; and catcher, Bob Williams.

The players assembled at Pier 42, North River, shortly after 10 o'clock and held a reception with their friends until it was time for the boat to sail. The party will arrive on Monday morning and the whole squad will be out at practice on the Hamilton Cricket Field on Monday afternoon.

During the past five days, Manager Chance has been working the pitchers and catchers who are already in Bermuda easily and he expects that they will be ready for light work in games by next Tuesday, when the Jersey City Club of the International Association arrives at the islands. Chance believes in working his pitchers slowly and he expects that the flingers will show better results because of an easy and gradual system of development.

Although the opening of the baseball season in this city is almost a month away, the work of getting the Polo Grounds in shape has already been started. One of the innovations at the baseball park this season will be a new electric scoreboard. This board will not only show the line-up and batteries, but will also flash the changes in the line-up, the balls and strikes, fouls—in fact, every play that takes place. The board will be placed in left centre field and the centre field bleachers will be painted green to make a dark background for the batsmen. The board will be of the latest type, the same as that placed at the Cincinnati ball park last season. An agent for the concern which makes the scoreboard arrived here last night and work on the bulletin will commence to-day.

Groundkeeper John Murphy, who went to Marlin, Texas, a few months ago to get the Giants' training ball park in condition, has completed his work and is now on his way to New York. He will arrive here in a few days to get the diamond and outfield at the Polo Grounds in shape for the opening of the season.

After the world's series games last season, the field at the Polo Grounds was filled in and resodded, but the new grass will need much coaxing to be in shape for the first game on April 10. The turf isn't the only thing which interests Mr. Murphy, because he is also contemplating laying out new flower beds and shrubbery, which will tend to beautify the park.

A new clubhouse for the Yankees is being built at the Polo Grounds and the steel and concrete work has already been completed. The shower baths for the players are now being installed. The Yankee players will have this clubhouse to themselves while the visiting American League players will use the clubhouse of the visiting National League players.

Judging from the demand which is being made on the office of the Giants for season boxes, the coming season promises to be the most popular in baseball. Secretary Foster said yesterday that the demand for season box seats up to the present time had been much larger than in any previous season. The club is first taking care of its regular patrons, who have had boxes for many seasons. As there is a much larger supply of boxes in the new park than in the old establishment, the club thus far has been able to supply all the applicants.

The new Long Island City Club of the new Inter-State League yesterday made formal application to President Charles H. Ebbets of Brooklyn for permission to have a team within the limits of the territory of the Brooklyn Club. George Morton of the Long Island City team will also apply to President Lynch of the National League for permission to establish a club in that city.

Long Island City is within the territorial rights of the Brooklyn Club and no minor league, under the rules of organized baseball, can invade this territory without the consent of the league. Mr. Ebbets will refer the question to the league presidents for final action.

ST. JOHN'S VICTORIOUS.

Manhattan College Loses Basket Ball Game to Brooklyn Boys.

St. John's College of Brooklyn basket ball team closed its season last night by defeating the Manhattan College quintet in their annual game decided on the former's court by the score of 33 to 22. This makes the fourth consecutive victory that the Brooklyn team has won over their rivals in as many years. The St. John's College team has closed one of the most successful seasons of its history.

In the game last night the St. John's representatives displayed their superiority early and outclassed their opponents from the start. In the opening half by superior passing and more accurate shooting, the home team managed to have the score in their favor when the whistle was blown, by 22 to 11.

Neither team did much scoring in the second period, each adding eleven points to their total, but some fast playing was witnessed. Crenny and Molloy were the star players for the victors, each scoring five goals from the field, while the former added one foul goal to his collection. For Manhattan College the playing of McCann was the feature. He displayed good all-around ability and tallied six field goals and two from foul. The line-up:

St. John's.	Position.	Manhattan.
Driscoll	Right forward	McCann
Casey	Left forward	F. Ward
Molloy	Centre	Duffy
Crenny	Right guard	Houlihan
Burchell	Left guard	Doyle

Substitutions—For St. John's: Carney for Driscoll; McCree for Casey; Mahony for Molloy. For Manhattan: McGinity for F. Ward; Doyle for Duffy; Suarez for Doyle. Goals from the field—Driscoll, 1; Casey, 1; Molloy, 5; Crenny, 5; Burchell, 3; McCann, 6; Ward, 3; McGinity, 1. Goals from foul—Casey, 2; Crenny, 1; McCann, 2. Referee—Tom Thorpe, Columbia University. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Lowenbein Wins Three Events.

The annual interclass games between the third and fourth forms of Columbia Grammar School were won yesterday by the latter by the score of 34 to 2. Four events were decided, three of which were won by Alvin Lowenbein, who finished first in the standing broad jump, running high jump, and starting events. S. Snoddy won the remaining event for the fourth form. The summaries:

Standing Broad Jump.—Won by Alvin Lowenbein; Herbert Moeller, second; Stephen Nordlinger, third.

Running High Jump.—Won by Alvin Lowenbein; Richard Moeller, second; Alfred Cohen, third.

Starting.—Won by Alvin Lowenbein; Chester Goldfish, second; Herbert Moeller, third.

Putting the 8-Pound Shot.—Won by S. Shoddy; Herbert Moeller, second; G. Rosenberger, third.

Veteran Wallace Signs Contract.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 28.—Rhoderick Wallace, the veteran shortstop of the St. Louis American League Baseball team, affixed his name to-day to a 1913 contract, the eighteenth annual major league contract he has signed.

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WAGSTAFFE'S SLASH WINS HOCKEY GAME

Squadron A Defeats Seventh Regiment in Extra-Period Contest on Ice.

A reckless drive made by Wagstaffe during a scrimmage in an extra period scored the winning goal for Squadron A in their annual hockey match last night with the Seventh Regiment at St. Nicholas Rink. The goal gave the squadron team the victory by 3 goals to 2. Wagstaffe was not a regular member of the squadron team, but had been sent in as a substitute during the latter part of the game. He showed a willingness to get into the hottest part of the contest, but he lacked the speed and playing abilities of his team mates. But it was his intense earnestness of purpose that secured the victory for his team, as he was outside the circle of scrimmage and skated wildly into the midst of the struggling players, when he tallied the winning point.

The rink for the evening assumed a military aspect. The colors of both military organizations decorated the four galleries, while a squadron trumpeter sounded the start and finish and when time was taken out, instead of the usual bell being used. It was a social event, as many persons prominent in all walks of life enjoyed the contest, while groups of ex-Colonels and other former officers added to the interest of the occasion.

It was not a scientific game. There were lots of offside plays, tripping was frequent, and checking took on the form of rough-and-tumble work. There was little attempt at team work, as every player was out for an individual record, and as a result some one or the other player hit the ice with a dull thud every few seconds. Russell Peabody, the St. Nicholas star, played an excellent game, but he had little assistance from his team mates. The score was 2 to 1 in favor of Squadron A, at the end of the first half, but the Seventh players improved in the second period and tied the score, making an extra period necessary.

Between the halves a handicap half-mile race was held, which was won by Phil Kearney, from scratch, who beat out W. Burkholder, the other back mark man, by three inches. Miss Duncan and Mr. Sammis gave an exhibition of continental figure and fancy skating.

Lack of team work was apparent from the start, and the players on each side indulged in a free-for-all contest. The mounted boys at once began an attack on the seventh goal, but J. Washburn, the tender, was alert and held his net safe for some time. Persistency won for the squadron boys, and from a scrimmage Hemphill scored the first goal. This spurred the Seventh forwards, and the play was carried into the opposite territory, where Peabody made two ineffectual attempts to score. Shortly after Shiland, the former Columbia star, had an open shot, but it went wide of the mark. Cattus, who a few years ago was a member of the Yale hockey team, tried his hand at shooting, but the effort showed the lack of practice. The puck was sent all over the ice, frequently in the opposite direction to that intended. Shiland of Columbia, who is also a Squadron man, made a clever dodging run, but lost the rubber when in front of the Seventh Regiment goal. There was a noticeable improvement in the playing of several of the men as the game progressed. Peabody made a pretty run and dodged the Squadron players. He made a clean shot, but Williams made a pretty stop. Van Vechten came along the ice full tilt and caught the puck on the rebound and tallied the first point for the Seventh Regiment, equalizing the score.

The score did not remain tied for any length of time, as the Squadron forwards carried the rubber to their opponents' territory, where from a scrimmage Ballin sent the puck into the net, putting the Squadron into the lead once more. Considerable rough work followed, when Johnson was penalized two minutes for tripping. The remainder of the half witnessed some fast hockey.

Cattus opened the second half with a good run the entire length of the rink, but he found no one to pass the puck to when he neared the Squadron goal. A lively mixup followed in front of the regimental net, during which four players fell in front of the goal keeper and kept the puck out of the danger zone. Peabody made a good run and followed with a shot, but Williams was attending to his duties and saved for his side. The first real excitement came with a determined assult on the regimental goal. Nearly every man on the Squadron team made an effort to net the puck, but player after player went down, until finally the play was carried to midfield again. Back and forth the rubber was carried until Peabody, who had carried his whole team, found an opening and shot a goal unaided, again making the score even. Washburn made a number of excellent stops from long shots. There was no further scoring in this period and an extra session followed.

Both teams redoubled their efforts when play was resumed, and the players became reckless in their desire to score. During a scrimmage in front of the Seventh's goal, Wagstaffe, who had been sent in as a substitute, made a swing at the puck and scored for the Squadron. The line-up:

Squadron A.	Position.	7th Regiment.
Williams	Goal	F. Washburn
Ballin	Point	M. Washburn
Johnson	Cover point	Cattus
Shiland	Rover	Peabody
Chapman	Centre	Van Vechten
Hemphill	Left wing	Strouthers, Millett
Howard	Right wing	Willis

Goals—First period: Hemphill, Squadron A; Van Vechten, Seventh Regiment; Ballin, Squadron A. Second half: Peabody, Seventh Regiment; Wagstaff, Squadron A. Referee—Roger Hardy, St. Nicholas Hockey Club. Assistant referee—Frank Freeman, St. Nicholas Hockey Club. Time of halves—Twenty minutes and an extra period.

Basket Ball Results.

EMMITSBURG, Md., Feb. 28.—Mount St. Mary's basket ball team defeated Lebanon Valley here to-day by a score of 41 to 19.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 28.—In a close game here to-day the East Orange High School tied the Montclair High School for the championship of the Northern New Jersey interscholastic at basket ball. The score was 29 to 27.

"Pro" Wrestlers on Mat.

A departure from the usual run of athletic entertainment will be staged in the gymnasium of the New York A. C. to-night, when a series of seven professional wrestling bouts will be held for the members and their guests. The first match will bring together B. Hansen, champion of Norway, and Jack McLeod, champion of Canada, at catch-as-catch-can style, best two out of three falls. Following this bout, H. Lundin, champion of Sweden, and M. Henderson, champion of Vermont, will try conclusions. The third bout will have Hanson and Henderson as the principals. The fourth match will have William Bingham, champion of England, and J. Rusek as the performers in a contest in jiu jitsu style in which Bingham has agreed to make his opponent acknowledge defeat twice within fifteen minutes. The feature event will be that between Stanislaus Zbyszko, the giant Pole, weighing 245 pounds, and Paul Sampson, champion of Germany, who tips the beam at 265 pounds, best two out of three falls at catch-as-catch-can, limited to forty minutes. The sixth bout will be between Lundin and Henderson, and the final with Zbyszko and Sampson.

Fencing at French Y. M. C. A.

The annual fencing exhibition of the French Branch, Y. M. C. A., will be held in the association gymnasium, 109 West Fifty-fourth Street, to-night. The Fencers' Club, New York Turn Verein, and the New York Athletic Club will be represented, and several fencing masters of this city have promised to take part in the exhibition. The Fencers' Club of the French Branch, Y. M. C. A., is now eight years old and has twenty-five men enrolled. M. Capdevielle has had charge of the club since its beginning.

NEW BOXING CLUB RULE.

Clubs Must Post Notice of Change in Main Bouts at Ticket Window.

The most important boxing regulation, from the standpoint of the enthusiast who pays to see an advertised show, that has yet been adopted by the State Athletic Commission was passed at yesterday's meeting, the object being to protect patrons who pay to see certain boxers in action. The new rule makes it compulsory for clubs to post notices of any changes in their programme over the box office window, so that patrons may know before entering the club who will appear. The new regulation is as follows:

"Any boxer under contract or agreement with a club to appear or compete who discovers that it is impossible, for any reason whatsoever, to appear or compete, shall immediately notify the club, and the club shall immediately post notice to that effect over the box office windows, and give public notice of same through the press."

The rule is the result of the dissatisfaction that has been occasioned, especially during the last two months, when changes in the programmes were not announced to the spectators until the time for the star bouts to go on. Several clubs have given patrons the choice of getting their money back or witnessing a substitute bout, but generally the club takes no such stand.

In the all-star shows, which have been quite numerous in New York for several months, the substituting has been carried on in a wholesale manner, and twice within a month four of the six advertised star boxers have failed to appear.

The new ruling of the commission does not deal with one bout alone, but it covers whatever contests are scheduled as ten-round affairs, as these bouts are the features of the card. The matter of posting the names of substitute boxers is left to the option of the promoters, but it is likely that they will post these names. They must, however, announce when any advertised boxer cannot appear.

The commission took up the case of Fred McKay, the Canadian heavyweight who boxed Arthur Pelky at the Forty-fourth Street Sporting Club on Thursday night, going into the ring with a heavily bandaged arm, which was broken some time ago. McKay's work during the ten rounds indicated that the injured arm was in no condition for boxing, and the commission decided that such an exhibition was an imposition on the public, as well as an infringement of the commission's regulation stipulating that all contestants must be in good physical condition. All the officials of the club, together with the club physician, whose duty it was to pass on McKay's condition before the bout, will be summoned to appear at next week's meeting for a hearing.

A license was granted to the Nonpareil Athletic Club of Brooklyn, and the Colonial City A. C. of Yonkers was allowed to change its headquarters.

ATHLETES HOLD SMOKER.

Members of Metropolitan Life A. A. Give Entertainment.

Athletes of the Metropolitan Life Insurance A. A. held their third annual wrestling and athletic entertainment in combination with a smoker last night in the assembly room of the building at Twenty-third Street and Fourth Avenue, with a bumper attendance of members and their guests, all of whom apparently well appreciated the various numbers provided. Under the management of George L. Fisher, a former well-known athlete, the whole affair, particularly the sports end, proved a decided success.

After a dozen numbers of vaudeville of very good class had been disposed of, Jack Niflot, the former champion of America at catch-as-catch-can wrestling, and who represented the United States at Athens in 1906, took the mat with Bobby Clarke, a Southern exponent of the game. The latter outweighed Niflot by probably twenty pounds and gave the former titleholder all the opposition he wanted when he assumed the aggressive.

The pair tried every conceivable hold known to the "grappling" experts, and each escaped what looked like falls numerous times. After twenty-two minutes, however, the New Yorker got a half-Nelson and crotch hold which his heavier opponent failed to break and was declared the winner.

Will Bingham, the middleweight English wrestler and expert of jiu-jitsu style, tried conclusions with Aryo Toko, a son of Nippon, and delighted the crowd with the exhibitions of ground and lofty tumbling without which no jiu-jitsu contest would be complete. The Englishman finally made the Japanese cry quits, which announcement was made by his frantically slamming his right hand to the floor just before being put out with a strangle hold, which is not barred in the rules of the game.

CHICAGO BOWLERS LEAD.

Buffalo May Be Selected for Next Place to Hold Tournament.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Feb. 28.—A general revision of the leaders in the two-man and the individual events took place this afternoon in the American Bowling Congress tournament. Charles Carleson and Charles Mountain of Chicago rolled a total of 1,277 in the doubles, while Howley, also of Chicago, became the leader in the individual events with a score of 645. Radyl-Kalicek of Chicago went into second place with a score of 1,216. In the Carleson-Mountain duo Mountain totaled 690, which is the second highest mark ever made in a two-man event in an American Bowling Congress tournament.

Degan and Grace of Buffalo showed consistent work in their two-man events, but failed to get among the leaders. Degan, in the singles, however, bowled a strong game, landing in third place with 636.

Buffalo will entertain the bowlers in 1914, according to the impression of the delegates when they closed their annual business session this afternoon.

Peoria, Ill., had presented a letter asking for the next tournament, but no representatives were present to press their wishes. The selection of next year's meeting place was left to the Executive Committee. Many of the new members of this committee expressed themselves as favoring Buffalo for political reasons. They declare it will have the effect of bringing the Eastern and Western bowlers together.

Cleveland bowlers to-day accepted the delegates' decision against the loaded ball and will not secede as they threatened to do. William Agnew, newly elected Third Vice President, announced that he and the other Cleveland delegates only sought harmony and would abide by the convention decision.

Judge Howard, President, Chicago; A. L. Langley, Secretary, Milwaukee, and Frank L. Pasdeloup, Treasurer, Chicago, were re-elected unanimously. The same action was taken on the following new officers and Executive Committee: First Vice President—Edward J. Ryan, Detroit, Mich.; Second Vice President—Robert W. Brown, Louisville, Ky.; Third Vice President—William Agnew, Cleveland, Ohio.

Members of the Executive Committee—Charles M. Barker, St. Louis, Mo.; W. G. Cook, Philadelphia; A. G. R. Darling, Montreal; Frank Fox, Indianapolis, Ind.; G. O. Francisco, Denver, Col.; J. C. Gazzolo, Toledo; F. W. Gosewisch, St. Paul; T. G. Helmerichs, Washington, D. C.; M. R. Huntington, Omaha, Neb.; John Koerner, Milwaukee; George C. Lowe, Kansas City; L. F. Lytle, Columbus, Ohio; H. C. MacClelland, Dayton, Ohio; William F. Mangsen, Cincinnati; D. G. Morgan, Jr., Wheeling, West Va.; C. C. Ryan, Kenosha, Wis.; H. G. Schunk, Sioux City, Iowa; Louis Seethaler, Pittsburgh; John T. Smith, Buffalo; A. J. Thieme, Peoria, Ill.

A new record for five-men teams in A. B. C. tournaments was rolled to-night by the Overlands of Toledo, who totaled 2,992. The former record was held by the Lipmans of Chicago of 2,962, made in that city in 1909.

Otis Breaks Losing Streak.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 28.—Charles Otis of Brooklyn broke his losing streak by defeating Stanley Leschin of Kansas City in a National Billiard League three-cushion game to-night. The score was 50 to 42. Otis had a high run of four and Leschin five. The game went 80 innings.

COLUMBIA ATHLETES HAVE BIG NIGHT

Blue and White Swimmers Win, So Do the Fencers, but the Gymnasts Lose.

Columbia defeated the College of the City of New York in both swimming and water polo in a dual meet held in the Columbia pool last night. Columbia captured the swimming contests by the score of 34 to 19 and took the water polo game by 40 to 0. By winning the relay race Columbia got off with an eight-point lead and the City College swimmers could not overtake them. Culman was a big point winner for the Columbians, and his victory in the fifty-yard swim was the best race of the evening.

The Columbia swimmer got a bad start and was a yard behind McGrath of the City College and Coope of his own team when he struck the water. In the first fifty feet, however, he overhauled McGrath inch by inch and at the turn was slightly in the lead. On the home stretch the C. C. N. Y. man made a desperate effort to sprint and outgame Culman, but the strain was too much and Coope slid into second place within a yard or two of the finish.

Culman was largely responsible for Columbia's victory in the relay race, and his splendid swimming brought the time for the relay down to a record mark for the slow Columbia pool. In the hundred Culman won as he pleased.

Kottek of the home team showed that he had regained some of his early season's form and won with a plunge of 66 feet; Berman of C. C. N. Y., reputed to be one of the best fancy divers in collegiate circles, was defeated by Barrett of Columbia. Summary:

50-Yard Swim.—Won by F. Culman, Columbia; J. F. Coope, Columbia, second; H. McGrath, College City of New York, third. Time 26 2-5 seconds.

600-Foot Relay Race.—Won by Columbia with H. S. Osgood, T. H. Barrett, J. F. Coope, and F. Culman; College of the City of New York second, with J. Reimer, H. McGrath, M. Kilpatrick, and S. Nussbaum. Time, 1 minute 53 2-5 seconds.

220-Yard Swim.—Won by E. Reimer, C. C. N. Y.; H. S. Osgood, Columbia, second; S. Nussbaum, C. C. N. Y., third. Time, 2 minutes 49 2-5 seconds.

Fancy Dive.—Won by T. H. Barrett, Columbia, with 164 points; G. Berman, C. C. N. Y., second, with 149 points; N. O'Connell, C. C. N. Y., third, with 107 points.

100-Yard Swim.—Won by F. Culman, Columbia; E. Reimer, C. C. N. Y., second; H. McGrath, C. C. N. Y., third. Time, 1 minute 3 seconds.

Plunge for Distance.—Won by H. Kottek, Columbia, with 66 feet; F. Jones, C. C. N. Y., second, 59 feet 6 inches; A. C. Smith, Columbia, third, 57 feet.

Interscholastic 100-Yard Swim.—Won by Bennett, St. Paul's School; Stevens, Lawrenceville, second; Clayborn, Erasmus, third. Time, 1 minute 2 4-5 seconds.

WATER POLO.

Columbia.	Position.	C. C. N. Y.
Kohlbusch	Goal	Hartmann
Pulleyn	Left back	Nussbaum
Gardner	Right back	Rosenbaum
Mouquin	Centre	Feinberg
Maze	Left forward	Lansmann
Bissell	Right forward	Erdofy

Goals—Mouquin, 4; Maze, 2; Bissell, Gardner.

Columbia had little trouble in disposing of the Cornell fencing team in a dual meet in the Columbia gymnasium last night by the score of 6 to 3. Columbia won all three bouts in the first round, and the outcome was practically settled then and there, for the best the Cornellians could do in the second round was to win one bout.

Capt. Clough of the Columbia trio fenced in wonderful form and won his three bouts in faultless style. In the last round he had to fight hard to beat Sibert of Cornell, but finally conquered after an extra period by a score of 9 touches to 8. His victory in the first round over Capt. O'Connor of the Cornell team came as a surprise, for it was not thought that he had the requisite strength to withstand the heavy lunges of the Ithacan. He parried well, however, and after getting a slight advantage in the first two minutes held his own in the final period.

The most fiercely contested bout of the evening was between Northrup of Columbia and Sibert, which the former won after three periods. Summary:

First Round.—N. A. Clough, Columbia, defeated F. B. O'Connor, Cornell, 4—3; L. H. F. Mouquin, Columbia, defeated H. W. Sibert, Cornell, 5—4; J. H. Northrup, Columbia, defeated H. A. Wadman, Cornell, 5—3.

Second Round.—F. B. O'Connor, Cornell, defeated L. H. F. Mouquin, Columbia, 5—0; J. H. Northrup, Columbia, defeated H. W. Sibert, Cornell, 9—8; N. A. Clough, Columbia, defeated H. A. Wadman, Cornell, 7—5.

Third Round.—F. B. O'Connor, Cornell, defeated J. H. Northrup, Columbia, 5—2; N. A. Clough, Columbia, defeated H. W. Sibert, Cornell, 9—8; H. A. Wadman, Cornell defeated M. L. Culver, Columbia, 10—2.

New York University defeated the Columbia gymnasts in a dual meet that was held in the gymnasium on Morningside Heights last night, by a score of 33 to 21. The Columbians were weak in the tumbling, the last event on the programme, and did not show their expected strength in the side horse, so that the points the New York University athletes gathered in these two branches gave them the meet rather easily, despite the fact that the Blue and White did well in the other events.

P. P. Bhadkramar, an East Indian student on the Columbia team, carried off the individual honors, though he is just recovering from an injured wrist. The little Indian captured the horizontal and parallel bars in easy fashion, defeating George Cremar of New York, an intercollegiate champion. Cremar was second in both the horizontal and parallel bars and won in the side horse.

Abramowitz, the only Columbia representative in the tumbling and side horse, was suffering from a wrenched shoulder, but managed to get third in each. Summary:

Horizontal Bar.—Won by I. P. Bhadkamker, Columbia; G. Cremar, New York University, second; W. L. H. Doyle, Columbia, third.

Side Horse.—Won by G. Cremar, New York University; W. R. McAdam, New York University, second; W. H. Abramowitz, Columbia, third.

Parallel Bars—Won by P. P. Bhadkamkar, Columbia; G. Cremar, New York University, second; J. B. Coleman, Columbia, third.

Club Swinging.—Won by R. W. Dutcher, New York University; J. H. Sengstaken, Columbia, second; S. F. Houghton, Columbia, third.

Flying Rings.—Won by S. M. Kopchovsky, New York University; W. L. H. Doyle, Columbia, second; W. R. McAdam, New York University, third.

Tumbling.—Won by H. Kannard, New York University; B. Saul, New York University, second; W. H. Abramowitz, Columbia, third.

Gibson Sees Britton Train.

Billy Gibson, manager of the Garden A. C., made a trip to Rye yesterday afternoon to see Jack Britton in training for his bout with Packey McFarland at Madison Square Garden next Friday night. Britton boxed six lively rounds with Jack Denning and went through the usual bag punching and rope skipping exercise. Britton is only a few pounds overweight, and is not worrying any on this score. He is also brimming with confidence that he will gain the honors over McFarland.

BOY SCOUTS AT SHOW.

Young America Displays Knowledge of Field Tactics.

Interest in the Sportsmen's Show at Madison Square Garden was kept very much alive yesterday by the presence, among others, of more than 500 Boy Scouts, who gave demonstrations of their skill in their special lines of activity under the command of A. R. Forbush, Deputy Field Scout Commissioner, with the result that there were many inquiries by adults in the crowd of onlookers as to the best ways and means of organizing new troops.

Among the features of the work of the lads as shown yesterday was that of the building of a signal tower by a troop of boys from Long Island, following which two of the lads scaled to the top and wigwagged to scouts in other portions of the building. This proceeding was eagerly watched by members of the Signal Corps, who asserted that the boys showed much proficiency in their work.

Still another troop from Plainfield, under the leadership of Allen E. Beals, showed their cleverness at wall-scaling, and gave a suitable demonstration of speed at clearing a ten-foot wall with a detachment of twenty-five boys.

The competitive side of the programme arranged for the day was instrumental in bringing to the front among the trapshooters A. B. (Andy) Brickner, a seventy-year-old enthusiast from Newton, N. J., who led his opponents of all ages with a tally of fifty straight "kills."

Mr. Brickner used an old-fashioned heavy double-barreled shotgun that he has used for many years, and with which he won the championship of New Jersey in a contest among amateurs when most of his opponents were boys. Jessie Thorpe, 15 years old, from Mount Vernon, again displayed her ability with the gun by breaking over thirty of a possible fifty. J. H. Hendrickson of Jamaica, a member of the American Olympic trap-shooting team which won at Stockholm, had to be content with a tally of 42, while M. W. Wynne of the seventh Regiment broke 48 of a possible 50.

Among the anglers, A. J. Marsh won the accuracy bait contest with 99 per cent., while W. A. Chanler was second with 93 per cent., and D. T. Abercrombie finished third with a percentage of 93. H. A. Chanler made an average of 80 per cent. in the distance bait contest rather easily, winning from D. T. Abercrombie and S. T. Going, who scored 66 per cent. and 53 per cent., respectively.

Among the schoolboys the bone of contention in the shooting line was the standard bearers' match for teams of eight, with the highest possible score 1,600. Morris High tallied 1,412 and carried off the honors. The best individual scores were made by R. Pickett, who made 89 standing and 95 prone; Hirshon, High School of Commerce, 87 and 94, and McKeon, Bryant High, 87 and 94. The team scores follow:

	Standing.	Prone.	Total.
Morris High School	691	721	1,412
De Witt Clinton	686	706	1,392
Stuyvesant	657	733	1,390
H. S. of Commerce	660	717	1,387
Bryant	653	711	1,364
Manual Training	668	690	1,358
Morris H. S. (2d team)	640	699	1,339
Curtis High	657	681	1,338

NEW ENGLAND GAMES.

Halpin, Hedlund, and Drew Among Winners at Boston.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—New England indoor track and field championships in ten events were decided to-night at Mechanics' Hall. No records were broken, but there were several good performances. H. Barwis of the Boston Athletic Association leaped 6 feet 2¼ inches in winning the high jump. Fellow club members captured five other events. Joseph G. Silva ran away with his field in the five-mile run, winning in 26 minutes 51 1-5 seconds.

In the mile run Oscar F. Hedlund showed his heels to the field and won in the comparatively slow time of 4 minutes 32 seconds. T. J. Halpin, the National and Canadian quarter-mile champion, won the 600-yard run in 1 minute 16 4-5 seconds. Fred Burns captured the 300-yard run, time 35 2-5 seconds, and E. T. Marceau romped away with the 1,000-yard run, covering the distance in 2 minutes 23 2-5 seconds, without being passed.

Howard P. Drew of Springfield High School, a member of the last Olympic team, brushed past his field in the 40-yard dash, a clear winner in 4 4-5 seconds. J. B. Cummings of Harvard captured the 45-yard high hurdles, time 6 1-5 seconds.

The three standing jumps event was won by F. K. S. Sumner of Waltham, with 32 feet 6½ inches, and J. C. Lawlor of Fort Warren put the 16-pound shot 42 feet ½ inch for the championship in that event.

TIGERS WIN IN TANK.

Capture Water Polo Championship in Game with Pennsylvania.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 28.—Princeton won the intercollegiate water polo title here to-night and achieved a decisive swimming victory over the University of Pennsylvania by a 31 to 22 score. The Tiger swimmers assumed the lead in the swimming meet by taking the relay and maintained it by taking three more first places. Capt. Cross was the leading winner with firsts in the 100 and 220-yard swims and a close victor in the relay. Shoemaker plunged seventy feet for Pennsylvania and Robinson of Princeton tasted his first defeat of the season in this event.

The spectacular formations of Capt. Wight's water polo players swept the Tigers to a clear claim to the championship honors. Twenty-five points were rolled up in the first half and the second half was shortened at Pennsylvania's request. Summary:

Relay Race.—First: Princeton, (Barnes, Hessenbruch, Green, Cross;) second: Penn, (Shyrock, Gest, Lawrence, Auerbacher.) Time, 2:33.

Fancy Dive.—First, Brazelton, Princeton, 173 points; second, Jamison, Penn, 161 points; third, Meyers, Princeton, 149¼.

50-Yard Swim.—First, Auerbacker, Penn; second, Green, Princeton; third, Lawrence, Penn, Time, 27 seconds.

220-Yard Swim.—First, Cross, Princeton; second, Shyrock, Penn; third, Kramer, Penn. Time, 2:41 2-5.

Plunge for Distance.—First, Shoemaker, Penn, distance 70 feet 6 inches; second, Robinson, Princeton, distance 64 feet 6 inches; third, Platz, Penn, distance 62 feet 6 inches.

100-Yard Swim.—First, Cross, Princeton; second, Auerbacker, Penn; third, Green, Princeton. Time, 59 2-5 seconds.

Judges, Lewis Handley, New York Athletic Club, and Dr. Manley, Penn. Starter, Keene Fitzpatrick, Princeton.

WATER POLO.

Princeton.	Position.	Penn.
Wight	Right forward	Marey
Robinson	Left forward	Shyrock
Hessenbruch	Centre	Bacharach
Ill, Butler	Right back	Jamison
Lowe	Left back	Irons
Bartlett	Goal	Lewis

Goals—Wight, 2; Hessenbruch, 4; Bartlett, Robinson, Marcy, 2. Time of halves—Eight minutes each.

Yale Downs Harvard Wrestlers.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 28.—Yale's wrestling team defeated Harvard to-night, winning all of the seven bouts.

NEW RECORD RUN IN CLASS B BILLIARDS

H. A. Coleman Makes a String of 65 Points, Beating Muldaur, 300 to 246.

STANDING OF THE PLAYERS.

	W.	L.	High Run.	High Ave.	P.C.
H. A. Coleman	3	0	65	7 6-42	1.000
G. P. B. Clarke	2	0	47	6 42-48	1.000
C. D. Conway	1	1	38	9 3-33	.500
L. Blake	1	2	38	8 12-36	.333
M. Muldaur	1	3	42	6 9-35	.250
C. G. Baxter	0	2	23	4 21-41	.000

A new record for a Class B billiard championship tournament was established last night at Paul's Riverside Academy in Harlem, in the eighth game of the present tournament, which brought together H. A. Coleman and Mark Muldaur. In the forty-seventh inning, with Muldaur leading, 213 to 212, Coleman took his turn at the table and ran off a string of 65 points. The previous record for Class B championship play was 63, made by Walter Leonard in the 1912 tournament. The long run put Coleman in position to run out four innings later, the final score being 300 to 246. The winner made an average of 5 45-51, and besides the record run he had runs of 33 and 22. Muldaur averaged 4 42-51, and made runs of 35, 30, and 26.

The victory was the third in succession for Coleman, who begins to loom up as the probable winner of the tournament. His play in the early stages of the game was quite erratic, but in the closing innings he regained his stroke and exhibited some high-class billiards. This was especially true while he was making his record run. No less than seven times he separated the ivories in a way which promised to bring an end to his run, but each time he was equal to the occasion, and by a clever draw shot or well-played carrom he kept the run in motion and brought the ivories together. He finally missed on a one-cushion carrom shot which was far less difficult than some which he had previously made.

Coleman got away to the lead in the second inning, and in the twenty-ninth inning he led by 75 points. Then Muldaur began to gain, and in the fortieth inning went ahead for the first time. After Coleman made his run in the forty-seventh inning Muldaur did not threaten him. The score by innings:

Coleman—2 2 5 6 8 12 7 0 0 0 0 5 0 0 14 0 22 0 0 0 5 3 19 5 17 6 8 15 33 4 1 0 5 0 2 0 1 4 0 9 9 3 3 0 2 1 65 13 6 0 4—300. Average, 5 45-51.

Muldaur—2 0 0 0 0 1 0 5 8 0 0 6 3 3 13 0 10 0 1 1 2 0 3 10 30 0 1 1 1 27 1 35 0 2 1 0 4 1 4 29 1 0 0 1 1 7 0 18 5 7 3—246. Average, 4 42-51.

Ledyard Blake, whose work Tuesday night in his match with Mark Muldaur easily surpassed the performances of all competitors in the five previous games, proved an easy victim for C. D. Conway in the afternoon game yesterday. Conway won in thirty-three innings by the score of 300 to 147, the most decisive victory yet scored in the tournament. Incidentally, Conway hung up a new average record for the present tournament when he established a mark of 9 3-33. His high run was 31. Blake made a high run of 30 and made an average of 4 15-33. It was Conway's first victory, but he is still regarded as a dangerous competitor as his defeat at Coleman's hands Friday afternoon was by the narrow margin of nine points.

Conway held the lead at every stage of the game, except the sixth inning. He got away to a run of 25 in the first inning after Blake had scored 10, but dropped behind, 46 to 39, in the sixth, when Blake showed his most consistent work of the game, and clicked off 35 points in three successive innings. Conway forged ahead again in the seventh inning, and did not lose the lead again, although Blake's lead of 30 in the twelfth inning put him close behind his opponent. At twenty innings Conway led, 163 to 105, and five innings later he was in front, 220 to 108. When he went to the table for his thirty-third inning Conway needed points to win, and he promptly clicked off the required number.

Conway played winning billiards all the way. In only five of his thirty-three innings did he fail to score, despite several "tough" breaks which his opponent left. Twelve times his scores ran into double figures, six times for twenty or more points. His position play left little to be desired. On the other hand, Blake was most erratic and showed no such control of the ivories as featured his work in Thursday night's game. Many of his misses were on the easiest kind of shots and came when it seemed that he would get the spheres in position for long runs. The score by innings:

C. D. Conway—25 6 0 1 3 4 22 20 11 1 0 9 0 8 8 4 0 23 18 0 22 1 14 8 12 8 15 1 10 6 5 4 31.—300. Average—9 3-33.

L. Blake—10 0 1 13 8 14 0 0 9 0 0 30 0 9 9 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 2 0 0 3 0 3 4 19 7 0 3.—147. Average—4 15-33.

Referee—Mr. Alex. Field.

To-day's schedule calls for an afternoon game between G. P. B. Clarke and C. G. Baxter. No game will be played to-night.

Barnard School Games To-day.

The twenty-third annual meet of the Barnard School for Boys is to be held in the Eighth Regiment Armory, Ninety-fourth Street and Madison Avenue, this afternoon. Barnard has received the sanction of the High School Games Committee and the P. S. A. L., and the public schools will be largely represented. Entries have been received from four States, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, and Connecticut. The schools that have entered are as follows: Pingry, Hill School, Pottstown, Penn., Manor, Poply Preparatory, Curtis, De Witt Clinton, Manhattan Preparatory, East Orange High School, Richmond Hill High School Mamaroneck, Central High, Mackenzie, Englewood, Erasmus High School, Brooklyn Preparatory, Mount Vernon High School, Horace Mann, De Lancey School, New York Preparatory School, Bryant High School, Bloomfield High School, Evening High School, Cathedral School, Xavier Preparatory, Heathcote School, Harrison High School, Barringer High School, Flushing High School, Hamilton Hartford, besides the entries of the elementary schools of the city.

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FRIEDMANN TO BEGIN TREATMENTS MONDAY

German Physician, After Much Trouble, Gets Office Near Waldorf for Tuberculosis Clinic.

TO TREAT RICH AND POOR

Doctor, Through His Press Agent, Refuses to Give Names of Physicials Who Will Watch His Cases.

Dr. Frederick Franz Friedmann, the German physician whose assertion that he had discovered a cure for tuberculosis aroused interest throughout the world, announced through his press agent last night that he had rented an office at 339 Fifth Avenue, across from the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, and that at 8 o'clock on Monday morning he would begin treating patients. Sufferers from tuberculosis would be treated in the order of their arrival, the press agent said, and the alleged cure would be administered free to those who could not afford to pay for it.

For some unexplained reason the doctor's announced intention to apply for space for a clinic at Bellevue in which to treat the poor was not carried out. The doctor's press agent said that Dr. Friedmann had told him that he had met one of the Bellevue doctors at a medical meeting on Thursday evening, and that as a result he had decided to wait a while before applying for quarters at the hospital. The press agent announced that no cultures of Dr. Friedmann's alleged cure had been taken to Washington by Surgeon John F. Anderson of the Public Health Service for Government tests. This, the press agent explained, was because the cultures would not be ready until Monday morning.

Dr. Friedmann's search for an office yesterday was attended with great difficulties. All day Charles E. Finlay, President of the Aetna National Bank, whose offer of $1,000,000 for a demonstrated cure was cast aside by the young German physician, was busy telephoning to his real estate friends throughout the city for office space for Dr. Friedmann. For some reason no one seemed anxious to rent property for the purpose.

"Every one wants a year's contract," explained the doctor's press agent. "But we finally obtained this place on a two months' lease, with the privilege of renewal for four more months and then another half year. We got it at an exceptionally low price through Mr. Finlay's influence. It's a big room, which we can partition off into a large reception room and three or four smaller apartments for treating patients.

"There will be a very small corner compartment for Dr. Friedmann to work in," he continued, "but he doesn't need any laboratory. His laboratory is in his pocket. The furnishings of the place will be of mahogany, for there will be all sorts of patients—some nice persons and some not so nice. The first man or woman who steps into the office on Monday morning will be the first patient served. Those who haven't any money need not pay. Those who have it may pay what they like. Dr. Friedmann wanted to treat the first 1,000 patients free, but I told him that would be ridiculous. Why single out that particular 1,000?"

The press agent said that no arrangements had been made for a police guard to control the expected crowd. Already, he said, some 4,000 letters, telegrams, and other applications for treatment had been received by Mr. Finlay, and between 1,200 and 2,000 by Dr. Friedmann. In addition many sufferers from tuberculosis had called upon the doctor at his hotel, he said, but his employer had been too busy to see them.

Doctors to Watch Treatments.

Dr. Friedmann refused to see the reporters yesterday, and issued all his statements through his press agent. This press agent, when asked what steps had been taken to obtain scientific observation of the treatments adminstered in the doctor's office, said there would be several American physicians in attendance to diagnose the cases, watch them afterward, and learn Dr. Friedmann's methods.

"Wait! Wait only one week! Wait two weeks or three weeks! Watch 'em crawl upstairs, and then in a few weeks watch 'em waltz in, and then you'll see." This the press agent said was the way in which Dr. Friedmann answered those who were skeptical as to his cure. He said that Dr. Friedmann was sure of encountering less antagonism from American physicians than from those in Germany, and that it was for that reason—because he believed them more openminded—that he wanted American physicians to watch his injections and the results obtained.

Asked whether the rooms of Dr. Friedmann's office would be fitted up with the usual medical facilities and with cots for the patients who were weak, the press agent said:

"Cots? Cots? Not at all! He only needs chairs and a needle!"

In answer to a question as to whether he anticipated that the Medical Society of this county or other medical authorities would interfere with Dr. Friedmann's treatments or whether he considered it sufficient that Dr. Friedmann's brother, Dr. A. C. H. Friedmann, had once held a license to practice medicine in this city, the press agent paused before replying.

"I don't know whether his brother's license would cover the case," he then said, "but if there was any reason why Dr. Friedmann should not be allowed to give his treatment, I guess the proper authorities would have let it be known, wouldn't they?"

He could not say how long Dr. Friedmann would stay in this country, but he asserted that the physician would not be likely to depart until he had trained physicians to carry out his treatment.

The press agent said when asked if Dr. Friedmann would apply to any other hospital for clinical facilities to carry on his work, now that he was not to try Bellevue:

"The day before yesterday Dr. S. S. Goldwater, Superintendent of Mount Sinai Hospital, wrote to Dr. Friedmann offering the hospital facilities there for the use of the doctor. As I was looking for an office in that neighborhood today, I stopped in and talked with Dr. Goldwater. He said he could see no reason why Dr. Friedmann should not be allowed to treat patients there, but that Dr. Friedmann would have to make application in writing and that the consent of the President and Directors of the hospital would have to be obtained first."

Dr. Goldwater, Superintendent of the hospital, gave a somewhat different account of the matter when his attention was called to the press agent's statement.

"Believing that Dr. Friedmann's claims should be met with open mind and that, whether they were true or false, it would be in the interests of the community that they be disposed of by conclusive proof one way or another and as soon as possible, I offered the use of our laboratory facilities to Dr. Friedmann," he said, "and told him I should be glad to confer with him. Mr. Hundt, his representative, called on me this afternoon, explaining that he came without Dr. Friedmann's knowledge. He said the doctor wouldn't need any laboratory for his work—had his laboratory in his pocket, or something of the sort. Dr. Friedmann, he said, was seeking to accommodate both private and free patients, and the question was whether we would allow him to treat free patients in our clinic.

"I told him we should have to ask the consent of the Board of Trustees, and that the demonstrations must be carried on under proper conditions, with competent medical judges and proper and careful observation of the patients treated, both as to their personal histories for a considerable period before treatment by him and thereafter. Otherwise, if patients were picked at random, with histories unknown, treated and thereafter left to the observation of any number of scattered physicians in various parts of the country, that would be in no wise conclusive evidence of the value of Dr. Friedmann's treatment. I pointed out also that it would be important to know how long Dr. Friedmann was going to stay here; whether he would be here until the treatment of patients—which I was told might require six weeks—was completed. Mr. Hundt replied that if Dr. Friedmann should not remain that long, he would leave enough of his serum here to insure completion of the treatment by other physicians."

Friedmann Said to be Near Collapse.

A friend of Dr. Friedmann said yesterday that there was danger that he would quit New York and accept invitations extended to him by eminent physicians and laymen in Montreal to carry on his work under adequate facilities there, if the skepticism shown toward him here did not end. Dr. Friedmann, said this man, was on the verge of a nervous collapse as a result of the strain, and had been urged by a physician who saw him to take a rest immediately. His press agent, while admitting that Dr. Friedmann had received an invitation to carry on his work in Montreal, asserted that there was no danger of his doing so, and added that the physician was in excellent physical and mental condition, with no ailment except impatience to get to work.

Dr. Simon Baruch, to whose office Dr. Friedmann was brought yesterday, agreed that the young physician seemed to be very earnest and energetic. Dr. Baruch said that he was in favor of giving Dr. Friedmann a fair chance to demonstrate the truth of his assertions. Dr. Baruch said that he was unwilling to express any opinion concerning his serum.

Dr. Arthur Friedmann, brother of the German physician, stayed in his room at the Waldorf yesterday. On Thursday evening he was asked whether his brother's discovery was in any way connected with his own business, which is conducted in Room 808 at 43 Exchange Place. He asserted that there was no such connection, and that his own business should not be mentioned in connection with his brother's treatment. Room 808 in the Exchange Place Building, according to the lettering on the door, was occupied by "Arthur C. H. Friedmann, American Representative, the American Hecco Company." Yesterday all except Dr. Friedmann's name was removed from the door. The office, it was said, was used for a silver plating business of somt sort.

NO CULTURES FOR GOVERNMENT

Dr. Anderson Reports Dr. Friedmann Failed to Give Him Serum for Tests.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Dr. John F. Anderson of the Hygienic Laboratory returned to-day from New York and submitted to Dr. Rupert Blue, Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service, a verbal report on his conference yesterday with Dr. Friedmann of Berlin relative to the latter's serum for the cure of tuberculosis. Dr. Anderson was sent to New York to obtain from Dr. Friedmann a culture of his tuberculosis bacilli serum.

Dr. Anderson reported to Surgeon General Blue to-day that he had been in conference with Dr. Friedmann for three hours, but that Dr. Friedmann had not accepted the proposal to turn the serum over without restrictions as to its use.

Dr. Friedmann, Surgeon General Blue was informed, was willing to give the Public Health Service a chance to study his method under certain conditions, one of these requiring the person using the serum to receive instructions from the discoverer of the serum extending over a period of six or eight weeks.

Surgeon General Blue said to-night that while no culture had been received for use in laboratory tests here, Dr. Friedmann had said that he would be willing to furnish such a culture. No arrangements were made with Dr. Friedmann, but if the United States Public Health Service sends any of its agents to receive instructions from Dr. Friedmann respecting his methods of using the culture either Dr. Anderson or Dr. Stimson will be designated for that purpose.

DRESSED IN PAJAMAS, HUNTER CHASES LION

Cleveland Lawyer Back from Africa with Original Big-Game Tale.

MANY NOTABLES ON LINER

Mauretania Brings, Among Others, the New Governor of Jamaica—Sir George Armstrong Also Arrives.

The Cunard liner Mauretania arrived from Liverpool last night with 707 cabin passengers, including a number of titled persons, bankers, merchants, hunters, soldiers, actors, and tourists.

Among the passengers was Dr. Seton Julia Sears, leader of the New Thought movement, who said she had been in England, Scotland, and Ireland, lecturing on philosophy, science, and religion, and had gained 8,000 disciples.

Another passenger was Clifford W. Fuller, a lawyer of Cleveland, who has been hunting lions in East Africa with Kenyon V. Painter. One night, he said, he was alone in his bomba in the jungle, when a noise aroused him, and he went to the door to see if any natives were trying to steal any of the tents or hunting gear. He saw a figure dash round the end of the bomba, and he ran after it. After pursuing what he believed to be a fleeing native round the bomba five times, until he was breathless, the figure turned suddenly and gave a great roar, and darted off into the jungle. Then Mr. Fuller discovered that, clad in pajamas, he had been chasing a full grown lion around the house.

"We traveled more than a thousand miles in our hunting expeditions," said Mr. Fuller, "and in all we secured five lions, four leopards, two buffalo, one kudu, which is rare; two roan and one sable antelopes, zebra, and other animals."

Sir William Manning, the new Governor of Jamaica, arrived on the Mauretania with his equerry, Captain the Hon. R. St. John, who was accompanied by his wife. The party will sail for Kingston to-day on the Royal Mail Steam Packet Tagus. Sir William Manning was formerly Governor of Nyassa Land in East Africa.

The Earl of Morley also came on the Cunarder to visit the Panama Canal. He expects to return to England in four weeks. Sir George Armstrong, Bart., owner of the London Sunday newspaper, The People, which has a circulation of 1,250,000 copies, was another passenger. He said he had come for a business trip in Canada and would return in three weeks. Sir Henry Pellatt, a well-known Canadian financier, met him at the pier. Sir George was for many years the editor of the London Globe.

Seymour Hicks, the English actor-manager, arrived, accompanied by his wife, who was Miss Ellaline Terriss, the actress. He has come here to see some American plays and take back with him any good ones which he can get hold of. Other passengers on the list were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, the Hon. John Ward, Mrs. Ward, Lady Evelyn Ward and Sir John Jackson, M. P.

REPORT ON TRACK REMOVAL.

Washington Heights Taxpayers Get Word from Mitchel.

President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen said yesterday that the report on the removal of the Eleventh Avenue track and the Riverside Park improvements in connection therewith had reached a point where the committee of the Board of Estimates and Apportionment might be able to submit a preliminary statement at the meeting of the Board of Estimate on Thursday. Reginald Pelham Bolton, Secretary of the Washington Heights Taxpayers' Association, made that announcement at the meeting of the Association last night at Broadway and 157th Street, following a conference with Mr. Mitchel.

The proposed agreement with the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, and the representatives of the city, it is said, cannot be settled yet because of several problems to be considered, one of which is the expense for the Riverside Park improvements, which it is estimated will cost the city $80,000,000.

An agreement has been reached by the association with General Manager Maher of the Union Railway Company whereby connections and transfers will be made with surface lines in the upper part of Manhattan above 125th Street, and it is said this has been agreed to tentatively by the Third Avenue Railroad Company also. Franchises will be asked from the Board of Estimate to permit the use of these additional facilities to transit on Washington Heights. These extensions include Jerome Avenue and 163d Street trolley lines via 155th Street viaduct; Amsterdam and St. Nicholas Avenues and Broadway to 225th Street; extension of Ogden Avenue line to 181st Street, forming a loop system, and an extension from 149th Street and Amsterdam Avenue to 170th Street.

PUT IN CELLS BY DICTOGRAPH

Five Men Arrested for Conspiracy Against Public Service Corporation.

Five of the six men who were indicted for conspiracy against the Public Service Corporation by the Essex County, N. J., Grand Jury after the company's detectives had used a dictograph, were arrested last night and locked up in Newark. The sixth man is still at large. Each of the prisoners is held in default of $3,500 bail. The men under arrest are Hugh and William Lennon, brothers, of West Orange, and another brother, John, who lives in Newark, and Clinton Todd and David W. Davis of Newark.

The conspiracy charge dates back to 1911 when a collision between an automobile and a trolley car in Nutley, N. J., figured as the basis of the conspiracy. At that time Hugh and John Lennon were joint owners of an automobile and were on friendly terms with the other men mentioned, and, according to the story told by the detectives who employed the dictograph, Todd, who was employed by the company as a motorman, agreed with the other men to run his trolley into the automobile so that Hugh and John Lennon could obtain the amount of a new machine from the trolley company.

The Lennons brought suit against the company for $1,400 damages. This suit is pending in the courts. John Lennon compromised a suit for injuries with the company for $240.

CIGARETTE HABIT AT YALE.

It Is Increasing in Popularity with the Senior Class.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 28.—Members of the senior class at Yale expressed by vote to-day their preferences in the way of drinks, smokes, politics and chapel preachers. Of the 128 patrons of the bars 22 vote for champagne, while a much larger number favor milder beverages.

The vogue of the cigarette evidently is increasing, for it equals the pipe in popularity, with 60 votes. Only 10 of the aristocrats of the class prefer cigars. The non-smokers number 114, against 178 who use the vile weed.

Of the 258 men who signified their political leanings there are 111 Republicans, 74 Democrats, 27 Progressives, 25 Independents, 7 Progressive Republicans, 3 Canadian Liberals, 2 Socialists, and 5 undecided.

In the vote on Sunday chapel 118 men were in favor of it and 165 opposed. Two hundred and thirty-one voted for daily chapel and 47 against it. Thirteen admit they are engaged, and there are two married men in the class.

HELD FOR SELLING OWLS.

Two Men Say They Will Make Test Case of Conservation Law.

Stuffed owls were being offered for sale last night at the Sportsmen's Show in Madison Square Garden when State Game Warden Edgar Hicks stepped up to a booth where several of these birds of wisdom stood staring, and informed the two men who were holding the sale that they were under arrest, because the sale of the stuffed birds was in violation of the conservation law of the State.

The men gave their names at the East Twenty-second Street Station as Walter D. Hinds, 38 years, a taxidermist, 71 West Street, Portland, Me., and Ulrich K. Griffin, 50 years, 518 Seventh Street, Brooklyn. Hinds was charged with actual violation of the law, Griffin with being an accessory. Hinds maintained that the birds he was selling had been killed in Maine, and, therefore, that he was not breaking the law by selling them in this State. He said he would demand a trial by jury and make a test case out of the charge against him. The two men were released on bail later and will be arraigned in the Essex Market Court this morning.

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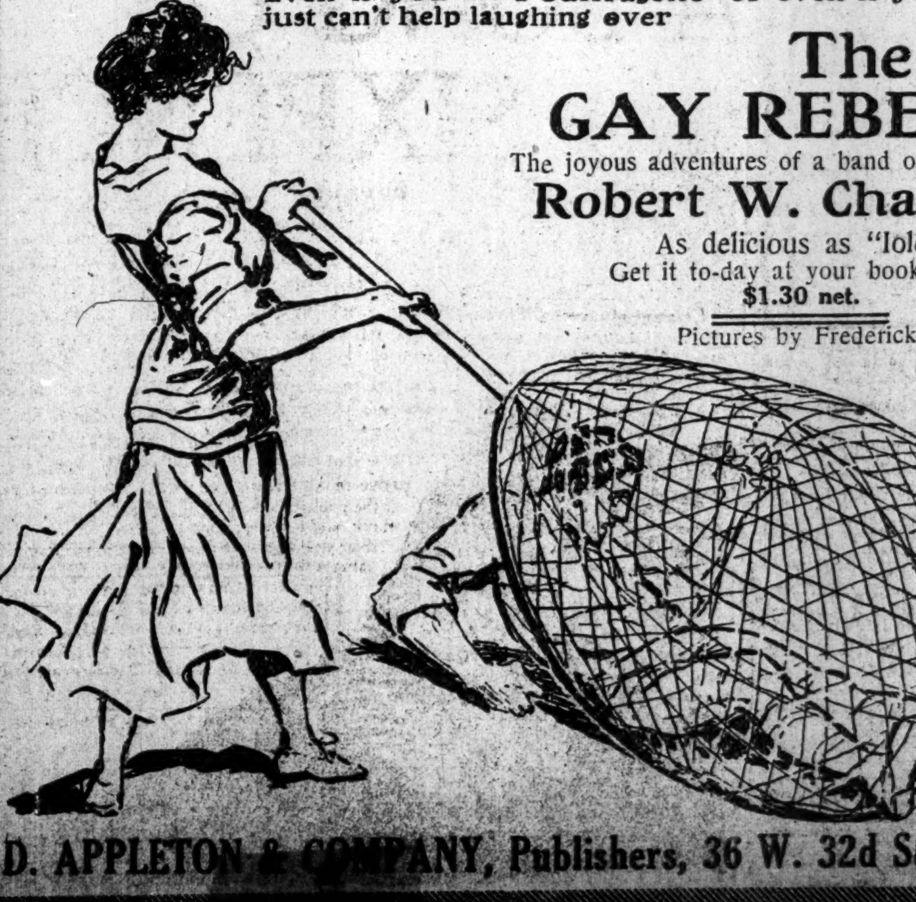

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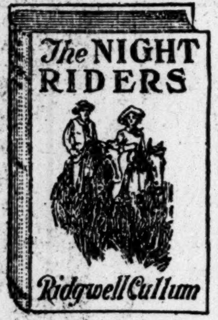

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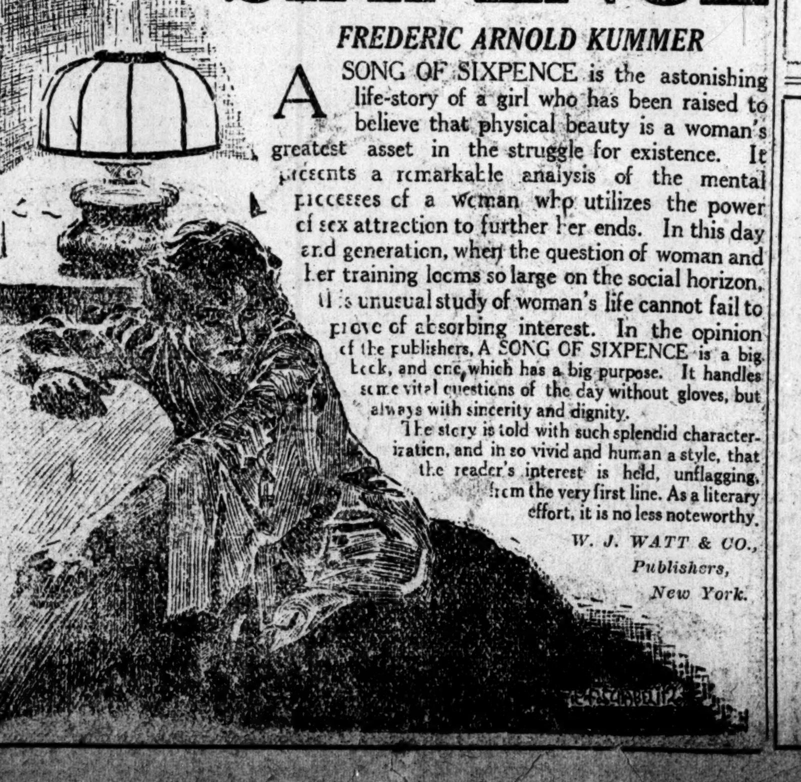

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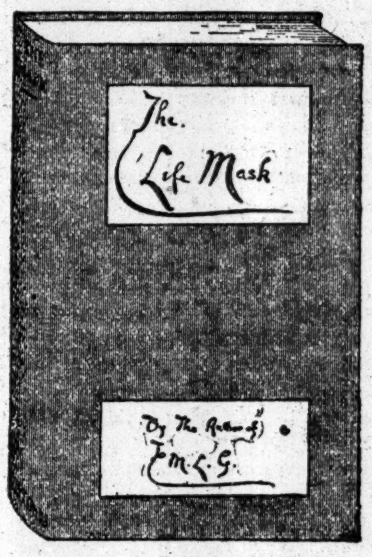

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1913.

THE PUJO REPORT.

On Page 133 of the report of the Pujo committee it is candidly set down concerning the concentration of money power called the money trust that "no "evidence of abuse has come to the at-"tention of the committee from impar-"tial sources." For that honest admission the committee is entitled to thanks. It has found the money trust, it says, and finds also that it has done no harm, except that perhaps it might have made less money if it had had more competition. The case being as the committee states it, the rest of the report becomes rather dull and puzzling reading. The committee is portentously serious, it cites its evidence verbatim, and refers to the page on which it is printed, and draws up four solid pages of recommendations for upsetting things as they are to cure evils that have not been proved, and perhaps exist only in the committee's own opinion.

Those who were of the opinion before the report appeared that the committee would find nothing seriously wrong will have their belief strengthened by the committee's confirmation. And also those who like to thwack the money power will find much material of the highest authenticity, but with its explosive power weakened by the necessity of not being too absurd in cold print. This is what the money trust is:

> An established and well-defined identity and community of interest between a few leaders of finance which has been created and is held together through stockholdings, interlocking Directorates, and other forms of domination over banks, trust companies, railroads, public service and industrial corporations, and which has resulted in a vast and growing concentration and control of money and credit in the hands of a comparatively few men.

But the committee hastens to add that the money trust has not been proved to be

> a combination or arrangement created and existing pursuant to a definite agreement between designated persons with the avowed and accomplished object of concentrating unto themselves the control of money and credit.

Those who read the committee's words may compare the two sorts of trust for themselves. If we are not mistaken, they will think that the trust which is proved is nothing more than the natural result of preferring to do business with those with whom business relations already exist. It is the trust which is not proved, even in the opinion of the committee, which is the ogre of the haters of the money power. In other words, the committee slays even its own creation so far as its maleficent powers are concerned. Its existence is shadowy, its powers are doubtful, and its ill deeds unproved. And yet revolutionary legislation is recommended.

First on the list of the committee's multifarious suggestions is the incorporation of Clearing Houses, with the compulsory admission of all banks, and with the prohibition of many activities now customary. Clearing House certificates should be forbidden except under Government control. The regulation of charges on inland exchange and agreements regarding rates of interest on deposits and on discounts should be forbidden. The committee enforces this recommendation by the precedent of the emergency currency associations. But it may be remarked that those associations have not been generally formed because the banks do not like the idea of compulsory relations with associates not selected by themselves. And it may be further remarked that the Clearing Houses as they exist have shown marked efficiency, and do not need any change in their legal status to raise their esteem in the community.

The similar recommendations regarding incorporation of Stock Exchanges are open to similar dissent. The recommendation that the regulation of Exchanges should be enforced by using the supposed power to forbid their use of the Post Office and the telegraph and telephone opens new ground, and is in advance of general sentiment. The recommendation for the protection of minority interests in corporations is more convincing, but even the committee is doubtful of its efficacy, because of the disuse of such powers as minorities already possess. The committee cites what the law has done for the protection of votes by insurance policy holders [illegible] of their opportunities [illegible] that it is scandalous. This, of course, is a reproach to the minorities rather than to the majorities. If minorities will not use the power they have, why give them greater power? Finally there are minor recommendations lettered down to V. It is impracticable to mention them in detail. It may be admitted that some of them are desirable, and it is clear that there is nothing to prevent any bank from adopting them forthwith. More statute law is not needed for good banking. By-laws and Directors' resolutions could cover the points.

The committee is at the disadvantage of comparison of its report with the letter of the Morgan firm which it found useless for its purposes. Those who read both documents will readily believe it, and will understand why. The one document deals with things as they are, with the repose of conscious strength, and with the confidence of honesty. The committee deals with fancied troubles, and with imaginary remedies. It is out of its depth, and while wishing to do good would take great risks of doing harm. The gentleman whose name the report bears will not be a member of the next Congress, and the submission of the report is likely to be the climax of his career. It is well that we know the worst of the money trust on the very highest authority. We now can sleep more calmly o' nights, sharing the repose which may be anticipated for the report.

THE BRITISH SUFFRAGISTS.

While the British Government is still nerveless and feeble in face of the suffragist outbreaks, the British "general public" seems to have taken the matter in its own hands with vigor. The British people may accept little CHRISTABEL PANKHURST's dubious argument that "the "general public is always safer in times "of revolution and war," but they are going to have their own active part in the war. Hence the women who put green paint on park seats and pour acid in the mail boxes are no longer safe. They are mobbed in the street and have barely escaped severe punishment.

The release on bail of Mrs. PANKHURST, however, shows that the authorities are still afraid to meet the condition bravely, and indicates that the threat of "penal servitude for life" for women convicted of arson is an empty threat. So long as the Magistrates and prison keepers can be fooled by the "hunger strike" nonsense there is little hope for a change in the militants' plan of warfare. The National Union of Woman's Suffrage Societies, now meeting in London, however, may, by taking a firm stand against the outrageous programme of the comparatively small Pankhurst contingent, do something to keep their already much-injured cause alive. It is a pretty general belief, however, that the cause of woman suffrage in England has been set back many years by the evil influence of its hysterical advocates.

"CURBING" THE SUPREME COURT.

One would think, in reading the report of the Senate Committee on Inter-State Commerce, that the chief peril to our institutions was the Supreme Court. Senator CUMMINS, a well-meaning man, who has heretofore shown more sanity than some of his fellow-Progressives, is credited with having drawn this report. We fear that he has not mastered the facts in the case.

Certainly the court has not tried to magnify its office. It is obliged by the law of its being to construe the statutes bearing on any case before it in the light of the Constitution. Like an honest and just miller, it grinds the grist that comes to it. If the acts of Congress impose upon it tasks that should be performed by Congress itself, that is not the fault of the court but of Congress. The fact that it consists of nine men appointed by the President (Mr. CUMMINS ignores the advice and consent of the Senate) is not a very menacing fact. Surely its members, past and present, in fitness for their work compare favorably with the Senators chosen by the States, or even with the Presidents chosen by the people.

Mr. CUMMINS thinks that the court has far too much power. He is particularly alarmed at the discretion exercised by the court in the matter of the anti-trust law. He thinks the law should be so changed that practically no room for discretion should be left to the court. The press summary of the report says:

> No specific legislation is recommended by the committee, but it urges Congress to devise laws as quickly as possible which shall "specifically prescribe cer-"tain conditions upon which persons "and corporations shall be permitted "to engage in commerce." It adds:
>
> "These conditions should be of a char-"acter that will tend to preserve rea-"sonable competition or substantially "competitive conditions and to compel "independence in both organization "and conduct. They should be so clear "that the business world can under-"stand them and go confidently for-"ward, guided by them."

It will be seen that, so soon as the committee leaves the field of general comment on the court and gets down to its work of making everything clear, it finds it impracticable to use words that do not require interpretation. Having condemned the Supreme Court for adopting "the rule of reason" and declared that the conditions under which business is to be "permitted" should be "certain" and "specifically present-ed," it winds up by saying that these "conditions should be of a character "that will tend to preserve reasonable "competition." Imagine a law framed on this recipe. What would the Supreme Court do with it, what would the court be obliged to do with it? It would be forced, to begin with, to come to an intelligible conception of what constitutes "reasonable" competition. Then it would have to decide the exact value, in the case before it, of the tendency of the conditions sought to be imposed by statute. We cannot see that the powers of the court, so severely criticised by Mr. CUMMINS, would in the least be curtailed. They would rather be expanded.

The difficulty with this type of legislation is the common one of trying to do too much. It is the product of the uneasy desire to secure what seem great ends by direct and minute regulation, enforced by governmental agencies. The anti-trust law is by no means such an ineffective measure as the Senate committee seems to think it. Under the interpretation of the court it has developed into an instrument of real service. Any attempt to perfect it by amendment must necessarily lead to more and more litigation, doubt, and disturbance, with little prospect of improvement.

DR. FRIEDMANN AND THE SURGEON GENERAL.

The vaccine which Dr. FRIEDRICH F. FRIEDMANN has boldly declared to be a cure for tuberculosis, and on the administration of which he has asked for a patent from the United States Government, cannot be used by him in this country until a test of his claims for its curative value is made independently by the officials of the United States Public Health Service at Washington. The vaccine cannot even be imported into this country without their permission. It was not by his will or invitation, but because of regulations under the law of July 1, 1902, which require that the department headed by Surgeon General BLUE shall examine all serums, toxins, anti-toxins, and virus "applica-"ble to the prevention and cure of dis-"eases of man" before their admission into inter-State or foreign commerce in the United States, that Dr. FRIEDMANN was greeted at Ellis Island by an officer of this service.

Possibly Dr. FRIEDMANN welcomes this test by the Government's doctors. His study into the problem of combating the great white plague is according to the best of recent precedent; his reports, the latest being read at a meeting of the most eminent medical society in the world, were quite proper, and they have deeply impressed some scientists of undoubted authority. Prof. EHRLICH deems the work done by Dr. FRIEDMANN of sufficient importance to warrant his own careful investigation of its methods. Prof. EHRLICH's report, when it is ready, will be decisive as to the merits of the new "cure."

In the United States, however, there are ample resources for finding out independently whether Dr. FRIEDMANN's pretensions are warranted. He cannot enter into binding contracts with commercial agencies in the various States for the dispensing of his cultures of turtle bacilli; he cannot patent his process of preparing them, and he cannot enter into business relations with physicians in this country until Surgeon General BLUE is satisfied that he is dealing in a genuinely anti-toxic product. In this State Dr. FRIEDMANN must obtain a physician's license before he can administer his "cure" to consumptives. But here, also, it is the custom to give every opportunity for justification of such claims as Dr. FRIEDMANN has made. He will not lack opportunity, and if he passes the tests imposed he will reap a sure reward.

AN ENGLISH MISCHIEF-MAKER.

There was a time when The Daily News of London was regarded as the second newspaper in authority and integrity in Great Britain. As the organ of the Liberal Party it exerted a measure of influence throughout the country scarcely less than that of The London Times. But when The Daily News asserts editorially that "while MADERO "was holding his own against the "rebels the American press was de-"manding intervention" we must feel that the character of a once renowned newspaper has sadly changed. Since the recent outburst in Mexico The Daily News has been obviously eager for American intervention, but the American press, with very few unimportant exceptions, has advised moderation and patience, and has been pronounced in its opposition to needless interference. It has loyally supported the Executive and has commended the caution and good judgment of both houses of Congress. Now that the conditions which might have made some decisive action of our Government imperative no longer exist, it is natural that the feeling of gratification should be general throughout this country.

There is no disposition to excuse the killing of the deposed President, but with the slaughter of Mexicans by Mexicans we have nothing whatever to do. It is not our business to dictate to Mexicans what kind of a Government they shall have. There was plenty of evidence that Mexico did not want a Madero kind of Government and could not thrive under it. It pleases The Daily News to assume that American capital financed the coup d'état of Gen. HUERTA, although it admits that no proof of this is obtainable. In the same way, within two and a half years, American capital and the American Government have been accused of financing both PORFIRIO DIAZ and MADERO, and the rebellion of OROZCO.

A sub-committee of the Foreign Relations Committee of the United States Senate has been taking testimony for some months to ascertain how far American interests have [illegible] lion in Mexico. The report of this committee discloses no proof whatever of contributions of money from America. Our fellow-countrymen have enormous business investments in Mexico, and the assurance that this property, as well as the lives of American and other foreign residents, will be protected by the new Provisional Government accounts for the disposition here to view the accession of that Government hopefully.

What Americans who have business interests in Mexico want is peace, unimpeded transit facilities, and general prosperity throughout the republic. Foreign intervention would cause an enormous destruction of property and a prolonged embargo on business. That is not the reason, however, why the United States will not intervene, as The Daily News and other disgruntled observers who seemed to be hoping for war know very well. The reason is that Mexico has all but overcome its difficulties, and that the early restoration of order, with ample protection of life and property, is confidently expected.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Innocence as an Art Critic. Among the pictures, real, near-real, and alleged, now visible, near-visible, and invisible in the Sixty-ninth Regiment's armory as a result of the enterprise—or audacity—of the Association of American Painters, is one from France by a certain MARCEL DUCHAMP. It bears the title of "Nude Descending a Staircase," and this, together with its provenience, causes those of us who, not being art critics, retain something of natural timidity, to approach it with apprehension. A single glance assures the visitor of safety, however, for the canvas is one which could be hung up in a Methodist Sunday school, and if it did any harm there it would be to the minds of the pupils, not to their morals.

What the Post-Impressionist eye sees in it, if anything, is not for the uninitiate to repeat. To others it looks like almost anything except a nude descending a staircase, and most—though not much—like an explosion in a shingle mill. One observer, who is still young enough to remember his Hans Christian Andersen, rejected this similitude after toying with it for a while, and declared that there was no mystery for the excellent reason that there was no picture.

The two weavers, he recalled, promised to make for the King the most beautiful suit of clothes that ever was or would be, and told him, and incidentally the courtiers, that none except the truly good would be able to see the glories of these new garments. When they came to put these clothes on his Majesty they seemed to him merely to make the motions of dressing him. To prevent the drawing of inferences as to his past, he expressed enthusiastic approval of fit and material, and when he walked abroad all the courtiers, for the same reason, did the same thing, especially the ladies. But a small boy cried out, "Why, the King has on no clothes at all!"

So, M. DUCHAMP, if he be not what his countrymen call a "fool to tie," knows perfectly well that there is no picture at all—no nude, no staircase, no anything. Hence must he be having in his heart much fun with the Wise Ones who, some praising and some denouncing his work, have insisted that there is something in it, good or bad, and gravely have explained and interpreted the artist's meaning and intention. Only the innocence of youth could see the point of the jest and share the jester's mirth.

"They're Off!" Again Proclaimed. Heartened up by court decisions freeing them from responsibility for crimes committed without their knowledge, the owners of the race tracks in this vicinity are calling back the banished steeds of speed and bidding the admirers of the same to prepare for a Summer made joyous in the old way—with certain modifications. There will be racing, but without betting—without, that is, betting with recognized, fee-paying bookmakers doing a formally recorded business in a place officially and openly set apart for their activities. If the people in attendance at the meetings choose to do a little quiet wagering among themselves, that will be all right, the court says, or, if not quite that, at least the Directors will not be subject to indictments for what they can't help.

The experiment of racing without open betting has been tried before and always failed, but that is no proof that it always will fail, and to horse racing itself none except the few folk in whom survives the puritanical fear and hatred of any pleasure has ever objected. The Shah of Persia said that he knew the speed of horses varied, and therefore was not interested in further demonstrations of that fact, but he was a polygamous despot, not noted, like another representative of that class, for wisdom, and his indifference to racing need not make anybody else hesitate to get as excited as he pleases over these innocent contests.

Those who really care for "the sport of Kings" can with propriety be congratulated on having another opportunity to gratify their taste. As for those, if any such there be, who are already figuring out the possibilities and profits of bookmaking conducted without making books, and who are cynically or mournfully confident that the more some things are changed the more they remain the same, we would direct their attention to the unquestionable fact that the tendency of the time is antagonistic to and suppressive of this form of gambling, and that any real revival of it is more than improbable. Subterfuges may serve for a season, but their end is in sight, and, in one way or another, sooner or later, public sentiment will end what it condemns. To racing as a sport it is indifferent or favorable; from horse racing as a game played for money, with its numberless incidental and attendant evils, it is implacably averse.

Chivalry Is In Eclipse. That tender consideration for women as women for which the South is famous among those who ought to know it best—meaning the Southerners themselves—has not been made as noticeable as it might be to distant observers by the treatment which has been accorded in Maryland to the suffragists who journeyed on foot to Washington.

Whatever may be one's opinion of woman suffrage as a cause, or of these particular exponents of that cause as exemplars of logic and wisdom, what they are doing is well within their recognized and acknowledged rights, for they are neither endangering nor injuring anybody except possibly themselves. It seems strange indeed, therefore, that the youth of Maryland, including select specimens thereof who are going to college and schools more or less advanced, should assail these women with volleys of stones and insults as they passed along the highways.

A poorer, meaner way of answering their demands or meeting their arguments could not be imagined, at least in this part of the country. We are not particularly fond of suffragists up here, but they are safe from insult and assault on the part of any except a few of the very lowest of our slum products. The shame of these cowardly outrages must fall with cruel weight on the many Marylanders who have been kind and courteous to the tired marchers, and not less kind and courteous because of thinking them misguided and erring.

SCHOOL BILLS OPPOSED.

Public Education Association Considers Them Premature.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Legislation is now pending at Albany which would effect far-reaching changes in the conduct of educational matters in New York City. Bills have been introduced by Assemblyman McKee and Senator Blauvelt which would transfer from the expert educators in the Board of Superintendents to the laymen in the Board of Education the making of the course of study, the nomination of district Superintendents, the supervision of directors of special branches, and the establishing of the grades of schools and classes.

The Public Education Association is opposed to these educational bills, in the first place, because if enacted into law they would take questions of pedagogy and actual school management out of the hands of salaried experts and put them in the hands of the members of the Board of Education, who are laymen and unversed in technical school matters, and uncertain in their terms of office. This would not make for a consecutive educational policy or for constructive action. Even if the intent and ability of the present Board of Education are unquestioned, there is no assurance that members appointed by subsequent Mayors will be equally qualified to perform the duties which would devolve upon them if these bills should become laws.

Secondly, they would provide for a present contingency and not for permanent and effective reorganization. The Hanus report makes many valuable recommendations regarding reorganization within the school system. This report is being studied and should be the basis of fundamental changes. The proposed bills do not at all meet these recommendations, in fact, are contrary in spirit to some of them. The association urges a longer consideration of administrative changes, a plan for greater democracy within the school system, and a strengthening and improving of the supervising force. It also urges a more efficient organization for the Board of Education and a clearer interpretation of its administrative duties.

ARTHUR W. DUNN,
Executive Secretary, The Public Education Association.

New York, Feb. 28, 1913.

TOO MANY APPEALS.

Appellate Division Urged as Court of Last Resort.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is often asserted, and rightfully, that the Judges of our courts decide the cases, or make conclusions of law, rather in accordance with the common law and precedent than in accordance with justice. The individual Judge, I feel sure, does this because the system compels him to, for he fears a reversal on appeal if he does not decide strictly according to the law. This is the evil of having too many appellate courts. In many instances a person may have two appeals, in some cases three, and too frequently a poor man wins a case, justly, in the lower courts only to be reversed in the higher courts on mere technicalities. The Court of Appeals is rushed with work, and it seems if this continues that it will soon be unable to sit as one tribunal. In its endeavor to keep up with the cases presented, it cannot give that proper and careful consideration of the questions raised for review which it should.

In view of these facts, why cannot the Appellate Division be made the highest court of the State? Is it not sufficient when two courts pass upon a case, without sending it to a third or even a fourth? As a tribunal, divided into a number of departments, the Appellate Division can consider with care any questions that properly come up for review, and it can administer justice just as effectually as the Court of Appeals, if not more so. In addition, the time and expense saved, two important considerations to the poor litigant, would be very great.

The Court of Appeals should then be retained as a judicial body, to revise and settle the law of our State, where in doubt or in conflict, and where the various Appellate Division branches should disagree.

CHARLES W. FROESSEL.
New York, Feb. 27, 1913.

PROF. FISHER'S DISAVOWAL.

He Quoted Clergymen in Characterizing Sunday Blue Laws.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has just been called to a special from Hartford printed in your issue of Feb. 26. In it you say that "pious hypocrisy" and "decorous shams" were among phrases leveled by me at the Connecticut Sunday laws, and that I demanded professional baseball on Sundays. These statements as attributed to me are false; and I ask that you do me the simple justice of printing my disavowal. As a matter of fact, I quoted two clergymen as to pious hypocrisy and decorous shams; and I said that, while I was strongly against any work on Sunday, I did not think easily of any occupation in which the work of so few could give recreation to so many as in baseball. There are also in your brief special more false statements; but these will serve as samples.

WILLARD C. FISHER.
Middletown, Conn., Feb. 28, 1913.

Dachshund for Children.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Covering a period of thirty-five years, I have owned fully fifteen dogs. To be sure, many of them were hunting dogs, both setters and pointers. I have had in that time six children, my youngest child being now a boy of seven. We have a well-bred dachshund, and I do not think that any dog that has been in my family has given us, one and all, more real pleasure. He is very intelligent and docile, yet active enough, and while rather "bungalow" in appearance, his cunning little face and comical feet are most attractive.

DACHSHUND.
New Haven, Conn., Feb. 27, 1913.

TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

The Powers, which have had their hands full for so many years with Turkey and its troubles, now have a chance to learn what a ruler of that troublous country thinks of them. The former Sultan, Abdul Hamid, kept a diary, it seems, in which he wrote down his opinion of many things. It is now being published, and the first installment is given in to-morrow's SUNDAY TIMES. The ex-Sultan is a caustic critic of the Powers, and what he says is well worth reading.

The Vocational Education Survey, after investigation, reports that there are no jobs that children under 16 ought to take. It upsets tradition by stating that children don't as a rule leave school and go to work because the family needs the money. That is the most common and least potent of reasons given in to-morrow's SUNDAY TIMES.

A suggested solution of New York's liquor problem is put forward by Dr. Frederick C. Howe of the People's Institute that will no doubt cause wide discussion. The city, not the State, should control it, he thinks, and he has devised a plan to prevent police corruption.

Two startling facts in our lavish expenditure of money are brought out in two widely different articles. One states that in the next twenty-five years we will spend $25,000,000,000 on good roads, and that it is a good business investment. The other shows that in the last ten years we have bought $250,000,000 worth of gems, with last year a record breaker.

James Huneker writes of Frank Wedekind, whom he calls "the naughty boy of the new German Drama"; Alfred Noyes, the English poet, gives interesting views of many things, and there's a live story on mummies that has to do with a great mystery of the [illegible]—all features of to-morrow's SUNDAY TIMES.

THE VICE PROBLEM.

Pittsburgh Plans to Divorce It from Police and Politics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice that the New York Citizens' Committee has decided in favor of a separate vice department. Our Pittsburgh Morals Efficiency Commission has been in power for ten months, and the result of our experience coincides absolutely with the New York findings.

The Morals Efficiency Commission of Pittsburgh has just introduced a bill before the Pennsylvania Legislature which will create a Morals Commission of seven members, three of whom shall be women, to serve without pay, and to be intrusted with the complete handling of the social evil and its ramifications. These members are to elect a Superintendent, with salary of $4,000 yearly. This department is to be divorced from the Police Department, and as far removed from politics as possible. These two factors, the police and politics, have been the despair of all earnest workers in uprooting this social evil, the unsolved problem of the centuries.

That two cities, working entirely independent of each other, should arrive at similar conclusions is a hopeful sign. There is no royal road to ideal conditions. The answer is as yet unsolved, but the splendid enthusiasm now put into this problem from ocean to ocean leads us to hope that the solution may be nearer at hand than most people believe.

If, however, the Morals Efficiency Commission of Pittsburgh agrees with the Citizens' Committee of New York in the legislative programme, there is another side to the labor which must not be overlooked. The great mistake of many reform movements in the past was the forcing of legislation on a community without giving, at the same time, education. We have avoided that error in Pittsburgh. From the outset our commission has held public lectures, visited women's clubs, enlisted the aid of the newspapers, preached in many pulpits, and tried to have sex hygiene taught in the public schools. As Chairman of the Executive Committee I have addressed churches of various denominations. The union of forces to fight the social evil has done more to break down theological fences than any other one issue in Pittsburgh.

While I heartily commend the general plan of the Citizens' Committee, it is to be hoped that the educational aspect will not be overlooked. Open wide the church and synagogue for this most necessary education. Give proper education in the public schools. Educate the people, legislate against the commercial agent. That will do much to end this vile traffic.

RUDOLPH I. COFFEE, Morals Efficiency Commission of the City of Pittsburgh.
Pittsburgh, Penn., Feb. 27, 1913.

SUFFRAGE "REASONS" SCARCE.

No Benefits Expected from Extension of Franchise.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A suffragette, in criticism of the editorial article "A Tip for the Suffragists," complains that the article is "puerile and antiquated," a somewhat contradictory condemnation, unless implying its inspiration as due to second childhood. It seems a mixed metaphor, quite as confusing and lacking coherence as pouring water on the back of a duck, which goes in one ear and comes out of the other. She further says that it is "amazingly refreshing to hear any newspaper so naively confess its ignorance of the news by saying that it has never seen any formal statement of why the ladies want to vote," &c. I read the article without refreshment or amazement. If the lady was refreshed by it, why complain?

Perhaps the word "reason" was intended instead of "statement." The latter we have endured in multitudinous and frenzied variety, but declarations hardly constitute reason. As a matter of fact, very few women have any concern in the franchise—the less so when of domesticated temperament, and hence beloved by their husbands, whom they trust to nominate and elect men to frame our laws. Of course, there are also many "sweet, impulsive young things" who enjoy any novelty promising excitement, and would cheerfully lie as to their ages at the registry, and gladly vote for the handsomest photograph, "just for the fun of the thing." Recent inquiry of two teachers in different schools elicited the information that votes for women were never discussed, while a third one said that the subject was ever made one of jest.

The writer knows but one suffragette, who has expressed the belief that the Public Service Commission is corrupt, should be turned out, and a new board elected. She seems also rejoicing in another belief that an election can occur at any old time, and is particularly misty in knowledge as to how men may be elected without being nominated. As near as I could gather from her verbal gesticulations, all of our ills can be cured by voting for the best men, who are easily discoverable. Yes?

New York, Feb. 28, 1913. F. T.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This morning's issue published a letter from Carolyn Shipman Whipple, wherein she soundly berates THE NEW YORK TIMES for its editorial article of "A Tip for the Suffragists," appearing in yesterday's issue.

Does she think that all the ladies could agree among themselves, and solidly vote for the best man? As inconsistency has always been one of the charming traits of the fair sex, it is only logical to suppose that the ladies will disagree among themselves and align themselves with the different existing political parties, and thus the contention of THE NEW YORK TIMES that "nothing is accomplished by broadening the suffrage" is borne out.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 27, 1913. F. M. H.

Anti-Vivisection "Arguments."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I cannot see the logic of exhibiting a trained dog, however clever, as an argument against the use of plain, everyday dogs in vivisection, which is recognized as being for the good of humanity by medical men, and supposedly by all intelligent laymen.

At the Anti-Vivisection Society meeting recently this trained dog, Jasper, and a Mr. Crosby appear to have been the guests of honor. Mr. Crosby asserted that "men who wantonly take the lives of animals become hardened; a man who is kind to his horse will be kind to his mother," and so on, and added: "No wonder that so many women are interested in kindness to animals," which is all well enough in its place. Of course, decent people are kind to animals and decent men are kind to their mothers, and often to their mothers-in-law, but, pray, what has this to do with vivisection or with Dr. Carrel, or with any scientific man who spends his life trying to discover means of saving your children and mine? G. P. C.

New York, Feb. 27, 1913.

Did Washington Swear?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Julius P. Bone challenges Mayor Gaynor's statement that "Gen. Washington was known to have sworn like a trooper." The evidence goes to show that the "Great and Good" Washington was quite human in this respect. That "our army swore terribly in Flanders" is well known, for has not Uncle Toby so testified? Gen. Charles Scott bears testimony to the fact that on finding that Gen. Lee was retiring at the battle of Monmouth, Washington "swore like an angel from heaven," (see "The True Geo. Washington," p. 271.) Gen. Scott, I presume, was well enough acquainted with "angels from heaven" to know whereof he spoke. W. M. S.

New York, Feb. 27, 1913.

Buying Stocks on Margin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will some of the New York Stock Exchange brokers define what is the real difference between buying stocks on a margin and gambling in any other form? It is my firm belief that the reason business is so poor on the New York Stock Exchange is that the public is being educated to realize what a terrible evil buying stocks on a margin is.

HENRY L. ROGERS.
New Haven, Conn., Feb. 28, 1913.

"ART" IN THE ARMORY

Resembles the Ancient Brush-marks of Prehistoric Man.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A painter and student of matters of art—please note the distinction—would like the privilege of your columns to say: Do not be disturbed—you have not gone crazy, and art, the dainty goddess, still is. I address you as having visited the exhibition now at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory.

Savages and children practice this art sincerely, and get over it as fast as they can. In the new Encyclopædia Britannica (see Painting) there is a picture of the extinct European bison, done 50,000 years ago. It is the oldest painting known. It is identically the art of the armory, only it is real and not an imitation.

Observe that brush marks may do two things; they may depict solids imaginatively extant behind the canvas—which implies a knowledge of the forms of the solids; and they may express their inherent beauty, which implies the enjoyment of abstract order—taste. And the whole history of painting is a series of compromises between these two different ends. Abstract order, pattern, or, if I use a popular barbarism, decoration, exists for its own beauty only; whereas depiction is for representing objects of associated interests. For 2,000 years European painting has been increasing the emphasis upon depiction, which means a growth away from design and taste, and toward representation and knowledge. The antique sculpture merely helped the people of the Renaissance to forget that painting had another field. Thereby came into existence a pictorial art having exactly the motive of the "living picture." And in 600 more years after Cimabue this art arrives at—Carolus Duran.

In all academic art the object of the painter is the rotundity of a nude figure, exactly as in sculpture, so that painting, as an art having powers denied to sculpture, ceases to exist. Yet this pseudo painting has been enthroned in Europe for centuries—not, however, because of its beauty, but because of its ability to present objects having other interests, as those of religion, war, personal vanity, &c. Esthetically, this art wearies us by the contradiction between its theory of an illusion of depth and its inability to give the illusion because the eye is compelled to remain at focus on the picture plane. It is inherently imperfect, and, in a way, the better it is the worse it is. This is painting as it is understood at the Ecole des Beaux Arts, the Royal Academy, and the like. Its logical and ultimate result is Bouguereau and Alma Tadema. And yet Turner, Corot, Rousseau, Whistler, Courbet, Manet, Inness, Tryon, Twachtman, and Wyant have gone quite other ways and have given us better work.

But the conflict between depiction and decoration is fundamental, and the ground for agreement that the two have truly in common is very small. In early Italian painting the pattern, while not the sole concern, was yet always clear, and in such pictures as the Primavera girls Botticelli achieves the most perfect balance ever effected between depiction and decoration. With more knowledge and less taste you get Ingres; with more taste and less knowledge you get Koriusai.

Now as to those louder armory pictures—disregarding cubism, for one has no difficulty in seeing that they consist of a jumble of lines and patches, and that they are very ugly. The formula for their production is to compel a painter to use only 2 per cent. of either his knowledge or his taste. With greater knowledge, they would be more like natural things—with greater taste, more like beautiful patterns. Having the least possible quantity of either, they neither interest nor please, they are neither words nor music. As to color—it does not exist; its place is taken by mere pigment. As a whole, they are to art what "pi" is to literature.

Brains and taste, labor and skill, love and patience, are back of all art. Only these [illegible] all art.

The art of the future will carry the art of the past not backward, but forward. Pictorial painting, practiced as art and not illustration, far from being exhausted has been but touched. The esthetic masters of light have been few—masters of color, still fewer. And the world awaits an art that shall give in the flat perfectly all that the flat can perfectly give of the spirit of Ingres and the spirit of Koriusai. Why not?

BOLTON BROWN.
New York, Feb. 27, 1913.

A Bookkeeping Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A and B are in a manufacturing business in which A has $80,000, B $20,000 capital. The co-partnership calls for 6 per cent. to be paid on all capital, after which any profits are to be divided equally.

At the end of a year's business, the following situation arises:

Gross expenses, not including any interest on capital, have been $50,000, and total profits $53,000. Should the $3,000 earned be divided $2,400 to A and $600 to B (6 per cent. on capital of each), or should A and B be charged $6,000, and A and B credited $4,800 and $1,200 respectively? Profit and loss would then be [illegible] divided, $1,500 [illegible]. The net result would be: A would profit by the business $3,300, and B would lose $300. S. R. C.

New York, Feb. 26, 1913.

Palace Theatre Policy Not Defined.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The published statement that I am manager or Director of the new Palace Theatre at Seventh Avenue and Forty-seventh Street is untrue. The Palace Theatre is neither owned nor controlled by me, but, on the contrary, by a corporation, The Palace Theatre and Realty Company, in which prominent Eastern and Western managers are interested. The policy of the Palace Theatre has not been settled upon, and the statements in the press regarding it are premature. When the Board of Directors of the Palace Theatre and Realty Company decides upon the nature of the attractions the information will be given to the public.

MARTIN BECK.
New York, Feb. 28, 1913.

THOSE AMERICAN STYLES.

O brothers, view our jaunty hats,
Each girl presents her special grace,
Observe and state your gracious choice,
Where'er your honored taste incline,
Say you the turban or the toque,
Say you the bonnet made in lace,
Say you—what?—that fright?—oh, pshaw!
You chose no hat—you chose her face.

O brothers, view our dainty gowns,
Each one exalts our native make;
Before you choose, consider this—
"You're choosing for your country's sake."
In this a rebel nymph is hid;
Colonial that and Yankee this,
And this—what?—that freak? indeed,
You chose no gown—you chose the miss.

O sisters, this you might have known,
[illegible]
Our taste was ever poor indeed,
You surely ought to know it;
We loved your grandam's bustl'd skirts,
We courted daughters in their wake,
[illegible]
And chose for our country's sake.

JULIAN W. BRANDEIS.

BERMUDA COSTUME BALL A GAY EVENT

Many Striking Styles Worn at Princess Hotel Dance—Miss Gibson as French Clown.

LORD SEYMOUR A COWBOY

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ver Beck Give Reception at the Cocoon—Amateurs Act "The Country Mouse."

Special Correspondence THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Feb. 24.—Great interest was roused by the Costume Ball at the Princess Hotel on Thursday. Many attended, and it was a pretty sight. Among those in striking costumes were:

Miss Josephine Gibson in a French clown's dress. The Misses Morgan were "babies," of realistic type. Miss Doppeldorf of New York made a pretty white satin Pierette. Mrs. Richardson of Morristown, N. J., was a black Pierette, her husband a very girlish sailor girl. Miss Prescott wore a beautiful Rembrandt dress. Miss Madeline Tompkins of New York was a charming Dolly Vardon. Miss Outerbridge of New York represented Winter.

Allan Hulbert was a schoolboy, E. B. Townshend of Boston a jockey, Lord George Seymour (H. M. S. Melpomene) a realistic cowboy, and Lang Brown (Second Queen's Regiment) wore a beautiful uniform of his regiment of 1815.

Mr. Higgins of New York, who is staying at the Princess, saw his third and final race for his cup this week. The yacht Winsome II., sailed by Kenneth Finningham, won. Other visitors at the Princess are Mrs. Edward McKay, Pittsburgh; Mrs. Eric Pierson Swenson, Mrs. H. H. Holbert, J. G. Livingstone, Fred H. Hatch, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Nicnols, Miss J. Costello, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Messiter and Miss Messiter, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Moffat, and Mr. Bliss, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ver Beck held a large reception at their studio the Cocoon, as a farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Bigelow Paine, who left for Redding, Conn., on Saturday. Among the guests were Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett and Mrs. L. Jordan, Mrs. T. S. Liebler of New York, who is staying at the Belmont with Miss Liebler; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cable, Mr. and Mrs. Marder, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Gruger, Larry Chittenden, Mrs. Hubbard of New York, and Miss Inelita Stoddard of Illinois.

Theodore Liebler, the theatrical manager of New York, leaves to-day. He is delighted with Bermuda. He takes with him one of Mr. Ver Beck's pictures, "The Pawpaw Tree," which he purchased.

W. H. Bishop, ex-United States Consul at Palermo, who has written many books, is coming to the Belmont to-day for a stay of some weeks.

The Hamilton Hotel dining room was crowded on Saturday with many dinner parties. The dance on Saturday is always a popular function, also the band contest on Monday. Among the diners was B. B. Crowninshield of Boston, who brought down his yacht Adventuress to meet his wife here, in a few hours over four days. Mrs. Crowninshield came by steamer. The yacht is on her way to Wrangle Island for whaling.

Other visitors to the Hamilton include G. P. Baugh of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Fitzgerald of Richmond, Va.; Edward C. Dale, and Judge T. J. Aldrich of Philadelphia.

A large reception was given by Mrs. C. H. Tucker, formerly of Bath, Me., the wife of the Postmaster General of the islands, Capt. Cecil Tucker, at Teucer House. About 240 visitors were present. The invitations included the Governor, Sir George Bullock, Lady Bullock, and most of the official military and naval society here. Americans present were Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, Mrs. Jordan, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Parrish, Mr. and Mrs. F. Ver Beck, Mr. and Mrs. Bigelow Paine, Mrs. W. H. Barron, Mrs. W. C. Denny, Miss Olney, Mrs. and Miss Bloomfield of New York, the Rev. C. Addison of Stamford, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Trask of Philadelphia, Admiral Upshur, U. S. N., retired; Mr. and Mrs. W. Ammon of Pittsburgh. Miss Wonham played some delightful piano pieces. There were all sorts of indoor and outdoor games.

Guests at the St. George Hotel are Dr. and Mrs. J. K. McDougal of Winnipeg, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Whittaker, Elizabeth, N. J.; Mrs. Day, Louisville; G. M. Miller, W. S. Miller, H. S. Weaver, Lebanon, Penn.; Miss Malonbier, New York, and N. G. and Francis Herreshoff.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Meyer gave a large dinner party at the St. George on Thursday before the dance. Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Wilkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Belton-Foster, Miss Stonebank, and Miss Everson were among the guests. J. Borden, on board the Adventuress, en route for the Horn, had an afternoon party, including Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. J. Crowninshield, Everts Wreene, and Mrs. C. H. Noyes.

An excellent presentation of "The Country Mouse" was given on Saturday at the Gymnasium Theatre, Prospect Camp, by a company of amateurs before a distinguished audience, the Governor and most of the society people being present. All the officers wore uniform, and the regimental band played. The part of the Country Mouse (Angela) was charmingly played by Miss Muriel Abbott. A pleasing feature of the performance was the taking at a moment's notice of the part of Jephcote, the Butler, by Frank Adair, the well-known actor, who is staying here with Mrs. Adair. The sudden illness of one of the company induced Mr. Adair to volunteer. The play is to be repeated during Easter week.

Miss Cutter to Wed A. W. S. Cochrane

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Ladd Cutter of 219 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Anna Ladd Cutter, to Adam W. S. Cochrane of New York. Mr. Cochrane is a member of many clubs, including the Union, Racquet, New York Yacht, Brook, and Metropolitan of Washington, and the Society of Colonial Wars.

Dinner to Federal Judges.

District Attorney Wise and his assistants gave last night at the Union League Club a farewell dinner to the Federal Judges of the Second District. These Circuit Judges attended: E. Henry Lacombe, Alfred C. Coxe, Henry G. Ward, Walter C. Noyes, and Julian W. Mack of the Commerce Court, and these District Judges: George C. Holt, Learned Hand, Julius M. Mayer, George W. Ray, John R. Hazel, and Van Vechten Venner.

Treasurers' Club Benefit To-morrow.

The Treasurers' Club benefit to-morrow night at Wallack's Theatre will have a long programme of acts. A few of those who will appear are Rose Coghlan, George M. Cohan, William Collier, Frank Fogarty, Belle Story, Frank V. Pollock, the bass quartet from the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Sidney Grant, and Charlotte Greenwood, Putnam Griswold of the Metropolitan Opera Company, Audrey Maple and Melville Stewart, Adele Ritchie, Carter De Haven, and John E. Kellerd.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Five Frankforters," under the direction of the Shuberts, opens to-night in White Plains, preparatory to its appearance Monday evening at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre.

Rehearsals began yesterday for Arthur Hammerstein's revival of "The Geisha," which opens at the end of March in Weber and Fields' Music Hall.

Newspaper illustrators and artists will be the guests of the Shuberts next Saturday evening for the performance of "Under Many Flags" at the Hippodrome.

Ben Greet will be seen in the part of Doctour in the Liebler revival of "Everyman," which is scheduled for the Children's Theatre on March 10.

Jessie Abott, sister of Bessie Abott, will make her first appearance on a New York stage next Monday evening, playing the role of Tamai in "Joseph and His Brethren" at the Century.

There will be a private performance of "The Master Mind" at the Harris Theatre next Sunday evening.

Douglas J. Wood has been engaged by John Cort for "The Iron Door."

"Julius Caesar" is the first of the Shakespearean revivals which A. G. Delamater will make for Tyrone Power. He will play Brutus.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mme. Gadski gave a dinner last night at the St. Regis for Mr. and Mrs. Walter Damrosch. Among her guests were Mr. and Mrs. Giulio Gatti-Casazza, Mr. and Mrs. Harry H. Flagler, Miss Tauscher, Alfred Hertz, and Alexander Konta.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward N. Breitung also entertained at dinner last evening at the St. Regis. Among their guests were Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Miss Anne Morgan, Miss Hope Hamilton, W. Stephen Van Rensselaer, and Miss Lota Robinson.

Prof. Charles H. Haskins of Harvard University and Mrs. Haskins, who have been visiting Mrs. Haskins's mother, Mrs. George W. Allen of 116 East Fifty-eighth Street, are sailing to-day for Europe on the President Grant.

Col. and Mrs. John C. Calhoun gave a dinner of sixteen covers last night at their residence, 367 Madison Avenue, for Dr. and Mrs. James H. Parker.

Dr. and Mrs. A. Ernest Gallant have closed their house in Madison Avenue and are at the Hotel Manhattan. Mrs. Gallant is sailing for Europe early in May.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Wells Peck (Miss Edith L. Terhune), who were married on Thursday, are at the Wolcott. They will leave for the South in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Cudahy of Chicago, are at the Plaza for a visit.

Arriving yesterday on the Mauretania were Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Lady Evelyn Ward, the Hon. John Ward and Mrs. Ward, Earl of Moreley; the Hon. Mrs. Frederick Guest, Viscount Exmouth, and Sir Charles and Lady Forster. Amos T. French arrived on the Cedric from Alexandria, also Mrs. George R. Schieffelin and Miss Schieffelin.

Mrs. Reginald de Koven is entertaining at dinner to-night at her residence in Park Avenue for Mr. and Mrs. Henry White and the Count and Countess Scherr-Thoss, who are her guests. There will be music after the dinner.

Miss Helen Newsom and Karl Howard Behr are to be married to-day at the Church of the Transfiguration. Both Miss Newsom and Mr. Behr were passengers on the ill-fated Titanic last April.

A second performance of "Marching Through Georgia" will be given to-night at the Plaza for the benefit of the International Protection Congress.

Mrs. Robert H. Turle will sail on the Victoria Luise March 11 for the cruise to the West Indies and Panama.

Mrs. Ormond G. Smith has given her parterre Metropolitan opera box for Monday evening, April 7, as one of the prizes at the bridge on March 11 at the Ritz-Carlton for the benefit of the Women's League for Animals.

Tea will be served from 4 to 7 o'clock to-day at the portrait show in aid of the Junior League work in the Music Settlement which opens at the Reinhardt Galleries, 565 Fifth Avenue. Several of the members of the Junior League will be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff, Jr., have taken a house at Bayshore, L. I., for the Summer.

The marriage of Mrs. Elizabeth Harrison Turnure and Frederick J. Stimson will take place at four this afternoon at the bride's residence, 109 East Seventy-first Street. None but near relatives have been invited. There will be no reception.

The wedding of Miss Evelyn Humphrey and Parker Morse Hooper will be celebrated to-day in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Morningside Avenue and 113th Street.

MISS RUTH DAVIS'S WEDDING.

Plans for Her Marriage to Theodore Steinway on April 5.

The wedding plans of Miss Ruth Gardner Davis and Theodore Steinway have been completed. The ceremony will take place at 4 o'clock on Saturday, April 5, in the Church of the Incarnation. The Rev. Herbert M. Robbins is to officiate, and a small reception will be held at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howland Davis, 204 Madison Avenue.

Miss Davis will have her younger sister, Miss Sybil White Davis, as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids will be Miss Katharine Davis, another sister, and the Misses Dorothy Bull, Dorothy Hurry, Eleanor Townsend, Meta von Bernuth, Ina Kissel, and Elsie Adams Seeger.

Mr. Steinway's brother, William R. Steinway, will be his best man, and the ushers are to be Howland S. Davis, a brother of the bride; Langdon Geer, Theodore Cassabeer, W. Herbert Adams, Henry C. Smith, and Jules Glaenzer.

On April 4 Mrs. Hilborne Roosevelt, an aunt of the bride, will give a dinner for the entire bridal party at her residence, and this will take the place of the customary bridesmaids' luncheon and the bachelor dinner.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Some of Those Sailing To-day on Six Steamships—The Arrivals.

Six transatlantic liners sailing to-day, and some of those booked to leave on them, are:

NEW YORK, (Southampton.)—Miss G. M. Allen, Capt. and Mrs. A. L. Cane, the Hon. G. Cole, F. J. Crawford, Miss M. S. Goodwin, Mrs. A. J. Gray, W. Harris, Miss Beatrice Jackson, Cecil Newton, Mrs. J. C. Smith, Dr. S. Stewart.

CARMANIA, (Liverpool.)—Miss G. Abbott, G. W. Archibald, Henry D. Baker, United States Consul at Nassau; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Chapman, R. H. Cook, Miss L. Dale, Mrs. T. B. Edwards, C. M. Hadow, Miss Lydia Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Hoyt, A. F. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Kaye, Mr. and Mrs. James Ramsay, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Skinner.

TAGUS, (Southampton via West Indies.)—Horace Maxwell, Mrs. P. E. Adams, Mrs. E. Balfour, Miss Hazel Belmont, Miss M. E. Booth; S. A. Campbell, J. W. Clark, Sir William H. Manning, Governor of Jamaica; C. T. Mason, Roger S. Newell, Miss H. J. Pierce, Mrs. F. G. Paddock, Richard Townsend.

PRESIDENT GRANT (Hamburg.)—G. P. Bent, Mr. and Mrs. Roy V. Collins, Mrs. P. J. Dugan, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Haskins, H. G. Moore, Miss Elizabeth Paluson, Miss Alice M. Sopworth, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Turpin.

COLUMBIA (Glasgow.)—Miss Florence J. Esler, Miss Louise Lewis, James A. Stewart, John A. N. Inglis, Hon. George Lawrence, Robert Reed, Mrs. S. Wheally, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilson, Miss Janet Anderson.

PRINZESS IRENE (Naples.)—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Benedict, G. H. Boole, Mrs. J. K. Bradford, Miss Irene Bradford, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Breckenridge, N. M. Bristol, Mr. and Mrs. H. Butler, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Clemens, Mrs. F. D. Field, Mrs. F. R. Graves, Miss Helen Gail, Miss A. W. Hunt, Mrs. L. W. Keyes, Mrs. R. A. Lawrence, Miss Helen Low, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. May, Mrs. Lindley Murray, Mrs. Rose Pons, Mrs. H. Shaw, Mrs. J. Weeler, Mr. and Mrs. Ebert Soper.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

Mauretania, (Liverpool)—J. R. Allan, Sir George Armstrong, Bart.; W. E. Armstrong, F. C. Baisley, Miss H. L. Baxter, L. Bennet, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Bishop, Miss S. M. Brooks, Capt. and Mrs. Beverly F. Browne, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Calder, Miss Annie Carr, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey S. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. A. Cramer, J. M. Davies, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Douglas, Viscount Exmouth, Mrs. M. G. Falk, Sir Charles Forster, Bart.; Lady Forster, Hon. Mrs. Frederick Green, Mr. and Mrs. Seymour Hicks, Sir John Jackson, M. P.; Miss Jackson, E. D. Kenna, Sir William H. Manning, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Earl Morley, Mr. and Mrs. W. Parry, Nicholas de Passek, Russian Consul General, Montreal; Major William W. Rhodes, Capt. Hon. R. St. John, Aid de Camp to Sir William Manning; Lady Evelyn Ward, the Hon. John Ward, Mrs. Ward.

CEDRIC, (Naples.)—Mrs. T. Aymar, F. B. Bannon, P. B. Cook, Miss C. J. Craig, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Foote, Amos T. French, the Rev. Joseph P. Lawless, Rear Admiral Austin Knight, U. S. N.; Count Guolanio Noroni, Countess Noroni, Mrs. F. J. Otis, Mrs. G. R. Schieffelin, Miss Schieffelin, Lieut. Com. Chauncey Shackford, Frank Telford.

NEW YORK, (Southampton.)—E. K. Bennett, T. A. Cantrell, Mrs. H. Hartley, Capt. F. Learworth-Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. R. Nasson-Smith, J. M. Patterson, W. H. Rayburn, Mrs. L. S. Thomson, Miss Edith Thomson.

PRETORIA, (Hamburg.)—A. Adam, Miss P. Anderson, Mrs. Rosa Brayton, Miss Ruth Brayton, John Frey, Henry Mann, H. Thompson, Miss Bella Parker.

"Tristan und Isolde" Sung.

"Tristan und Isolde" was sung at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. The cast included Mmes. Fremstad and Matzenauer and Messrs. Urlus, Braun, Hinshaw, Bayer, and Murphy. Mr. Toscanini conducted.

The Southland's most winsome, daintiest sweets, pure and fresh.
Nunnally's
Famous Candy
Now Made in New York
Ask your druggist or grocer for the many kinds.
New York Factory, 154 W. 14th St.

GOVERNMENT TAKES EXHIBITION STAMPS

Wise Orders Plate and Reproductions of Beautiful Philatelic Label Destroyed.

TOO LIKE NATIONAL ISSUES

Directors of Exhibition Surrender Plate Under Protest, but Stamps Have Been Scattered Over World.

Notwithstanding the protests of the directors of the International Philatelic Exhibition, which is to be held in the Engineering Societies' Building, at 25-33 West Thirty-ninth Street, from Oct. 27 to Nov. 1, United States District Attorney Wise has ordered the destruction of the plate of the beautiful "exhibition stamp" and has ordered that all of the stamps printed from it shall be destroyed. Mr. Wise maintains that the exhibition stamp or label is too close an imitation of the United States Government postage stamp. Stamp collectors, in opposing the District Attorney's order, asserted that his interpretation of the law was overstrict. They said that no person of ordinary intelligence would mistake the exhibition stamp for a Government issue.

When the Association for Stamp Exhibitions, Incorporated, was formed to arrange this exhibition, the first to be held in this country, the Hamilton Bank Note Company of New York gave 100,000 of these advertising labels to the exhibition. It was intended to distribute them free to collectors throughout the United States and foreign countries, to be pasted on the backs of letters, so as to call attention to the exhibition.

The labels are recess-printed in sheets of fifty on bond paper, watermarked in outline letters "Crane & Co., Dalton, Mass., 1912, Bond No. 2." The gum is colorless, and the stamps are non-curling. They are printed in pure bright colors—green, red, orange, olive, magenta, and blue. The centre of each stamp contains the well-known Stuart head of George Washington. Above the head is printed the word "International." Below this, in a semicircle, is "Philatelic Exhibition." On the left side of the Washington head are the figures 19, and on the right side the figures 13, indicating the year 1913. Beneath the head there is a longitudinal line reading "New York." Below this again, in small letters, is "Hamilton Bank Note Co., N. Y."

The editor of "The Philadelphia Stamp News," in the last issue of that paper, says:

> This stamp is the most beautiful label of its kind that has ever been produced. We know whereof we speak, because the editor has collected these things for some years, and is willing to stake all to back his assertion that he hasn't a single label in his collection of 20,000 which can compare with it.

After the banknote company had printed the 100,000 stamps and turned them over to the Directors of the exhibition, complete sets of them were sent to collectors in America, Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, and the various inhabited islands of the world. Trouble with the United States authorities was not anticipated.

A short time ago, after nearly all of the stamps had been distributed, John W. Scott, treasurer of the Board of Directors of the exhibition, received a communication from theoffice of the United States District Attorney saying that the issue of the label was in violation of the law, and that both the plate and stamps must be destroyed. This caused consternation among the Directors and their friends. They called in Justice F. Spiegelberg of the Fifth District Municipal Court, who is a stamp collector, and asked him to try to dissuade District Attorney Wise from insisting on his order of destruction.

It was said that when Justice Spiegelberg first called on Mr. Wise the District Attorney was not sure that the exhibition stamp was a violation of the law. He promised to investigate further and give his opinion. It was then understood that the original order had been sent to the Directors without Mr. Wise's knowledge. A short time afterward the District Attorney asserted that the exhibition stamp seemed to be clearly a violation of the law and that therefore the plate and the stamps must be destroyed. Thereupon Mr. Scott surrendered the plate.

It does not seem likely that the District Attorney's order for the destruction of the stamps can be carried out, as they are scattered to the four corners of the world.

"It would take a regiment of men to get those stamps," said John A. Kleeman, the Secretary of the Board of Directors of the exhibition, yesterday. "We fail to see any striking resemblance between the exhibition stamp and the United States postage stamp. The exhibition label is some three inches high by two inches wide. The postage stamp, on the other hand, is less than one inch in height. There is nothing on the exhibition stamp tending to deceive the public. It has no words or figures of value. The only figures are those of the year 1913. The lettering distinctly shows that it is an exhibition label, not a postage stamp.

"It seems a pity that this action has been taken, because the label is a handsome one, and it was doing excellent work in advertising the Exhibition. The label was so pretty that there was an increasing demand for it by collectors. The exhibition, by the way, promises to be a great success. We have received commendation from collectors of various countries besides our own, such, for instance, as Baron A. de Worms and Baron P. de Worms of England, Rittmeister Eugen Bayer of Prague, A. Bolaffi of Turin, M. Z. Booleman of Amsterdam, Theodore Champion of Paris, Marshall Cutler of Florence, Dr. Emilio Diena of Rome, Hilmer Djurling of Stockholm, Henry J. Duveen of London, Johannes Elster of Berlin, Rudolph Friedl of Vienna, M. Galvez of Madrid, Gustave Gelli of Brussels, Consul George of Lisbon, Chief Justice Horace Harvey of Edmonton, A. F. Bassett Hull of Sydney, G. Kirchner of St. Petersburg, R. Kronmann of Copenhagen, Dr. F. Penichet of Havana, Dr. Marco del Pont of Buenos Aires, J. B. Robert of The Hague, and Sir C. Stewart Wilson of Bombay."

Would Aid Widow in Business.

A young mother, twice widowed, and with two children to care for, wishes to take up work which will enable her to provide for herself and them, without the necessity of charitable aid. For $150 she can buy an interest in a laundry, a favorable investment in which success is all but assured.

Any prospective benefactor is cordially invited to communicate with the Widowed Mothers' Fund Association, 192 Bowery. Donations will be gladly accepted by Mrs. Henry Zuckerman, 80 Broadway, New York, and will be used exclusively for the purpose indicated without deduction of any kind. Thanks are offered to I. L. H. for a gift of $2, Cash $2, and Mrs. L., $1.

Pension of $200 Needed.

A widow is heroically struggling to keep a home for herself and six children, rather than part with her little ones to an institution. In order that the mother's income may be sufficient to feed, clothe, and house herself and little ones, the public is asked to help raise a fund of $200, to be used as a pension for the coming year. Contributions can be sent to the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, marked 004. The bureau wishes to acknowledge contributions received from Anna, $1; H. C. F., $1; Cash Anon, $2.

Amelia Relief Society Entertainment.

The annual entertainment of the Amelia Relief Society will be held to-night at the Knickerbocker Hotel. Among those who have volunteered are Cliff Gordon, Miss Bertha Shalek, Rhoda Helmuth, and Emma Jacovef. Moving pictures of the Scott south pole expedition will also be shown.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Misses Esther and Dorothy Swainson and Francis Rogers will give a morning musicale devoted to the music of Moussorgsky Thursday morning, March 6, at 11 o'clock.

Victor Herbert and his orchestra have arranged a ten weeks' tour. The first concert will be given in Carnegie Hall on Easter Sunday evening, March 23, when the programme will be devoted to Irish composers. Idelle Patterson, soprano, will be soloist.

CALLS IT "CLIMAX OF ABUSE."

Untermyer Never Heard of Chicago's Alleged Disbarment Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Samuel Untermyer to-day made the following formal statement relative to the reports of disbarment proceedings against himself and others sent out from Chicago:

"This latest statement about disbarment proceedings just about caps the climax of this campaign of abuse. I never heard of any such proceedings and do not for a moment believe that even my most industrious enemies will prepare for themselves any such boomerang as to further exploit this worn-out story of thirteen years ago.

"Since May last when I accepted this retainer from the Pujo Committee I have refused to make any statement whatever for publication. The provocation has at times been great in view of the attacks that have been centred upon me and the gross abuse and misrepresentation to which I have been subjected.

"Now that the work is completed and my retainer is released I want to say that there has been for months a vigorous hostile press pursuing those who are supposed to be responsible for this inquiry. The attacks were concentrated and I have been willfully and persistently maligned. It would be impossible to rehearse the persecution that has come from all directions as a part of this campaign. At first it was rumored that I had some sort of personal grievance. When this was exploded, and it was found that the inquiry was being conducted on purely impersonal lines and was directed at a system and not against individuals, a different tack was taken.

"At times I was represented on the floor of Congress as a masquerading tool of the corporations bent upon destroying legitimate corporate enterprises.

"An unfortunate business investment made by me a quarter of a century ago, in which my only offense was to lose over $200,000 of my money, has been again dug up and distorted beyond recognition and made to appear as a current occurrence. On the whole, life has been made rather uncomfortable for me and my family for the past ten months for having dared to perform a necessary public service on the retainer of a Committee of Congress. All this is apparently part of a well-matured plan to injure the investigation and is a warning to others who may be tempted to advance any sort of radical financial reforms based upon exposure of existing abuses or defects.

"The members of the committee, regardless of party, are unanimous as to the conduct of the inquiry, and have also been generous in their support and loyalty. They know that I was reluctant to accept the service, and still more reluctant to accept compensation for it; they know that the Chairman was insistent on that point, and that the committee itself fixed the compensation without suggestion from me. I have devoted to it almost an entire year of my life to the practical exclusion of my practice.

"In entering upon this service I understood the powerful hostilities which it would arouse and something of the sacrifices it would involve; but I am bound to say that in the malignity of the attacks the event has far exceeded my wildest expectations. But the work had to be done. There is much more of it to be done. It has barely begun, and somebody must take the blows.

"Corporate reform is as urgent as any of the needs of our day, and notwithstanding the personal abuse of which I am and have been the persistent victim I shall feel more than paid if the work that has been accomplished shall result in the constructive legislation that is expected of it."

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—State's Attorney Hoyt, who was quoted here yesterday as authority for naming the lawyers against whom proceedings would be instituted in the Guggenheim case, said to-night:

"I was at luncheon yesterday with Judges Heard and Baldwin. Afterward I met a reporter and told him that I was investigating the Guggenheim case. I said that disbarment proceedings would be instituted against certain lawyers in the case and that further action might be taken. I told him that I had not finished my inquiry. I did not mention any names. I can truthfully say that I have as yet drawn no charges. I refuse absolutely to say what I may do in the future. I have two assistants working on the case. I have not yet prepared my charges against any lawyers, but this will be one of the developments of the case. I was actuated in giving out the statement by the fact that I wanted to see efforts checked to make Chicago a divorce market."

JACQUES KAHN WINS SUIT.

French Glass Company Fails to Recover for Goods Sold to Elst.

A Supreme Court jury returned to Justice Donnelly yesterday a verdict of no cause for action in the suit brought by the Societe Anonyme des Glaces Nationales Belge against Jacques Kahn. The company, which is part of the European Glass Trust, brought suit for $35,000, declaring that Kahn had received goods and merchandise to the amount sued for through Rochez Vander Elst, a European glass dealer, whom they accused of being Kahn's agent. Elst, the complaint stated, had gone into bankruptcy in 1906, but prior to that time had had extensive dealings with the society, obtaining great quantities of merchandise from them, but turning it over later, they believed, to Kahn.

Evidence was presented by the defense to show that the Belgian glass concern had in 1906, after the failure of Elst, transferred on the books 200,000 francs' worth of merchandise to Kahn, which in 1903 had been charged to Elst. The suit was begun in 1908, and has been in the courts for the past five years. In the Supreme Court it lasted three weeks. Adam K. Stricker and Abraham Benedict were counsel for the defense, and Rounds & Schurman for the plaintiff.

Fort George Hill Tunnel Opening.

Mayor Gaynor will attend the opening on next Saturday of a 1,000-foot tunnel through Fort George Hill. It will give access to the 191st Street Subway Station to the residents of the rapidly developing Fort Tryon, Fort George, and Bennett Avenue district without going half a mile round to get up the hill.

$500 TAX ON BROKERS.

Cuvillier Offers Bill to License Stock Exchange Operators.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—A yearly license fee of $500 for each stock broker belonging to any Stock Exchange in the State is proposed in a bill by Assemblyman Cuvillier. The measure empowers the Superintendent of Banks to issue the licenses, and authorizes him to make quarterly inspections of each stock broker's business.

The bill is designed to meet John G. Milburn's objections to Gov. Sulzer's measure compelling Stock Exchanges to incorporate, which Mr. Mulburn says is unconstitutional.

George Cleveland.

George Cleveland, founder of the Cleveland Baking Powder Company, died last night at the home of his son-in-law, ex-Judge Charles B. Storrs, 33 Lincoln Avenue, Orange, N. J.

Mr. Cleveland, who was in his seventy-fourth year, suffered a stroke of apoplexy on Tuesday. He was born in New York City, and during his lifetime he was a resident of Albany, later returning to New York to establish the business that developed wealth for him. Mrs. Cleveland died several years ago. The surviving members of his family are Mrs. Storrs and Guy C. Cleveland, daughter and son.

Ernest M. Fiedler.

Ernest M. Fiedler of E. M. Fiedler & Co., one of the oldest foreign exchange brokerage firms in this city, died yesterday at his home, 188 St. Nicholas Avenue, from a complication of diseases, following an attack of paralysis two weeks ago. The firm's offices are at 27 William Street, and in the Metropolitan Insurance Company's building. Mr. Fiedler was born in Brooklyn in March, 1858. He began his business career with the old foreign exchange brokerage firm of Tietzel & Frank, in Hanover Square. When 24 years of age he founded the firm of E. M. Fiedler & Co. at Broome and Mercer Streets. He is survived by his wife, Cora Holden Fiedler. They had no children. The funeral will be from his late residence at 1:30 P. M. to-morrow.

Obituary Notes.

I. F. RANDOLPH, a real estate dealer in Elizabeth, N. J., died of heart disease in the Seminole Hotel, Palm Beach, Fla., Thursday.

ALBIN GARRETT, leader of the Progressive Party in Chester, Penn., died Thursday in his home in Thornbury Township, near Westchester, Penn., aged 65.

PETER BRADY, a civil and mining engineer, is dead in Easton, Penn., aged 89. He was interested in the Glendon, Thomas & Crane Iron Companies.

Mrs. MARGARET PERRY, wife of William Perry of Lansing, Mich., died Thursday in the home of her sister, Mrs. James T. McCabe, 23 North Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J.

Col. JOHN C. WEST, who served in the civil war with the One Hundredth New York Regiment of Volunteers, is dead in his home, 257 West 128th Street, aged 76.

ORRIN BAXTER, who taught in the district schools of Westchester County forty years ago, died Thursday of bronchial pneumonia in his home in New Rochelle, aged 78.

ERNEST JACKSON, educator and private instructor for many years in Boston, died Thursday in his home there, aged 55. He obtained his degree in Harvard University in 1878, and in the following year he joined the Archaeological Institute of America.

Ex-Alderman JAMES KEYES of Paterson, N. J., who was a member of the New Jersey Legislature from Passaic County from 1886 to 1888, is dead in his home, 68 Mary Street, Paterson, aged 66. He was Factory Inspector of the Sixth Congressional District.

MAURICE MAYER, Treasurer of the Mayer Brewing Company and son of the founder, died Thursday of pneumonia in his home, 1,043 Fifth Avenue, aged 48. He was a member of the Democratic Club.

JAMES M. LACHMAN, advertising agent of the Metropolitan Opera House since 1892, died Thursday in the home of his sister, Mrs. Lena Epstein, 402 West Forty-second Street, aged 52. When a boy he sold librettos at the old Fifth Avenue Theatre.

JOHN S. RIEBEL, oldest member of the Pennsylvania Assembly, died Thursday in his home, 1,211 Franklin Street, Philadelphia, aged 68. During the civil war he served in the Marine Corps.

GUSTAVE STEHR, manufacturer of meerschaum pipes, died Wednesday in his home, 387 Broome Street, aged 70. He was born in Vienna and came here in 1867. His wife and son survive him.

GEORGE W. COLLARD, Postmaster at Bloomingburg, N. Y., since 1898, is dead in his home there, aged 64. Death was due to paralysis.

Dr. NORMAN B. BAYLEY, member of the New York and American Medical Associations, died Thursday in his home in Haverstraw, N. Y., aged 66. He was a graduate of Yale University in 1871, and studied in the Connecticut State Hospital in New Haven and in Bellevue Hospital.

CHRISTOPHER HAUEISEN, a portrait painter of prominence a quarter of a century ago, is dead in the home of his daughter in St. Louis, Mo., aged 83. He painted the portraits of several of the Mayors of New York, which are now in the City Hall. The portraits of several Governors of New York were also painted by him for the Capitol at Albany.

Mrs. LAURA CAMBLOS DE RENNE, wife of Wymberly Jones De Renne of Savannah, Ga., died on Thursday at the Hotel Touraine, 9 East Thirty-ninth Street, of pneumonia after an illness of a few days.

CARL VALENTINE BAUMANN, 59 years old, member of the Board of Police Commissioners of Newark, N. J., died yesterday at his home in Newark. He had been a member of the New Jersey Assembly and the Newark Board of Works.

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NEW YORK

GOFF TO YALE STUDENTS.

He Tells Them That Orators Do Not Win Cases.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 28.—From the dawn of history the profession of the law has been harshly criticised, said Justice Goff of the New York Supreme Court to-night in addressing the Scholarship Society of the Yale Law School. The practice of some lawyers of taking fees that in reality were bribes and of being the servitors of large corporations caused, he said, most of the criticism at the present time. In the course of his lecture Justice Goff said:

"Our profession is to-day a storm centre. In the popular arena of discussion great questions have arisen which appear to many revolutionary. The delay of the law has invoked language that is scathing. A great principle of law is sincerity. I have seen great orators and speakers, but have seen juries consistently bring in verdicts against them. The jury seeks the lawyer who will get at the facts of the case. Of great orators the thought remains that they are not sincere.

"I have never seen an innocent man convicted on taking the witness stand on his own behalf, and I have never seen a guilty man take the stand who was not beaten in his own cross-examination."

DEMOCRATIC SOCIALS.

Series of Club Evenings Given to Discussion of National Topics.

The National Democratic Club, 617 Fifth Avenue, held last night the first of what is to be a series of social club evenings at which prominent persons will speak on topics of National importance. At future meetings it is expected that Gov. Sulzer, Senator James A. O'Gorman, Samuel Untermyer, former Congressman Steven B. Ayers, and A. Mitchell Palmer will speak. Last night woman's suffrage was discussed. John Sherman Crosby made a strong plea in favor of votes for women. The Democratic Party, he said, was only now recovering from mistakes made during Civil War times, and he gave it as his opinion that the party would make a big mistake if it opposed the suffrage movement. Former Judge Feltner spoke against allowing women the ballot. Clarence C. Ferris was Chairman, and among those present were A. B. Unger, Justice T. F. Donnelly, I. A. Ball, J. A. Stover, J. F. Snyder, Bartow S. Weeks, L. H. Hahlo, Joseph Haag, A. B. Cruikshank, E. R. Hammerschlag, Richard Croker, Jr.; W. H. Dewar, David Lamar, and George L. Stirling.

Mothers' Pension Bill Passes.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 28.—The bill providing a pension of $10 a month for mothers having one child dependent upon them for support, and $7 a month for each additional child, was passed by the Utah Senate to-day. The bill having also passed the House, now goes to the Governor.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

KATZ.—Feb. 23, 128 West 115th St., to the Rev. and Mrs. M. Katz, a son.

Married.

BONNER—GOODRICH.—Feb. 27, Elizabeth L. Goodrich to Gerald E. Bonner.

Died.

BAIN.—On Feb. 26, in her 56th year, Jane Winifred, beloved wife of James Bain. Funeral from her late residence, 429 East 156th Street, Saturday at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn. English papers please copy.

BALL.—On Washington's Birthday, there was lying in death one of his closest relatives, Fayette G. Ball, whose funeral took place in Richmond, Va., on Feb. 23, 1913.

Said Fayette G. Ball was the oldest and last surviving son of the late Judge Charles B. Ball and Emma R. Ball, Vice Regent for Virginia in the Mount Vernon Association. His descent was direct from Gen. Washington's own brother, Charles, whose daughter, Frances Washington, married her cousin, Col. Burgess Ball. Col. Ball was the father of Dr. Charles Ball of Loudoun County, whose son, Judge Charles Burgess Ball, was the father of Fayette G. Ball.

BENDER.—Thursday, Feb. 27, Mrs. Mary A., mother of Ada C. Brothers, at her residence, 150 East 35th St. Services on Saturday, March 1, at 1 P. M. Interment private.

BRUFF.—At New York, Feb. 28, 1913, Phoebe Shotwell, wife of Richard P. Bruff and daughter of the late William L. Jenkins. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BUFFINGTON.—On Feb. 28, Edgar Adelbert Buffington, at his late residence, Pleasantville, N. Y. Funeral private. Boston papers please copy.

CALLAGHAN.—On Feb. 27, at the residence of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Stratton, 121 First Place, Brooklyn, Amie Stratton Callaghan, in her 21st year. Funeral services at the Tabernacle Baptist Church, Clinton St. and 3d Place, Brooklyn, Sunday, March 2, 1:30 P. M. Friends invited.

CLEVELAND.—At Orange, N. J., Feb. 28, 1913, George Cleveland, in his 74th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 333 Lincoln Av., Orange, N. J., on Sunday afternoon, March 2, at 4:15, on arrival of D., L. & W. train leaving Hoboken, 3:15 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Highland Av. station. Albany (N. Y.) and Chicago (Ill.) papers please copy.

DUGAN.—At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas D. Leonard, the Oakes, Morris Plains, N. J., Feb. 28, 1913, Mrs. Annie Sheridan Dugan, a faithful friend through her service of over forty years with Mrs. Ex. Norton, Sr., and her family. Interment at Wakefield, R. I.

DE RENNE.—On Thursday, Feb. 27, at the Hotel Touraine, New York, Laura Camblos, wife of Wymberly Jones De Renne of Savannah, Ga.

FIEDLER.—Feb. 28, in his 54th year, Ernest M. Fiedler, beloved husband of Cora Holden Fiedler. Funeral services at his late residence, 188 St. Nicholas Av., at 1:30 P. M., on Sunday, March 2.

FILAN.—On Feb. 28, 1913, Raymond A., beloved son of Elizabeth and the late John, and brother of John H. A. and William A. Filan. Funeral from his late residence, 326 Amity St., Flushing, L. I., on Monday, March 3, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Michael's Church. Interment Calvary.

GIBBONS.—Francis, age 62. "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building,) Saturday, 10 o'clock. Automobile cortege.

GOLDZIHER.—Feb. 27, Walter E., aged 38. Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company, 8th Av. and 19th St.

GRISWOLD.—Helen Adele, daughter of the late Capt. Robert Harper and Helen Powers Griswold, after a brief illness, on the 27th inst. Funeral at her home in Old Lyme on Saturday, March 1, at 2 P. M.

HAINES.—On Feb. 26, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. A. B. Tappen, 10 Clinton Av., Clifton, N. J., Maria L. Haines, widow of Smith W. Haines of Jersey City, in her 84th year. Interment at Clinton Corners, N. Y., Saturday, March 1, at 2 P. M.

HISS.—On Thursday, Feb. 27, 1913, at his late residence, 667 Madison Av., New York, Dr. Philip Hanson Hiss, Jr., beloved husband of Caroline Dow Hiss and son of Philip Hanson Hiss and the late Susan Shirk Hiss of Baltimore. Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Av. and 44th St., on Saturday, March 1, at 9 A. M.

HOCHULI.—Feb. 27, Emanuel Hochuli, aged 48 years. Funeral services at Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., Saturday evening at 8 o'clock.

HOLBROOK.—Amelia Weed, Thursday, Feb. 27, at her home, 60 W. 10th St., New York City. Funeral private.

HOWLAND.—At East Orange, N. J., on Friday, Feb. 28, 1913, Amanda, wife of Charles E. Howland, in her 68th year. Funeral services at the home of her son-in-law, Austin M. Knight, 242 Amherst St., East Orange, on Sunday afternoon, March 2, at 4:30 o'clock. Interment at Troy, N. Y.

INCABABIAN.—At Union Hill, N. J., suddenly, on Thursday, Feb. 27, 1913, Jacob Incababian, aged 47 years, of Smyrna, Turkey, and manager of Henry Clews & Co.'s Madison Square Branch, New York City. Funeral services will be held on Saturday, March 1, at 3 P. M., at S. R. Sharpe's Funeral Parlor, 191 Bergenline Av., Union Hill. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited. Interment Fairview Cemetery.

KANN.—Amelia Kann, widow of Jacob Kann, beloved mother of Mrs. H. J. Fink and grandmother of Mrs. Philip Leserman, Jr., on Feb. 27, in her 68th year. Funeral from her late residence, 46 West 126th St., at 9:30 Sunday morning.

KANN.—Members and seatholders of Temple Israel of Harlem are requested to attend the funeral of our late member, Mrs. Amelia Kann, to be held at her residence, 46 West 126th St., on Sunday morning at 9:30 A. M.

DANIEL P. HAYS, President.
LEWIS COON, Hon. Secretary.

LONDON.—N. Tobias, Feb. 28, 1913, 10 A. M., age 76; survived by three sons, Abraham, Bernard, and Samuel London. Funeral from his late residence, 490 East 141st St., Sunday, March 2, at 11 A. M.

Died.

LONGUET.—Susannah, 76 years, Feb. 27. Funeral Saturday, 138 West 67th St.

MAYER.—On Thursday, Feb. 27, at his home, 1,043 Fifth Av., Maurice, beloved son of David and the late Mary Mayer, in his 49th year. Funeral on Sunday, 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

MAYER.—Temple Beth-El, 5th Av. and 76th St. The Board of Trustees are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of Maurice Mayer, son of our esteemed colleague, David Mayer, on Sunday morning, March 2, at 10 o'clock, from his late residence, 1,043 Fifth Av.

SOL. SULZBERGER, President.

McGEE.—In Trenton, N. J., on the 28th ult., Charles Henry, son of Francis H. and Laura F. McGee, in the 6th year of his age. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his parents' residence, 1,944 South Clinton Av., Trenton, N. J., on Monday morning, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at Belvidere, N. J.

MILLER.—Suddenly, at Newark, N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 27, 1913, Emma V., daughter of the late Gen. James and Julia Baldwin Miller. Funeral services will be held in the South Park Presbyterian Church, Broad St. and Lincoln Park, Newark, N. J., on Monday, March 3, at 2:30 P. M.

MOFFETT.—At Palm Beach, on Tuesday, Feb. 25, James A. Moffett. Funeral services at his late residence, 212 West 72d St., on Saturday, March 1, at 11 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn. Chicago papers please copy.

MOFFETT.—James A. The New York Southern Society announces with deep regret the death of James A. Moffett, a member of the Society, at Palm Beach, Fla., on Feb. 25, 1913. THOS. S. FULLER, Secretary.

MULLER.—Anna B. Muller, (née Eicks,) died peacefully Feb. 27, aged 55 years. Funeral service from her late residence, 1,337 Clinton Av., near 169th St., Bronx, on Saturday evening, March 1, at 8:30.

OAKLEY.—The members of the Executive Committee of the County Committee of the Democratic Party of New York County are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of their late associate, Hon. John T. Oakley, on next Monday, March 3, at 9:30 A. M., from his late residence, 243 West 99th Street; thence to the Church of the Holy Name, 96th Street and Amsterdam Av. THOMAS F. McAVOY, Chairman.

SERRELL.—At Plainfield, N. J., Feb. 26, 1913, Harold Serrell, in his 61st year. Funeral services at his late residence, 36 Myrtle Av., North Plainfield, on Saturday, March 1, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private. Carriages will meet train leaving foot of Liberty St., (C. R. R. of N. J.,) New York City, at 1:10 P. M.

SULLIVAN.—Feb. 28, William Sullivan of 150 West 106th, aged 71, dearly beloved husband of Annie E. Sullivan. Funeral services, "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, Monday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private.

WEED.—Passed away, Feb. 27, at her home, 267 McDonough St., Brooklyn, after a prolonged illness, M. Adelaide Weed, wife of C. Frederick Weed. Services Monday, March 3, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Syracuse, N. Y. Syracuse (N. Y.) papers please copy.

WILLIAMS.—Walter J., on Feb. 28, 1913, aged 28 years. Funeral services from his late residence, 414 Chestnut St., Brooklyn, Sunday, March 2, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

BEBUS.—J. George, 8 West 111th St., Feb. 27, aged 36.
BLOCH.—Samuel, Mount Sinai Hospital, Feb. 26.
BROWNE.—Henry, 947 1st Av., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
CAVANAUGH.—Ellen L., 426 West 53d St., Feb. 27.
COLLINS.—Cornelius, Feb. 26. Funeral 135 Avenue B to-day, 10 A. M.
DELANEY.—Nora, 315 West 46th St., Feb. 27.
DOUGHERTY.—Jane, Feb. 27. Funeral 874 Lexington Av.
GARDINER.—David T., Sr., 662 8th Av., Feb. 25. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
GEMMER.—Friederich, 116 West 102d St., Feb. 27, aged 83. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.
GUTMANN.—Sigmund A., 209 West 97th St., Feb. 27, aged 79.
HORAN.—Minnie, 137 Edgecombe Av., Feb. 27.
KEARNEY.—Francis J., Barry and Tiffany Sts., Bronx, Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
KELLY.—William J., 138 East 94th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
KENT.—Stella A., 58 Central Park West, Feb. 27. Funeral private.
LACHMAN.—Mendel, 402 West 46th St., Feb. 27, aged 52. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.
McAVENEY.—Thomas, 1,067 3d Av., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
McCANN.—Peter, 429 East 80th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.
McGRATH.—Patrick, 502 West 119th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
MEHRTENS.—Albert, 556 Brook Av., Bronx, Feb. 27, aged 39. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
MUNN.—George H., Feb. 26, aged 60. Funeral 1,045 Intervale Av., Bronx.
PETERSON.—William H., 115 West 90th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.
PREYER.—Emma G., 268 West 117th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
RAUTENBERG.—Ida, 305 East 10th St., Feb. 27.
SPONHEIMER.—Elizabeth, 4,115 White Plains Av., Bronx, Feb. 27, aged 42.
STIEHL.—Adam, 500 East 87th St., Feb. 26, aged 93. Funeral to-day.
SULLIVAN.—Jeremiah, 525 Hudson St., Feb. 27, aged 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
THOMPSON.—Elizabeth, Feb. 27. Funeral 2,343 8th Av.
VAN PELT.—William, 1,719 Barnes Av., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow.
VOGT.—August, 812 Westchester Av., Bronx, Feb. 26.
WALSH.—John, 336 East 69th St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
WALSH.—Joseph, Feb. 26. Funeral 494 East 143d St. to-day, 8:30 A. M.
WEST.—Col. John C., 257 West 128th St., Feb. 27, aged 77. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

AMBERLAND.—James, 140 Richardson St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
BASCHE.—Adalbert, 10 Windom St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow.
BELMAR.—John C., 8,688 Benson Av., Bath Beach, Feb. 25, aged 50.
BRADY.—William E., Feb. 27, aged 30. Funeral, 393 Gates Av., to-day.
CARLSEA.—Mabel, 211 Vanderbilt St., Feb. 27, aged 31. Funeral March 3, 2 P. M.
COWHEY.—John, 159 Beard St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
GEROLD.—George, 23 Polhemus Place, Feb. 25.
GRADY.—Rose, 130 Eldert Lane, Feb. 26, aged 80. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
GRAY.—Emily L., 67 Troy Av., Feb. 27, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
HARRISON.—Michael, 53 Jarvis St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
HIGGINS.—Leo M., 1,933 East 9th St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
HOPPENHAUER.—Peter, 487 Broadway, Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
HOWARD.—Durand K., Feb. 27, aged 62. Funeral, 916½ Gates Av.
IAGO.—Mary, 166 26th St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day.
KOCH.—Ernest, 249 Bay Ridge Av., Feb. 27, aged 58. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.
LUDWIG.—Alfred G., 1,343 42d St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
MARRIOTT.—George, 6,927 5th Av., Bay Ridge, Feb. 27, aged 77. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
NAGLE.—James, 175 Flatbush Av., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
OLIVER.—Thomas, 2,127 82d St., Bensonhurst, Feb. 27, aged 94. Funeral to-day.
QUIGLEY.—Edward, 562 Hicks St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
REED.—George H., 115 Crystal St., Feb. 27. Funeral service to-day.
REICHHOLD.—Fritz, 1,629 70th St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
REILLY.—Mary J., 145½ Nelson St., Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
SCHRAMM.—Herbert H., 844 Fresh Pond Road, Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
SCHWENN.—Louis, 112 Magenta St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
SIEVERS.—William, 636 6th Av., Feb. 26, aged 37. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.
TRAFFORD.—Lillian, 1,123 Jefferson Av., Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
WHALEN.—John, 207 Powers St., Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

BIRD.—Mrs. J. U., Maspeth, Feb. 26. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
CRAWFORD.—Josephine, Morris Park, Feb. 25, aged 58.
DALTON.—James, Far Rockaway, Feb. 25, aged 42.
FRANCULLO.—James, Maspeth, Feb. 26. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.
GRIFFEN.—Thomas, Ridgewood, Feb. 25, aged 73.
HARBONIERS.—William, Richmond Hill, Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
HIEMER.—Clara, Jamaica, Feb. 25, aged 78.
KETCHUM.—Ida M., Freeport, Feb. 27. Funeral to-morrow, 3:30 P. M.
PECHIN.—Rose, Woodhaven, Feb. 25, aged 72.
RUSBACH.—Catherine, 276 5th Av., Astoria, Feb. 25, aged 41.
STEEPLES.—Dorothy H., College Point, Feb. 25, aged 8 months.

Westchester County.

BAXTER.—Orrin, New Rochelle, Feb. 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
FOWLER.—Margaret V., 35 South 8th Av., Mount Vernon, Feb. 27. Funeral to-day.
SIEGWART.—Ambros, Elmsford, Feb. 26, aged 80. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

In Memoriam.

COSTELLO.—John A., mass, St. Andrew's Church, to-day, 10 A. M.
GILGAN.—Bridget, mass, Holy Cross Church, to-day, 10 A. M.
LANAGAN.—Anna, mass, St. Augustine's Church, Brooklyn, to-day, 9 A. M.
POOLE.—Alfred, mass, St. Ambrose's Church, to-day, 9 A. M.

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CEMETERIES.
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MANY COUNTIES HAVE PAID NO AUTO FINES

List of Delinquents—Secretary of State May Get Collection Power—Show Ends To-night.

Motorists were interested yesterday to learn that so small a proportion of the fines from automobile offenses had been paid into the State Treasury as was indicated in The Times. It has been suggested that steps be taken to find out what has become of the funds. A list of the counties which have not been heard from in connection with penalty payments includes those of Albany and Erie, where many such fines are collected daily, and have been so collected since the motor vehicle law went into effect, on Aug. 1, 1910. The delinquent counties, in addition to these two, are:

Allegany, Chattaraugus, Chenango, Clinton, Delaware, Hamilton, Jefferson, Lewis, Livingston, Madison, Orleans, Oswego, Otsego, Rockland, St. Lawrence, Saratoga, Schoharie, Seneca, Steuben, Sullivan, Ulster, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wyoming, and Yates.

The counties that have made remittances and the amounts are as follows:

Cayuga, $45; Chautauqua, $105; Chemung, $48; Columbia, $5; Cortland, $90; Dutchess, $235; Essex, $10; Franklin, $10; Fulton, $94; Genesee, $55; Greene, $5; Herkimer, $145; Kings, $1,036; Monroe, $5; Montgomery, $120; Nassau, $3,618; New York, $9,642; Niagara, $40; Oneida, $135; Onondaga, $285; Ontario, $5; Orange, $45; Putnam, $25; Queens, $3,307; Rensselaer, $55; Richmond, $35; Schenectady, $91; Suffolk, $150; Tioga, $20; Tompkins, $25; Westchester, $2,080.

There is a plan on foot to give to the Secretary of State the necessary machinery for the collection of these fines, or rather the gathering of those already collected by the courts. It is admitted that some method must be found to stop the leakage, of which no record other than the court of original collection's records of the sums taken in can be kept, resulting in the loss to the automobile users and all who travel on the highways of many thousands of dollars.

***

The third annual Brooklyn Automobile Show in the Twenty-third Regiment Armory will come to an end to-night, after a successful and well attended session. Many sales have been reported during the progress of the exhibition, both of pleasure cars and motor trucks, and the attendance has surpassed that of last year. Last night was "merchants' night" at the armory and representatives of many of the large Brooklyn stores put in an appearance to look over the commercial cars shown. To-night a cyclemobile race between Ralph Mulford and Louis A. Disbrow, racing drivers, will be held around the aisles of the building.

***

There will be a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Motor Dealers' Contest Association of this city at George Rector's at noon to-day. The purpose of the meeting has not been made public.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE STOCK.

Kendall Insists That Fifty Exchange Men Formerly Held It.

George H. Kendall, President of the New York Bank Note Company, made a statement last night in answer to the interview in The Times yesterday with President Green of the American Bank Note Company concerning the amount of stock in his company held by members of the New York Stock Exchange.

Mr. Kendall also referred to a statement made by William C. Van Antwerp at the Albany hearing Wednesday night, that only eighteen of his associates in the Stock Exchange now owned American Bank Note stock, as against Mr. Kendall's statement that fifty of them formerly owned shares.

"I have not the slightest doubt of the entire truth of what he says," said Mr. Kendall, "but does he tell you that my statement is made as of June, 1910, which is the time of the commencement of our suit? Does he tell you that this statement is sworn to by me and gives the names of the fifty parties? Does he tell you that the source of my information was the stock ledger of the American Bank Note Company from which were copied off the names of the fifty? It is undoubtedly true that whereas there were fifty Stock Exchange houses, there are now only eighteen. I will leave it to the fair inference of your readers whether or not this transfer was produced by guilty fear.

"As to the 13-10 per cent. of the stock Mr. Van Antwerp now acknowledges to be held by Exchange interests, I beg to state that as of the date above mentioned my data showed that fourteen family names at that time owned 41,000 shares. The readers can also make their own inference from this situation."

WIRE AND STEEL RECEIVERS

Named for Philadelphia Company on Bank's Application.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 28.—In the United States Court here to-day Judge Rellstab named Lewis Starr of Camden and Augustus R. Archer of Philadelphia as temporary receivers for the Philadelphia Steel and Wire Company. Application for the receivers was made by counsel for Melvin G. Baker and the Pennsylvania National Bank of Philadelphia.

It is asserted that the liabilities are about $250,000 and the assets less than $200,000. The rule to show cause why the receivers should not be made permanent is returnable March 10.

To Sell Toledo-Chicago Line.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 28.—The Superior Court to-day authorized the sale of the Toledo & Chicago Interurban Railway Company under a petition submitted by James D. Mortimer, receiver, and Judge Yaple placed the upset selling price at $550,000. The date for the sale has not been determined.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

Arrangements between the Great Northern Telegraph Company and the Japanese Department of Communication are, according to reliable information, nearing completion, everything now being settled with the exception of minor details. The reduction in rates between Japan and all of China will be 30 per cent.

Ten million dollars from the Central Treasury of Canada is to be expended for the advancement of agriculture between now and 1923. A measure providing for the appropriation of this sum was introduced into the Dominion Parliament on Jan. 24, 1913, by the Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, and its passage is assured.

The President of the Brazilian Republic has signed Decree No. 9,969 of Dec. 30, by which the Lloyd Brasileiro is granted an annual subsidy of $600,600 for a period of eighteen years. The Lloyd also receives subsidies to the amount of $908,380, granted in the years 1906 to 1909.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

There has been a heavy run this season in the local floor coverings market on the cheaper grades of tapestry goods. Another feature of recent business has been the improved taste displayed by buyers in the selection of lines. There has been a sharp movement away from floral and other conventional designs.

According to a trade authority, an eight-ounce ticking can be got in this market at 13 cents. If the report is true, and the quality right, it offers an excellent opportunity for buyers.

The far-reaching effects of the silk workmen's disturbances in Paterson are causing much uneasiness in that city. From last accounts the workers, from dyers to throwsters and from throwsters to weavers, are all on the warpath.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Robert Rei & Co. 560 Broadway, wholesalers of underwear, will occupy the building on the northwest corner of Broadway and Nineteenth Street when alterations are completed.

A. & M. Karagheusian, importers of Oriental rugs, for many years located at Broadway and Nineteenth Street, have engaged new quarters in the Hess Building, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street. The entire sixth floor there, containing 20,000 square feet of floor space, will be occupied by them.

[illegible] women's neckwear, 573 [illegible] the building at 935 [illegible] remodeling is completed.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

NEW ENGLAND MILL REPORTS.

Manomet, Nonquit, and Nashawena Mills Show Good Surpluses.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 28.—The annual financial statement just submitted to the stockholders of the Manomet mills of New Bedford shows earnings of $300,000. This sum canceled last year's debt on the plant, amounting at that time to $123,463.57, and created a surplus of $21,242.50.

The Nonquit's financial statement shows earnings of $200,000, and among the items in the assets column are $1,980,655 for machinery and equipment, $849,613 for manufactures and merchandise, and $350,239 for cash and accounts receivable. The liabilities show, excluding the capital stock of $2,400,000, notes payable of $1,647,500, accounts payable, $290,900, and a profit and loss surplus of $282,001.

The Nashawena's statement discloses among the assets $1,241,220 for land and buildings, $2,656,057 for machinery and equipment, $1,003,251 for raw materials and merchandise, and $216,570 for cash and accounts receivable. Excluding the capital stock of $3,000,000, it is shown in the liabilities that there are notes payable of $1,825,000, accounts payable of $234,488, and a profit and loss surplus of $56,613. The officers of the above corporations remain the same.

GOOD CALL FOR RIBBONS.

Practically All Grades of Soft-Faced Goods Wanted—Strike Outlook.

There is a firm tone in the local ribbon market, according to manufacturers. The demand is good, prices are better than a year ago, and the trade anticipates still further improvement. Essentially dry-goods ribbons are now having the largest sales. Those reported most in demand for Fall are silks, satins, satin crepes, satin brocades, crepe de chines, and, in fact, nearly everything in the soft-faced varieties. Ribbons for the Spring millinery trade tend strongly toward Bulgarian prints, fancy edges, and printed warps. Bright Bulgarian effects are greatly in demand.

The principal mills in Paterson are reported to be idle, owing to the strike, and no optimistic sentiment regarding a settlement is apparent. A local wholesaler said yesterday that, in his opinion, it would indirectly affect other States if an agreement were not reached shortly. The throwing plants are also having trouble, but an adjustment of their difficulties seems not far off.

FOUND SOUTH PROSPEROUS.

F. B. Stearns Expects a Period of Good Business.

F. B. Stearns, head of the F. B. Stearns Company, returned recently from a vacation in Florida and Cuba. While in the South he investigated business conditions very carefully and on his return said that the next six months there would doubtless be productive of good business in all lines. Commenting on the outlook he said:

"The present prosperity, which for some months past has been felt in the North in manufacturing lines, has spread to the South, and, from the sources at my command, I am of the opinion that practically all of the Southern States are in for continued good business. Reports from our sales supervisors, who are continually traveling through various parts of the country, lead me to believe that the good business conditions I found in the Southern country along the Atlantic Coast are not merely local, but that the manufacturers can look for steady business in practically all parts of the country."

AIM TO KILL MONOPOLIES.

Bill Introduced in Indiana Legislature Hits Tobacco Trade.

According to advices received from Indianapolis by The Tobacco Leaf a bill, which has been termed by those who have given it careful study, as the most drastic measure ever presented to a legislative assembly, is now before the Indiana Legislature. The bill, should it become a law, would mean the elimination of the middleman. It embodies clauses which would prevent any one from monopolizing or attempting to monopolize trade or commerce within the State. It would forbid any discrimination in the sale of any article of merchandize to any person, firm or corporation.

In other words, this bill, should it become a law, would throw all controlled brands into the open market, and the manufacturer of such brands would be compelled to sell his products to any distributer. It would compel the distributer to sell as cheaply to the consumer as to the retailer, regardless of quantity purchased.

WANTS TUG TRUST RECEIVER.

Federal Attorney Opposes Great Lakes Towing Company's Plan.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 28.—U. G. Denman, United States District Attorney, said today that he was not satisfied with the proposed plan for reorganizing the Great Lakes Towing Company, which has been forwarded to the Department of Justice in Washington. He said it was a "makeshift" plan offered by the Tug Trust, and that he would not recommend its adoption.

He favored the appointment of a receiver who could sell some of the company's tugs, so that competition might grow up. Mr. Denman's plan will be presented to the Circuit Court Judges Monday at Cincinnati.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Regarding the present condition of trade Dun's Review says:

Reports from the leading trade centres continue very satisfactory in most instances. There is a large distribution of the principal products and sustained activity in retail trade, particularly in the sections which have been favored with good weather conditions. Outside of those markets which, by reason of their larger and more sensitive speculative organization, have been directly affected by the important events happening in various parts of the globe, business sentiment, if not buoyant, at least maintains a steady, conservative attitude, even on the eve of the first change in the political control of our Government in sixteen years.

The exceptional activity in iron and steel is fully maintained. The copper market, however, is depressed, with production outstripping demand. In textiles there is a large movement of merchandise in the various divisions of the cotton and woolen trades, notwithstanding labor troubles and prospective changes in the tariff. The silk trade is increasingly active. The shoe trade is also experiencing a fair degree of activity, and the New England mills continue to be busy with supplementary orders.

Liabilities of commercial failures thus far reported for February amount to $25,514,600, of which $12,990,900 were in manufacturing, $12,106,300 in trading, and $417,400 in other commercial lines. Failures this week numbered 263 in the United States, against 366 last year, and 39 in Canada, compared with 22 a year ago.

Bradstreet's says:

Events of the week have been mainly favorable. Prominent among these have been a widespread visitation of moisture in the form of snow or rain, especially beneficial in the grain-growing areas hitherto reporting deficiencies; a further expansion, despite weather conditions, in Spring jobbing trade, and the appearance of a slightly more cheerful feeling in the markets for securities, both at home and abroad, the result of apparently more settled conditions in international political affairs. Dry goods, clothing, millinery, implements, hardware, lumber, and seeds have sold rather better.

There is a rather stronger tone to leading commodity markets, the cereals, cotton, sugar, and most kinds of farm produce being firmer to higher. Corn led the cereals this week on reports of a shorter crop in Argentina, and good buying offset liberal movement. Wheat was a shade higher, largely in sympathy with corn, but lost some strength on the widespread snowstorm, the arrival of needed moisture in the grain belt, and liberal receipts pressing on small demand. Oats are firmer. Wheat flour is quieter. Cotton steadied after the late decline, and is fractionally higher. Raw sugar is more active and a shade higher, while refined is in moderate call and unchanged. Provisions are active and higher, with new high levels for the season. Hay is selling at about half last year's price in Chicago.

NEW MAIL-ORDER HOUSE.

The Charles Williams Stores to Operate Here with $1,000,000 Capital.

Following reports in the press that Montgomery Ward & Co., a Chicago mail-order house, will shortly establish a branch office in this city, comes the announcement of the incorporation of the Charles Williams Stores of this city. This concern, which has offices at 56 Pine Street, has been capitalized at $1,000,000, and is backed by several prominent local business men.

Commenting on the aims and purposes of the firm and the lines to be carried, the advance notice sent out says:

As to the lines of merchandise which will be carried by this house, we can only say at this time that we expect to carry practically every line of merchandise, with the exception of automobiles and undertakers' supplies. The first issue of our catalogue will appear in July and will offer a tremendous variety of first-class dependable merchandise at prices which will mean a very large saving over prices charged in the average retail stores. Already we are placing contracts with manufacturers and a preliminary advertising campaign has been authorized. We will begin operations as a complete, aggressive, efficient organization, with a cash capital of $1,000,000 and additional heavy resources.

It is the purpose of the organizers of this business to enter the general mail-order field and cater to the consumer direct by means of catalogues and newspaper and magazine advertising. Heretofore Chicago has been recognized as the centre of the mail-order industry in this country. Aside from a few specialty houses and some department stores featuring certain classes of merchandise, no comprehensive attempt has ever been made to build a genuine mail-order business in the City of New York.

After May 1 the company will occupy a ten-story building at 59 John Street, Brooklyn, where they will have advantage of the shipping facilities afforded by the Jay Street terminal.

STEAMSHIP INQUIRY ON.

Sparks, of Funk, Edye & Co., Examined as a Witness.

The hearing into the so-called "Steamship Trust" was continued before Gilbert Montague, special examiner, in the Custom House yesterday.

The Government's attorney called Thomas Sparks of the firm of Funk, Edye & Co., ship brokers. Mr. Sparks said that his firm acted as agents for different steamship lines, and chartered vessels as brokers. The Indra Li and the Hamburg-American Line, with whom it did business, he testified, practically owned the United States, China, and Japan Line.

Mr. Sparks said he had been able to find no letters in his firm files received with letters concerning steamer freight rebates.

Mr. Montgomery insisted that the Government had a right to see the correspondence, it being part and parcel of what he charged "was a conspiracy" in restraint of competition in the steamship business.

After identifying several documents as agreements between various companies in regard to freights, Mr. Sparks was excused, and an adjournment taken in order to give him time to produce the minutes called for in his subpoena. No definite date was set for the next hearing.

FLOOR COVERINGS ACTIVE.

While better with some houses than others, business kept up remarkably well in the local market for floor coverings this week. Wholesalers in the West were reported unusually liberal with re-orders for this time of the year, and this condition was largely reflected throughout the country.

The call from New York and the immediate vicinity was, from all accounts, the only poor spot in the week's activities.

Retail trade was only fairly active, but this condition aroused no pessimism, in view of the fact that these dealers have hardly cut enough goods yet to warrant re-ordering on any sizeable scale. Buyers are hungry for goods, which, in some cases, the mills can hardly supply. One notable instance came to light yesterday where a prominent buyer had placed orders for a certain grade of rugs last September and had not yet received them.

Practically the same general conditions prevailed in the linoleum and floor oilcloth end of the trade, though here the activity could hardly be said to be as great.

NIGHT LETTERS TO CUBA.

Overnight cable letter service between New York and Cuba at five cents a word, is announced by J. C. Willover of the Western Union Telegraph Co., to go into effect March 1. This new service at greatly reduced rates, will tend to promote closer business relations between Cuba and the United States, and save several days in correspondence.

Western Union officials report a large development in transatlantic cabled letter correspondence since this service was introduced about a year ago between the United States and England.

Week's Business Failures, 272.

Bradstreet's reports 272 business failures in the United States during the week, against 325 for the previous week and 269, 256, 184, and 219 for the corresponding weeks of 1912 to 1909. The Middle States had 79, New England 28, Southern 80, Western 35, Northwestern 23, and Far Western 27. Canada had 30, against 35 for the preceding week. About 86 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less, and 10 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

World's Visible Cotton Supply.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 28.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows the total visible is 5,636,955 against 5,667,841 last week, 6,001,350 last year, and 4,795,889 year before last. Of this the total of American cotton is 4,135,955 against 4,222,841 last week and 4,841,350 last year.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was firm, but quiet, at an improvement of ¼c for all deliveries up to June. Tin was quiet, but steady. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard Copper—				
Spot	14.25	14.75	14.00	....
February	14.25	14.75	14.00	....
March	14.25	14.75	14.00	14.50
April	14.25	14.75	14.00	14.50
Lead	4.25	4.35	4.25	4.35
Spelter	6.15	6.25	6.15	6.25
Tin	47.35	47.75	47.30	47.75

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the following prices were registered for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These figures make comparison with Thursday's closing quotations:

	Friday. £ s. d.	Thursday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	64 17 6	64 5 0
Copper, futures	65 0 0	64 7 6
Pig tin, spot	216 10 0	216 0 0
Pig tin, futures	211 0 0	210 0 0

The market ended weak. Spanish pig lead £16 5s, down 1s 3d; spelter, £24 15s, unchanged. Cleveland warrants 61s, up 1½d.

PRINTCLOTH SALES GAIN.

More activity was reported in the local printcloth market yesterday than for some little time. Some excellent sales of 38½-inch, 64-60s, were consummated at 5¼ cents, and 39-inch, 68-72s, were also active at 5⅝, an advance of ⅛ cent. With the backbone of the garment strikes broken the converters are beginning to buy again, and sellers are more optimistic regarding the outlook for the future. Some heavy sales of sateens and drills were reported in one-quarter of the market, and it was said there that many of the mills making the former goods were sold up for the next three or four months. The day's quotations follow:

27-inch, 56-52s..3 1-16c	38½-inch, 64-60s..5¼c
27-inch, 56-56s....3⅛c	38½-inch, 64-64s...5¼c
27-inch, 64-60s....3⅝c	39-inch, 68-72s....5⅝c
28-inch, 64-60s....3⅝c	39-inch, 72-76s....6⅛c
28-inch, 64-64s.....4c	39-inch, 80-80s....7⅛c

Brown sheetings, Southern standard, 8c; brown sheetings, 4-yard, 56-60s, 6¼c; twills, standard, [illegible]c; denims, 2-ounce, 14@17c; tickings, 8-ounce, 12[illegible] [illegible] and standard staple [illegible].

OFFER FUR-EFFECT FABRICS

In Anticipation of Style of Next Fall and Winter.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"General business in dry goods during the week presents a fair comparison with the corresponding period a year ago. Merchants are meeting their obligations in a way that indicates a seasonable movement of retail stocks. Buyers are losing no time in placing their orders for cotton blankets and outing flannels. They are buying in case lots where last year their orders were for broken assortments. There is a shortage of many thousands of cases of cotton blankets in the country as the result of a strike last Summer in Eastern blanket mills, and merchants who defer placing orders until late will, in many instances, experience the same trouble in getting merchandise as they did last season.

"Offerings in women's and misses' coats, anticipating the styles for Fall and Winter, 1913, appeared during the week. Prominent among them are fur-effect fabrics, such as Salts Arabian lamb, plush and astrakhan. Ready-to-wear lines are each season becoming more of a feature in dry goods and department stores, and merchants are finding demand for the most fashionable and best made garments."

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

MONTANA ORE PURCHASING COMPANY.—Judge Hand of the United States District Court extended yesterday the receivership proceedings of the United Copper Company of 74 Broadway so as to include the Montana Ore Purchasing Company, a sub-company of the United Copper Company, and named the same receivers. The liabilities of the Montana Ore Purchasing Company are $2,057,439, of which $1,319,143 is secured and $738,296 unsecured. Assets are, nominally, $3,500,000, of which there is less than $1,000 cash, and $110,000 are accounts receivable which are not collectible now.

MAY MICHAELSON NOVELTY COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the May Michaelson Novelty Company, Inc., manufacturer of umbrella handles at 407 Broome Street. Assets are stated to be $2,500. The company was incorporated on Oct. 23, 1912, with capital stock of $7,000.

BERNARD FINKELSTEIN.—A petition has been filed against Bernard Finkelstein, installment peddler of 111 East 110th Street. Liabilities are stated to be $8,000 and assets unknown.

LEONARD A. SHIPMAN.—Leonard A. Shipman of 204 West Fifty-fifth Street has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,699 and no assets.

PATRICK REDDY.—Schedules of Patrick Reddy, contractor and excavator of 78 West 120th Street, show liabilities of $131,285, of which $94,655 are secured by mortgages, and assets of $136,000 on real estate mortgaged for $89,500.

BROWN WAIST COMPANY.—Schedules of Brown Brothers & Simon, who did business as the Brown Waist Company at 200 Greene Street, show liabilities of $8,631 and assets of $2,932.

LUDWIG'S, INC.—Schedules of Ludwig's, (corporation,) dealer in jewelry at 9 West Thirty-first Street, show liabilities of $7,243 and assets of $3,601.

MAGALIFF & GLUSBAND, manufacturers of jewelry at 36 Eldridge Street, have made an assignment to Samuel Kaplan. The deed was signed by only one of the partners, Harry Magaliff.

MELVIN L. MORRIS.—Judge Hand has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Melvin L. Morris of 854 West 180th Street, formerly a dealer in woolens, who filed a petition on April 19, 1912, with liabilities of $3,637 and no assets.

FREDERICK B. KOHLHEPP.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Jan. 30 against Frederick B. Kohlhepp, grocer and butcher at 1,163 Madison Avenue, on a settlement at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar cash.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Aloy, Jacob—B. Geiler, $6,302.56.
Abbott, Alson—G. G. Tegge, $230.12.
Barkowitz, Jacob, and Morris E. Scheiblich—People, &c., $500.
Brinkworth, Joseph—C. E. Grunewald, $133.61.
Bauer, Theodore H.—New York Telephone Co., $108.45.
Bellman, Sanford—First National Bank of Jersey City $198.83.
Burney, Peter W.—B. K. Bloch, $188.22.
Bauer, Joseph—Mattson Rubber Co., $226.10.
Bentham, Edgar, and Robert C. Corbett—W. P. Wiggins, $1,545.33.
Brown, J. Romaine—E. Spiegel, $4,970.68.
Cohen, Samuel, and William Hauser—People, &c., $200.
Cohn, Leo—J. Spang, $3,137.17.
Clingen, John J.—V. Cerabone Construction Co., $365.01.
Cataldo, Ruggi, and Albert Amendala—People, &c., $300.
Cullo, John, D. Woodcock, $259.63.
Donohue, Jane—Seventeenth Street Realty Co., $111.91.
Engel, Joseph, and Ida—Bronx Poultry Co., $158.24.
Eichner, Emanuel A., and Henry C. Ritzheimer—Press Publishing Co., $276.26.
Flynn, Patrick H.—Hamilton Trust Co., $68,893.92.
Fay, Joseph M.—Fairbanks-Morse Co., $143.81.
Fleischer, Morris—Acme Clothing Co., $182.99.
Goldfarb, Samuel—M. I. Daumson, $329.31.
Gortikov, Benjamin—M. Gortikov, costs, $181.73.
Glassheim, Nathan—New York Life Insurance & Trust Co., $515.72.
Goodman, Aaron—T. Wacht, $1,438.91.
Gallagher, John J., and John Irwin—People, &c., $500.
Gale, George H.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $106.18.
Hoadley, Joseph H.—A. L. Harris, costs, $141.
Healy, Timothy—A. Kaplan, $176.
Harris, Simon D. and Mark—Sherman Brothers, $276.
Hoffman, George M.—United Dressed Beef Co. of New York, $329.
Hofman, George M. and Francis J.—A. Hernichfeger, $824.
Hamburger, Josephine—L. W. Harnish, $101.
Helfstein, Max—J. J. O'Donohue, Jr., et al., $569.
Handman, Annie—J. B. Freyberg et al., $355.
Keller, Regina—Henry Meyer Co., $1,662.
Kettler, Lina, adm.—A. Happel, costs, $115.
Kleinhaus, Edgar—A. D. Senftner, $204.
Lesser, Sadie, and Henry Bergman—National Nassau Bank of New York, $576.
Lawrence, Benjamin—M. Brazill, $127.
Lipton, Frank F.—Francis H. Leggett & Co., $127.
McKenna, Michael—Hannis Distilling Co., $403.
Martin, Robert C., Jr.—J. Rohling, $118.
Maloney, E. R.—M. Santangelo, $391.
Morris, Louis—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $177.
McLaughlin, D. Maujer—J. B. Crick, $1,633.
Montgomery, David—L. Mayer, $900.
Nash, Samuel—A. Cohen, $814.
Newman, Walter G.—B. F. Tyler, $547.
Napier, Thomas S.—C. Spielmann et al., costs, $157.
Perzio, Oronzio, and Frank Setaro—People, &c., $500.
Postal, Nathan—S. Weitzman, $384.
Pishkosh, Rebecca, and Morris Feldstein—J. Himmelstein, $343.
Pilla, Louis—People, &c., $1,000.
Rook, Frederick S.—Terrill Gas Machine Lighting Co., $491.
Romaine, George W.—F. C. Tanner, $904.
Roe, James—L. Fishman, $128.
Stember, Isidore—L. M. Josephthal et al., $748.
Samuels, Albert D.—General Warranty Corporation, $363.
Sickels, Daniel E.—People, &c., $24,317.
Scanlon, William, and William Cuff—Same, $200.
Spector, Nathan—M. Rosenthal, $385.
Sallack, August L., or Albert L.—E. Lippman, $238.
Smordinsky, Isidor—I. Ellman, $116.
Shill, Moses S.—R. Ball, $1,178.
Smith, Jake, and George Lewis—Crown and Keystone Distributing Co., $164.
Tobias, Henry, and Roseno Brothers, Inc.—E. Regensburg & Sons, $123.
Taylor, Arthur F.—J. Winters, costs, $109.
Tomlinson, Theodore E.—J. C. Tomlinson et al., costs, $107.
Weiner, Julius—M. Grossman, $389.
Zinsberg, Samuel—Francis H. Leggett & Co., $117.
Lawyers Monthly, Inc.—Schoen Printing Co., $692.
Mason-Seaman Transportation Co.—W. L. Hall, $5,408.
Same—M. Tocher, $7,518.
Magda Operating Co.—E. Fixman et al., $1,276.
Western Cloak and Suit Manufacturing Co., David Rosenzweik, Jacob Rosenblum, Aaron Leiman, and Samuel Leiman—A. Adlerman, $584.
Bellman & Sanford—First National Bank, of Jersey City, $198.
City of New York—J. Spang, $3,137.
W. E. Smith, Inc.—Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., $880.
Same—Same, $857.
N. Seitz Brewing Co.—Borne-Scrymser Co., $119.
United Safety Razor Co.—E. B. Estes & Sons, $126.
Korman Realty Co.—J. Farbstein & Co., Inc., $111.
Drucker Construction Co., Nathan Drucker, Bernard Drucker, and Purdy Construction Co.—Simon Gasner, $277.
W. E. Smith, Inc.—J. J. Sutphen et al., $443.
Woodside Heights Land Corporation—Queensboro Improvement Co., $2,061.
D'Amico & Co., Inc.—J. Albes, $1,209.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Berman, Rubin, and Julius Wollman—S. Komarinsky et al., Dec. 27, 1912, $136.
Walz, Jack F.—C. Zimpher, May 27, 1912, $202.
Carbone, Raffalo, and Giuseppe Liso—People, &c., Oct. 9, 1908, (vacated,) $500.
Klein, Benjamin—J. H. Menick, Feb. 24, 1911, $170.
Levy, Morris—D. Berkman, March 1, 1912, $129.
Potter, Frederick, and Clarence H. Kelsey—J. Levine, Feb. 5, 1913, $5,133.
Same—A. Levine, Feb. 5, 1913, $1,637.
Smith, Norman P.—N. W. Peters et al., Nov. 22, 1912, $113.
Bosky, Louis—City of New York, Dec. 24, 1911, (vacated,) $264.
Heubner, Marion M.—G. H. Brooks, Jan. 17, 1913, (vacated,) $1,696.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice:

162—Omaha Electric Light and Power Company, appellant, vs. the City of Omaha et al, and

754—Old Colony Trust Company, appellant, vs. the City of Omaha.—Argument continued for appellant in 754, and concluded for appellant in 162.

59—Joseph Marrone, plaintiff in error, vs. the Washington Jockey Club of the District of Columbia et al.—Argued by plaintiff and defendants.

60—Anne Sweeney, plaintiff in error, vs. William G. Erving.—Argued by plaintiff and defendant.

71—Joseph Parker Camp, appellant, vs. Kate Willard Boyd et al.—Argument commenced by appellant.

The Day Call for Monday will be: Nos. 71, 163, 165, 167, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, and 174.

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Julia P. McSwegan, respondent, vs. Peter Stephen et al., appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Fannie Wishnofsky, respondent, vs. City of New York, appellant.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Edward F. McCarton, as administrator, respondent, vs. Board of Education, impleaded, &c., appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Charles Sibs et al., appellants, vs. Louis S. Owsley as executor, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Arcangelo Piromelli, appellant.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Henry Heide, respondent, vs. Lambros Mullinos, appellant.—Determination affirmed, with costs. Order filed.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Morris Miller and Wolf Brand, appellants.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Valerian Kelly, appellant, vs. Church E. Gates & Co., respondents.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Robert J. Collier, respondent, vs. Continental Asphalt Paving Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Llewellyn C. Collins, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed. Order filed.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Mock Duck, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Louis Kempner et al., appellants.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Thomas Sealy, respondent, vs. Clarence Foote, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Ingraham, P. J., and Laughlin, J., dissenting.)

Lillian P. Dale, appellant, vs. Francis C. Dale, respondent.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Annie C. Mingay, appellant, vs. Walter A. Place, individually, &c., appellant, and Priscilla P. Starin et al., respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Richard J. Donovan, respondent, vs. United Fruit Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, on Rubin vs. Cohen, 129 App. Div., 395, and Syme vs. Terry & Tench, 125 App. Div., 610. Order filed.

The Northern Bank of New York, respondent, vs. Louis C. Neuberger, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce the judgment by deducting from the recovery the sum of $60, with interest from the date of the maturity of the note, in which event judgment as so modified and order affirmed without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Jacob Mayer, respondent, vs. Ada L. Heinze, appellant; same vs. Ruth N. Heinze.—Judgments and orders affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Orders filed.

Van Buren & New York Bill Posting Company, respondent, vs. C. J. Sullivan Advertising Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Lillian Volck, respondent, vs. Adelbert Volck, appellant.—Order reversed and motion denied on Lake vs. Lake, 194 App. Div., 142. Order filed.

Herbert Lucas, appellant, vs. 535 Park Avenue, Incorporated, respondent.—Order modified as indicated in opinion, and as modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

The Same vs. The Same.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion Order filed.

Max Berger, appellant, vs. Great Eastern Casualty Company, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

In re Benjamin Steinman and another, respondents, vs. Eva K. Conlon, judgment debtor, Edward B. Hosier, appellant.—Order modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements to appellant. Opinion per curiam. (Clarke, J., dissenting and voting for reversal.) Settle order on notice.

John W. Surburg, respondent, vs. Kalil's Catering Company, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

Juda Gellinger and another, appellants, vs. John Keating, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Johannes Jorgenson, respondent, vs. Moses Melchier et al., appellants.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Maria C. Agramonte, respondent, vs. Ricardo Narganes as executor, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

People ex rel. James F. Berry, appellant, vs. Henry R. M. Cook, as auditor, &c., respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

People ex rel. Harry H. Oshrin, appellant, vs. Charles S. Whitman, District Attorney, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Ida F. Robinson, respondent, vs. Benjamin Robinson, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Luis F. Yglesias et al., respondents, vs. James L. O'Connor, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

John J. Jones, appellant, vs. George McAneny and another, respondents.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

William F. Davis, respondent, vs. Frederick Gondolf, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Business Men's Realty Company, respondent, vs. The Comet Company et al., appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs on Bennett vs. Edison Electric Company 164 N. Y., 131. Order filed.

In the matter of Henry P. Niebuhr.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Jeanette H. Joseph, appellant, vs. Irwin M. Herzig, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Joseph Elias, respondent, vs. Allegheny Plate Glass Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Adolph B. Mayer, vs. Wallace G. Baudenbush.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Timothy Gleason vs. Merchants' Refrigerating Company.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Henry Rogowski vs. Max Brill; same vs. same.—Motions denied, with $10 costs. Orders filed.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss Mahoney, ribbons; 6th Av. and 19th; Wolcott.
Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; W. J. Bigler, notions; 72 Leonard.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss R. M. Call, millinery; Broadway and 10th.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; L. M. Gordon, needlework; 214 Church; McAlpin.
Lion D. G. Co., Toledo, Ohio; H. D. Wall, house furn. goods; 214 Church.
Hartley, J. M., & Co., Fairmount, West Va.; H. J. Hartley, dry goods; 320 Church.
Scheuer Bros. Co., Sandusky, Ohio; A. J. Scheuer, house furn. goods; Imperial.
Ferguson, McKinney D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; O. R. Gibbons, ladies' cloaks, suits, children's dresses; "Fall;" 358 Broadway.
Bernard, Francis, Co., Richmond, Va.; M. Rosengarten, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 15 East 16th.
Rosenthal-Sloane Millinery Co., St. Louis, Mo.; G. Warner, hats; 621 Broadway.
Lamson Bros. Co., Toledo, Ohio; Miss Roo, art goods; 220 5th Av.
Syracuse Dry Goods Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; R. Rouz, mfg. dept.; 51 Leonard.
Emporium, Oklahoma City, Okla.; E. L. Tobias, ladies' garments, millinery, hosiery, gloves, 71 West 23d; Cadillac.
Hamilton, A. C., Los Angeles, Cal.; furnishing goods; Hermitage.
Stebbins, Lawson & Spragins Co., South Boston, Va.; W. B. Lawson, piece goods; St. Denis.
Meyer, Lindorf Co., Laporte, Ind.; L. C. Schenck, ladies' garments, millinery; 116 West 32d.
Kaufmann Bros., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss Burland, millinery; Miss Hilgenberg, millinery; 200 5th Av.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; Miss E. Hockett, trimmings; 454 Broome.
Lindenthal, H. M., & Son, Chicago, Ill.; H. M. Lindenthal, clothing; 941 Broadway.
Steber Millinery Co., Utica, N. Y.; Mrs. C. O. Steber, millinery; Murray Hill.

"HartfordSaxony"
NAME WOVEN IN THE BACK
the American Rug
DEEP PILE LOOM TUFTED
for Private Homes
A RUG OF REGAL SPLENDOR
and Public Places

TO MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH-GRADE Ladies' Ready-to-Wear.—Canadian manufacturers' agent would like to get in touch with a good house with view to representation in Canada; good connection, coast to coast. Reply A. H. Wheeler, care of Maison Gaillot Guinot, 5, 7, 9 West 37th St.

John F. Manning vs. Emil Seelig.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Edward Laska vs. Charles H. Harris.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

George P. Croker vs. Harry Taylor and another.—Motion granted; question certified. Order failed.

Julius C. Druckileb vs. Sam H. Harris.—Motion granted, question certified. Order filed.

Max Jaffe vs. Stephen M. Weld.—Motion granted, question certified. Order filed.

New England Theatres Company vs. Workingmen's Publishing Association.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

People vs. Eugene Charpentier; People vs. Harry Cohn and another.—Motions granted. Orders filed.

People vs. Louis S. Price.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Wolf Rootman vs. City; Dora Rootman vs. City.—Motion granted unless appellants comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Anna Sivak vs. George F. Andrews.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Patrick A. Fogarty vs. William P. Fogarty.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Louisa Schultz vs. Louis Vogel; same vs. same; same vs. same.—Motions granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Orders filed.

Florence R. Weeks vs. Rodisi Holding Company.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

In re Val Trainor vs. White Rats Actors' Union.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Prudential Vaudeville Exchange vs. L. D. Mackintosh.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Frederick Kopf vs. Robert S. Ross; John C. Watson v. Ginggold Realty Company.—Motions granted, with $10 costs. Orders filed.

Lillie Adolphi vs. Vincenzo Inglima; Alfred Czerneny vs. National Fire Insurance Company of Hartford; same vs. same; Leo F. Giblyn vs. Wallace D. Tevlor; Samuel Geiger vs. Jacob Rapoport; same vs. same; John F. Hume vs. Julius Mautner; Mabel F. Hume vs. same.—Applications denied, with $10 costs in each case. Orders signed.

Frank C. Goodyear vs. H. J. Koehler Company.—Application granted. Order signed.

People vs. Edgar R. Jackson.—Motion granted; time extended to March 10, 1913. Settle order on notice.

Elizabeth A. Valentine vs. John H. Valentine.—Motion denied, without costs. Order filed.

Jacob Nudelman vs. Borden's Milk Company; Hyman Nudelman vs. same.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Ludwig Flocker vs. Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Charles S. Danziger vs. Joseph Gottlieb.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Settle order on notice.

Matter of Public Service Commission.—Motion denied. Order filed.

Matter of Henry Bergman.—Referred to official referee. Settle order on notice.

Matter of James C. Lenney.—Referred to official referee. Settle order on notice.

Mary Patterson vs. Charles A. Youngs.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

John J. Hopper, respondent, vs. William R. Willcox et al., appellants.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinions by Ingraham, P. J., and Laughlin, J. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Davis, J. Ex parte business.
SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers.—Cohalan, S. No Day Calendar.
CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Delehanty, J. Ex parte business.

Receivers Appointed.—New York.

SUPREME COURT.—Lehman, J.—Ella L. Hawkins v Wm Hawkins et al.—Mathew H. Chase.
SUPREME COURT.—Davis, J.—Plainfield L & B Co v. Harris & Son Realty Co—Chas A Hickey. Samuel Weil v. Morris Kronoset (2)—Jacob Klein. Chas Strauss v. Matilda W Brown—Samuel H Raphael. India Wharf Brew Co v. Emmanuel L Spellman—Jacob Katz. Mercury Realty Co v. H A F Holding Co—Jacob Leitner. Julius Smalin v. Michael L Flank—Jacob Katz.

Referees Appointed.—New York.

SUPREME COURT.—Lehman, J.—Matter of Cawood—Wm A Keener. De Golcouria v. Benquit—Wm A Keener.
SUPREME COURT.—Bischoff, J.—Burt v. Tynberg—John H Judge.
SUPREME COURT.—Davis, J.—Colitz v. Colitz—Joseph B Jacobs. Van Beuren Realty Co v. May—Chas J Leslie.
SUPREME COURT.—Newburger, J.—Luengo v. D'Ambra Const Co—Rudolph A Seligman.
SUPREME COURT.—Cohalan, J.—Ely v. Azoy—Timothy A Leary.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Blackmar, J. Ex parte business.
SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Benedict, J.—Motions. No day calendar.
SURROGATES' COURT.—Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer,
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS,
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5TH, 1913,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET,
BY ORDER OF THE UNION TRUST CO.
OF N. Y., EXECUTOR.
1166 shs. Sherwood Distilling Co. of Baltimore City.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
120 shs. Union National Bank, Monroe, Louisiana.
$5,000 Current River R. R. 1st 5s, 1927.
$1,000 Durland Co. 2 Mtge. 5% Bd., 1925
$5,000 Montoursville Passenger Rwy. Co. 1 Mtge. & Coll. Trust 5% Bds., 1938.
$16,800 North Platte Valley Irrigation Co. 1 Mtge. & Coll. Trust 6% Bds., 1919, July, 1912, coupon on.
$91,500 Waters, Gildersleeve, Colver Co. 1 Mtge. 6% S. F. Bds., 1929, April, 1912, coupon on.
30 shs. Michigan Central R. R.
30 shs. New York Mortgage & Security Co.
10 shs. Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF NEW YORK, COUNTY of New York—CHRISTOPHER W. MITCHELL, plaintiff, against REBECCA GREACEN, individually and as executrix of the last will and testament of Robert A. Greacen, deceased, defendant.—Trial desired in the County of New York.—Summons.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated October 25th, 1912.

APPELL & TAYLOR,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Office and Post Office Address, No. 90 West Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

To the defendants Rebecca Greacen, individually, and Rebecca Greacen, as executrix of the last will and testament of Robert A. Greacen, deceased, and each of them:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Samuel Greenbaum, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 24th day of January, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County and State of New York.

Dated New York, January 24th, 1913.

APPELL & TAYLOR,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address, 90 West Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—CHARLES A. ROBINSON, as sole acting trustee under the last will and testament of Agnes Hyatt Robinson, deceased, plaintiff, against ALICE M. LYNCH et al., defendants.

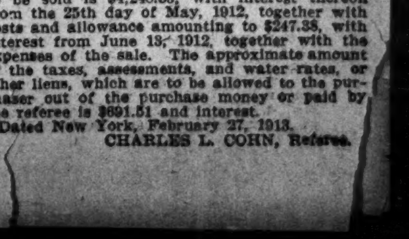
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 12th day of June, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 3,208-10 Third Avenue, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, on the 21st day of March, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, of City of New Yorkk, in the County and State of New York, formerly Town of Westchester, Westchester County, N. Y., and known and distinguished on a map entitled "Map of 370 choice lots known as the McGraw Estate, desirably situated near Van Nest Station, Westchester, Westchester Co., N. Y.," made by Charles A. Mapes, C. E. & S., May, 1891, and filed in the office of the Register of Westchester County June 17th, 1891, as and by Lot No. 330, said lot according to said map being 25 feet front and rear by 100 feet deep on each side.

Dated New York, February 27, 1913.

CHARLES L. COHN, Referee.
ROLLINS & ROLLINS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 32 Nassau Street, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 1,887 McGraw Avenue:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $4,248.33, with interest thereon from the 25th day of May, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to $247.38, with interest from June 13, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $891.51 and interest.

Dated New York, February 27, 1913.

CHARLES L. COHN, Referee.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Referring to our Circular issued under date of January 25th, a copy of which is reproduced below, we advise that we shall hold

THE FINAL CLEARANCE SALE OF DRESS GOODS

Commencing on Monday, March 3d, and continuing throughout the week.

This closing offering will include all numbers remaining from previous Sales—together with many additional lots not previously shown :: :: ::

EARLY ATTENDANCE IS ADVISED

THE H. B. CLAFLIN COMPANY

Importers and Manufacturers
Dress Goods Department
New York

NO GOODS AT RETAIL

COPY

IMPORTANT SPECIAL SALES of DRESS GOODS

Commencing Monday morning, February 3d, and continuing throughout that month, and into early March, we shall hold on the following dates a series of Very Special Sales of Dress Goods all priced to secure their rapid disposal.

DATES OF SALES:

Monday, February 3d	Thursday, February 20th
Thursday, " 6th	Monday, " 24th
Monday, " 10th	Thursday, " 27th
Thursday, " 13th	Monday, March 3d
Monday, " 17th	

Each offering to continue until the lots are closed.

THE H. B. CLAFLIN COMPANY
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT NEW YORK CITY
January 25th, 1913

STEEL INQUIRY BACK TO ORE-LAND FIGHT

Gayley Says Rockefeller Forced Carnegie Company to Give Up Mesaba Ore It Bought.

BEFORE DAYS OF THE TRUST

Understanding Then Existed That Competitors Should Not Compete in Acquiring Ore Lands.

Deals between the Rockefeller interests and the Carnegie and Federal Steel people, respectively, which the Government contends resulted in the monopolization of the Mesaba ore lands and a division of territory between the three parties, were exploited yesterday at the resumption of the hearings in the suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation. These transactions took place before the formation of the Steel Corporation, when the Carnegie and Federal companies were in sharp competition. They were introduced by the Government as showing the intent of later aggregation of ore lands by the Steel Corporation.

The evidence was brought out partly through the minutes of the Carnegie Steel Company for 1897, 1898, and 1899, and partly through the somewhat reluctant admissions of James Gayley of the old Carnegie Company, later Vice President of the Steel Corporation. Mr. Gayley was the only witness, and his testimony will be continued at the next hearing, on March 5. He retired as an officer of the Steel Corporation in 1908, but is still a stockholder and is a defendant in the suit.

Mr. Gayley said that before the formation of the Steel Corporation it was practicable to go into the Minnesota ore district and lease additional ore properties. At that time the three largest operators of iron mines were the Minnesota Iron Company, controlled by the same group who controlled the Federal Steel Company; the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mining Company, controlled by the Rockefeller interests, and the Oliver Mining Company, controlled by the Carnegie Steel Company.

Asked if there was not sharp competition between the Carnegie and Federal subsidiaries in the purchase or leasing of ore lands, Mr. Gayley replied that the Oliver company was active, but he could not speak for the Minnesota company.

It developed that the Rockefeller enterprise came to an understanding with the Federal subsidiary by which they would not compete with each other further in acquiring ore lands. Mr. Gayley was quoted in the Carnegie minutes as referring to this as "the joint arrangement." Unless certain purchases were made by the Oliver Company, the Rockefeller and Federal interests would be in a stronger position and the Carnegie Company would no longer hold the balance of power, Mr. Gayley had argued. "We will be at the mercy of the joint arrangement," he was recorded as saying.

The minutes also included a letter from Henry W. Oliver, President of the Oliver Mining Company, in which he said the Federal people were making strong efforts to buy ore properties from "our landlords." Mr. Gayley explained that the "landlords" of the Oliver or Carnegie Company in respect to ore lands were the Rockefellers.

"I think it is an effort on the part of H. H. Rogers and others of the Standard Oil crowd," said Mr. Oliver's letter, "to control, with the Federal people, the ore situation."

J. M. Dickinson, counsel for the Government, asked Mr. Gayley if the Carnegie Company, in making further acquisitions, had not been actuated by fear of the situation depicted by Mr. Oliver.

"I can recall nothing about this particular letter," he said, "but, as a matter of fact, Mr. Oliver was continually parading scarecrows to induce us to buy more ore."

"But you did buy more ore?"

"Yes."

"Did you regard this as a scarecrow, then?"

"I have given you all the information I can about it," replied Mr. Gayley, drily.

In 1899, it appeared, the Rockefeller interests, which had agreed with the Federal people to stop competing for ore lands, also made an arrangement with the Carnegie people. It was in the form of an agreement between the Consolidated Iron Mining Company and the Oliver Mining Company, arranged by a series of letters. The understanding was that the Rockefeller company would supply the Oliver company with such additional holdings as it might require from time to time, and the Oliver company would make no further purchases on its own account. In 1900, however, it did make additional purchases, and Mr. Gayley was called on the carpet by the Rev. Frederick T. Gates, who represented the Rockefellers in the ore business.

"Mr. Gates demanded," said Mr. Gayley, "that Mr. Oliver should turn over to his company the 75,000,000 tons of ore he had bought. We contended that the Rockefellers had not supplied us with all the ore lands we needed as they had agreed to do. Mr. Gates declared we had no right under the agreement to make this purchase."

"Whose contention prevailed?" asked Judge Dickinson. Mr. Gayley avoided a direct answer to the question for a time, but on being pressed said:

"We did turn the properties over to the Rockefeller company, and it might be inferred from that that we admitted that Mr. Gates was right, but we did so with the contemporaneous understanding that he would lease back to us not only these holdings, but many additional properties."

All three of the mining companies, as well as the Carnegie and Federal Steel Companies, were afterwards acquired by the Steel Corporation.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Marking Time—Corn and Oats Easier—Cotton Higher.

Wheat trading moved narrowly, as traders are awaiting the coming Government report on farm reserves, due on Monday, March 10. Corn was liberally sold at the opening, causing declines of ¼c to ⅝c, but a later rally closed prices net unchanged to ⅛c lower. Oats trading was narrow, with final prices ⅛c net lower. Cotton advanced sharply during the day's session, with prices at one time showing a 21 point advance. Later realizing resulted in a barely steady close, net 8 points higher to 4 points lower.

⁂

WHEAT.

Nothing occurred in the wheat market during yesterday's trading to lift prices out of the rut in which they have been moving for weeks past. Interest is being centred on the domestic crop situation and the coming Government report on farm reserves, due on Monday, March 10. This report is expected to show a liberal suppy on the farms—private estimates ranged all the way from 135,000,000 bushels to 170,000,000 bushels, compared with the Government figures last year of 122,000,000 bushels. Private reports on the condition of the American Winter wheat crop appear to be becoming more favorable instead of the reverse, as some of the bulls have been expecting. The recent heavy rainfall and the extensive snow covering are looked upon as very favorable factors, and advices from the Southwest said that the crop where exposed is in splendid condition. The Modern Miller said that, although there has been less snowfall this Winter than for many years over a large part of the belt, the crop has not suffered to any appreciable extent. The foreign markets were very indifferent, with small price changes. Argentine shipments for the week were 5,848,000 bushels, compared with 5,096,000 bushels last week, and 1,576,000 bushels last year. Broomhall estimated world's exports, exclusive of North America, at 9,200,000 bushels, which, with Bradstreet's American shipments, indicated total world's exports for the week of 14,000,000 bushels, compared with total shipments last week of 12,432,000 bushels, and 10,208,000 bushels last year. Advices from the Northwest indicated rather slow spot demand, and large milling interests were quoted as saying that stocks in the interior, both in the elevators and on the farms, are large. A large Western commission house placed the condition of Winter wheat at 87.3 per cent., against 93.2 per cent. last December. In the local market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.00½, elevator, and $1.11⅛, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.01¼, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT—FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
New York—					
May	99⅝	98 15-16	99⅛	99⅜	$1.07
July	..	..	98	98⅛	1.02⅝
September	..	..	96⅛	96⅝	..
New York Bonded—					
May	..	..	97⅝	97¾	..
July	..	..	97⅝	97¾	..
Chicago—					
May	93⅛	92⅝	92¾	93	1.03⅞
July	91½	91	91¼	91⅜	97⅝
September	90¼	89⅞	90	90	95¾

CORN.

Commission houses were liberal sellers in the corn market, and early in the day prices declined ¼@⅝c, but later rallied, and at the close were net unchanged to ⅛c lower. Receipts were moderate at Western points, and this had a tendency to check selling, although the lighter movement was believed to be the result of the unsettled weather. Estimates on farm reserves ranged from 1,240,000,000 to 1,400,000,000 bushels, compared with 884,000,000 last year. Advices from Buffalo said that there were about two million bushels of corn at that point which do not appear in the visible supply. The local market export corn was quoted at 57½c, free on board afloat.

CHICAGO—FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	53⅝	53⅛	53⅜	53½	70½
July	54½	54⅛	54⅜	54½	70⅝
Sept.	55⅝	55⅛	55⅜	55⅝	70⅝

OATS.

Price changes in the oats market were narrow in absence of aggressive operations, but the undertone was easy, and at the close values were ⅛c net lower. Estimates on farm reserves range from 495,000,000 to 540,000,000 bushels, compared with 290,000,000 bushels last year. The local cash market was steady; standard white quoted at 39c; No. 2, 38½c; No. 4, 37c to 38c; natural white, 37c@39c; white clipped, 37½c to 41c, all track.

CHICAGO—FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	34⅝	34½	34½	34⅝	53¼
July	34¾	34⅜	34⅝	34¾	49⅜
September	34⅝	34½	34½	34⅝	41⅞

COTTON.

The feature in the cotton market yesterday was the development in March deliveries. It was the first March notice day, and notices which were estimated at from 40,000 to 50,000 bales were said to have been issued by the interests who secured control of the local stock through accepting deliveries on January contracts. The circulation of these notices caused enough scattering liquidation to produce some early irregularity, but it was soon evident that the cotton was to be promptly taken up either by the same people who had issued the notices or others, and then rather an active covering movement began, which caused a sharp advance. March contracts, in fact, sold up to 12.42c, or 21 points above the closing price of yesterday and over $2 per bale above the low level of the week. There was a less urgent demand for later positions, which were also more freely offered, but the strength in March seemed to alarm the scattering short interest, and the general list showed a net gain of from 8 to 14 points. Later there was heavy realizing for over the week-end, and after the demand from March shorts had subsided the market, which had opened firm at an advance of 7 to 11 points, closed barely steady, net 8 points higher to 4 points lower.

The early advance was assisted by steady cables, rather bullish Southern spot advices, favorable reports from the dry goods trade, and increased confidence in an early settlement of the Balkan troubles. The main factor, however, was the situation in March, and the action of that month was supposed to suggest the existence of a considerable short interest. Since the end of January very little cotton has been arriving here from the South, and it was evidently felt that if any remaining short interest of consequence actually existed it might find difficulty in securing cover, as prices here are considered well under a parity with the South. It is rumored, however, that there is considerable cotton in the Eastern belt, within comparatively easy shipping distance from New York, which might come here for March delivery should the near month go to a sufficiently attractive premium over May, as the holders would then sell March and take the cotton back if they required it on May contracts. Southern spot markets officially reported were generally unchanged.

The local spot cotton market was quiet at 10 points advance, at 12.70c for middling upland. There were no sales. Deliveries on contract were 200 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	..	..	..@..	12.20
March	12.42	12.20	12.29@12.30	12.21
April	..	..	12.13@12.16	12.13
May	12.17	12.03	12.03@12.04	12.03
June	..	..	12.08@12.13	12.02
July	12.11	11.97	11.97@11.98	12.01
August	12.00	11.95	11.87@11.89	11.90
September	..	..	11.57@11.59	11.60
October	11.65	11.52	11.53@11.54	11.56
December	11.64	11.57	11.53@11.55	11.56
January	..	..	11.49@11.51	11.53

PROVISIONS.

The provision market again established new high records for the season, with active covering as well as new buying prompted by light receipts of hogs at Western points, and owing to an advance of 15c in the hog market. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 13,000; estimated for Saturday 9,000. Kansas City received 2,500 and Omaha 4,600.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.82	10.77	10.82	10.77	9.30
July	10.85	10.82	10.82	10.80	9.47½
Ribs—					
May	10.80	10.70	10.75	10.67	8.62½
July	10.77	10.72	10.75	10.67	8.70
Pork—					
May	20.40	20.25	20.32	20.17	15.45
July	20.22	20.10	20.12	20.05	15.72½

COTTONSEED OIL.

A firmer feeling prevailed in the cottonseed oil market during the first part of the day, with further covering on the part of nervous shorts, prompted by the firmness in lard, as well as more or less new buying. Offerings were comparatively small, but late in the day the market lost part of the advance under profit taking, and at the close was net unchanged to 2 points higher.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.33@6.45	6.33
March	6.38	6.37	6.36@6.38	6.36
April	..	..	6.35@6.36	6.34
May	6.38	6.37	6.37@6.38	6.35
June	6.39	6.38	6.37@6.38	6.36
July	6.44	6.42	6.42@6.43	6.42
August	..	..	6.44@6.45	6.44
September	..	..	6.45@6.47	6.45
October	..	..	6.30@6.45	6.30

COFFEE.

Sales aggregated 50,750 bags. The undertone was easy. Opening 7 to 10 points down, values continued to sag and closed at a net loss of 18 to 25 points. Havre declined 1@1½f, while Hamburg lost ½@1 pfennig. Rio was steady and unchanged, and Santos irregular, unchanged to 50 reis lower. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were steady at unchanged to slightly higher.

The Coffee Exchange will discontinue reporting the amount of transactions in bags. Spot coffee, Rio No. 7, 12⅝c. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	12.08	12.02	11.96@11.98	12.15
April	..	..	12.09@12.13	12.28
May	12.35	12.23	12.22@12.23	12.41
June	12.31	12.31	12.29@12.31	12.47
July	12.41	12.41	12.36@12.37	12.53
August	..	..	12.40@12.41	12.59
September	12.58	12.46	12.46@12.47	12.65
October	12.48	12.48	12.37@12.38	12.58
November	..	..	12.30@12.32	12.53
December	12.39	12.37	12.26@12.27	12.49
January	..	..	12.26@12.27	12.49

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 35½@36c; firsts, 33½@35c; seconds, 31½@33c; thirds, 30@31c; held, extras, 34c; firsts, 32@33c; seconds, 30½@31½c; thirds, 29@30c; State dairy, finest, 33@34c; good to prime, 28@32c; common to fair, 23@27c; process, extras, 26@27c; firsts, 25@25½c; seconds, 22@23c; imitation creamery, firsts, 24@24½c; factory, held, 22@23c; current make, firsts, 22@22½c; seconds, 20½@21c; thirds, 18@20c; packing stock, held, 20@21c; current make, No. 2, 20c; No. 3, 17@19c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 17½@18c; white, 17½c; colored, average fancy, 17@17½c; white, 16½@17c; lower grades, 14@16c; Winter, colored, specials, 16½@17c; white, 16½c; colored, average run, 15½@16c; white, 15¼@16c; daisies, held, best, 17¼@17¾c; twins, fancy, 16½@17c; flats, 17@17¼c; daisies, fancy, 17¼@17½c; State, skims, held, specials, 13@14c; fair to choice, 10@12c; Winter made, specials, 11½@12c; skims, Winter made, choice, 9@11c; poor to fair, 5@8c; State, full skims, and badly defective, 2@4c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 23@24c; firsts, 22c; seconds, 20½@21½c; thirds, 19½@20c; dirties, 17@19c; checks, good to prime, 15@17c; under grade, checks, 10@14c; refrigerator, firsts, 17c; seconds, 15@16½c; thirds and poorer, 8@14c; duck, Baltimore, 35@38c; Virginia, 32@35c; Western and prime Southern, 32@34c; far Southern, 29@32c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery whites, good to large size, new laid, 30@31c; selected whites, defective in size or color, 24@29c; Western gathered whites, 24@29c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 24c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 22@23½c.

Connors Leaves Armour Company.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Thomas J. Connors, widely known in the packing industry, resigned to-day from the Directorate and the Executive Committee of Armour & Co. He has been with the company thirty years. After terminating his local affairs Mr. Connors will take his family to New York, where he will reside in the future.

PRODUCE EXCHANGE CALLS BILL ABSURD

Governing Board Comes Out Strong Against Stilwell Regulative Measure.

WON'T DEAL WITH EVERYBODY

Could Not Obey Such a Law, President Aspegren Says, as Crooks and Criminals Are Included.

The Governing Board of the Produce Exchange has gone on record in opposition to the bill proposed by Senator Stilwell at Albany, which deals with transactions in stocks and commodities. President John Aspegren of the Produce Exchange voiced the sentiments of the Governors in a statement issued yesterday.

"The bill we object to," he said, "is the Stilwell Bill 832, especially the latter part of the bill, beginning with Line 12, reading as follows:

> No member of any such Exchange, voluntary association, or corporation shall refuse to deal with or trade for or with any customer who desires said member to trade or deal for or with him in accordance with the same terms and conditions as those observed in transactions between such member and other customers.

"This part of the bill looks too absurd. The idea that a man should be compelled to trade with some crook with whom, of course, he doesn't want to deal, is certainly preposterous, and I doubt whether that part of the bill is constitutional, anyway.

"The effect of such a bill, however, is undoubtedly just the opposite to what was intended, and I am really under the impression that the originator of the bill did not intend the meaning that the language gives. I suppose it was intended to prevent members of the New York Stock Exchange from discriminating against members of the Consolidated Exchange, but as the bill is written it accomplishes a great deal more, and the additional accomplishments are certainly such as no legislator or anybody else would wish for.

"In explaining this I like to call attention to a few features. It has been customary on our Exchange among the members not to accept speculative accounts from bank employes, or from employes of competitive firms, or from women who have no business to speculate, and of course not from crooks, criminals, &c. I don't believe that any legislator really would want to compel us to accept accounts from such persons, and still under this bill we would not be allowed to refuse orders from such people, as it would be considered discriminating. Members of some other Exchange have by the legislators been criticised for accepting accounts from people of that kind, and the result has been the adoption of by-laws or rules by the Exchanges all over the country forbidding members to accept accounts from such people. I am glad to say that our own Exchange has been free from criticism of this kind as our members have always felt that such accounts should not be solicited.

"We have also made such rules as to practically prevent 'corners' on our Exchange. We are opposed to manipulation and if any one man or concern should try to manipulate the market he would undoubtedly find that orders to buy or sell in larger volumes than the market would warrant would be refused by the members and justly so.

"The bill prevents them from using discretion and practically compels them to lend their money and lend their credit to unscrupulous people.

"We will, of course, oppose such legislation, and I have not the slightest doubt that the legislators and the public will see how dangerous such legislation would be to themselves, and how it would have an exactly opposite effect to the intended one. Our Exchange has 2,000 members who have anywhere from 20,000 to 50,000 employes, and in New York State alone there is probably close to 100,000 people directly or indirectly connected with our Exchange, and every one of them, I feel sure, would resent such absurd legislation as proposed in this bill."

It is reported that steps are already under consideration by the sponsors of the bill in question to make amendments of a nature to meet the objections of the Produce Exchange.

MORE OPPOSE TRANSFER TAX.

It is expected that the Chamber of Commerce will soon join the Merchants' Association and various other organizations which are opposing the passage of Gov. Sulzer's proposed $4 transfer tax. Several members of the Stock Exchange Committee appointed to work against the passage of this measure were in conference at the Chamber yesterday afternoon, with the idea of enlisting support of that body in the fight to be waged at Albany when the bill comes up for a hearing on March 12.

The Stock Exchange is still receiving letters in support of its stand on the various Sulzer bills. The committee gave out yesterday copies of a letter sent to the members of the Senate and Assembly by the owners of a Wall Street building largely dependent upon Stock Exchange patronage for its rentals, in which they pleaded for a reduction in the State's expenses, rather than an increase in its revenues forced from security owners.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 13½c; No. 3, 10½c; loins, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 13½c; No. 3, 10¼c; rounds, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 11c; No. 3, 10c; chucks, No. 1, 11c; No. 2, 10c; No. 3, 9c.

SUGAR.—The market yesterday for refined sugar was quiet, steady, and prices unchanged.

The following prices are net, less 2 per cent. discount for cash: Crystal dominoes in cases of two-pound cartons, half or full size pieces, $7.50@$7.60; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7@$7.10; Eagle tablets, $5.65; cut loaf, $5.15; crushed, $5.05; Mold A, $4.70; XXXX powdered, $4.50; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $4.45; fruit powdered, Eagle, extra fine granulated, $4.35; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five-pound cartons of fine granulated, $4.55; Eagle, two-pound bags, $4.65; three and one-half-pound bags, $4.60; five-pound bags, $4.55; ten-pound bags, $4.50; twenty-five and fifty pound bags, and standard granulated, $4.40; fine granulated and Diamond A, $4.35; Confectioners' A, $4.20; No. 1, $4.10; Nos. 2 to 12 in five-cent ranges, $4.05@$3.55; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $3.50.

The London market for beet sugar was steady and 1½d higher for next month, ¾d up for other positions. The advance brought with quoted rates as follows: February and March, 9s 11¼d; May, 10s ¾d. The local market for raw sugar was 3 points higher. Sales, 40,000 bags. Spot prices were $3.54 for centrifugal, $3.04 for Muscovado, and $2.79 for molasses sugar.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The market steady. Prices unchanged.

Quotations: New Orleans centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans open kettle, 35@55c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 18@22c.

RICE.—Business was fairly good and prices as last quoted.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4½@4¾c; fair, 4½@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5½@5¾c; head Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6⅜@7c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was very inactive and prices nominally unchanged. The undertone was nervous. Holders here are under heavy carrying charges and making concessions in some cases.

The following prices are quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $4.50@$4.80; Winter straights, $4.60@$4.70; Winter patents, $4.80@$5.20; Spring clears, $4.30@$4.55; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.10@$4.25; extra No. 2 Winter, $4@$4.10; Kansas straights, $4.20@$4.25; fancy Spring patents, $5.40@$5.90. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.60@$3.85; choice to fancy, $3.90@$4. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Quoted: $2.25@$2.35 asked, per 100 pounds. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $3.15. BAGMEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.30@$1.35; coarse, $1.25@$1.30. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $22@$22.50; standard middling, $22.75@$23; flour, $27; Red Dog, $29.25; bran, $22 bulk, $23 sacks; middling, $23@$29; Red Dog, $30.50; hominy chop, $23 bulk, $24.20 sacks; oilmeal, $30.50@$31.50.

OILS.—Refined petroleum unchanged. The market for linseed oil was easy and 3 points lower on American seed, and Calcutta down 5c a gallon.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.50; bulk, $4.80; standard white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $10.80; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.50; bulk, $5.80; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.80. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 48@49c; out-of-town, raw, 47@48c; Calcutta, raw, 65c.

NAVAL STORES.—Market steady, prices unchanged.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine, barrels, 46¼c. Tar, $6@$6.50. Resin, common to good, strained, $6.50@$6.75; B, D, and E, $6.95; F, $7.05; G, $7.10; H, $7.20; I, $7.30; K, $7.60; M, $7.85; N, $8.15; WG, $8.50; WW, $8.75.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1913	Increase.
ANN ARBOR RAILROAD—		
Third week of February	$43,125	$3,474
July 1-Feb. 21	$1,479,901	31,857
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—		
Third week of February	272,700	*16,300
July 1-Feb. 21	9,268,000	9,700
DETROIT & MACKINAC—		
Third week of February	23,468	*12
July 1-Feb 21	759,219	14,848
INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO—		
Third week of February	97,048	*71,996
July 1-Feb. 21	5,505,143	24,584
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—		
Third week of February	1,232,895	81,560
July 1-Feb. 21	38,685,230	2,419,935
MOBILE & OHIO—		
Third week of February	238,498	30,617
July 1-Feb. 21	7,839,582	407,521
NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO (Mexican currency)—		
Third week of February	992,861	18,700
July 1-Feb. 21	40,647,953	*848,612
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—		
Third week of February	11,302	*509
July 1-Feb. 21	427,990	97,113
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—		
Third week of February	101,833	27,778
July 1-Feb. 23	2,783,197	203,458

*Decrease.

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO for January—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	$140,578	$125,717	$121,196
Net	49,611	40,270	31,704
Sur. after chgs.	17,547	8,300	*3,314
7 months gross	1,191,064	1,108,062	1,055,652
7 months net	505,451	471,284	462,326
Sur. after chgs.	280,920	250,158	225,414

*Deficit.

CANADIAN NORTHERN for January—

Mileage	4,297	3,981	3,386
Gross	1,513,400	1,228,100	822,600
Net	270,200	223,700	101,700
7 months gross	13,753,300	11,562,800	8,869,200
7 months net	3,723,200	3,168,800	2,592,700

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA for January—

Mileage	1,744	1,744	1,744
Gross	1,328,499	1,099,350	1,231,883
Net after taxes	293,473	155,070	297,235
Other income	26,183	9,945	7,529
Total income	319,656	165,015	304,764
Sur. after chgs.	133,498	*11,036	138,874
7 months gross	10,491,993	9,159,528	10,120,566
Net after taxes	2,861,099	2,430,942	3,233,899
Other incomes	137,791	83,425	72,278
Total income	2,998,890	2,514,367	3,306,177
Sur. after chgs.	1,658,651	1,290,902	2,124,473

*Deficit.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN for January—

Mileage	958	959	930
Gross	3,342,866	2,822,893	2,877,511
Net after taxes	1,185,884	808,950	1,065,516
7 months gross	24,589,165	21,997,209	21,412,330
Net after taxes	9,287,377	7,637,804	8,026,377

READING COMPANY—Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company and the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company for January—

	1913.	1912.
Railway Co.:		
Receipts	$4,475,012	$3,762,590
Exp., inc. renewals, &c.	2,673,589	2,509,371
Net earnings	1,801,423	1,253,219
Coal and Iron Co.:		
Receipts	3,680,572	4,235,797
Expenses	3,120,216	3,889,165
Net earnings	560,356	346,632
Reading Co.:		
Net income	166,042	151,563
Net earnings of all cos.	2,527,822	1,751,415
Proportion of annual fixed charges and taxes of all companies (estimated)	852,000	839,916
Surplus	1,675,822	911,499
	From July 1, 1912.	From July 1, 1911.
Railway Co.:		
Receipts	30,880,423	27,045,278
Expenses	18,268,261	17,415,021
Net earnings	12,612,161	9,630,256
Coal and Iron Co.:		
Receipts	26,776,878	22,066,194
Expenses	23,295,382	21,401,227
Net	3,481,496	664,966
Reading Co.:		
Net income	1,169,471	1,146,380
Net earnings all companies	17,263,129	11,441,604
Proportion fixed charges	5,964,000	5,879,412
Surplus	11,299,129	5,562,192

VIRGINIAN RAILWAY—	January.	July 1-Jan. 31.
Gross	$602,399	$3,279,505
Net after taxes	263,262	1,231,560
Other income	29,097	193,776
Total income	292,359	1,425,336
Surplus after charges	160,094	511,301

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Jan. gross	$419,855	$400,774	$401,325
Jan. net	409,772	390,605	391,584

BELL TELEPHONE CO. of Canada for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	7,638,304	6,476,849	5,510,685
Exp., tax depr., int., &c.	6,040,210	5,051,012	3,936,560
Net income	1,598,094	1,425,836	1,547,125
Dividends	1,148,961	1,000,000	1,000,000
Surplus	449,133	425,836	547,125

ELECTRIC BOND & SHARE CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Gross income	1,566,978	966,257	600,721
Exp. and com.	340,321	259,045	81,276
Net income	1,226,657	707,211	519,446
Pref. dividends	160,932	103,333	57,597
Com. dividends	225,333	160,000	65,333
Surplus	840,391	443,878	396,513

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Telephone rev.	43,223,623	39,189,966	36,353,899
Exp. and taxes	31,276,208	29,013,188	25,734,733
Net tel. earn'gs	11,947,415	10,176,777	10,619,165
Divs. and int.	5,356,176	5,043,707	3,840,634
Misc. earn'gs	9,579	2,536	36,944
Total net earn.	17,313,170	15,223,020	14,496,714
Int. charges	2,951,845	2,395,826	2,150,714
Balance	14,361,325	12,827,194	12,346,000
Dividends	10,000,000	10,000,000	8,712,488
Surplus	4,361,325	2,827,194	3,633,512

BLACKSTONE VALLEY GAS & ELECTRIC—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
January gross	123,876	112,574	11,302
January net	55,721	34,839	20,882
Surp. over chgs.	40,352	26,033	14,319
12 mos. gross	1,248,441	1,126,727	121,714
12 mos. net	412,457	328,093	84,364
Surp. over chgs.	275,886	223,913	51,973

EL PASO ELECTRIC—

January gross	80,921	69,775	11,146
January net	39,079	34,156	4,923
Surp. over chgs.	37,108	27,001	10,107
12 mos. gross	804,466	699,613	104,853
12 mos. net	368,025	292,725	75,300
Surp. over chgs.	303,548	211,020	92,528

GALVESTON-HOUSTON ELECTRIC—

January gross	169,615	146,007	23,608
January net	64,491	55,271	9,220
Surp. over chgs.	30,831	21,151	9,680
12 mos. gross	2,051,265	1,558,010	493,255
12 mos. net	854,195	579,888	274,307
Surp. over chgs.	448,998	334,561	114,437

NORTHERN TEXAS ELECTRIC—

January gross	157,047	114,695	42,352
January net	63,074	43,852	19,222
Surp. over chgs.	38,238	23,007	15,231
12 mos. gross	1,833,115	1,613,561	219,554
12 mos. net	868,295	726,279	142,016
Surp. over chgs.	598,230	475,241	122,989

SAVANNAH ELECTRIC—

January gross	67,383	58,358	9,025
January net	17,715	15,960	1,755
Surp. over chgs.	6	4	2
12 mos. gross	756,083	701,224	54,859
12 mos. net	197,762	185,963	11,799
Surp. over chgs.	1,213	1,151	62

SIERRA PACIFIC ELECTRIC—

January gross	55,520	52,347	3,173
January net	28,777	30,624	*1,847
Surp. over chgs.	22,899	25,182	*2,283
12 mos. gross	638,070	575,861	62,209
12 mos. net	396,446	346,844	49,602
Surp. over chgs.	330,021	308,834	21,187

*Decrease.

TAMPA ELECTRIC—

January gross	68,157	60,751	7,406
January net	33,419	28,304	5,115
Surp. over chgs.	28,625	23,754	4,871
12 mos. gross	761,240	698,850	62,390
12 mos. net	364,320	318,812	45,508
Surp. over chgs.	310,321	259,603	50,718

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

New York Woven Label Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, $100,000. James C. Gaynor, J. Herbert Noble, Henry Marx, South Beekman Street, New York.

Buffalo Package Company, Incorporated, of Buffalo; pails, barrels, tubs, &c.; $75,000. George Morris, Albert Kuehner, C. V. Morriss, all of Buffalo.

Tuxedo Amusement Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $10,000. Moses Israel, Anna Israel, Lazar Baumgarten, 9 East 117th Street, New York.

Genesee Limestone Products Company, Incorporated, of Menden; $150,000. John E. Maher, Elen L. Yeomans, Otta F. Kiefer, Wayland.

Chapman, Porter & Woelfling Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; hardware; $25,000. Girard P. Chapman, Bertrand L. Chapman, Nathan B. Porter, 614 West 157th Street, New York.

W. N. Stevenson & Co., Incorporated, of Manhattan; umbrellas, canes, &c.; $41,000. Matthew W Galbraith, Adolph C. Westing, Franklin Ferris, 10 Welling Street, Astoria.

Southwick Shops, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $15,000. Henry C. Southwick, Charles H. Bayer, Milton Dammann, 141 Broadway.

James Gillies & Sons, Incorporated, of Queens; general contractors; $75,000. John Gillies, Blanche L. Gillies, James Gillies, 561 West 141st Street, New York.

French Range Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $10,000. Peter Vignati, Sophie Mantey, Jacob Applebaum, 113 Chester Street, Brooklyn.

Certified Investors, Incorporated, of Manhattan; printing; $10,000. William C. Newish, Edmond F. McCarthy, William B. Neiligan, 46 West Sixty-fifth Street, New York.

Elliott Land Corporation of Albany; $10,000. Fred P. Elliott, George F. Wright, Lyman H. Bevans, all of Albany.

Wright Amusement Enterprises, Incorporated, of Albany; $10,000. George F. Wright, Fred P. Elliott, William A. Hendrickson, all of Albany.

Electric Tachometer Company of Camden, N. J., ($750,000; Horace S. Gould, 37 Wall Street, New York,) has been authorized to do business in this State.

To-morrow THE SUNDAY TIMES To-morrow

A Famous Sequence of Sunday Newspapers

TO-MORROW

As a Special Supplement

THE NEW YORK TIMES

Will Publish

MRS. WILSON'S

Favorite Portrait

of the President-elect

WOODROW WILSON

This Portrait, which was chosen for The Times by Mrs. Wilson, will be reproduced by the Mertens process, and few besides experts will be able to tell it from Photogravure. It is admirably suitable for framing.

A FAMOUS SEQUENCE OF SUNDAY NEWSPAPERS

FOUR WEEKS

of extraordinary issues of The Sunday Times

TO-MORROW, MARCH 2

The Woodrow Wilson Portrait for Framing, as above described.

SUNDAY TIMES, MARCH 9

The authoritative Spring Fashion Number, picturing exclusive Spring Gowns and Hats in half tone, with articles by celebrated Parisian couturieres.

SUNDAY TIMES, MARCH 16

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices a Little Lower—Trading Quiet—Money Demands Advance Rates.

In the improvement in prices which occurred during the last few days was seen an arrest of the pessimism which had been overspreading the market, but it was made clear yesterday that there has yet developed no disposition to take other than a very conservative position in reference to commitments in securities. Events served yesterday to keep to the fore the influence of the money market as a restraining factor upon prices. Here time money was held at a slightly higher level, and call funds commanded as much as 4½ per cent., though the bulk of the day's borrowing was done a full one per cent. or more under that rate. Estimates of the results of the week's currency movements were conflicting, but it seemed not improbable that the first of the money demands which had to be provided for yesterday, both in respect to cash supply and to credits, would serve to produce some impairment of the Clearing House reserve position. The bids which this market is receiving from abroad are at the same time serving to show the world-wide character of the money demands which are being reflected in rates unusually high for the season. The German market is facing $150,000,000 Government short-time loans, which will be placed a week hence, and Berlin has therefore been bidding in this market for funds to run until after subscriptions to this loan have been received. No very large advances have been made by New York, but a few, totaling, perhaps, $4,000,000, were learned of yesterday. These advances are being made in effect as ten-day loans, for they are subject to recall by the lenders after that number of days, but it is likely that they may be allowed to run beyond this relatively brief period. Most of the loans made on this condition have been taken at 5 per cent. For longer periods Berlin has been bidding more generously, and New York bankers have also been receiving bids from Austria of as much as 5½ per cent. for six months' special deposits. These are hardly attractive in view of the narrow margin between these bids and the rates at which time loans can be put out in our own market, or the rate at which high grade commercial paper can be purchased. The short time loans to Germany are more attractive, inasmuch as the controlling comparison in rates there is with our call money market, which has lately averaged close to 2 per cent. under the bids which Germany is making here. In addition to the loans which we have been making in response to these bids this market has been carrying long bills drawn on Germany. This, of course, involves the risk of exchange, but there is some margin to cover this for sixty-day discounts at Berlin are close to 6 per cent. At Paris, short money is quite plentiful, but French exchange remains high because of the indisposition of that market to enter upon any commitments which would tie up money for any appreciable period. At Paris and at London the security markets showed a cheerful tone yesterday, but a divergence of opinion regarding the political probabilities was indicated by the fact that whereas those two markets were higher, prices moved downward on the Berlin Boerse.

Current trade reports continue to offer striking contrast to the misgivings which have been finding reflection in the prices of securities. Continued activity in the movement of merchandise into consumption has, of course, been indicated for some time to come by the fact that orders on the books of manufacturers accumulated during recent months to an extent which calls for a large scale of production for a considerable time to come. It is principally in the placing of orders for future delivery that some let-up has been indicated, which very naturally is regarded as a forerunner of some slackening in general business, but enough commitments running well into the future are being entered upon to suggest that the pessimism which Wall Street has been feeling has had but little influence upon the general business estimate of the future.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 3@4½ per cent., with the last loan at 3¾ per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 3¼ per cent.

Time money rates were 4½@5 per cent. for sixty days to six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5@5¼ per cent. for best names.

Clearing House exchanges $359,426,779; balances $19,448,279; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $873,359.

The local banks lost $6,817,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 5 per cent. for short bills and 4¾@4 13-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3⅞ per cent., and Berlin, 5⅝@5¾ per cent. Money was 4¾@5 per cent. in London and 5¼@5½ per cent. in Berlin for settlement.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 24½ centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 45½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8825; demand, $4.87½.

Paris—Cable, 5.16⅞; check, 5.17½ less 1-64.

Berlin—Cable, 95 7-16; check, 95 5-16.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.18⅜; check, 5.19⅜.

Holland—Cable, 40.24; check, 40.20.

Belgium—Cable, 5.20 plus 1-16; check, 5.20 less 5-64.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8315; ninety days, $4.81½.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82⅞; ninety days, $4.81¼.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.21⅞ plus 1-32; ninety days, 5.23⅛ less 1-32.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 3-16; ninety days, 93⅞.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 25c premium; St. Louis, 30c premium; St. Paul, 65c premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 9-16 lower in London, at 27 1-16d, and 1⅛c lower in New York, at 58⅞c per ounce.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Virginia Railway and Power Company raised the semi-annual dividend on its common stock yesterday from 1 to 1½ per cent. The payment of the last quarter will be made on April 10 to stock of record on March 20.

Percy D. Lown and John H. Ross, formerly members of the firm of Weed & Gwynne, have formed a partnership under the name of Lown & Ross, to deal in investment securities.

Gold to the amount of $300,000 will be shipped to Argentina to-day.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Month's Losses.

There were only six days in February when the average price of twenty-five railroads and twenty-five industrials did not decline. At the close of January the average price of the railroads was 89.88, and of the industrials, 64.56. At the end of February the railroads were off 4.03 points and the industrials were off 3.62, making the average loss of the combined averages 3.83. Both rails and industrials suffered a slight decline yesterday. The biggest change either way for any one day in the month occurred on Feb. 26, when advancing prices wiped out much of the decline scored in earlier sessions.

⁂

Ex-Dividend, Not ex-Rights.

Brokers who made inquiry at the Stock Exchange a few days ago to learn whether or not the California Railroad Commission's adverse decision on the Harriman dissolution plan, and the failure of the St. Louis court to make known its decision would affect the date for the Harriman issues to sell ex-rights, were told that both stocks would be ex-rights yesterday. Before the opening the ticker announced that the rights would not come off until further notice. Brokers who had orders to buy either issue at a figure little below the prevailing price notified their customers that the limit would be lowered by the value of the rights, and yesterday had to follow their letters with the notice that the rights were still included in the price. With Southern Pacific so close to par it would have been impossible to tell from the quotations whether the rights were deducted yesterday, or only the dividend.

⁂

Tariff on Steel Rails.

The steel companies are enjoying so extensive a volume of business that discussion in Wall Street is confined almost entirely to unfilled orders and deliveries. The matter of prices and the effect of a rearranged tariff receive small attention, or, at least, it has received small attention since the first of the year. It is quite likely that a change is coming soon as far as tariff problems are concerned. Steel men themselves are awake to the significance of news from Washington that steel rails stand a chance of getting on the free list at the special session of Congress. There were conferences of an informal sort between steelmakers in this city yesterday at which this possibility was considered from numerous angles. Rail manufacturers had become partly reconciled to the reduction of duty on foreign rails to seven-fortieths of 1 cent a pound, as provided in the Underwood bill, but serious talk of wiping out the tariff altogether renewed the subject of competition with German and English companies in a fashion not entirely pleasant.

⁂

Foreign Borrowing Here.

An active demand for loans for foreign account was apparent in local banking transactions yesterday, and the stiffening of money rates was undoubtedly furthered by calls for funds from European sources. As is customary at this season of the year when rates are high abroad, German bankers are borrowing here to carry them over the March settlement. The calling of loans by Clearing House institutions for the purpose of strengthening their reserve position was probably the leading factor, however, in advancing the call rate to 4½ per cent. The bank statement to-day will reflect the heavy interest and dividend payments of March 1 and the transfer of loans necessitated by these disbursements.

⁂

Delayed in Transit.

The President of the Chicago Stock Exchange started for New York several days ago, according to dispatches received from the Windy City, to make an effort to have the Steel Corporation's stocks listed there, as well as all other issues which the $4 transfer tax bill seemed likely to send away from the local board. The deep significance of the visit appealed strongly to brokers who are most active in opposing the bill, as they were careful to point out in conversation. It is not a long trip from Chicago to Wall Street, yet the President of the Chicago Exchange had not arrived after five days. If he does not appear soon all the good effect of his intended efforts will be utterly lost, buried in the depths of Wall Street's proverbially short memory.

⁂

Can's Decline.

The decline of the American Can shares in early trading yesterday was attributed to profit taking sales resulting from the final declaration of a goodly portion of the back dividends, but the same explanation could hardly be applied to the lack of resiliency of the shares in later hours of the session. In some quarters of the Street the reason for Can's heaviness was attributed to the Federal inquiry at Baltimore, but the more careful observers of these elusive shares declared that the speculative fraternity had abandoned them for the time being on the theory that little action could be found in them until the remaining unpaid dividends should make their appeal.

⁂

Small Copper Exports.

Copper exports for the month show, in a way, the extent of Europe's non-participation in the market. From Feb. 1 to Feb. 27 shipments of 26,407 tons were reported, against 32,305 tons in the corresponding period of last year. The decline of approximately 25 per cent. in the metal exported was considered in the trade particularly enlightening as to the indifference of foreign consumers in view of recent heavy sales to domestic buyers.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	380	390
American Light & Traction pf	107	110
Adirondack Electric Power	17	20
Adirondack Electric Power pf	57	59
American Gas & Electric	81	85
American Gas & Electric pf	44	46
American Power & Light	73	76
American Power & Light pf	84	86
American Publi Utilities	62	66
American Public Utilities pf	75	77
Cities Service	135	140
Cities Service pf	87	89
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	68	70
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	89	91
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	94	96
Electric Bond & Deposit pf	74	77
Empire District Electric 5s	86	89
Empire District Electric 5s pf	..	84
Federal Light & Traction	28	32
Federal Light & Traction pf	78	82
Federal Utilities Co., Inc	..	40
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., pf	70	76
Gas & Electric Securities	135	..
Gas & Electric Securities pf	93	97
Lincoln Gas & Electric	28	32
Montana Power Co	44	46
Montana Power Co. pf	99	102
Northern States Power	23	25
Northern States Power pf	84	86
Ozark Power & Water Co	60	64
Pacific Gas & Electric	58½	60½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	89	91
Republic Ry. & Light Co	26	28
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	77½	79½
Standard Gas & Electric	16	18
Standard Gas & Electric pf	46	48
Union Rwy., Gas & Electric	60	63
Union Rwy., Gas & Electric pf	87	90
United Light & Rys	..	80½
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	80	82
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	74	76
Utah Securities	22	24
Utilities Improvement	68	70
Utilities Improvement pf	75	77
Western Power	18	21
Western Power pf	47	50

Opposes Smaller Treasury Notes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Senator Sheppard of Texas introduced a bill to-day forbidding a change in the size or color of paper money without the consent of Congress. The Treasury Department has made plans to reduce the size of the bills within the next few weeks.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Quiet and Lower—Bonds More Active and Steady.

Transactions in Curb securities yesterday were in smaller volume with closing prices showing moderate declines. Sales in United Cigar Stores were made between 103 and 101½, with the final sale at the day's low showing a loss of 1¼ points. Total sales amounted to 1,455 shares. Standard Oil of New Jersey fluctuated from 375 to 373, with a recovery at the close to 374, which compared with Thursday's last sale at 375. Bonds showed more activity with but small changes in price.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	Brit.-Am. Tob.	23⅞	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞
100	Emerson-Brant.	56½	56½	56½	56½
3,050	Man. Transit	1½	1⅝	†1 7-16	1⅝
700	Puebla S. & R.	2	2 1-16	2	2
100	S. Oil of N. J.	375	375	373	374
1,455	U. C. S. Co. of A.	102⅜	†103	101½	101½
100	Willys Overland	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾
	MINING STOCKS.				
400	Alaska Copper	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5¾
400	Alaska G. M.	13½	13½	13½	13½
6,600	*Big Four	90	93	90	93
1,700	Braden Copper	8½	8¾	8½	8⅝
100	Brit. Col. Cop.	3½	3½	3½	3½
2,500	*C. O. D. Con.	6½	6½	6	6
450	El Paso Con.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
900	Ely Con.	16	16	16	16
400	Florence	45	46	45	46
3,000	Giroux Mining	2 11-16	3 3-16	2 11-16	3
100	Greene-Cananea	8	8	8	8
1,000	*Greenwater	4½	4½	4½	4½
200	Halifax Tonopah	1⅜	1 5-16	1⅜	1 5-16
2,500	*Jumbo Exten.	32	33	32	33
400	‡Kerr Lake	3⅛	3 3-16	3⅛	3⅜
500	Nevada Hills	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	Nip. Mines Co.	8⅞	9	8⅞	9
100	*N. B. Develop.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
300	Ohio Copper	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
100	S. U. M. & S.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
200	Stewart	1½	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
155	Tonopah M.	5 13-16	5 13-16	5 13-16	5 13-16
350	Tonopah Ex.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16
3,500	Tonopah Merger	83	85	83	84
500	Tri-Bullion	½	½	½	½
624	W. E. Consol.	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16
7,000	*Wet. Sil. Mines	13	14	12	13
2,500	Y. G. Mines	3	3 1-16	2⅞	3
	LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANIES.				
1,000	‡Chester. Copper	5	5	5	5
300	L. C.-G. D.	3	3	3	3
	BONDS.				
$70,000	B. R. T. 5% Notes	96	96¼	96	96¼
10,000	Can South. 5s	106½	106½	106½	106½
75,000	Chi. El. 5s	97¼	97⅞	97¼	97¾
10,000	N. Y. C. 4¼s, 1960	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex dividend.

Not reported Feb. 21 100 Davis-Daly 1 5-16.

⁂

Issues not traded in were quoted thus:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Feb. 28. Bid.	Feb. 28. Asked.	Feb. 27. Bid.	Feb. 27. Asked.
*Allied Securities Co.	83	85	83	85
Am. Writing Paper	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
Bay State Gas	⅜	½	⅜	½
Borden's Cond. Milk	114½	115½	114½	115½
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	106½	107½	106½	107½
Brown Shoe	50	54	50	54
Brown Shoe pf.	92	94	92	94
Cluett-Peabody	60	64	60	62
Cluett-Peabody pf	98½	100½	98½	101
Con. Rubber Tire	20	23	20	23
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	..	83	..	83
Continental Can	50	54	50	54
Continental Can pf.	92	96	92	96
Emerson-Brant. pf	92	97	92	97
Havana Tobacco	3½	4	3½	4
Havana Tobacco pf.	8	15	8	15
Houston Oil	19	21	18½	19½
Houston Oil pf.	60	65	60	65
Inter. Rubber t. ctfs.	8½	9½	8½	9½
Kaufmann Dept. Stores	46½	49	46½	48½
Kaufmann D. Stores pf.	97	99	97	99
Lehigh V. C. S. Co.	195	205	201	205
Marconi of Am., new	5¼	5½	5¼	5½
*Mays Oil	18	20	18	20
National Sugar	100	100¾	100	100½
N. Y. Transportation	4	5	4	5
Otis Elevator	81	85	81	85
Otis Elevator pf.	97	99	97	99
Penn. Textile	24	25	24	25
R. J. Reynolds	265	270	265	270
Standard Oil, old	1,085	1,110	1,085	1,110
Tobacco Products	110	130	110	130
Tobacco Products pf.	90½	93	90¼	..
U. C. S. Co. of Am., pf.	113	116	113	116
U. S. Hair	5	8	5	8
U. S. Hair pf.	8	10	8	10
U. S. Light & Heat	7	9	7	9
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	50	60	50	60
Willys Overland pf.	92	97	91	96
MINING STOCKS.				
*Beaver Consolidated	40	42	40	52
Bessie Gold Dredging	10½	11	10½	11
Bessie Gold Dredg. pf.	11	11½	11	11½
Buffalo Mines	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
Con. Arizona Smelt.	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Davis-Daly Copper	1 1-16	1 3-16	1 1-16	1 3-16
*Dia. Black Butte	3	4	3	4
*Dia. Field Daisy	4	5	5	6
First National	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
La Rose Consolidated	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Mason Valley	7	8	7⅜	8
Mines of America	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
McKinley-Darragh	2	2 1-16	1 15-16	2 1-16
Pacific Smelters	3-16	7-32	3-16	7-32
Tularosa	½	¾	½	¾
Tuolumne Copper	2⅜	2⅞	2⅜	2⅞
United Copper	½	1	½	1
United Copper pf.	..	8	..	8
LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANY.				
*N. J. Mines Co.	17	18	17	18
BONDS.				
Braden Copper 7s, new	165	170	165	170
Havana Tobacco 5s	60	65	60	65
Mason Valley 6s	93	95	93	95
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1962	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
N. Y., N. H. & H. 5 p. c. notes	100	100¼	100	100¼
Western Pacific 5s	86½	87	86½	87

*Sells cents per share.

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17½	18½	17½	18½
Atlantic Refining	660	670	660	670
Borne-Scrymser	281	300	280	330
Buckeye Pipe Line	163	167	163	170
Chesebrough Mfg.	650	680	650	675
Colonial Oil	130	140	120	140
Continental Oil	1750	1900	1825	1900
Crescent Pipe Line	60	65	60	65
Cumberland Pipe Line	77	90	82	90
Eureka Pipe Line	370	380	375	385
Galena-Signal Oil	293	300	294	300
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	134	139	134	139
Indiana Pipe Lines	130	136	130	135
National Transit	48	50	48	50
New York Transit	330	335	330	340
Northern Pipe Line	112	119	112	118
Ohio Oil	123	126	123	126
Prairie Oil & Gas	323	330	324	330
Solar Refining	670	690	670	690
Southern Pipe Line	255	259	250	260
South Penn. Oil	965	985	970	990
S. W. Penn. Pipe Lines	165	170	164	70
Standard Oil (Cal.)	173	177	175	180
Standard Oil (Ind.)	323	328	323	328
Standard Oil (Kan.)	565	580	560	580
Standard Oil (Ky.)	405	430	400	420
Standard Oil (Neb.)	310	320	300	310
Standard Oil (N. J.)	370	375	370	375
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	630	640	640	650
Standard Oil (Ohio)	280	295	280	290
St. Oil sub. "en bloc."	715	760	730	760
Swan & Finch	215	225	215	230
Union Tank Line	70	74	70	74
Vacuum Oil	172	177	172	177
Washington Oil	31	40	32	40
Waters-Pierce Oil	1500	1550	1480	1550

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Feb. 28. Bid.	Feb. 28. Asked.	Feb. 27. Bid.	Feb. 27. Asked.
British-American	23⅝	23⅞	23¾	24
Conley Tinfoil	290	300	290	300
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	180	200	180	200
J. S. Young	175	180	175	200
MacAndrews & Forbes	195	200	195	200
P. R.-Am. Tobacco	240	250	240	250
P. R.-Am. T. 6% scrip	130	150	130	150
R. J. Reynolds	265	275	265	275
Tobacco Products	110	130	110	130
Tobacco Co. pf.	90½	93	91	93
United Cigar Stores	101¾	102½	102¼	102¾
United Cigar Stores pf.	114	117	115	118

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Apr., 1913	99⅞	100⅛	3.50
Amer. Loco.	5	Oct., 1913	100	100¼	4.75
Amer. Loco.	5	Oct., 1914	99⅞	100⅜	4.62
Ann Arbor	5	May, 1913	97½	99	8.50
Austrian Govt.	4½	July 14-15	97¼	97⅝	5.90
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1913	99⅝	100	4.50
Bos. & Maine	5	Feb. 3, 1914	99⅞	100¼	4.85
B. R. T.	5	July, 1918	96	96¼	5.90
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June, 1914	98⅞	99⅛	5.15
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15, '13	99¼	100	5.00
Chi. & W. Ind.	5	Sept., 1915	99⅝	99¾	5.05
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	97¼	97½	6.50
C., H. & D.	4	July, 1913	99½	99¾	4.35
Erie	6	Apr. 8, 1914	100⅝	100⅝	5.45
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	99½	99⅞	5.00
Erie	5	Apr., 1915	98½	98¾	5.60
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	99¾	99⅞	6.05
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	96¾	97¼	5.65
Hocking Val.	4½	Nov., 1913	99⅝	99⅞	4.70
Hudson Cos.	6	Oct. 15, '13	98½	99½	0.75
Illinois Cent.	4½	July, 1914	99⅜	99½	4.90
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug., 1914	98⅛	98⅜	5.90
Int. Harvester	5	Feb. 15, '15	99⅞	100⅛	4.90
K. C. R. & L.	5	May, 1913	90½	92	25.00
K. C. R. & L.	6	Sep., 1912	89	91½	..
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	94½	95	8.10
M. S. R., K. C.	5	May, 1913	93	96	14.00
Mex. M. Com.	4½	Sep., 1913	97½	98½	7.89
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1914	98¼	98¾	7.30
Mo., K. & T.	5	May., 1913	99⅞	100⅛	4.50
Mo. Pacific	5	June, 1914	97⅛	97½	6.70
Mont. Tr. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99⅞	100¼	5.90
N. R. of Mex.	4½	June, 1913	98	99	7.30
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar., 1914	99⅜	99⅝	4.90
N. Y. Central	4½	May, 1915	99¼	99½	4.85
N.Y., N.H. & H.	5	Dec., 1913	99⅞	100⅛	4.60
S. L. & S. F.	5	June, 1913	99½	99⅞	5.35
St. L. & S. F.	6	Sep., 1914	99⅝	100	6.00
Seaboard A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	98½	98¾	5.45
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99⅜	99⅝	5.15
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	98½	99¼	6.20
U. S. S. R. M.	5	Aug., 1914	99	100	5.00
Union Typew.	5	Jan., 1916	97¼	97¾	5.65
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100	100½	5.80
West. E. & M.	5	July, 1913	99½	100½	5.00
West. El. & M.	6	Aug., 1913	100¼	100½	4.90
West. Md	5	July, 1915	97⅝	98½	5.50

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Balt. & Ohio	100¾	100¾	100¾
5	Fidelity & Deposit	174¾	174¾	174¾
175	Houston Oil tr. ctfs.	19¼	19	19
100	Houston Oil pf. tr. ctfs.	63	62½	62½
70	Merch. & Mech. Bank	33½	33½	33½
40	Seaboard Air Line	19	19	19
300	United Rys	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜
10	Western Bank	42	42	42
50	Wash., B. & A. pf.	36	36	36
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Balt. City 4s, 1951	97	97	97
5,000	Cons. Coal 6s, notes	100	100	100
3,000	Fairmont Coal 5s	95½	95½	95½
7,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	97½	97¼	97½
9,000	New Or. & Gt. N. 5s	69	68¾	69
5,000	United Rys. 4s	97½	97¼	97½
6,000	United Rys. income	62⅞	62⅞	62⅞
4,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	87	87	87
2,000	Virg. Midland 5s	105	105	105

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
310	Adventure	3¾	3½	3½
8	Ahmeek	290	290	290
475	Algomah	1¼	1⅛	1¼
30	Allouez	35½	35	35½
585	Amalgamated	68⅞	68½	68½
420	Am. Zinc	30	29¾	30
176	Arizona Coml	3⅞	3¼	3⅝
100	Bonanza	40c	40c	40c
280	Butte & Superior	31¾	31	31
280	Calumet & Arizona	61	60½	60½
3	Calumet & Hecla	450	450	450
110	Centennial	14	14	14
135	Chino	37½	37⅛	37½
240	Copper Range	44¾	44⅜	44½
870	East Butte	12¾	12¼	12¾
395	Franklin	6	6	6
545	Giroux	3⅛	2⅝	3 1-16
220	Granby	59¾	59	59
312	Greene-Cananea	8	7⅞	8
200	Hancock	18	18	18
160	Indiana	12	11¾	11¾
45	Isle Royale	25¾	25¾	25¾
75	Keweenaw	2 9-16	2½	2½
1,100	Lake	15½	14⅝	15⅜
130	La Salle	4	4	4
55	Mass. Con	5	4¾	4¾
351	Mayflower	10	9½	9½
65	Mohawk	48	48	48
100	Nevada Con	16¾	16¾	16¾
50	New Arcadian	2¼	2¼	2¼
550	Nipissing	8¾	8¾	8¾
145	North Butte	26½	25¾	26
110	North Lake	1¾	1½	1¾
200	Old Colony	6	5⅛	5¼
140	Old Dominion	46¾	46	46¾
47	Osceola	87	86	86
220	Pond Creek	23¾	23½	23½
5	Quincy	48	48	48
35	Ray Con	17½	17½	17½
35	Shannon	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
51	St. Mary's Land	39	39	39
4,820	Superior & Boston	4⅜	3⅜	3⅞
750	Superior Copper	27½	26¾	27⅛
80	Tamarack	28⅛	28	28⅛
100	Union Copper Land	1½	1⅜	1½
190	U. S. Smelting	39¼	38½	38½
49	U. S. Smelting pf.	48¼	48	48¼
80	Utah Apex	1¾	1	1¾
100	Utah Con	9½	9⅜	9½
160	Victoria	1½	1½	1½
115	Wolverine	67½	65	67
	RAILROADS.			
141	Boston Elevated	109	108	108½
12	Boston & Maine	90	89	90
13	Fitchburg pf.	119¼	119¼	119¼
110	Maine Central	105½	105½	105½
21	Mass. Elec. pf.	76½	76	76½
210	N. Y., N. H. & H.	127¼	127	127¼
20	Old Colony	174	173	174
599	West End St. R. R.	78	77¾	77¾
115	West End St. R. R. pf.	95¾	95¾	95¾
	TELEPHONES.			
791	American	132½	132	132½
108	New England	155	153	155
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
100	Am. Agr. Chem.	52	52	52
8	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	97¾	97½	97¾
200	Am. Pneu. Serv.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
42	Am. Sugar	114½	114¼	114¼
2	Am. Sugar pf.	115	115	115
5	Am. Woolen	16¾	16¾	16¾
2	Am. Woolen pf.	79	78⅞	79
50	A., G. & W. I.	5¾	5¾	5¾
50	A., G. & W. I. pf.	10¾	10¾	10¾
100	Edison	281	280¾	280¾
253	General Electric	138½	137½	138½
51	Mass. Gas	90	89⅞	89⅞
5	Mass. Gas pf.	94	94	94
60	Mergenthaler	217	217	217
10	North Texas Elec.	105	105	105
36	Pullman	159½	158¼	158½
10	Reece Button	15½	15½	15½
61	Swift & Co.	106½	106	106
270	Torrington	27¾	27½	27¾
675	United Fruit	170½	169	170
50	United Shoe	49¾	49¾	49¾
42	United Shoe pf.	27¾	27¾	27¾
1,060	U. S. Steel	61¼	60¾	60¾
270	U. S. Steel pf.	108	107¾	108
	BONDS.			
$17,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	87½	87⅜	87⅜
1,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	103	103	103
1,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	94¾	94¾	94¾
2,000	Dominion Coal 5s	99	99	99
1,000	Gen. Elec. 5s, 1952	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
1,000	Illinois Steel 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
3,000	West End 4s, 1916	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
5,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	99½	99⅛	99⅛

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alaska Gold	13¼	13⅛	Hollinger	15½	16
Begole	1½	2	Houghton	4½	4¾
Bohemia	2	2⅛	La Rose	2 13-16	3
Boston Ely.	65	70	Majestic	44	46
Butte Cent'l	8⅛	8¼	Mex. Met.	1⅝	1 7-16
Butte & L.	22	30	Nev. Doug.	2½	2⅝
Cactus Cop.	6	8	New Baltic	80	95
Calaveras	3	3 1-16	Ohio	61	62
Chief Cons.	1½	1⅝	Oneco	1⅜	1½
Corbin Cop.	70	71	Raven	15	17
Cons. Ariz.	26	30	South Lake	6½	7¼
Davis-Daly	1¼	1 3-16	S W Miami	3¼	3⅜
First Nat.	1⅞	2	U. V'de Ex.	65	70

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
275	American Can	37¼	35½	36
200	American can pf.	126½	124	125
50	Booth Fisheries	64¾	64¾	64¾
22	Chi. Ry., Series 2	23½	23½	23½
31	Com. Edison	141	141	141
90	Illinois Brick	70¼	70	70¼
89	Montgom. Ward pf.	107½	106¾	106¾
35	National Biscuit	119	119	119
60	National Carbon	118¼	118	118¼
115	People's Gas	112	111	112
10	Quaker Oats pf.	107¾	107¾	107¾
1,055	Sears-Roebuck	200¾	197½	198
20	Sears-Roebuck pf.	123¼	123¼	123¼
145	Swift	106½	106¾	106½
100	*U. S. Steel	61	61	61
145	Union Carbide	186	185	186
	BONDS.			
$3,000	Chi. Ry. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
5,000	Chi. Rys., B	83	83	83
5,000	City & Conn't'g 5s	85¼	85¼	85¼
1,000	City Ry. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝

*Ex div. 1¼ per cent.

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
46	Alliance Ins.	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
5	*Am. Rye.	39¼	39¼	39¼
20	Atchison	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
300	Baldwin Loco.	49⅛	48⅝	49⅛
6	Baldwin Loco. pf.	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
1,046	Cambria Steel	51	50½	51
94	Elec. Storage	51⅞	51⅛	51⅞
1	Gen. Asphalt	38½	38½	38½
4	Harwood Elec.	32	32	32
20	Ins. Co. of N. A.	22⅛	21⅞	22⅛
100	Keystone Tel.	12	12	12
250	Lake Superior	28	27	27
50	Lehigh Nav.	89	89	89
24	Lehigh Nav. ctfs.	89⅜	89	89
34	Lehigh Valley	78¼	78 3-16	78 3-16
680	Lehigh Val. Transit	19	18⅞	18⅞
345	Lehigh Val. Tran. pf.	35¼	35	35¼
645	Penn. R. R.	60	59⅞	60
4	Penn. Salt Mfg.	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
137	Phila. Co.	45½	45	45
300	Phila. Co. pf.	41¼	41	41¼
96	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	26	25⅝	26
50	Phila. Traction	83	83	83
1,115	Reading	78 9-16	78¾	78 7-16
365	Tonopah Belmont	7 3-16	7⅛	7 3-16
195	Tonopah Mining	5¾	5 13-16	5 13-16
322	Union Traction	50⅛	50	50
223	United Gas Imp.	88¾	88⅝	88½
3,000	U. S. Steel	61¼	60⅞	61
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Elec. & Peo. 4s	85	85	85
1,000	Harwood Elec. 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
11,000	Inter-State Ry. 4s	59	59	59
15,000	Keystone Tel. 1st 5s	90¼	90	90¼
2,000	Lehigh Valley gen. con. 4s, coup.	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜
1,000	Lehigh Val. ann. 6s	142	142	142
1,000	Phila. Co. con. 5s	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛
2,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	81½	81¼	81¼
1,000	Reading gen. 4s	96½	96½	96½
5,000	Readg.-Jer. Cent. 4s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
2,000	Stand. Gas & E. 6s	100	100	100
2,500	United Ry. gold 4s	74¼	73½	73½
9,000	United Ry. inv. 5s	76½	76½	76½

*Ex-div.

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Sewer Pipe	10	10	10
60	Caney River	31¾	31¼	31¾
95	Indpt. Brewing pf.	30⅞	30½	30½
35	La Belle Iron pf.	124	124	124
579	Mfrs. Light & Heat	52⅜	51½	51½
85	Natl. Fireproof. pf.	28½	28½	28½
20	Osage, Oklahoma	61	60	61
95	Ohio Fuel Supply	44	44	44
10	Ohio Fuel Oil	16	16	16
20	Oklahoma Gas	69¾	69¾	69¾
15	Pitts. Oil & Gas	7½	7½	7½
485	Pure Oil	15¾	15⅝	15⅝
10	Pitts. Brewing	10¼	10¼	10¼
60	Pitts. Brew. pf.	37½	37½	37½
1,000	Pitts. Silver Peak	60c.	59c.	59c.
270	Westinghouse Elec.	35	34⅞	34⅞
	BONDS.			
$6,500	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s	90¾	90½	90¾
2,000	Pitts. Brewing 6s	92½	92½	92½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
4½s..May, 1957, inter.	104	104¼	104	104¼
4½s..Nov., 1957, inter.	104	104¼	104	104¼
4½s..May, 1917, inter.	100¾	101¾	100¾	101¾
4½s..Nov., 1917, inter.	100¾	101¾	100¾	101¾
4¼s..Mar., 30-60, inter.	99⅞	100	99⅞	100⅛
4¼s..Mar., 1932, inter.	98⅝	98⅞	98¾	99
4¼s..Sept., 1960, inter.	98⅝	98⅞	98¾	99
4s..May, 1959, inter.	96	96½	96	96½
4s..Nov., 1958, inter.	96	96½	96	96½
4s..May, 1957, inter.	96	96½	96	96½
4s..Nov., 1956, reg.	94¼	95½	94¼	95½
4s..Nov., 1955, reg.	94¼	95½	94¼	95½
4s..Nov., 1936, reg.	94¼	96	94¼	96
4s..1918-1919, inter.	98¼	100	98¼	100
3½s..Nov., 54-55, inter.	83½	84⅜	83½	84⅜
3½s..May, 1954, coup.	83½	84⅜	83½	84⅜
3½s..[illegible]	83½	84⅜	83½	84⅜

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London and Paris Markets Firm on Continental Situation—Berlin Quiet.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, March 1.—The Times says in its City article to-day:

"The inquiry for money was very keen yesterday, the last day of the month, and the market found itself obliged to apply for loans to a large amount at the Bank. Discount quotations again declined slightly, bills being in fair demand. Continental Exchanges responded to the weakness of the discount rate by moving against London. Berlin cheques fell three-quarters of a pfennig. The silver market developed similar weakness.

"The firmer tone which characterized the stock markets the past few days was well maintained yesterday. The belief of an impending improvement in the Austro-Russian situation appeared to be steadily gaining ground, and, as Turkey is reported to have made overtures for peace, a hopeful feeling prevails. In one or two directions, certainly, there was more doing yesterday, and after the morning orders had been executed the markets kept fairly steady until just before the close, when a few week-end realizations caused slight recessions.

"Consols continued their upward movement. A further slight all-round advance took place in home railway stocks. Buyers appeared in the foreign railway market. Grand Trunk junior Elsewhere rather more activity was displayed in the oil share section, while shipping securities again met a fair stocks again met with steady support. amount of attention.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—American securities were quiet and steady and a fraction above parity during the forenoon. Later New York sold United States Steel, but sent sufficient support to maintain the rest of the list at the early level.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—Prices were generally firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes 89f 17½c for the account.

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—Trading was quiet, and prices closed lower on the Boerse to-day. The Russo-Austrian situation checked business.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	74¾	..	..	+1-16
Consols account	75	..	..	..
Amalgamated	70¼	68½	68⅝	— ⅛
Atchison	104⅜	101½	101⅝	..
Balt. & Ohio	103⅞	101⅛	101⅛	..
Canadian Pacific	236⅞ex	233⅜	233⅞	..
Ches. & Ohio	75⅝	73⅝	74	— ⅜
Chi. Gt. West	15	14⅝	15	— ⅛
St. Paul	112¼	109½	109⅝	— ⅛
Denver	20	19½	..	..
Erie	28⅜	27¾	27⅜	..
Erie 1st pf.	45	43⅞	43⅞	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	126	122⅞	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	136½	133¼	133	+ ⅛
Kansas & Texas	26½	25⅞	25½	+ ⅜
N. Y. Central	109⅛	106⅜	106⅛	+ ¼
Norf. & West	108ex	106⅜	106½	+ ¼
Ontario & West	30⅞	30	30	..
Pennsylvania	61½	120	120	..
Reading	80¼	156⅝	156⅞	— ⅛
So. Railway	26½	25⅞	25⅝	+ ⅛
So. Pacific	†102⅜	101⅝	101	+ ⅜
Union Pacific	†157⅛	155⅜	156	— ⅛
U. S. Steel	62½ex	62¼	62⅝	— ⅜
Wabash	3½	3⅜	..	..

Exchange 4.87½ *April account. †Ex dividend and receipts.

American Mining Stocks in London.

(MIDDLE PRICES.)

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	0	19	9	Tomboy	1	7	6
Esperanza	1	8	9	Oriental Con.	1	9	0
El Oro	0	17	3	*Alaska T'dwell	8	11	3
Santa Gertrudis	1	5	3	†Alaska United	4	15	0
Oroville	0	7	9	‡Alaska-Mex.	2	8	9

*Ex div., $1. †Ex div., 70c. ‡Ex div., 20c.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Govt. 3½s	86⅝	87⅝
German Govt. 3s	76	77⅛
Prussian Consols 4s	98½	99⅞
Bavarian Govt. 4s	98⅝	100
Saxony Govt. 3s	78⅛	79⅜
Hamburg Govt. 3s	77¼	78⅜
City of Berlin 4s	98	98⅛
City of Cologne 4s	98	99
City of Munich	97	98¼
City of Frankfort 3½s	89¼	90¼
City of Vienna 4s	85¼	87⅛
Russian Consols 4s	89	90½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange ended with a steady tone, although a slightly reactionary tendency had been displayed earlier. A decline in American Can had some effect upon the rest of the list in the early trading. There was a transaction in a small lot of New York, Ontario & Western at 30, which represented the only market in Wall Street in that stock, no sales being reported on the other exchange.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,010	Amal. Copper	68⅝	68⅞	68⅝	68⅝
2,720	Am. Can	37⅞	38¾	35½	36½
40	Am. Can pf.	125¼	125¼	125¼	125¼
220	Am. Ice	24⅜	24⅜	24	24
540	Am. Smelting	69½	69½	68¾	69
50	Anaconda Cop.	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
10	At., T. & S. F.	101½	101½	101½	101½
130	Balt. & Ohio	100⅜	100	99⅞	100⅜
10	Beth. Steel	36	36	36	36
150	Brook. R. T.	89½	89¾	89	89
50	Can. Pacific	231	231	230⅝	230⅝
240	Cent. Leather	28⅝	28⅞	28⅜	28½
20	Ches. & Ohio	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝
70	C., M. & St. P.	109⅝	109⅝	109⅛	109⅛
120	Col. F. & I.	34¼	34⅜	34⅛	34⅛
60	Consol. Gas	131¼	132⅜	131¼	132¼
540	Corn Products	13⅜	13⅜	12½	12½
310	Erie	27⅞	27⅝	27⅜	27½
10	Erie 1st pf.	43½	43½	43½	43½
20	Gt. North. pf.	126⅜	126⅜	126⅜	126⅜
160	Inter.-Met	17½	17⅝	17¼	17½
100	Inter.-Met. pf.	60	60	59	59
340	Lehigh Valley	156⅞	156⅜	156	156⅝
50	Mo., K. & T.	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
180	Mo. Pacific	38⅝	38⅝	37⅞	37⅞
240	Nevada Con	17	17¼	16⅞	16⅞
10	N. Y., O. & W.	30	30	30	30
180	Nor. Pacific	115¾	116	115⅝	116
140	Pennsylvania	119⅞	119⅞	119½	119½
7,800	Reading	157	157¼	156⅝	156⅞
10	Ry. St. Spg. pf.	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
10	Rock Island	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼
310	Southern Pac.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅜	99⅝
330	So. Pac. rights	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
130	South. Ry	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
10	Tenn. Copper	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼
3,300	Union Pac	153⅞	153⅞	152½	152⅞
190	U. S. Rubber	62⅞	62⅞	61⅞	62
7,940	U. S. Steel	61⅜	61⅜	60⅞	61
60	U. S. Steel pf.	108⅛	108⅛	107⅞	107⅞
30	Utah Copper	52	52	52	52
27,840					
	MINING STOCKS.				
900	Atlanta	.16½	.17	.16½	.17
200	Belcher	.20	.20	.20	.20
1,100	Comb. Fraction	.07	.07	.07	.07
800	C. O. D.	.07	.07	.07	.07
700	Elleton	.59	.59	.59	.59
580	Goldfield Con.	2.31¼	2.62½	2.31¼	2.62½
600	Goldfield Mer.	.27½	.27½	.27½	.27½
500	Jim Butler	.71½	.71½	.71½	.71½
400	Jumbo Ext	.32	.32	.32	.32
200	Montana	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55
300	Pitts. Silver P.	.60	.60	.60	.60
500	Tonopah Mer.	.84	.84	.84	.84
50	Tonopah Min.	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75
6,830					

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con.	.01	Hale & Norcross	.07
Andes	.03	Kentucky Con.	.01
Belcher	.15	Mexican	.64
Best & Belcher	.13	Occidental Con.	.70
Caledonia	.82	Ophir	.18
Challenge Con.	.03	Overman	.20
Chollar	.01	Savage	.03
Confidence	.31	Sierra Nevada	.11
Con. Cal. & Va.	.17	Union Con.	.09
Con. Imperial	.01	Utah Con.	.05
Crown Point	.20	Yellow Jacket	.20
Gould & Curry	.02		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	7.07½	C. O. D.	.06
Jim Butler	.73	Comb. Fraction	.07
McNamara	.20	Diam'dfield B. B.	.03
Midway	.55	Florence	.45
Mizpah	.49	Goldf'd Con. M.	2.65
Montana	1.57½	Goldf'd Merger	.26
North Star	.24	Jumbo Ext.	.32
Rescue Eula	.13	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Ext.	1.80	Silver Pick	.06
Tonopah Merger	.84	Vernal	.02
West End	1.27½	Nevada Hills	1.12½
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.30
Adams	.01	MANHATTAN.	
Atlanta	.16	Manhattan Con.	.06
Booth	.08	Manhat. Big F.	.89

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5	6¼	Jackpot	5¼	5¾
Elkton	61⅝	62	McKinney	64⅝	65½
El Paso	598	600	Old Gold	2½	3
Findlay	4½	5	Portland	98	100
Gold Dollar	11⅝	13¼	Vindicator	98½	98⅞
Isabella	11⅝	11⅞	Raven B. H.	6½	7¼

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Feb. 27.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,425,343	$26,243,973	$221,526,397
Internal rev.	926,998	21,814,229	207,046,490
Corp. tax	46,299	481,838	3,187,010
Miscellaneous	157,017	3,842,412	35,969,247
Tot. receipts	$2,555,659	$52,382,453	$467,700,146
Expenditures	1,637,881	48,966,414	458,878,470
Surplus	917,777	3,416,039	8,839,675

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was: Working balance, $78,573,006; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $44,699,942. Total of the general fund, $147,988,675.

Where Principal and Interest Are Safest
is where equity is largest.
The law limits the indebtedness of municipalities to a very small percentage of the actual value of their taxable property.
4¼% to 5¾%
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Guaranty Trust Company of New York
28 Nassau Street
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Resources, over $220,000,000

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Capital $2,000,000
Surplus $7,000,000

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No. 487 Fifth Avenue,
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FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Bridge Plaza, N., L. I. City, N. Y.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday, Feb. 28, 1913.

Total sales Feb. 28, 1913	237,777
From Jan. 1, 1913	15,375,640
Same period last year	18,000,057

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
68½	68⅝	12,300	Amalgamated Copper	68⅝	68⅞	68⅜	68½	−⅛
35⅝	36	23,600	Am. Can	37½	37½	35	35¾	−2¼
124	124¾	3,800	Am. Can pf	126½	126½	123¼	124½	−1¼
87	92	15	Am. Coal Products	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	...
48	49	100	Am. Cotton Oil	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞	+¼
4⅛	4¾	200	Am. Hide & Leather	4½	4½	4½	4½	+⅜
24⅛	24½	1,500	Am. Ice Securities	23¾	24¼	23¾	24¼	+¾
10	10⅝	200	Am. Linseed	10¼	10½	10¼	10½	+1
35½	36	200	Am. Locomotive	35½	35½	35⅜	35½	...
104¼	105½	100	Am. Locomotive pf	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	...
10½	11	100	Am. Malt	11	11	11	11	+3⅛
54	54½	300	Am. Malt pf	53½	54¼	53½	54	+½
68½	68⅞	3,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref	69½	69½	68¾	68¾	−⅝
103½	104¼	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	104	104	104	104	+⅛
84⅞	85½	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	+⅛
114	115	200	Am Sugar Ref. x d	114⅜	114½	114⅜	114½	+¾
114	116	310	Am. Sugar Ref. pf. x d	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	−⅜
132⅜	132½	800	Am. Teleph. & Teleg	132⅛	132½	132⅛	132½	+⅜
102¾	104	100	Am. Tobacco pf. new	104	104	104	104	+¼
28	29	1,000	Am. Writing Paper pf	27⅛	28	26½	28	+1
35⅝	35⅞	1,400	Anaconda Copper Co	35½	35¾	35½	35¾	...
105	115	100	Assets Realization	104	104	104	104	−1
101¾	102	2,400	Atch., Top. & S. F	101⅝	101⅞	101½	101¾	...
100	100⅛	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	100	100	100	100	...
48¼	49	200	Baldwin Locomotive	49	49	49	49	+
100⅞	101	1,900	Baltimore & Ohio	101	101	99¾	101	−⅛
83	84	150	Baltimore & Ohio pf	84	84	84	84	...
35¾	36¼	100	Bethlehem Steel	36	36	36	36	−½
64	65	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	65	65	65	65	−½
89⅜	89½	900	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	89⅞	89⅞	89¼	89⅜	−¼
50⅜	50⅝	2,400	California Petroleum	50¾	50⅜	50¼	50⅜	−⅜
80½	81⅛	100	California Pet. pf	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	...
230¾	231¼	1,400	Canadian Pacific x d	230⅞	231	230¾	231	+⅛
224¼	225¾	400	Can. P. sub. cfs. 1st pd	224½	224½	224¼	224½	−¼
28¼	28⅜	6,200	Central Leather Co	28	28¾	27⅞	28¼	+⅜
95½	97	600	Cent. Leather Co. pf	95¾	96¼	95¾	96	+½
73⅝	73⅞	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	74	74	73⅞	73⅞	−⅛
11	16	120	Chicago & Alton	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	+¾
14½	15	100	Chicago Gt. Western	15	15	15	15	...
29	30	300	Chi. Gt. Western pf	29	29	29	29	−1⅛
108⅞	109	1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	109½	109½	108⅞	109⅛	−½
136½	138½	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	138⅜	138⅜	138⅜	138⅜	+1⅞
136	136½	300	Chi. & Northwestern	135¾	136	135¾	136	+1¼
37	37¼	2,900	Chino Copper	37½	37¾	37	37¼	+⅜
34¼	..	800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	34¾	34¾	34½	34½	...
60	67	15	Col. & South. 2d pf	60	60	60	60	...
132	132½	2,100	Consolidated Gas	130½	132½	130½	132	+1½
12½	12⅝	4,000	Corn Products Ref	13⅛	13⅛	12½	12⅝	−⅜
68½	69½	567	Corn Products Ref. pf	72¾	72¾	69	69	−4¼
18	18½	400	Distillers' Securities	18	18	17⅞	17⅞	+⅝
27¾	28	2,350	Erie	27½	27¾	27⅝	27¾	...
43⅜	44	300	Erie 1st pf	43¾	43¾	43½	43½	−¼
107½	110	4	General Chemical pf	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	...
138	139	400	General Electric x d	137½	139	137½	139	+2¼
2⅝	2¾	10,525	Goldfield Consol	2⅞	2¾	2⅝	2¾	+½
41	42	1,500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	42	42	40	41¼	−½
126¼	126⅝	2,000	Great Northern pf	126½	126¾	126¼	126⅝	+¼
35¼	35¾	200	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	+¼
45	45½	100	Guggenheim Explor	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	−⅛
17¼	17½	1,200	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	−⅛
59⅛	59⅝	900	Inter.-Met. pf	59¾	59¾	59⅛	59⅛	−⅞
107¼	108½	300	Int. Harvester old	107	107¼	107	107¼	−¾
..	..	117	Int. Harv. Co. of N. J	109	109	109	109	...
107	111	18	Int. Harv. Co. pf	107	107	107	107	...
11½	11¾	100	Int. Paper	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	...
13	13½	200	Int. Steam Pump	13¼	13¼	13⅛	13⅛	+¼
54	55	132	Int. Steam Pump pf	54	54	54	54	+½
60	61	100	Kan. City South. pf	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	+⅞
..	..	100	Lackawanna Steel	44	44	44	44	+1
9	12	200	Lake Erie & Western	9	9	9	9	...
156⅜	156½	6,900	Lehigh Valley	156¾	156¾	156	156½	+⅛
219	221	10	Liggett & Myers	219	219	219	219	...
113	115	100	Liggett & Myers pf	114	114	114	114	...
185	190	25	Lorillard (P.) Co	190	190	190	190	...
34	35	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	35	35	35	35	+1¾
133½	134	800	Louis. & Nash	133	133½	133	133½	+½
130½	131½	200	Manhattan Elevated	131½	131½	131	131	−¾
100	104	140	May Dep. Stores pf	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	+⅞
69	69½	300	Mexican Petroleum	70⅝	70⅝	69½	69½	−⅜
94	94½	100	Mexican Petroleum pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	+1½
22⅜	22½	100	Miami Copper	22½	22½	22½	22½	+⅜
18½	19½	130	Minn. & St. L	18½	18½	18½	18½	+½
136½	137	160	M., St. P. & S. S. M	136½	136½	136½	136½	+¾
25½	26	100	M., K. & T	25½	25½	25½	25½	...
37½	38	600	Missouri Pacific	38½	38½	37¾	38	−¾
115	116	110	Nat. Biscuit Co	116	116	116	116	+1⅛
15⅛	15½	100	Nat. En. & S. Co	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	−⅛
56	58½	100	Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf	58½	58½	58½	58½	+1½
24½	25	200	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	24¼	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	+1⅞
17⅛	17¼	500	Nev. Consol. Copper	17⅛	17¼	17	17¼	+¼
106¼	106⅞	100	N. Y. Central	106½	106½	106½	106½	...
126¾	127½	350	N. Y., N. H. & H	127⅛	127⅛	126¾	126¾	−¼
105¾	106¼	800	Norfolk & Western	105¾	105¾	105¾	105¾	+⅛
115¾	116	2,200	Northern Pacific	115¾	116	115½	115¾	+⅝
36½	38	300	Pacific Tel. & Tel	37	37	37	37	...
119½	119¾	3,600	Penn. Railroad	120¼	120¼	119½	119¾	−¼
..	..	50	Pettibone-Mulliken Co	23	23	23	23	...
96⅝	97	200	P., C., C. & St. L	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	−¾
21	22	300	Pittsburgh Coal	21¾	22	21¾	22	+⅝
86¾	87¾	300	Pittsburgh Coal pf	88	88	87¾	87¾	+1¼
26⅝	27	430	Pressed Steel Car	26½	27	26½	27	+½
97	98	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	97	97	97	97	−¾
3¾	4	100	Quicksilver	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	+½
98½	100	100	Railway Steel S. pf	100	100	100	100	+1
17⅜	17½	600	Ray Consol. Copper	17⅜	17½	17⅜	17½	...
156⅝	156¾	39,000	Reading	156⅞	157¼	156⅝	156¾	+⅛
89	90½	500	Reading 2d pf	90	90	90	90	+1½
24⅞	25⅜	100	Rep. I. & S	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	+⅜
22⅜	22½	100	Rock Island Co	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	−¼
38¼	38¾	300	Rock Island Co. pf	38¼	38½	38¼	38½	+¾
71	72½	100	Rumely (M.) Co	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼	−¾
18⅝	19	100	Seaboard Air Line	19	19	19	19	−¼
43½	44	115	Seaboard Air Line pf	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	+⅛
197½	199	700	Sears, Roebuck & Co	199⅞	200	197	198	−2
123	124⅞	200	Sears, R'buck & Co. pf	123	123	123	123	...
99½	99⅝	4,600	Southern Pacific ex d	99⅝	99⅞	99¼	99⅝	+¼
..	..	5,300	So. Pacific Rights	3-16	7-32	5-32	3-16	+1-32
25½	25¾	1,000	So. Ry. extended	25½	25¾	25½	25¾	...
79⅞	80	600	So. Ry. pf. extended	79½	80	79½	80	+¼
29	32	200	Studebaker Co	31	31½	31	31½	−¼
37	37¼	900	Tennessee Copper	37¾	38	37⅛	37⅞	−⅝
114	115½	200	Texas Co	115	115	115	115	...
35¼	36¼	200	Third Avenue	37	37	36	36	−1
5½	5¾	300	Union B. & P. Co	5¾	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
152⅞	153⅛	21,100	Union Pacific ex d	153½	153⅞	152⅝	153	−½
..	..	1,100	Union Pacific Rights	3-32	3-32	⅛	⅛	...
84¾	85½	200	Union Pacific pf ex d	85	85	85	85	...
50	53¼	200	United Cigar Mfrs	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛	+⅛
26½	27¼	300	United Railways Inv	26½	27	26½	27	+½
51	52	400	United Rys. Inv. pf	50½	51½	50½	51½	+1
13¾	14	114	U. S. C. I. P. & F	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	+¼
62	62¼	2,710	U. S. Rubber	63	63	61¾	62¼	−¾
105½	106¼	310	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	106	106	106	106	+1
60⅞	61	34,200	U. S. Steel ex d	61¼	61¼	60¾	60⅞	−½
107½	108	1,600	U. S. Steel pf	108	108	107½	107½	−½
52	52¼	2,600	Utah Copper	52½	52⅝	52⅛	52⅛	−¼
51	54	100	Va. I., C. & C	50	50	50	50	+2
10	11	100	Wabash pf	10	10	10	10	+¾
68½	69	300	W. U. Telegraph	68⅛	68⅛	68	68	...
69	69¾	500	Westinghouse E. & M	69½	69½	69¼	69¼	−½
96½	97½	2,700	Woolworth (F. W.) Co	98¼	99	94	96	−¼

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Feb. 28, 1913	$1,839,000
From Jan. 1, 1913	96,285,500
Same period last year	164,675,000

Jap Gov 4½s, sterl loan, 2d Ser
4,000..........87⅝
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
10,000..........58¾
2,000..........59
5,000..........58¼
5,000s10f..........58¼
10,000..........58
1,000..........58½
5,000s10f..........58
5,000..........58
5,000..........57¾
N Y City 4s, 1936, registered
1,000..........96
4s, 1956, reg
1,000..........98
10,000..........[illegible]
4s, 1957
1,000..........96
4s, 1959
11,000..........96½
N Y City 4½s
6,000..........100
25,000..........99⅞
4½s, 1957
1,000..........104⅛
new
4,000..........104½

Adams Express 4s
1,000..........80½
Alb & Susq 3½s
5,000..........87⅞
Allis-Chalm 5s, Tr Co ctfs of dep
2,000..........59
Am Ice Secur 6s
1,000..........74
1,000..........74½
Am Smelt Secur 6s
10,000..........104⅝
Am T & T conv 4½s, rcts, full paid
5,000..........103
5,000..........103⅛
1,000..........102⅞
10,000..........103
col 4s
12,000..........87½
Am Tobacco 4s
7,000..........97
Armour & Co 4½s
1,000..........90½
30,000..........90⅝
10,000..........90½
A T & S F gen 4s
7,000..........96⅝
4,000..........96⅞
2,000..........96¾
1,000..........96⅞
26,000..........97
adj 4s, stpd
2,000..........86⅞
conv 4s, 1955
10,000..........101¾
10,000..........101⅞
conv 4s, 1960
5,000..........100
11,000..........100⅛
con 5s
5,000..........101⅝
6,000..........101¾
[illegible] & St L 1st 6s
1,000..........103½
Atl Coast Line, L & N col 4s
6,000..........90¼
Balt & O gold 4s
5,000..........96¼
5,000..........96
1,000..........95⅞
6,000..........96
conv 4½s, w i
10,000..........95¾
48,000..........95⅝
3,000..........95¾
250,000..........95⅝
5,000..........95¾
20,000..........95⅝
1,000..........95¾
[illegible]

P, L E & W V 4s
3,000..........88⅝
Boonville, St L & So 1st 5s
5,000..........100
B R T ref conv 4s
10,000..........89¼
10,000..........88¾
15,000..........88⅛
5,000..........88¾
1,000..........88⅞
1,000 c..........88¾
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
1,000..........95½
Cent Leather 5s
1,000..........95½
Ches & O conv 4½s
7,000..........90⅞
5,000..........90¾
4,000..........90⅝
C, B & Q gen 4s
1,000..........94⅞
15,000..........94¾
10,000..........94⅞
joint 4s
17,000..........94⅞
6,000..........95
Ill Div 3½s
6,000..........85
Ill Div 4s
1,000..........97½
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A
6,000..........97¼
conv 4½s
7,000..........102⅝
when issued
18,000..........101⅞
1,000..........102
10,000..........101⅞
5,000..........102
Chi & N W deb 5s, 1929
4,000..........104
gen 3½s
1,000..........84
extd 4s
1,000..........96
C, R I & P gen 4s
1,000..........92⅞
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
8,000..........86¼
1,000..........86⅛
1,000..........86
1,000..........86¼
C, R I & P R R 4s
1,000..........63¼
Chi, St P, M & O deb 5s
10,000..........102
C & W In gen 6s
2,000..........106⅝
C C, C & S L deb 4½s
24,000..........91½
Col & So 1st 4s
1,000..........93
1,000..........92⅞
Col & South ref & ext 4½s
1,000..........93⅞
Del & Hudson lien eqpt 4½s
1,000..........100
9,000..........100⅛
Den & R G con 4s
1,000..........86⅜
D & R G 1st & ref 5s
1,000..........81½
1,000..........81¼
Dul & Iron R 5s
1,000..........100
Erie 1st gen 4s
2,000..........75
Erie Pa col tr 4s
3,000..........90
Gen Baking 1st 6s
10,000..........95
Gen Elec deb 5s temp rects, full paid
8,000..........103½
Gen Motors 6s
6,000..........99¼
1,000..........99⅝
Ill Central ref 4s
2,000..........95⅝
Ill Central, Wn Line 4s
1,000..........94

Indiana Steel 5s
10,000..........100
Insp Con Cop 6s sub rects, 3d paid
3,000..........101
Inter-Met 4½s
1,000..........79⅝
3,000..........79¾
4,000..........79⅝
2,000..........79¾
Interboro R T 5s
5,000..........103½
Int & Gt Nor 6s
1,000..........106⅝
K C, Ft S & M 4s
5,000..........77
7,000..........76½
10,000..........77
Kan City Ter 4s
2,000..........93⅝
Lack Stl 5s, 1915
1,000..........95
L S & M So 4s, 1928
5,000..........91
4s, 1931
2,000..........90¾
Ligg & Myers 5s
5,000..........99⅝
2,000..........99¼
4,000..........99
Lorillard Co 5s
11,000..........99⅝
8,000..........99½
5,000..........99¼
19,000..........99
Lorillard Co 7s temp'ry bonds
26,000..........120⅞
Louis & Nash & M & Mon 4½s
1,000..........103¼
Louis & N gen 6s
1,000..........112
unified 4s
2,000..........96½
1,000..........97
Mich State T 5s
1,000..........100
M, K & T of T 5s
1,000..........100
M, K & T 2d 4s
6,000..........78½
Mo Pac 5s, 1920
1,000..........98⅝
Mob & Birm 4s
4,000..........79
Mob & O new 6s
1,000..........117
N Y Central gen 3½s
21,000..........84¼
L S col 3½s
1,000..........77¼
10,000..........77⅛
N Y, G E L H & P Col tr 5s
5,000..........101⅞
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
25,000..........122
7,000..........121⅞
5,000..........122
N Y Rwys ref 4s
3,000..........76⅞
N Y Rys adj 5s
10,000..........58⅜
18,000..........58⅞
13,000..........59
N Y Tel 4½s
20,000..........97¼
Norf So 1st ref 5s, ser A
5,000..........98⅝
1,000..........98⅞
Norf & W con 4s
1,000..........96¼
conv 4½s when issued
2,000..........104⅜
5,000..........104⅝
5,000..........104¼
7,000..........104⅝
Nor & W cv 4s
10,000..........106
North Pac 4s
500..........97
6,000..........97¼
1,000..........97⅞
1,000..........97⅛
5,000..........[illegible]

Nor Pac gen 3s
5,000s20f..........66¾
1,000..........67
Oregon Short Line gtd ref 4s
3,000..........89¼
Pac T & T 5s
4,000..........100
Penn conv 3½s
20,000..........96⅞
8,000..........97
3,000..........96¼
Peo G & C of Chi ref 5s
10,000..........101⅞
Pub Ser Cor sinking fund 5s
15,000..........92
5,000..........91⅞
Reading gen 4s
1,000 c..........96
11,000..........96¼
2,000..........96⅛
Roch & Pit 1st 6s
6,000..........110⅝
St J & G I 1st 4s
5,000..........83¼
St L, Ir Mt & So unify & ref 4s
2,000..........81½
St L & San Fran R R gen 5s
7,000..........79¼
2,000..........79⅛
St L S W 1st 4s
1,000..........88
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s
8,000..........100⅛
So Pac col 4s
500..........95½
5,000..........95
conv 4s
7,000..........90
12,000..........90⅛
4,000..........90
20,000s20f..........90
1st ref 4s
9,000..........92⅞
5,000..........93
Southern Ry 1st 5s
1,000..........105¼
1,000..........105½
3,000..........105⅝
gen 4s
1,000..........77¾
5,000..........77⅝
Tenn Coal, Iron & Rwy gen 5s
1,000..........100¼
Texas Co conv 6s
2,000..........99⅝
Tex & Ok 1st 5s
5,000..........101½
Third Av ref 4s
11,000..........81½
Union Pac 1st 4s
1,000..........98⅜
1,000s20f..........98⅜
8,000..........98⅝
5,000..........98⅝
1,000 c..........99
1,000..........98⅝
registered
2,000..........98⅛
conv 4s
5,000..........93⅞
1,000..........94
2,000..........94⅛
1st & ref 4s
1,000..........94
2,000s10f..........92⅛
1,000..........93⅛
U Rs of S F 4s
9,000..........63
5,000..........62⅝
14,000..........62½
U Rys of St L 4s
1,000..........73½
U S Rubber 6s
7,000..........102⅛
5,000..........102⅝
U S Steel C s f 5s
20,000..........100⅛
25,000..........100⅜
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000..........104⅞
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
40,000..........[illegible]
4,000..........[illegible]
2,000..........[illegible]

1,000..........58⅝
24,000..........58⅝
Westn Electric 5s
2,000..........101¼
Westingh El & M 1st conv s f 5s
6,000..........92
Wh & L E 1st 5s
8,000..........101½
Winst-Sal Sobd 4s
2,000..........89⅝
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000..........90¼
1,000..........90⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100⅝	101
2s, c, 1930	100⅝	101¼
3s, r, 1918	102¼	103¼
3s, c, 1918	102½	103¼
4s, r, 1925	113½	114
4s, c, 1925	113⅝	114⅝
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100⅝	101
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100⅝	101
Pan 3s, r, 1961	102⅝	103
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102½	103½

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex, ex div	135	145
Allis-Chalm	..	¾
Do 3d pf	3	3¼
Allis-Ch pf, 3d pf	..	9
Am Ag Ch	50½	53
Do pf	90	99
Am B S	35	35¾
A B S pf	83½	90
A B S & F	90½	95
Do pf	131¼	136½
Am Citie	47½	49
Do pf	75¾	77
Am C & F	49¾	50
Do pf	114	116
Am Coal, ex div	70	100
Am C O pf	96	100
Am C Pr pf	100	109½
Am Exp	157½	164
A H & L pf	25	26
Am Lin pf	28	30
Am Snuff	180	190
Do pf, n	103	105
Am St Fds	33½	35
A T & C, ex div	58⅛	66
Am Tobac	247	251
A W W pf	97	97½
Am Woolen	17	18
Do pf	77½	79½
Ann Arbor	15	30
Do pf	50	80
Asso Oil	..	44½
Atl C L	124	126
Bald L pf	103¾	106
Batopolis M	1⅛	1½
Bu Un Gas	130	132
Bruns T	8¼	8⅞
B R & P	105	115
Do pf	122	150
But'k Co	28⅛	31
Can So	60	63
Case (J I) pf	100⅞	102½
C C & C	..	91
C R R of N J	345	350
C & S A T	105	112
Chi & A pf	25½	40
Chi, I & L pf	50	80
C & N W pf	181	190
Chi, St P M & Om	125	130
Do pf	140	155
C, C, C & St L	53	57
Do pf	90	95
Col South	25½	26
Do 1st pf	67	69
Crex Carpet	75	85
Cuba R R pf	94	..
Cub-Am S	..	90
Do pf	..	92
Del & Hud	159½	163
D, L & W	395	415
D & R G	19⅝	21
Do pf	35	38
D M & Ft D pf	4	10
D & Co pf	98	98¾
Det & M	105	..
Do pf	100	..
Det U Ry	..	82
D, S S & A	5¼	8
Do pf	13	14½
Du P de N Pow pf	..	95¼
Erie 2d pf	34½	36⅜
F M & S	122½	130
Do pf	37½	41
Gen Ch	175	200
Gen Mot	30¾	33
Do pf	75	78
G & S Tel	115	..
Goodrich pf	97½	98½
Helme (G W)	175	188
Do pf	100	116½
Hav Elec	84¾	..
Hock Val	..	150
Homestake	116	120
Ill Cent	122½	123
Insp Cop	16	16¼
Ing-Rand	105	..
Do pf	92	..
Int Agric	..	34
Do pf	79	86
Int Harv pf	112¼	113
I Paper pf	44	48
Iowa Cent	8	12
Iowa C pf	19	25
Kayser (J)	85	95
Do 1st pf	102½	109½
K C, Ft S & M pf	70	74
K C So	23½	24¾
Keo & D M	6	8
Do pf	45	..
Kresge (S.S.)	72	75
Do pf	100	101
Knick Ice, Chi, pf	76	80
Laclede Gas ex div	98½	100½
L E & W pf	23	30
Lake Shore	460	525
L-W B 1st pf	101¾	..
Do 2d pf	91	..
Long Island	41	43
Mackay Cos	82	84
Do pf	65	67½

	Bid.	Asked.
Mah Coal R	..	925
May Dep S	73⅝	75
Merc Mar	4	4⅝
Do pf	17¼	18
Mich Cent	..	190
M & St L pf	43	..
M, St P & S S M pf	142	150
Do l l	83	84
M, K & T pf	60⅝	63
Mor & Essex	165	172
N, C & St L	150	175
Nat Bisc pf	116	120
Nat En pf	88	93
Nat Lead	50	52¾
Do pf	105	107
N O, M & C pf	15	25
N Cent Coal	40	60
N Y Air B	73	77
N Y, C & St L	55	57½
Do 1st pf	97	..
Do 2d pf	80¼	90
N Y Dock	15	20
Do pf	32	42
N Y State R	..	88
Norf So	42½	47½
N & Wn pf	82	92
Ontario Min	2½	3
Pabst Br pf	107	110
Pac Coast	80	95
Do 1st pf	80	100
Do 2d pf	80	100
Pac Mail	26	26¾
Pac Tel & Tel pf	92	100
Peoples' Gas, Chicago	111	113
Peo & East	11	15
P Lorr pf	112	115
Phelps-D	200	..
P, C, C & St L pf	100	115
Pitts S pf	97	100
Pub S Corp	116	117½
Pullman Co	158	160
Q'silver pf	4	7
R R Sec, Ill, stk ctfs	79	84
Ry Steel S	27½	28
Read 1st pf	90	91
Rep Iron & Steel pf	85	86
Rub Goods Mfg Co pf	100	110
Rumely Co pf	90	93
S L & S F	14	16
Do 1st pf	56	60
Do 2d pf	24½	25
Do, C & E I new c	45	48
Do pf ctfs	..	102
St L S Wn	30	34⅛
Do pf	73½	74⅞
Sloss-S S & I	36	42
Do pf	91¾	96
So P R Sug	..	69¾
Do pf	..	108½
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs	..	77½
Stand Mill	35	39
Do pf	63¼	66
Studeb pf	88	93
Texas Pac	18⅝	19
Tex P L Tr	91	105
T, P & Wn	15¼	..
Tol Rys & L	2½	..
T, St L & Westn	10½	11
Do pf	27	28
Twin C R T	105	108
Do pf	138¾	145
Und Typew	93	96
Do pf	111	113
Un Bag & Paper pf	34	35
U Cig Mfrs pf	98½	103
Un Dry G	96½	98
Do pf	100	104½
U S Cast Ir Pipe pf	54	60
U S Express	50	55
U S Ind Alc	25	32
Do pf	89	100
U S Rlty & Imp	69	69½
U S R & R	1	1⅞
Do pf	3	6
U S Rub 2d pf	71	81
Vandal R R	..	85⅛
Va-Car C Co	33	36
Do pf	107	109
Va Ry & P	51¾	58½
Do pf	89	..
Vulcan Det	16½	21
Do pf	..	85
Wabash	3⅝	4
Wells-F Ex	106	112
Weym-Bru	270	300
Do pf	105	120
Wn Mary'd	41¾	43
Do pf	61	64½
Westing 1st pf	115	119
Wh & L E	5½	7
Do 1st pf	18½	20
Do 2d pf	10	12
Wis Cent	48	50
Woolwth pf	112	113

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined for the month of February:

1913.

RAILROADS

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Feb. 1	89.89	89.59	89.73	89.72	−.16
Feb. 3	89.96	89.50	89.73	89.62	−.10
Feb. 4	89.89	89.46	89.67	89.50	−.12
Feb. 5	89.40	89.07	89.23	89.15	−.35
Feb. 6	89.19	88.95	89.07	89.04	−.11
Feb. 7	89.30	89.04	89.17	89.14	+.10
Feb. 8	89.23	89.09	89.16	89.19	+.05
Feb. 10	89.09	88.68	88.88	88.72	−.47
Feb. 11	88.53	87.84	88.18	87.99	−.73
Feb. 12—Holiday.					
Feb. 13	87.63	86.75	87.19	87.17	−.82
Feb. 14	87.50	87.02	87.26	87.34	+.17
Feb. 15	87.45	87.03	87.24	87.07	−.27
Feb. 17	86.64	85.84	86.24	86.25	−.82
Feb. 18	86.66	85.47	86.06	85.53	−.72
Feb. 19	86.25	85.34	85.79	86.03	+.50
Feb. 20	86.25	85.73	85.99	85.86	−.17
Feb. 21	85.99	85.45	85.72	85.58	−.28
Feb. 22—Holiday.					
Feb. 24	85.66	84.41	85.03	84.87	−.71
Feb. 25	84.90	84.06	84.48	84.35	−.52
Feb. 26	85.52	84.36	84.94	85.46	+1.11
Feb. 27	86.16	85.37	85.76	86.04	+.58
Feb. 28	86.00	85.63	85.81	85.85	−.19

INDUSTRIALS

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Feb. 1	64.53	64.24	64.38	64.47	−.09
Feb. 3	64.64	64.24	64.44	64.34	−.13
Feb. 4	64.49	64.13	64.31	64.23	−.11
Feb. 5	64.05	63.63	63.84	63.79	−.44
Feb. 6	63.84	63.63	63.73	63.75	−.04
Feb. 7	64.11	63.83	63.97	64.05	+.30
Feb. 8	64.30	64.09	64.19	64.21	+.16
Feb. 10	64.21	63.80	64.00	63.88	−.33
Feb. 11	63.56	62.88	63.22	63.02	−.86
Feb. 12—Holiday.					
Feb. 13	62.71	62.07	62.39	62.34	−.68
Feb. 14	62.69	62.13	62.41	62.46	+.12
Feb. 15	62.66	62.42	62.54	62.50	+.04
Feb. 17	61.80	61.41	61.60	61.53	−.97
Feb. 18	61.94	60.78	61.36	60.87	−.66
Feb. 19	61.40	60.57	60.98	61.26	+.39
Feb. 20	61.47	60.99	61.23	61.13	−.13
Feb. 21	60.98	60.70	60.84	60.82	−.31
Feb. 22—Holiday.					
Feb. 24	60.70	59.58	60.14	59.91	−.91
Feb. 25	59.84	58.97	59.40	59.48	−.43
Feb. 26	60.59	59.36	59.97	60.39	+.91
Feb. 27	61.20	60.58	60.89	61.10	+.71
Feb. 28	61.27	60.74	61.00	60.94	−.16

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Feb. 1	77.21	76.91	77.05	77.09	−.13
Feb. 3	77.30	76.87	77.08	76.98	−.11
Feb. 4	77.19	76.79	76.99	76.86	−.12
Feb. 5	76.72	76.35	76.53	76.47	−.39
Feb. 6	76.51	76.29	76.40	76.39	−.08
Feb. 7	76.70	76.43	76.57	76.59	+.20
Feb. 8	76.76	76.59	76.67	76.70	+.11
Feb. 10	76.65	76.24	76.44	76.30	−.40
Feb. 11	76.04	75.36	75.70	75.50	−.80
Feb. 12—Holiday.					
Feb. 13	75.17	74.41	74.79	74.75	−.75
Feb. 14	75.09	74.57	74.83	74.90	+.15
Feb. 15	75.05	74.72	74.88	74.78	−.12
Feb. 17	74.22	73.62	73.92	73.89	−.89
Feb. 18	74.30	73.12	73.71	73.20	−.69
Feb. 19	73.82	72.95	73.38	73.64	+.44
Feb. 20	73.86	73.36	73.61	73.49	−.15
Feb. 21	73.48	73.07	73.28	73.20	−.29
Feb. 22—Holiday.					
Feb. 24	73.18	71.99	72.58	72.39	−.81
Feb. 25	72.37	71.51	71.94	71.91	−.48
Feb. 26	73.05	71.86	72.45	72.92	+1.01
Feb. 27	73.68	72.97	73.32	73.57	+.65
Feb. 28	73.63	73.18	73.40	73.39	−.18

February Range This Year.

	High.		Low.	
Railroads	89.96	Feb. 3	84.06	Feb. 25
Industrials	64.64	Feb. 3	58.97	Feb. 25
Combined aver	77.30	Feb. 3	71.51	Feb. 25

February Range in 1911 and 1912.

	High.		Low.		Last.
RAILROADS					
1912	90.81	Feb. 28	88.74	Feb. 1	90.12
1911	97.49	Feb. 6	92.65	Feb. 24	93.80
INDUSTRIALS					
1912	63.06	Feb. 20	61.74	Feb. 1	62.48
1911	67.71	Feb. 6	65.09	Feb. 6	66.11
COMBINED FIFTY STOCKS.					
1912	76.61	Feb. 20	75.37	Feb. 1	75.84
1911	82.60	Feb. 6	78.87	Feb. 24	80.05

This Year's Range to Date.

	Open.	High.		Low.		Last.
Railroads	90.68	91.41	Jan. 9	84.06	Feb. 25	85.85
Industrials	66.76	67.08	Jan. 2	58.97	Feb. 25	60.94
Comb. aver	78.79	79.10	Jan. 9	71.51	Feb. 25	73.39

Year's Range in 1912.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 2	Oct. 4	Dec. 16	Dec. 31
Railroads	91.43	97.28	88.39	90.27
	Jan. 2	Sept. 30	Feb. 1	Dec. 31
Industrials	64.00	74.50	61.74	66.13
Combined av	77.51	85.82	75.24	78.10

Year's Range in 1911.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 3	June 26	Sept. 25	Dec. 30
Railroads	91.79	99.61	84.40	91.37
	Jan. 3	June 5	Sept. 25	Dec. 30
[illegible]	[illegible]	90.76	84.75	[illegible]
	[illegible]	June 26	Sept. 25	Dec. 30
[illegible]	[illegible]	95.41	80.87	77.69

FEBRUARY TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of February were the smallest for the same month in any year since 1897. Last month's sales aggregated 6,641,440 shares, a decrease of 2,092,760 shares as compared with January, and of 449,752 shares as compared with the corresponding month last year. The heaviest day's trading occurred on the 25th, when the sales were 524,276 shares and the lightest on the 6th, with transactions in only 165,665 shares. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was 237,777 shares and the minimum 84,206 shares on the 8th.

The following table gives the total transactions in stocks for February and since Jan. 1 this year, as compared with corresponding periods in each year back to 1889:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

	February.		Jan. 1 to Feb. 28.
1913	6,641,440	1913	15,375,640
1912	7,091,192	1912	18,000,057
1911	10,171,008	1911	20,554,7[illegible]9
1910	15,994,602	1910	40,111,146
1909	12,343,755	1909	29,616,347
1908	9,917,723	1908	26,533,381
1907	16,483,152	1907	39,497,949
1906	21,687,579	1906	60,235,447
1905	25,364,44[illegible]	1905	48,129,984
1904	8,571,484	1904	20,807,225
1903	10,927,401	1903	26,933,790
1902	12,950,690	1902	27,714,090
1901	21,881,389	1901	52,088,992
1900	10,207,910	1900	20,071,370
1899	15,984,886	1899	4[illegible],128,496
1898	8,978,567	1898	18,105,261
1897	2,817,593	1897	6,118,648
1896	5,194,421	1896	9,594,443
1895	3,025,629	1895	6,262,706
1894	3,171,496	1894	7,756,580
1893	10,817,742	1893	21,375,083
1892	11,432,001	1892	21,265,227
1891	3,228,411	1891	8,724,180
1890	5,200,965	1890	11,573,040
1889	5,893,574	1889	10,756,757

The sales of railroad bonds amounted to a par value of $46,008,000; in Government bonds to $405,000; in State bonds to $636,000, and in City bonds to $702,000, a total in all classes of bonds of $47,751,000; a decrease of $6,783,500 as compared with January, and of $4,072,000 as compared with the same month last year. The trading on the 27th, when the total was $3,167,000, was the heaviest of the month, while the lightest was $1,839,000 on the 28th. The maximum Saturday half-holiday total was $1,499,500 on the 1st, and the minimum, $954,000, on the 15th.

The following table gives the bond dealings for February and from Jan. 1 of this year, as compared with previous years:

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)

	February.		Jan. 1 to Feb. 28.
1913	$47,751,000	1913	$102,285,500
1912	51,823,000	1912	164,675,000
1911	72,283,000	1911	162,938,000
1910	63,793,000	1910	151,082,500
1909	110,772,000	1909	248,635,500
1908	56,327,200	1908	146,532,200
1907	31,941,500	1907	85,207,500
1906	59,854,500	1906	165,181,100
1905	112,922,050	1905	251,511,050
1904	85,904,200	1904	115,920,200
1903	65,627,700	1903	132,455,200
1902	84,192,500	1902	178,223,000
1901	103,651,300	1901	198,502,750
1900	44,718,400	1900	92,501,000
1899	91,513,720	1899	236,298,460
1898	96,295,210	1898	190,204,310
1897	41,165,520	1897	81,426,890
1896	47,080,050	1896	86,495,250
1895	18,474,300	1895	47,683,200
1894	24,168,600	1894	53,297,300
1893	48,506,200	1893	97,547,700
1892	77,030,150	1892	140,646,410
1891	27,602,700	1891	70,732,500
1890	32,847,100	1890	77,880,300
1889	47,299,600	1889	9,080,524

DIVIDENDS.

Coupons Due and Payable at the Office of

A. B. LEACH & CO.

149 BROADWAY, N. Y.

MARCH 1ST, 1913.
Arcadia, N. Y., Refunding.
Billings, Mont., Bonds.
Bloomington, Ill., School.
Carthage, Texas, School.
Clinton, Ill., High School.
Cook Co., Ill., School District No. 89.
Cumberland Co. P. & L. First & Ref'g.
Des Moines, Ia., Ind. Sch. Dist.
Elizabeth City, N. C., Street Imp.
Georgia Light & Power Rys. Co.
Hillsdale, N. J., Road Imp.
Huntington, Ind., Water Works.
Itasca County, Minn., Court House.
Kearney, Neb., City Buildings.
Kokomo, Ind., School.
La Crosse, Wis., Street Improvement.
Mobile County, Ala., Refunding.
Morrison County, Minn., Ditch.
Muskogee, Ind. Ter., Sch., Sewer & Wat.
Polk County, Minn., Ditch.
Runge, Texas, School.
Summitville, Ind., Funding.
MARCH 3D.
Pontiac, Mich.
Shelbyville, Ill., Public Imp.
MARCH 7TH.
Albion, Ind., Water.
MARCH 11TH.
Swayzee, Ind., School.
MARCH 12TH.
Red Lake Co., Minn., Ditch.
MARCH 13TH.
Alexandria, Ind., Funding.
MARCH 14TH.
Argos, Ind., Water.
MARCH 15TH.
Jackson, Mich., Paving.
Shelton, Wash., Water.
Winnebago Co., Wis., Asylum.
MARCH 16TH.
Alexandria, Ind., Funding.
MARCH 20TH.
Vandalia, Ill., Water.
MARCH 24TH.
Fairmount, Ind., Water Works.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.

59 CEDAR STREET,
NEW YORK

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE ON AND AFTER

MARCH 1ST, 1913.
Cleveland & Pittsburg R. R. Co. Reg. Guar.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Co. Reg. Guars. Quarterly Dividend 1¾%.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Co. Spl. Guar. Quarterly Dividend 1%.
Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Ry. Co. Gen. 5s.
Lima, Ohio, Water Works 5s.
Marion County, Indiana, 3½% Voting Machine Bonds.
Portsmouth, Ohio.
MARCH 20TH, 1913.
Butler, Indiana, School 5s.

THE UNITED GAS AND ELECTRIC CORPORATION.

February 27th, 1913.

The semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. (3%) on the preferred stock of the Corporation has been declared this day, payable April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record March 12th, 1913, books to close March 12th and reopen April 1st, 1913.

Dividend checks will be mailed.

HENRY MORGAN, Treasurer.

REPUBLIC OF CUBA

5% Gold Bonds of 1904.

Coupons due March 1, 1913, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at our office on and after that date.

SPEYER & CO.
24-26 PINE STREET.
New York, February 27, 1913.

Borden's Condensed Milk Company.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND
No. 45.

A regular quarterly dividend of 1½% has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable March 15th, 1913, to stockholders of record March 5th, 1913. Books close March 5th, 1913, at 3:00 P. M. and open March 17th, 1913, at 10:00 A. M. Checks mailed. F. D. SHOVE, Treasurer.

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY
5% Debenture Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that coupons of the above bonds, due March 1, 1913, will be payable at the office of the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York.

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,
H. W. DARLING, Treas.

AMERICAN HIDE AND LEATHER CO.

Coupons No. 27, due March 1, 1913, from the First Mortgage Bonds of the American Hide & Leather Company will be paid, on and after March 1, by The Equitable Trust Company of New York, 35-37 Wall Street, New York.

GEORGE A. HILL, Treasurer.

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.

Twenty-Year 4½% Gold Bonds of 1921

COUPONS DUE MARCH 1, 1913, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at the Executive Office of the Society, 346 Fourth Avenue, corner 25th Street, on and after March 1.

MOBILE TERMINAL & RAILWAY CO.
First Mortgage 6% Bonds.

Coupons due March 1st, 1913, from the above mentioned bonds are payable on and after that date at the Irving National Bank.

J. F. BOUKER, Asst. Cashier.

CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO.

Second Mortgage 5% Bonds, maturing March 1st, 1913, will be paid on and after that date at the office of the Treasurer, Room 3,111, Grand Central Terminal, New York. Coupons will be paid at the office of the Union Trust Company, New York, as usual.

[illegible], Treasurer.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W.
26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

$657,000

UNITED PUBLIC UTILITIES CO.

(Operating Companies in State of Ohio.)

First Lien Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Bonds

Dated January 1, 1913. Due January 1, 1943.

Interest Payable January 1 and July 1 in New York.
Callable on any interest date at 110 and interest on 90 days notice.
Coupon Bonds in denominations of $500 and $1,000 registerable as to principal.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

The bonds of this issue are, by the deposit of collateral, a first lien on Public Utility Properties operating in the State of Ohio, subject only to $177,000 underlying bonds outstanding.

Estimated value of properties, over $1,000,000.

Estimated net earnings of the combined companies for the year ending December 31, 1913, more than double the interest charges on the bonds outstanding.

All the companies are now operated with electricity developed by water power. Supplementary steam relay plants are held in reserve.

Price 100 and accrued interest, subject to prior sale.

Crawford, Patton & Cannon
14 Wall St., New York
Morris Bldg., Philadelphia

H. L. Crawford & Co.
25 Broad St., New York
Industrial Trust Bldg., Providence, R. I.

Announcement

We beg leave to announce that we have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of

JENKS, GWYNNE & CO.

for the purpose of transacting a general commission business, with offices at 27 William Street, New York, and 91st St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

March 1st, 1913.

WM. P. JENKS,
ARTHUR C. GWYNNE,
PHILIP M. LYDIG,
LOUIS S. COLWELL,
A. R. HOYT.

FOR RENT

ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR

Containing About 4000 Square Feet

With Private Stairway to Lower Front Hall

Suitable For Banker, Broker or Insurance Co.

New York Title Insurance Co. Building

135 BROADWAY.
Cor. Cedar St.

Apply CYRIL H. BURDETT, General Manager.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Franklin Typewriter Company, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 31st day of January, 1913, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

[Seal] LUKE A. KEENAN, Deputy Secretary of State.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately existing between WILLIAM R. CRAIG and WILLIAM P. JENKS, of the City of New York, doing business under the firm name of "CRAIG & JENKS," has, by mutual consent, this day been dissolved. All debts owing to and all demands upon the said copartnership may be presented to either of the said parties, at their respective addresses, which are as follows:

WILLIAM R. CRAIG, 25 Broad Street, New York City.
WILLIAM P. JENKS, 27 William Street, New York City.
Dated New York, February 28th, 1913.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately existing between A. C. GWYNNE, PERCY D. LOWN, and JOHN H. ROSS of the City of New York, doing business under the firm name of WEED & GWYNNE, has by mutual consent this day been dissolved.

All debts owing to and all demands upon the said copartnership may be presented to A. C. GWYNNE, at the office of JENKS, GWYNNE & COMPANY, 27 William Street, New York City.

A. C. GWYNNE,
PERCY D. LOWN,
JOHN H. ROSS.

March 1st, 1913.

We beg to announce that Mr. Stuart P. West has this day retired from membership in this firm.

O. J. BRAND & CO.,
74 Broadway, New York.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

New York, March 1, 1913.

We beg to announce that we have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of W. R. Craig & Company for the purpose of transacting a Banking and Commission business, at 25 Broad Street.

W. R. CRAIG,
R. M. STUART WORTLEY,
T. P. FLAHERTY,
R. E. BONNER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ANGELO JULIAN has withdrawn from the firm of JULIAN BROTHERS, grocers, doing business at No. 110 Mott Street, New York City. Said business is being continued under the same name by the other members of said firm.

ANGELO JULIAN.

PROPOSALS.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., March 1, 1913.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 10 A. M., April 1, 1913, for printing and material, except paper, required at Headquarters Eastern Department, during year ending June 30, 1914. Successful bidder will be required to furnish plant. Work to be done on Governors Island in building furnished by the U. S., rent free. Information on application. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for printing." Address to Chief Quartermaster.

THE COLORADO FUEL AND IRON CO. invites proposals in writing, to be sent to the Metropolitan Trust Co., City of New York, on or before April 5, 1913, for the sale to it of forty (40) outstanding 6% bonds of The Colorado Fuel Co., due 1919. Such bonds to be delivered and paid for May 1, 1913, at the Metropolitan Trust Co., 49 Wall St., New York City.

Denver, [illegible]

[illegible]

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

United Light & Railways Company

Notice of Annual Meeting

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the UNITED LIGHT AND RAILWAYS COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 281 St. Johns Street, in the City of Portland, in the State of Maine, on the 15th day of March, 1913, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a full Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said Meeting.

The Common Stock Transfer Books of the Company will close at 6 o'clock P. M. on the 4th day of March, 1913, and will remain closed until after the final adjournment of said Meeting. Only stockholders of record at the time of the closing of the Transfer Books shall be entitled to vote at said Meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Company's Certificate of Incorporation.

BENJAMIN C. ROBINSON, Secretary.
Dated February 28th, 1913.

Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Co.
NOTICE:
Parsons, Kansas, March 1st, 1913.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the above-named Company for the election of Directors in conformity with Chapter 197, Laws of Kansas, 1895, and the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting, including the ratification of such action at any time taken or authorized by the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee, or the Executive officers of the Company, as may be submitted to the meeting, will be held at the general office of the Company in the City of Parsons, Kansas, on Thursday, the 10th day of April, 1913, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Stock transfer books will be closed from the afternoon of March 11th until the morning of April 11th next, New York Office, 49 Wall Street.

C. E. SCHAFF, President.
C. N. WHITEHEAD, Secretary.

New York, January 24, 1913.
ELECTION NOTICE.
The Missouri Pacific Railway Co.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Missouri Pacific Railway Company will be held at the general office of the company, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, March 11, 1913, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business that may come before said meeting. The annual meeting of the Directors will be held at the same office on the same day at 12 o'clock noon. The transfer books will be closed on Monday, February 3, 1913, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Wednesday, March 12, 1913, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.,
By B. F. BUSH, President.
A. H. CALEF, Secretary.

American Round Bale Press Company.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the American Round Bale Press Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, 49 Wall Street, New York City, on Friday, the 14th day of March, 1913, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing three Directors in the class whose term expires in 1916, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

The Preferred and Common Stock Transfer Books will be closed on Saturday, the 1st day of March, 1913, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will remain closed until Saturday, the 15th day of March, 1913, at 10 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
GEORGE MACDONALD, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the ALMAGRE MINING COMPANY for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company, No. 99 John St., New York City, on Tuesday, March 4, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M.

GEORGE NOTMAN, Secretary.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

$2,000,000

Galveston, Houston & Henderson Railroad Company

FIRST MORTGAGE 5% BONDS, DUE APRIL 1st, 1913.

Holders of the above-mentioned Bonds are hereby notified that they will be paid on and after April 1, 1913, on presentation at the office of the Bankers Trust Company, New York.

The Company, pursuant to authorization by the Railroad Commission of Texas, is about to issue, and has sold to Messrs. Speyer & Co., Bankers, New York, **$2,000,000 New First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds**, due April 1, 1933, (part of a total authorized issue of $5,000,000) to refund the above-mentioned Bonds at maturity, and has arranged with the Bankers to obtain for the holders of the outstanding Bonds the privilege of exchanging same for the new Bonds.

A cash payment of $10 in respect of each $1,000 old Bond exchanged will be made to holders accepting this offer.

Holders of the above-mentioned Bonds who desire to avail themselves of the privilege of exchange on the above-mentioned terms, must, **on or before March 24, 1913**, deposit same (ex April 1, 1913, coupons) with Messrs. Speyer & Co., New York, against Temporary Receipts exchangeable for the Definitive New Bonds when issued and delivered. The payment of $10 per $1,000 Bond will be made at the time of delivery of the New Bonds. The right is reserved to withdraw the above offer at any time without previous notice.

For further information concerning the New First Mortgage Bonds reference is made to a letter from Mr. J. W. Daley, Vice-President of the Galveston, Houston & Henderson Railroad Company, addressed to Messrs. Speyer & Co., copies of which may be obtained at their office.

Copies of the Mortgage securing the New Bonds may be obtained upon application when the same are ready for distribution.

Coupons due April 1, 1913, on the maturing Bonds will be paid on and after said date at Bankers Trust Company, as heretofore.

Galveston, Houston & Henderson Railroad Company,
By J. H. HILL, Treasurer.
New York, March 1, 1913.

Referring to the foregoing notice, we are now prepared to receive the above Bonds and will, simultaneously with the delivery of the New First Mortgage Bonds, make the above-mentioned cash payment of $10 in respect of each $1,000 Bond.

SPEYER & CO.
New York, March 1, 1913.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
16, 18, 20 and 22 William Street, New York City

COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS DUE IN MARCH ARE PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER MARCH 1, 1913, AS FOLLOWS:

American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company
Butler Water Company
Fond du Lac Water Company
Granite City, Madison & Venice Water Company
Kingston City Railroad Company
Kinston Cotton Mills
Mount Vernon Water Works Company 5%
Mount Vernon Electric Light & Power Company
Merrill City Water Works Company
Olean, City of
Ohio Connecting Railway Company
Orange County Lighting Company
Southern Power Company
Strook Felt Mills
Toledo, Walhonding Valley & Ohio Railroad Company
Wichita Water Company
MARCH 4, 1913.
James Everards Breweries
MARCH 30, 1913.
Thomas McMullen & Company
DIVIDENDS.
MARCH 1, 1913.
Fort Wayne & Jackson Railroad Company
Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula Railway Co. on Preferred Stock
Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula Railway Co. on Common Stock
F. W. Woolworth Company, Common
Sheffield Farms Slawson Decker Co., Preferred Stock

To the Holders of the
Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures
of the
Buffalo Railway Company

Pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture or Trust Agreement of the Buffalo Railway Company to the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee, dated April 1, 1897, notice is hereby given that on the first day of April, 1913, the International Railway Company (formed by consolidation of the said Buffalo Railway Company and other companies) will redeem all of the Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures issued under and secured by the said Indenture or Trust Agreement, at the price or sum of One hundred and five dollars for each and every One hundred dollars of par value thereof, upon presentation of the debentures together with all unmatured coupons thereto attached, at the office of the said Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, Pledgee as aforesaid, No. 49 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Interest on the said debentures shall cease on the said first day of April, 1913.

Dated February 26, 1913.

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY,
By E. G. CONNETTE, President.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing notice has been served on the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee under the Indenture or Trust Agreement therein mentioned, and that in accordance with said notice all of the said Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures of the Buffalo Railway Company have been called for redemption at the office of the said Pledgee.

Dated February 26th, 1913.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
By BEVERLY CHEW, 2 V.-President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
SIX PER CENT. GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS
Due December 1, 1948,
of
INTERNATIONAL SILVER COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of Article 5th of the Mortgage of International Silver Company, dated November 22, 1898, that the undersigned as Trustee under said Mortgage, has drawn by lot for redemption on June 2d, 1913, out of moneys in the Sinking Fund, the following numbered bonds issued thereunder, viz.:

69	903	1632	2251	2841	3641
95	1133	1687	2487	3259	3646
189	1145	1714	2492	3331	3649
233	1150	1792	2598	3512	3772
354	1388	1839	2624	3518	3787
526	1434	1856	2696	3563	3826
785	1534	1955	2736	3566	3878
789	1605	2190	2805	3621	3879

The bonds herein designated by number will be paid at 110 per cent. of their face value and accrued interest to June 1st, 1913, upon surrender thereof with the coupons maturing that date, at the office of THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, No. 26 Broad Street, New York, on or after June 2d, 1913. Interest on said bonds will cease on June 1st, 1913.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Successor to Continental Trust Company of the City of New York, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
February 25th, 1913.

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.

Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, Trustee, dated September 1, 1911, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $10,000 in the year 1912, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, subject to the provisions of the mortgage in respect thereof, to the amount of $10,000 in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the first day of April, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Pacific Electric Railway Company's Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Los Angeles, Cal., February 27, 1913.

CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS, ST. LOUIS & CHICAGO RY. CO.

Grand Central Terminal, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1912.

The undersigned, Sinking Fund Commissioners, under the C., I., St. L. & C. First Consolidated Six Per Cent. Mortgage, hereby certify that we have drawn bonds to be applied to Sinking Fund Account Nov. 1, 1912, in accordance with the provisions of the said mortgage, and that bonds bearing numbers as follows, viz.: 135, 292, 570, 824, 874, 882, 905, 933, and 965, have been drawn for such purpose; that interest on the said bonds will cease on the first day of May, 1913, and that the bonds will be taken up on and after that day at 105 per cent. and accrued interest at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., New York.

W. C. BROWN,
W. A. WILDHACK,
WALTER P. BLISS,
Sinking Fund Commissioners.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The storm that was over the Middle Atlantic States Thursday night passed rapidly northeast, and has disappeared beyond the field of observation. A secondary disturbance is moving east over the Gulf of Mexico, and a well defined disturbance has appeared in the Northwest. The disturbance referred to caused snows within the last twenty-four hours in Northern New England, Northern New York, the Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys, the middle plains States, and the south Rocky Mountain region, and rain in the lower Mississippi Valley, Southern New England, the Middle Atlantic States, and along the South Atlantic Coast.

Temperatures have fallen somewhat in the great central valleys and the Gulf States, and have risen in the Northwest. Unseasonably warm weather continues throughout the Atlantic and East Gulf States.

There will be local snows Saturday in the Ohio Valley, unsettled weather with scattered rains in the South Atlantic, Middle Atlantic, and East Gulf States, followed by cloudy weather in these districts Sunday; snow flurries are also probable Saturday and Sunday in the extreme upper Mississippi Valley and the lake region, while in New England unsettled weather Saturday will be followed by rain or snow Saturday night or Sunday. West of the Mississippi River the weather will be generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

The temperature will be lower Saturday throughout the Atlantic and Gulf States, and Sunday in the South Atlantic States, and also in the Northwest.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate, variable; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate north and east; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have moderate variable winds and unsettled weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Cloudy and somewhat colder Saturday, probably followed by rain on the coast and local snows in the interior by Saturday night. Sunday unsettled; light to moderate north and northeast winds.

Southern New England—Cloudy and colder Saturday, probably followed by rain or snow Saturday night. Sunday cloudy; light variable winds.

New Jersey—Cloudy and colder Saturday, probably followed by rain. Sunday cloudy; light to moderate north to east winds.

Western New York—Cloudy Saturday. Sunday snow flurries; light to moderate variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy and colder Saturday, probably followed by rain in south and rain or snow in north portion. Sunday unsettled; light to moderate north to east winds.

Northern New England—Fair and somewhat colder Saturday. Sunday unsettled; light variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	24	36	4 P. M.	36	51
6 A. M.	23	37	6 P. M.	34	55
9 A. M.	25	44	9 P. M.	32	51
12 M.	31	52	11 P. M.	30	47

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 48; for the corresponding date last year it was 30; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 33.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 42, at 8 P. M. it was 53. Maximum temperature 60 degrees at 1:45 P. M., minimum 36 degrees at 1 A. M. Humidity 80 per cent. at 8 A. M., 62 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.76 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.98 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.

8:35—573-5 Broadway; Kahn & Frank....$20

P. M.

12:40—58 East 64th St; H. Smith....Unknown
2:10—62 Avenue B; S. Sinolich..........$500
4:05—204 East 112th St; Mary Winteen..Trifling
4:30—319 West 26th St; Lillian Goldstein.$100
5:10—Bronx Boulevard and 203d St.: Gustave Becker.........$100
6:25—12 White St.; I. Lichtenstein......$1,000
6:30—29 Murray St.; William Strippel.Trifling
6:50—306 W. 146th St.; H. Goldfarb..Trifling
7:50—136th St. and Harlem River; Pure Oil Co...................Not given
8:05—132 Hester St.; Hertz & Levine..Trifling
8:25—1,326 Brook Av.; Sam'l Goldrab..Trifling
9:15—173 Perry St.; J. Castor........Trifling
9:20—195 Bowery; Concord Printing Co.Trifling
11:25—193 Broome St.; Samuel Rosenbloom..Trifling

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Special Orders 48:

Assignments, (temporary:) Inspector—John Daly, 2d Inspection District, to command 13th in addition, eight days, from 8 A. M., March 16, during absence of Inspector.

Patrolmen—J. C. Haggerty, 17th, to Detective Division and District Attorney's office, five days, from noon, Feb. 28; G. Prigge, 32d, C. O. Squad, ten days, from noon, March 2; W. J. Fallon, 39th, to Detective Division, five days, from 4 P. M., Feb. 27; G. Downey, 65th, to C. O. Squad, ten days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 28; W. J. Hammersley, 158th, to Detective Division, five days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 28.

Leaves of absence, (with full pay:) Inspector John D. Herlihy, 13th District, eight days, from 8 A. M., March 16, to be deducted from vacation. Without pay: Patrolmen—H. Kutner, 15th Precinct, one day, from 8 A. M., March 2; J. M. King, 31st, one day, from 10 P. M., March 3.

Application for full pay approved: Sergt. J. T. Sauder, 89th, from 11:55 A. M., Sept. 11, to 9:04 A. M., Sept. 12, 1912.

Suspended: Patrolman J. P. Hock, 63d, to take effect 12:40 P. M., Feb. 27.

Death: Patrolman E. Ehlers, 63d, at 6:30 A. M., Feb. 28.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 41.

Fines and penalties: Fireman (Third Grade) Thomas J. Finn, Engine 10. Charge: Absence without leave; fined 1 day's pay. Fireman (First Grade) William F. Tighe, Engine 21. Disrespect to superior officer; reprimanded. Fireman (Third Grade) John J. Hennessy, Engine 4. Conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline, (debt complaint,) 5 days. Found not guilty, charges dismissed: Capt. Martin Morrison, Engine 16, and Capt. Edward I. Smith, Engine 19. Charge: Neglect of duty, (failing to take care of damaged hose.) Lieut. James P. Hayes, Engine 21. Using improper language to subordinate. Firemen (First Grade) Thomas P. Reilly and John P. Tierney, Engine 49. Neglect of duty. Fireman (Fourth Grade) John J. Byrne, H. & L. 39. Absence without leave. Fines and penalties, Brooklyn and Queens: Engineer of Steamer Charles F. Lubben, Engine 204. Suffering from the effects of spirituous, malt, or intoxicating beverages sufficiently to interfere with the proper performance of his duty; 3 days. Fireman (First Grade) Thomas M. Shea, H. & L. 114. Absence without leave; 3 days. Charges dismissed: Fireman (First Grade) Henry Miller, No. 1, Engine 213. 1—Feigning illness; 2—Absence without leave.

Promotions: Linemen John J. McEvenie and Joel G. Charles, Telegraph Bureau, Brooklyn and Queens, to operators, to take effect at 9 A. M., Feb. 27.

Appointment: Clarence S. Reynolds, Fourth Grade Fireman, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 2, assigned to Engine 55.

Transfers, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 1: Chief of Battalion Thomas F. Norton, 34th Battalion to 41st Battalion; Chief of Battalion Eugene F. McKenna, 40th Battalion to 42d Battalion; Chief of Battalion James Langan, 49th Battalion to 40th Battalion; Chief of Battalion George O'Shea, relieving officer to 49th Battalion; Capt. Edward J. Browne, H. and L. 36, to Engine 52.

Ordered to Capt. J. J. Henry, Supervising Engineer, to repair shops, 56th Street and 12th Avenue, at 8 A. M., March 3, for instruction in operating motor apparatus: Firemen First Grade J. J. Brennan, No. 1, H. and L. 12; F. A. Anderson, Engine 204; W. G. Quick, H. and L. 106; J. J. Fitzpatrick, H. and L. 122; L. W. Pett, Engine 252; J. F. Leonard, Engine 211; F. G. Widmaier, H. and L. 24; A. Keller, Engine 39; A. A. Van Name, Engine 159; T. H. O'Connell, H. and L. 22; J. J. Murphy No. 2, H. and L. 1; T. B. Gavin, Engine 216; L. J. Riebling, Engine 235; J. J. Murphy No. 1, H. and L. 102; J. G. Nugent, Engine 232; J. J. Kenny No. 1, Engine 259; M. McN. Somerville, Engine 255; E. C. Von Bergen, H. and L. 17; W. Sythes, H. and L. 2; F. Hagenauer, Engine 88; W. F. McCormack, Engine 155; Firemen Second Grade W. J. Silbernagel, Engine 67; Fireman third Grade J. Ehman, Jr., H. and L. 111; Fireman Fourth Grade W. J. Roche, H. and L. 9.

Details: Telegraph Operators J. J. Bresnan, Telegraph Bureau, Brooklyn and Queens, to Manhattan Headquarters, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 1, and D. C. Donohue, Telegraph Bureau, Manhattan, to the Bronx, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 1.

Ordered to Medical Board: Probationary Fireman L. W. Dillman, Engine 33, at 10:30 A. M. March 4.

Special leave of absence without pay, Fireman First Grade A. F. Plenge, Engine 31, 12 hours from 8 A. M., March 2.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BANNON, THOMAS, (died Feb. 7;) left about $11,000 personalty to nephew, the Rev. Daniel T. Curley.

DOUGHTY, GEORGE W., (died Sept. 26;) left $1,100 personalty to wife, Augusta Louisa Doughty.

GUGGENHEIM, ABRAHAM, (died July 19;) left $1,000 personalty to sister, Mari Meier Guggenheim.

KRESS, MARY, (died Jan. 18;) left $4,500 realty and personalty of nominal value; $500 each to sons, Philip, Frederick, William, and George Kress, and daughters, Katherine Hanequit, Elizabeth Flynn, and Amelia Foster.

LEEDS, CATHERINE G., (died Feb. 9;) left more than $10,000 personalty; $1,000 each to nieces, Ella and Mary Lockwood, sisters, Louise R. and Julia L. Seward; $1,700 to niece, Elizabeth Lockwood Madden; $200 each to Richard B. Lockwood, George Roe Lockwood, William Seward, Jr., Edward T. Seward, George S. Seward, George F. Schermerhorn; $500 to the Rev. Vincent Pisek; $600 to executors to pay gifts; $800 to cemetery association.

RENE, AUGUST, (died Jan. 17;) left $3,000 personalty to wife, Annie Rene.

ROTH, PINCUS MARCUS, (died Feb. 9;) value not given; left half of estate to wife Bella Roth, and half for three grandchildren, Helen, Morton, and Joseph Kohn.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BLACK, JOHN F., (died Feb. 14, 1912;) net estate, $139,035.78; personalty, $141,623.77. Interest in firm of John F. Black & Co., $88,123.62; good will, $19,322.06; Cotton Exchange seat, $15,000.

BEACH, REBECCA S., (died Jan. 21, 1909;) New York net estate, $959. Eleven shares of Western Union Telegraph Company, $759; one-third of 10 shares of New England Lime Company, $250.

BOZZO, PAUL, (died June 27;) net estate, $25,115.86; personalty, $13,304.40; $13,169.40 bank deposits; half interest in fruit stand, $100; realty, $13,000, half interest in 27 Roosevelt Street.

COHEN, ADOLPH, (died Nov. 29, 1910;) net estate, $33,545.03; personalty, $37,276.29. Personal effects, $627; stock of waist manufacturing factory at 22 West Twenty-seventh Street, $32,649.29.

CORCORAN, JOSEPH R., (died Oct. 9;) net estate, $10,870.54; deposits, $11,569.30; personal effects, $158.75.

CULLMANN, JACOB, (died Dec. 8, 1911;) net estate, $2,567.57; personalty, $3,642.07; jewelry, $17.50; deposits, $3,624.32.

DALTON, MARY, (died Dec. 22, 1910;) net estate, $2,260.28. Deposits, $2,939.65.

DAVIDSON, MARY H., (died April 29;) net estate, $15,882.25; personalty, $9,887.23. Bond and mortgage on Blake Avenue property, $1,530; 25 shares Western Union, $2,050; 2 New York City bonds, $2,000; realty, $7,895, 111 East 127th Street, less mortgage of $8,105.

DAVIS, SAMUEL E., (died April 5;) net estate, insolvent; personalty, $333.60, bank deposits.

DAY, MARY LOWELL, (died July 14, 1911;) net New York estate, $51,907.70; 10 shares Home Insurance Company, $7,000; 205 shares American Telephone and Telegraph Company, $28,315.63; 93 shares New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, $13,485; 40 shares Tanners' National Bank, Catskill, N. Y., $5,320.

DORAN, PATRICK, (died Feb. 27, 1911;) estate insolvent; realty, $1,650; 121 Osgood Avenue, Stapleton, S. I., $600; 123 Osgood Avenue, $900.

DOUGHERTY, RICHARD, (died June 9;) net estate, $11,877; 214 West Twentieth Street, valued at $13,275, less dower of $2,023.

DOUGHERTY, SARAH, (died Nov. 26;) net estate, $1,219.67; personalty, $1,281.17; realty, $300, Kingston, N. Y.

DOYLE, ANNIE F., (died July 1, 1911;) net estate, $12,953.48; personalty, $3,074; realty, $11,450, 290 East Broadway, sold at auction.

EICKS, CASPAR H., (died Oct. 31;) net estate, $200,085.69; personalty, $204,582.25, deposits $24,890.33; 100 shares Electric Storage Battery Company common, $5,500; 100 shares Electric Boat Company, $700; 100 shares same, preferred, $2,700; 60 shares Bethlehem Steel Company, $2,760; 100 shares American Ice Company, $2,000; 300 shares United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundries Company preferred, $18,600; 100 shares same, common, $2,025; 110 shares Yukon Gold Mining Company, $342.36; 41 shares Lackawanna Railroad, $3,936; 100 shares Lehigh Valley Railroad, $17,400; 50 shares D., L. & W. Coal Company, $10,000; 200 shares Havana Commercial Company, $15,000.

EIGENMACHT, SIMON, (died Nov. 6;) net estate, $10,285.56; personalty, $101.30, being cash; realty, $10,924, premises 134 Eldridge Street, $35,000, less first mortgage $25,000, second mortgage $5,000, less taxes, $623.54; 296 Broome Street, $35,000, less first mortgage $30,000, second mortgage $5,000, taxes $1,024.50, less $2,427 dower.

FERGUSON, MARY A., (died June 14, 1910;) supplemental report; net estate amended to $389,848.49.

FORSYTH, MARY, (died March 15;) net estate, $22,596.43; personalty, $24,737.76; bond and mortgage by Old Slip Realty Company to Park Mortgage Company, $24,000; deposits, $387.

FREIBERGER, GERTIE, (died Dec. 13, 1911;) net estate, $10,110.71; deposits of $17,827.98.

GEBHARDT, PAULINE, (died May 31;) net estate, $7,090.16; deposits, $7,681.68.

GOLDBERGER, MATHILDE, (died June 3, 1911;) net estate, $353,878.64; personalty, $384,720.03; deposits, $21,787.53; account due from E. Rosenwald & Brothers, $225,084.48; from H. Koehler & Co., $1,500; 100 shares of American Smelting and Refining Company, $8,087.50; 200 shares American Smelters Securities Company preferred, $17,500; 20 shares Anaconda Copper, $790; 130 shares Federal Mining and Smelting Company preferred, $7,767.50; 200 shares American Tobacco Company preferred, $19,400; 24 shares American Tobacco common, $9,600; 8 shares Singer Sewing Machine Company, $2,320; 100 shares Erie Railroad, $5,362.50; 12 shares Western Union Telegraph, $978; 1 New York City bond of 1955, $993.75; $10,000 bonds of Ann Arbor Railroad, $8,100; $3,000 bonds Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company, $3,037.50; $50,000 5 per cent. bonds H. Koehler & Co., $50,000; one-third interest in 11,927 shares of Baron Cigarette Machine Company (in bankruptcy) at 5 cents a share, $198.78; 15 shares of Metropolitan Street Railway Company, $150.

GOLDSTEIN, MORRIS, (died June 14;) net estate, $72,098.58; personalty, $35,369.35; deposits, $5,302; 25 shares New York Central, $2,944.50; 100 shares Interborough-Metropolitan preferred, $5,725; 100 shares Interborough-Metropolitan common, $1,975; merchandise and fixtures of tailoring business, $3,849.50; good-will of business, $10,000; realty, $49,238.08, 227-9 Water Street and 132 Beekman Street, $62,500; 8 Gold Street, $26,000; 48 Harrison Street, $27,000; 295-295½ Pearl Street, $21,500; less liens, $87,761.92.

HOLMES, ALEXANDER: supplemental report; former report amended.

HYDE, JOSEPH, (died Oct. 28, 1911;) net estate, $2,000; settled claim against Lehigh Valley Railroad.

KLAUBER, DAVID, (died Nov. 29, 1907;) supplemental report ordered; net estate amended to $539,682.13, instead of $554,682.13.

KNAPP, ANNA M., (died Jan. 11, 1899;) supplemental report ordered; net estate amended to $10,668.28.

MAUER, PHILLIP SEBASTIAN, (died Nov. 5, 1911;) net estate, $5,757.95; personalty, $150.40, bank deposit; realty, $14,645, 2,942 Third Avenue; $22,500, less mortgage, $8,500, less dower, $2,355.

McKINIRY, JOHN, (died Jan. 25, 1910;) net estate, $7,604.36; personalty, $852.36. Deposits, $740.11; personal effects, $112.25; realty, $6,752, house at 320 East Thirty-seventh Street, $12,500, less $5,000 mortgage, less $748 dower.

McNAMARA, BRIDGET, (died Jan. 8;) net estate, $2,074.99. Bank deposits, $2,491.26.

MEISSNER, KARL WILHELM JULIUS, (died Nov. 7, 1909;) net estate, $151,837.84; personalty, $91,263.15. Insurance, $20,000; deposits, $33,487.56; 17 bonds Buffalo Gas Company, $11,560; 12 bonds Reading Company, $11,910; 3 bonds Colorado & Southern Railway Company, $2,932.50; 90 shares United Hydraulic Cotton Press Company, $3,600; 19 shares North German Lloyd Steamship Company, $4,500; realty, $67,500, 48 West Twenty-fifth Street.

MEYER, CAUFFMAN, (died May 25, 1905;) net estate, $9,597.57; personalty, $10,539.04; deposits, $4,761.96; 23 1-3 shares United States Steel, $609.58; 30 shares United States Steel preferred, $2,767.50; 10 shares Wells Fargo & Co., $240.

MITCHELL, GEORGE H., (died Aug. 28, 1910;) net estate, $10,493.50; 40 shares James H. Dunham & Co., $3,400; bonds of Central Leather Company, $1,970; bank deposits, $1,119.99; cash, $2,918.51; notes, $1,085.

MOREGGIA, CELESTINO, (died March 2;) net estate, $7,010.46; personalty, $1,356.34; deposits, $697.76; debts due, $7,891; furniture and fixtures, $200.

OPPENHEIM, JOHANNA WILHELMINE MARIA, (died June 17, 1909;) net estate in New York, $4,848.33; Central Pacific Railway Company bonds, $4,837.50.

OSTRANDER, SARAH E., (died April 28, 1910;) net estate $17,667.86; 64 shares Fidelity-Phenix Fire Insurance Company, $18,880.

QUIRK, MICHAEL, (died June 4, 1896;) net estate, $9,119; trust account, $3,119; deposits, $7,000.

RIGNY, ALFRED, (died Feb. 4;) net estate, $37,017.79; personalty, $3,690.69; cash, $1,071.97; one-third interest in liquor business of A. Rigny, 817 Sixth Avenue, $2,618.72; realty, $40,000; 460 West Broadway, $25,000; one-half interest at 817 Sixth Avenue, $65,000, less mortgage of $35,000.

SEERY, MARGARET, (died May 22;) net estate, $3,500; land on Terrace View Avenue, New York City, $3,750.

SHURTLEFF, BETSEY W., (died April 7, 1911;) net New York estate, $2,764.85; 20 shares American Telephone & Telegraph Co., $2,900.

SLATTERY, VIRGINIA WOLFE, (died Oct. 25, 1911;) no New York estate; trust fund, $67,615.40.

STONE, JOHN H., (died Feb. 13;) net estate, $8,634.87; personalty, $190, deposits; realty, $9,200; 1,988 Amsterdam Avenue, $30,000, equity $6,000; lot and building, 510 West 159th Street, $8,000, equity, $1,600; lot and building, 508 West 159th Street, $8,000; equity, $1,600.

TROLAN, JOHN, (died Dec. 18, 1906;) net estate, $13,846.86; personalty, $9,540.36, deposits, $9,540.36; realty, $5,500, 1-6 interest in 419 West Eighteenth Street, valued at $20,000; 1-6 interest in 433 West Eighteenth Street, valued at $13,000.

STUART, WILLIAM C., (died March 1, 1911;) net New York estate, $9,068.16; accrued interest, $10,986.10.

VAN ZANDT, MARY, (died March 4;) net estate, $731, cash $500; insurance, $160; personal effects, $71.

WOHLSEN, WILLIAM, supplemental report ordered; additional tax of $15.81 ordered.

WOLFF, BARUCH, (died March 22;) net estate, $192,084.83; personalty, $203,558.77; insurance, $12,771.33; interest firm of Baruch Wolff & Co., 73 Fifth Avenue, $190,787.44; realty, $10,130, 68 West 126th Street, less mortgage of $6,120.

CHANGES OF NAME.

KOCHOWSKY, VICTOR, to Victor Koch, 58 East 118th Street; name is difficult to pronounce, and he has been known as Koch; Supreme Court, Justice Davis.

KOCHOWSKY, MAYER, to Mayer Koch, 981 Home Street; name is difficult to pronounce, and he has been known as Koch; Supreme Court, Justice Davis.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Report of Assistant Chief Examiner Murray recommending that the commission deny the request of the Superintendent of the Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys for an examination for promotion to third grade clerk, as no reasons have been submitted which would warrant the holding of a special examination at this time.

Report of Mr. Murray transmitting request of the Controller for approval of the increase in salary from $1,650 to $1,950 a year for Thomas J. Patterson, a third grade financial clerk, pending the result of a promotion examination. Mr. Murray recommends that the request be granted.

Report of Mr. Murray relative to the letter from the Public Works Commissioner, Brooklyn, in which he transmits an application of Miss Frances L. Reilly for promotion to third grade stenographer and typewriter in the Bureau of Sewers. Mr. Murray states that this examination has been ordered for other bureaus of that department, and that Miss Reilly is the only person eligible in the Bureau of Sewers. He recommends that the application be accepted.

The eligible list for title examiner, Law Department, has been promulgated. Those who received a rating of more than 83 per cent. are as follows:

J. W. A. Kelley, 1,204 Beverly Road, Brooklyn	95.80
G. W. J. Dwinnell, 2,218 Cropsey Avenue, Brooklyn	92.00
J. J. Mead, 249 Twelfth Street, Brooklyn	91.00
C. W. S. Rague, 119 Henry Street, Brooklyn	89.20
W. C. Woods, 729 East Fifth Street, Brooklyn	88.60
A. J. Staub, 30 Schaeffer Street, Brooklyn	88.20
H. Silverman, 449 Saratoga Avenue, Brooklyn	88.20
T. J. Drach, 1,687 Richmond Terrace, West Brighton	87.80
E. C. Guilfoyle, 1,530 St. Nicholas Avenue	87.80
J. G. Finn, 77 Willow Street, Brooklyn	87.60
J. L. Wolff, 303 East Fifty-fifth Street	87.00
E. J. Lake, 166 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn	87.00
T. B. S. Imlay, 1,055 Bergen Street, Brooklyn	86.80
J. A. Corr, Sea View Avenue, Far Rockway	86.80
J. A. Overlander, 310 West 137th Street	86.40
H. H. Livingston, 292 Albany Avenue, Brooklyn	86.20
J. M. Harrington, 266 Rutledge Street, Brooklyn	86.20
L. Lehrfeld, 112 Avenue C	86.00
H. Taylor, 1,042 Lowell Street, Bronx	85.80
A. Michaelson, 263 West 137th Street	85.80
L. Sanders, 63 Park Row	85.60
E. Mansse, 371 Pine Street, Brooklyn	85.60
E. L. Roake, 92 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn	85.60
J. J. O'Brien, 826 Union Street, Brooklyn	85.60
L. D. McLoud, 186 State Street, Brooklyn	85.20
W. F. Bell, 1,076 Teller Avenue, Bronx	85.20
H. E. Perrine, 206 First Avenue, Long Island City	85.00
S. Solomon, 555 West 160th Street	85.00
J. A. Hanly, 516 West 167th Street	84.60
J. T. Magan, 1,050 Fox Street, Bronx	84.40
H. H. Schutte, 421 Fourth Street, Brooklyn	84.40
C. S. Waldo, 346 Madison Street, Brooklyn	84.40
L. T. Moynahan, 440 Eighth Street, Brooklyn	84.40
A. E. Crowley, 1,981 Southern Boulevard, Bronx	84.00
C. H. Ulrich, 218 Barbey Street, Brooklyn	84.00

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for men only at the New York Custom House on March 6 to fill a vacancy in the position of second-class (or assistant) steam engineer in the Quartermaster Corps of the army, at San Juan, Porto Rico, at $100 per month, vacancies as they occur in the departmental service at Washington, D. C., and other vacancies requiring similar qualifications. The usual entrance salary of second-class steam engineers is $1,000 a year. Competitors will be examined in the following subjects, which will have the relative weights indicated:

Letter writing (a letter of not less than 150 words on some mechanical or electrical engineering subject. Competitors may select either of two subjects given)	10
Practical questions in mechanical and electrical engineering (comprising the construction and operation of the heating plant and electric lighting and elevator machinery in first-class public buildings)	65
Training and experience in Mechanical and electrical engineering, and fitness	25

For the position in San Juan the department desires to secure an engineer qualified to operate an ice plant. Age limit, 20 years or over on the date of the examination. Applicants may be examined at any place at which this examination is held, regardless of their place of residence, but under an act of Congress only those who are examined in the State or Territory in which they reside, and show that they have been actually domiciled in such State or Territory for at least one year previous to the date of the examination, will be eligible for appointment to a position in the apportioned service in Washington, D. C. This examination is open to all men who are citizens of or owe allegiance to the United States and who meet the requirements.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Capt. W. T. Patten, Infantry, to his home, preparatory to his retirement.

First Lieut. W. E. Shea, Medical Reserve Corps, ordered to active duty in service, will report to commanding officer, Fort Missoula, Mont.

First Lieut. C. A. Betts, Medical Reserve Corps, from Fort Yellowstone, Wyo., April 1, to his home, Seattle, Wash., and report to Adjutant General of Army.

Leaves: First Lieut. R. M. Parker, Fifth Cavalry, granted six months. Capt. F. Schmitter, Medical Corps, granted one month and fifteen days. First Lieut. C. A. Betts, Medical Reserve Corps, granted three months and four days. Capt. W. T. Patten, Infantry, granted leave to June 27.

The Navy.

Ensign T. A. Parker, detached the Maryland, March 15; to the Yorktown.

Ensign H. C. Train, detached the California, March 15; to the Yorktown.

Ensign O. O. Hagen, detached the Glacier, March 15; to the Yorktown.

Ensign J. P. Norfleet, detached the Kansas, March 6; to the New Hampshire.

Ensign A. S. Dysart, detached the New Hampshire, March 6; to the Kansas.

Assistant Paymaster F. H. Atkinson, to the Navy Yard, Philadelphia.

Revenue Cutter Service.

Third Lieutenant of Engineers, F. A. Cook, resignation accepted; effective March 20.

Captain of Engineers, W. Pedrick, granted forty-five days' leave.

Third Lieutenant of Engineers, H. C. Roach, granted thirty days' leave.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Celtic at Norfolk; Ajax at Hampton Roads.

Sailed: Rainbow from Manila, for Lingayen Gulf.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The following named janitors have been assigned to the temporary care of the public school buildings indicated: Stephen A. Graves, 36, Manhattan, at $1,740 a year, less $299; William J. Heaney, Jr., 23, Queens, at $1,668 a year, less $221, and John J. Murphy, 98 B and C, Manhattan, at $1,140 a year.

A written examination of men and women applicants for license as assistant to principal in elementary schools will be conducted by the Board of Examiners beginning on Sept. 3, at 1:30 P. M., at the Hall of the Board of Education, and an oral examination will be held at the call of the Board of Examiners.

Applicants must be more than twenty-five years of age and less than forty-one years of age; except that women applicants who have been ten years in the supervising or teaching force of the public schools shall not be excluded on account of age unless they shall have attained the age of fifty-one years on or before the day of the examination.

Applicants must present evidence of good moral character, and must hold permanent License No. 1, (which may be obtained only after three years' continuous successful service in the New York City public elementary schools,) and must have not less than eight years' successful experience in teaching or supervision in the public schools of the City of New York, or experience rated as equivalent thereto.

In the examination satisfactory standings under each of the following heads will be required:

Teaching and executive ability, and personality, as evidenced by oral tests, studies, and reports, respecting both regular and volunteer activities.

Methods of teaching. (Written examination on Sept. 4, at 9 A. M.)

School management. (Written examination on Sept. 3, at 1:30 P. M.) (Scope of examination: school equipment, administrative duties; grading and promotion; supervision of instruction and discipline; physical, moral, and civic training of pupils.)

Applicants will also be required, unless exempted, to pass an examination in one of the following academic groups:

Group A. English literature, grammar, and rhetoric.
Group B. Science.
Group C. Geography, history, and civics.

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and Designing thoroughly taught by experienced teachers. Oldest and best school. Established 1876. Patterns cut and hats made. Call or send for circulars. McDowell School, 310 6th Av., corner 20th.

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Stenography & Secretarial Training.

Kohut School for Boys,
Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City.
Primary, Grammar and High School Classes. Boarders and Day Pupils. Phone 367 Kingsbridge.

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FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, ITALIAN.—Language phone method. 907 Putnam Building, 2 West 45th St.

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.

Prof. REMENYI'S COLLEGE OF DANCING, 182 E. 86th (Theatre Bldg.)
Latest Magyar Csardas, Fancy Turkey Trot, and all Society Dances taught quickly. $5. Call.

STEAMSHIPS. STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
Largest S. S. Company in the World—Over 400 Ships—1,210,000 TONS.
NEXT SAILINGS TO
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
S. S. AMERIKA
22,500 Tons
March 15, 11 A. M.
MEDITERRANEAN
S. S. CINCINNATI
17,000 Tons
March 11, 10 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
*†PRETORIA..........March 6, 9 A. M.
*†PENNSYLVANIA....March 12, 11 A. M.
AMERIKA..........March 15, 11 A. M.
PRES. LINCOLN.......March 20, 8 A. M.
*Hamburg direct. †2nd cabin only.
MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES and GENOA
S. S. CINCINNATI (17,000 Tons)........March 11, 10 A. M.
S. S. HAMBURG (11,000 Tons)........April 5, 9 A. M.
S.S. IMPERATOR WORLD'S LARGEST SHIP Will make her first trip from HAMBURG MAY 28, arriving here JUNE 4. Books now open for season starting JUNE 7, 11 A. M. The IMPERATOR will continue in regular service between NEW YORK and HAMBURG via Plymouth and Cherbourg.
CRUISES
BOOK NOW FOR
The Panama Canal and West Indies
LAST THREE CRUISES
28 DAYS, $175 AND UP.
MARCH 11, by S. S. Victoria Luise.
March 29, by S. S. Moltke
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Duration of Each Cruise 16 Days..$145 and up.
To the Land of The Midnight Sun
Scotland, Orkney, and Faroe Islands, Iceland, Spitzbergen, North Cape, Norway.
From Hamburg during June, July and August by S. S. VICTORIA LUISE, S. S. BISMARCK, AND S. S. METEOR.
Write for Illustrated Booklet
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THE WHITE STAR LINE'S New "OLYMPIC"
FITTED WITH DOUBLE SIDES AND ADDITIONAL WATERTIGHT BULKHEADS EXTENDING FROM THE BOTTOM to the TOP OF THE VESSEL
Will Sail from NEW YORK April 12--May 3 And Regularly Thereafter
AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
N.Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York.Mar. 1,noon|Philadelphia..Mar. 15
*Oceanic.Mar. 8, noon|St. Paul.......Mar. 22
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 59, N. R.
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N. R.
Minneap.Mar. 8, 10:30 AM|Min'aska..Mar. 22
Min'haha.Mar. 15, 11 AM|Minne't'ka.Mar. 29
RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10:00 A. M
N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Vaderland......Mar. 5|Kroonland.....Mar. 15
Lapland......Mar. 8|Zeeland.......Mar. 22
WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
*New York..Mar. 1, noon|*Phila'ia..Mar. 15
Oceanic....Mar. 8, noon|*St. Paul..Mar. 22
*American Line Steamer from Pier 62, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Celtic..March 6, noon|Megantic....March 27
Baltic.March 20, noon|Adriatic.....March 29
Boston—Mediterranean Ports—Italy.
CANOPIC....MAR 15|Cretic.......April 5
Cruises from New York
RIVIERA - ITALY - EGYPT
Via Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Monaco.
"Cedric," March 4, noon
The Largest Mediterranean Steamer.
West Indies Cruise "Laurentic," March 12, 9 A. M.
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT - - - - 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

CUNARD
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE DIRECT VIA FISHGUARD.
LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
FISHGUARD—LIVERPOOL.
The Fastest Steamers in the World
Mauretania Lusitania
MAR. 5.....1 A. M. APR. 23....1 A. M. JUNE 11....1 A. M. JULY 23....1 A. M.
APR. 2......1 A. M. MAY 21....1 A. M. JULY 2....1 A. M. AUG. 13....1 A. M.
QUEENSTOWN, FISHGUARD, AND LIVERPOOL.
CARMANIA, Mar. 1, 10 A.M. CAMPANIA, Mar. 19, 1 A.M. FRANCONIA, Apr. 12, 10 A.M.
FRANCONIA, Mar. 12, 10 A.M. CARMANIA, Mar. 29, 10 A.M. CAMPANIA, Apr. 16, 1 A.M.
Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume
Sailing hour noon. See Itinerary.
CARPATHIA, Mar. 22. IVERNIA, Apr. 5. SAXONIA, Apr. 26. CARPATHIA, May 10.
WINTER CRUISES—RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, CARONIA Mar. 15
Round the World Trips, $498. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America. Independent Tours in Europe, &c. Send for booklet Cunard Tours.
AGENTS FOR PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. CO. IN UNITED STATES & CANADA.
Itinerary of Summer Cruises, Norway, etc., 1913, July 1-18, Aug. 8, Sept. 5, Now Ready.
Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N. Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery.

BERMUDA
BY THE ARCADIAN
Largest and Finest Steamship in the Service
OROTAVA
Displacement tonnage, 10,063; registered, 5,980.
MODERATE ROUND TRIP RATES AND INCLUSIVE TOURS
Tickets interchangeable with Quebec S. S. Co.
PANAMA
CUBA and JAMAICA
Excellent accommodations still available. R. M. S. P. ORUBA, reg'd tonnage 5,971, sailing MARCH 15; CLYDE, reg'd tonnage 5,618, MARCH 29, and THAMES, reg'd tonnage 5,620, APRIL 12.
High-class mail and passenger steamers carrying 200-250 first-class passengers in large single, double, and three berth rooms. Not more than two in any room unless desired.
ROUND TRIP TO PANAMA $142.50
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO., SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 22 State St., N. Y.
Thos. Cook & Son, 245 & 2081 B'way & 264 & 553 Fifth Av. Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Av., N. Y., OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Express Sailings
Kronprinzessin Cecilie March 4
Kaiser Wilhelm II Mar. 18
Fast Mail Sailings
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm Mar. 6
Kleist (Bremen direct) Mar. 13
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
Sailings on SATURDAY for
THE MEDITERRANEAN
Prinzess Irene Mar. 1
Koenig Albert Mar. 15
PANAMA—WEST INDIES
March 27
By the S. S. "Grosser Kurfuerst"
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 Broadway, N. Y.

PANAMA SPRING CRUISES
Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday, stopping both ways at Jamaica.
Steamers specially built for tropical travel. Outside staterooms, large "cottage" windows. Every ocean safeguard and comfort. Write for handsome illustrated booklet.
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
STEAMSHIP SERVICE.
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CUBA-JAMAICA
NEW DIRECT SERVICE BETWEEN SANTIAGO (CUBA) AND KINGSTON (JAMAICA) BY THE FIRST-CLASS PASSENGER STEAMSHIP "A. W. PERRY."
STEAMER LEAVES Santiago—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.
STEAMER LEAVES Kingston—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.
This service, in connection with the train service of The Cuba Railroad Co., between Havana and Santiago, affords a splendid opportunity of seeing Cuba when proceeding to or returning from Jamaica and the Panama Canal.
For further particulars apply to
CUBA RAILROAD CO., 52 William St., N. Y.

Go To Bermuda
S.S. "BERMUDIAN." (The ship used by President-Elect Wilson.) Sails every Wednesday, 10 A. M. Twin screw. 10,518 tons displacement. Submarine signals; wireless; orchestra. Record trip 39 hours 20 minutes. Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda without transfer.
S. S. "OROTAVA," 10,063 tons displacement; sails every Tuesday. Tours including Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Tickets interchangeable with R. M. S. P. Co.
WEST INDIES
New S S. "GUIANA" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, and Demerara.
For full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York. THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Departures Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Lorraine......Mar. 6|†France (new)....Mar. 27
*La Touraine......Mar. 13|*La Touraine......April 3
*La Provence......Mar. 20|*La Lorraine......April 10
*Twin-screw steamer. †Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
†ROCHAMBEAU (new)..............March 8
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE
Direct to ROTTERDAM $65. Upw. First Cabin To LIBAU $75. Upw.
CZAR March 8
RUSSIA March 22
KURSK April 5
CZAR April 19
Regular Fortnightly Service
STEAMERS SAIL AT 2 P. M.
SECOND CLASS
To Rotterdam $45. To Libau $50.
A. E. Johnson & Co., G. P. Agts., 27 Broadway, N. Y.

BUENOS AYRES
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
SHOW PLACE OF SOUTH AMERICA
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO AND ROSARIO
Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers from New York every alternate Saturday.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or BUSK & DANIELS, Gen. Ag'ts, 301 Produce Exchange, New York.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Columbia....Mar. 1, 1 PM|California...Mar. 15, noon
Cameronia...Mar. 8, 9 AM|Caledonia...Mar. 22, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
Sailing List for 1913 now ready.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
PARIS—LONDON—ROTTERDAM.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
*Noordam...Mar. 4 †Rotterdam..Mar. 18
*Ryndam....Mar. 11 *Potsdam....Mar. 25
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth & Boulogne.
Office 29 B'way.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:35|Sun sets..5:52|Moon rises..3:07

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:13	3:05	8:50	8:35
Governors Island	2:58	4:03	9:50	9:55
Hell Gate	4:48	5:53	11:30	11:35

Arrived—Friday, Feb. 28.

SS Mauretania, Liverpool, Feb. 22.
SS Pretoria, Hamburg, Feb. 13.
SS Campanello, Rotterdam, Feb. 13.
SS Panama, Colon, Feb. 22.
SS Waldegaard, Sagua, Feb. 19.
SS Thyra Menier, Antilla, Feb. 19.
SS Berlin, Boston, Feb. 27.
SS El Paso, New Orleans, Feb. 22.
SS El Valle, Galveston, Feb. 22.
SS Borinquen, San Juan, Feb. 25.
SS Maracaibo, Mayaguez, Feb. 22.
SS Esperanza, Havana, Feb. 25.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Celtic	Liverpool	Feb. 20
Cecil	London	Feb. 14
Virginie	Bordeaux	Feb. 14
Inca	Huelva	Feb. 11
Carmen	Barcelona	Feb. 14
Germania	Lisbon	Feb. 16
Gutenfels	Malta	Feb. 9
Alamo	Key West	Mar. 1
Lorraine	Havre	Feb. 22
Grenada	Trinidad	Feb. 21
Guantanamo	Tampico	Feb. 22
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Franconia	Naples	Feb. 18
Cameronia	Glasgow	Feb. 23
Ardoyne	Valencia	Feb. 14
Italia	Palermo	Feb. 14
Vict. de Larrinaga	Manchester	Feb. 13
F. V. Stoddard	Seville	Feb. 13
Brazos	San Juan	Feb. 26
Prins Willem V	St. Marc	Feb. 24
Vestris	Barbados	Feb. 25
Comal	Mobile	Feb. 24
El Mundo	Galveston	Feb. 25
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Feb. 27
Orotava	Bermuda	Feb. 28
DUE MONDAY.		
Minneapolis	Southampton	Feb. 22
Rochambeau	Havre	Feb. 22
America	Naples	Feb. 20
Vigilancia	Nassau	Feb. 28
Westerwald	Inagua	Feb. 27
Lapland	Antwerp	Feb. 22
Bermudian	Bermuda	Mar. 1
Czar	Libau	Feb. 19
City of Sydney	St. John's	Feb. 26
Proteus	New Orleans	Feb. 26
El Mundo	Galveston	Feb. 25

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
New York, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carmania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Prinzess Irene, Naples	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Pr. Sigismund, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Suriname, Trinadad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	———	1:00 A.M.
President Grant, Hamburg	———	2:00 P.M.
Pellailsa, Montevideo	6:00 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
Wearside, Bahia	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	———	1:00 P.M.
Re d'Italia, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
Bayamon, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Tagus, Kingston	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Antilla, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Pontiac, Para	6:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Eastern Prince, Argentina	———	
Pakaton, Puerto Mexico		3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing at double postage rates.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 28.

SS Lorraine, Havre to New York, was 1,000 miles E. at 3 A. M. French Line.

SS Hellig Olav, Copenhagen to New York, was 1,266 miles E. at 8:30 P. M. due March 4, 11:30 A. M. Scandinavian-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Minnesotan, Port of Mexico to New York, was 25 miles E. of Sand Key at 8 P. M.

SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 68 miles S. of Jupiter at 7 P. M.

SS El Cid, Galveston to New York, was 250 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.

SS Alamo, Galveston to New York, was 100 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Maracaibo, Mayaguez to New York, was off the bar at 7:30 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 80 miles N. of Charleston Lightship at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS K. Aug. Victoria, at Cherbourg, Feb. 28.
SS Chicago, at Havre, Feb. 27.
SS Berlin, at Genoa, Feb. 27.
SS Earl of Forfar, at Rio Janeiro, Feb. 26.
SS Korona, at St. Thomas, Feb. 27.
SS Bermudian, at Bermuda, Feb. 28.
SS Ancona, at Genoa, Feb. 26.
SS Martha Washington, at Trieste, Feb. 28.
SS Aras, at Oporto, Feb. 22.
SS Marianne, at Trieste, Feb. 25.
SS Sierra Blanca, at Santos, Feb. 27.
SS Grosser Kurfuerst, at Santiago, Feb. 27.
SS Indrani, at Sabang, Feb. 28.
SS Victoria Luise, at Port Spain, Feb. 28.
SS Baltic, at Queenstown, Feb. 28.
SS Laconia, at Gibraltar, Feb. 28.
SS Trifels, at Port Said, Feb. 28.
SS Wien, at Pernambuco, Feb. 28.
SS Bellucia, at Curacao, Feb. 28.

Sailed.

SS Caronia, from Naples, Feb. 27.
SS Sant' Anna, from Naples, Feb. 24.
SS Lord Curzon, from Algiers, Feb. 25.
SS Borderer, from Algiers, Feb. 26.
SS Pancras, from Barbados, Feb. 26.
SS Juan, from Calais, Feb. 27.
SS Malmstead, from Huelva, Feb. 27.
SS Kansas City, from Swansea, Feb. 27.
SS Orotava, Bermuda, Feb. 28.
SS California, from Glasgow, Feb. 28.
SS Aragon, from Southampton, Feb. 28.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Persia	Mar. 3
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Yokohama Maru	Mar. 6
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand (except parcel post) and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Ventura	Mar. 6
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver, B. C.,)—Zealandia	Mar. 14
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	Mar. 14

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, Jan. 25; Hongkong, Jan. 28; Shanghai, Jan. 31; Yokohama, Feb. 8, and Honolulu, Feb. 18—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Persia, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. Feb. 25. Due in New York on the morning of Sunday, March 2.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Wellington Feb. 2; Auckland, Feb. 3; Melbourne, Feb. 7; Sydney, Feb. 8, and Honolulu, Feb. 22—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Ventura, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. Feb. 27. Due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, March 4.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

$55 PACIFIC COAST
MARCH 14TH TO APRIL 14TH
ERIE RAILROAD
Ticket Offices—245, 399, 1278 Broadway; 225 5th Ave.; 251 West 125th St.; 50 Church St.; Chambers St., West 23d St. Ferry Sta., N. Y.; 22 Court St., Brooklyn.

BERMUDA TOURS
Including Hotels, Drives, &c.
5 days..............................$27.50 and up
8 days..............................$39.00 and up
Tours to All Prominent Resorts.
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
Tel. 4530 Franklin. 396 Broadway, N. Y.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, KINGS County.—GEORGE LEVITT, Plaintiff, against REBECCA LEVITT, Defendant.—Summons Action for Annulment of Marriage.

To the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint. Dated New York, Kings County, January 24, 1913.

Yours, etc., REUBEN DORFMAN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. address, 120 Delancey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the above named defendant:

The foregoing summons is hereby served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Honorable Walter H. Jaycox, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Kings, dated the 9th day of January, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings on the 24th day of January, 1913. Dated New York, Kings County, January 24, 1913.

Yours, etc., REUBEN DORFMAN, Attorney for plaintiff, 120 Delancey Street, N. Y. City.

CHECKS AT PAR TO-DAY.

Rule for Banks in Five States in Effect—New Banks Added.

The banks that belong to the New York Clearing House Association will begin to-day accepting checks, without charge for collection, on the 250 banks in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Rhode Island that have agreed to abolish their own charges and to remit at par in New York funds on the day of receipt. Since the list was prepared on Feb. 25 about thirty more banks have sent in their acceptances of the proposition. These, with any others that may come in this morning, will be added to the list of 250. Hereafter supplemental lists will be published on the first of each month.

The New York banks will continue to charge one-tenth of 1 per cent. on checks drawn against banks in the five States that have not agreed to abolish their own charges.

In view of the opposition of many of the 1,200 banks in the territory to accepting the new rule unless the Clearing House would establish a country check department, and require all the member banks to make their collections through it, there had been talk of withdrawals on the part of some of those which had agreed to come in, but up to yesterday the Industrial Trust Company of Pawtucket was the only one that had withdrawn.

The Clearing House authorities believe most of the other banks in the five States will come in after a while, and it is probable that a country check department will be established as soon as the volume of collections warrants it, its use to be optional with each of the New York banks.

PERMITS CENTRAL MERGER.

Public Service Board Authorizes Union of Subsidiaries.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—Approval has been given by the Public Service Commission to the New York Central to consolidate the following companies:

Spuyten Duyvil & Port Morris, Gouverneur & Oswegatchie, New York & Putnam, Tivoli Hollow, Buffalo Erie Basin, New York Central Niagara River, Mohawk & Malone, Carthage & Adirondack, and New York & Ottawa Railway Companies and the Tonawanda Island Bridge Company.

The Commission also has granted the application of the New York & Putnam to merge the Mahopac Falls Railroad Company.

The Central owns the capital stock of all the companies.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT H. & G. KLOTZ & CO. of 84 Fifth Avenue, New York City, are the owners of a trademark described as follows:

The representation of a basket of flowers surrounded by a ring, which ring is located in the upper part of an oblong field having a rustic border and beveled corners. The words "Ed. Pinaud" are produced in the upper part of the ring, and the word "Paris" below. Below the basket of flowers the words "a la Corbeille" are produced on a straight band, and below the same the word "Fleurie" on a curved band. Below the ring, and within the oblong field, are produced the words "Successeurs H. & G. Klotz & Cie., Proprietaires." The words "Successeurs H. & G. Klotz & Cie," and "Proprietaires" may be omitted without materially altering the character of the trademark, the essential feature of which is a representation of an oblong field having a rustic border and bearing a circular band with the words "Ed. Pinaud, Paris," upon it, and enclosing a basket of flowers.

Said trademark has been duly registered in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of New York.

A facsimile of said trademark is as follows:

ED. PINAUD
PARIS
SUCCESSEURS
H. & G. KLOTZ & CIE
PROPRIETAIRES

Dated January 14, 1913.

H. & G. KLOTZ & CO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT H. & G. KLOTZ & CO. of 84 Fifth Avenue, New York City, are the owners of a trademark described as follows:

A rectangular label with beveled corners, having a black border, bearing at the top the words "a la Corbeille Fleurie"; underneath these words a representation of a basket of flowers; underneath the basket of flowers the words "Hygiene of the Scalp, Eau de Quinine Compound Hair Tonic"; near the bottom of the label the words "Ed. Pinaud, 18 Place Vendome, Paris"; diagonally upon the face of the label the facsimile signature in red ink of Ed. Pinaud.

Said trademark has been duly registered in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of New York.

A facsimile of said trademark is as follows:

HYGIENE OF THE SCALP
EAU DE QUININE
COMPOUND HAIR TONIC
ED. PINAUD

Dated January 14, 1913.

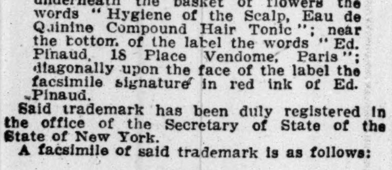
H. & G. KLOTZ & CO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT H. & G. KLOTZ & CO. of 84 Fifth Avenue, New York City, are the owners of a trademark described as follows:

A rectangular label with a red background bearing in the middle a white field with the facsimile signature of Ed. Pinaud in red ink upon the white field; above the white field the words "Cachet de Garantie," and underneath the white field the words "Parfumeur-Chimiste."

Said trademark has been duly registered in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of New York.

A facsimile of said trademark is as follows:


Cachet de Garantie
Ed. Pinaud
PARFUMEUR-CHIMISTE
GUARANTEED UNDER FOOD AND DRUG ACT
JUNE 30, 1906. SERIAL No 3977

Dated January 14, 1913.

H. & G. KLOTZ & CO.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE VASSAR'S SON & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, March 7th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 1,170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, safes, office fixtures, also building contractor's tools and apparatus, wheelbarrows, which may be inspected any day before the sale at 654-656 W. 187th St., and at W. 190th St., 100 ft. W. of St. Nicholas Ave., south side.

Inspection March 5th and 6th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

HARRY A. CUSHING, Receiver.

WHITE & CASE, Attorneys for Receiver, 14 Wall St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of J. H. SIMMONS PUBLISHING CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, March 7, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 130 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of machinery, office furniture and fixtures, The Simmons Magazine, together with its name, copyrights, manuscripts and subscription lists and outstanding accounts.

JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.

JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CRUICE, KEELAN & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, March 6th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 141 East 23d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of taxicabs, automobile parts, &c. Inspection March 4th and 5th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

MOSES ELY, Receiver.

HERMAN B. GOODSTEIN, Attorney for Receiver, 38 Park Row, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY C. SQUIRES, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Mar. 10th, 1913, by the order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of six (6) Davis boats.

Inspection Mar. 7th and 8th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

WILLIAM BLAU, Trustee.

WILBER, NORMAN & KAHN, Attorneys for Trustee, 299 Broadway, New York.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS WEINBERG, Alleged Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above named alleged bankrupt and to all whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Court, the personal property of the above named alleged bankrupt, consisting of clocks, watches, jewelry, novelties, ornaments, leather goods, safe and fixtures, etc., etc., now located in the premises No. 325 Eighth Avenue, Manhattan Borough, New York City, will be offered for sale to the highest bidder at public sale by Sol. J. Freudenheim, Esq., Receiver herein, on the 3rd day of March, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of Messrs. Strauss & Singer, 160 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City, attorneys for the Receiver, at which time and place sealed bids will be received for said property, and opened in public, and said property sold to the highest bidder. All offers must be in writing and accompanied by a certified check to the order of the Receiver for an amount equal to 10 per cent. of the bid submitted, which check shall be applied on account of payment of the purchase price in case the bid is accepted. The balance of the purchase price must be paid to the Receiver within 24 hours after said offer is accepted, and in the event said balance is not paid as aforesaid, the deposit aforesaid shall be forfeited. No bid will be accepted which is for an amount less than the appraised value of said property.

In the event no bid is accepted, said property will be sold at public auction through Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, for the Southern District of New York, at the premises of said alleged bankrupt, 325 Eighth Avenue, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on the 6th day of March, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

Inspection of the above property may be had at the premises of said alleged bankrupt on the 1st day of March, 1913, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

SOL. J. FREUDENHEIM, Receiver.

STRAUSS & SINGER, Attorneys for Receiver, 160 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 17,399.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX WAGMAN and SAMUEL WAGMAN, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of WAGMAN LEATHER GOODS COMPANY, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Max Wagman and Samuel Wagman, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of Wagman Leather Goods Company, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of January, A. D. 1913, the said above named bankrupts were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1913, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

February 25th, 1913.

NO. 16,278.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—MORITZ ROSETT and MAX ROSETT, individually and composing the firm of M. ROSETT and the firm of M. ROSETT, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Moritz Rosett and Max Rosett, individually and composing the firm of M. Rosett and the firm of M. Rosett, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated June 20, 1912, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Friday, April fourth, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, February 28, 1913.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL L. COHEN, Bankrupt. No. 17,793.

To the creditors of Samuel L. Cohen of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the nineteenth day of February, A. D. 1913, the said Samuel L. Cohen was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1913, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 24th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,460.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL B. STEIN, individually and trading as S. B. STEIN & CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1913, the said Samuel B. Stein, individually and trading at S. B. Stein & Co., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 11th day of March, 1913, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Feb. 28th, 1913.

NO. 17,473.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLOMON GOLDBERG, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New Lork and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1912, the said Solomon Goldberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Feb. 28th, 1913.

NO. 17,741.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PHILIP SUKOFF, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Philip Sukoff of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1913, the said Philip Sukoff was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

February 25th, 1913.

NO. 17,483.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH ELPERN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Joseph Elpern of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the —— day of ——, A. D. ——, the said Joseph Elpern was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1913, at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

February 25th, 1913.

No. 17,765.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDGAR A. BLOCH, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Edgar A. Bloch of the City, County and State of New York and District aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1913, the said Edgar A. Bloch was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County and State of New York, on the thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1913, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 24th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,759.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN H. BROWN, also known as JOHN H. PERRY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John H. Brown, also known as John H. Perry, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1913, the said John H. Brown, also known as John H. Perry, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

February 25th, 1913.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST, West 57th St., Dr. Stifler, 11, "Source of Spiritual Power." 8, "Joyful Living." Calvary Grand Choir. Lecture by Dr. MacArthur, Wednesday evening, "The New Era in Old China." Tickets 50 cts.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d and Amsterdam Av., Dr. GOODCHILD, Pastor.—11, "The Hidden Life." 8, "What Is Man?" This is the Church of the OPEN DOOR. Everybody welcome.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.—Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 West 46th St.
Rev. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, D. D., Pastor.
9:40 A. M., Bible School Session.
Young Women's Class; Mrs. Merrett, Leader.
Young Men's Class, Dr. Addison Moore, Leader.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Public Worship.
SERMONS BY DR. WOELFKIN.

FORT WASHINGTON BAPTIST CHURCH, 600 West 181st St.—ENOS J. BOSWORTH, Minister. 11 A. M.—"He Will Come"; (Communion.) 8 P. M.—"On the Firing Line."

HOPE CHURCH, Broadway, 104th St., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.—11, "Man Working with God." 8, "Religion—Try It."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVE., COR. 31ST ST.
CHARLES A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR.
REV. E. T. TOMLINSON, D. D.,
will preach Sunday at both services.
11 A. M.—"The Conditions of Spiritual Vision."
8 P. M.—"Faith and Mystery."
Union Bible Class, 9:45. F. W. Hagar, Leader.

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square.—EDWARD JUDSON, Pastor, will preach. 11—"The Shepherd Psalm." Ps. 23:1. The Lord is My Shepherd. 8—"The Withered Hand," Matt. 12:13. Stretch Forth Thine Hand.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., near 126th St.
J. HERMAN RANDALL, Pastor.
Morning Service, 11 o'clock—"The Test of Love." Musical Service, 8 o'clock—Gounod's "The Redemption." Soloists: Mrs. Florabel S. Blackwell, Soprano; Mrs. Greta Rost Why, Contralto; Mr. Percy Hemna, Barytone; Mr. John Barnes Wells, Tenor.

WASHINGTON HGTS. BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St., Convent Av. Rev. Harold Pattison. 11 A. M.—"The Fifth Word from the Cross." 8 P. M.—Dr. G. A. Humpley of China will speak.

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church, Central Park West and 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 600 West 181st St.
Fifth Church, Madison Av. and 38th St.
Sixth Church, Park Av. and 61st St.

Church of the New Jerusalem

New York Society of the New Church, (Swedenborgian.)

NEW CHURCH,
35th Street, bet. Park & Lexington Avs.,
REV. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Holy Communion, 10:15 A. M.
Service, 11 A. M.
The Pastor will preach. Subject:
ARE THERE MANY OR FEW
WHO ARE SAVED?
ALL ARE WELCOME.

Congregational.

MANHATTAN CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
Broadway, near 76th St.
HENRY A. STIMSON, D. D., PASTOR.
11 A. M.—Rev. H. C. Herring, D. D.
8 P. M.—Lecture by Dr. Herring, "Memories of Oberammergau, 1910."

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St. Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., Pastor.—11 A. M., pastor preaches; 8 P. M., General George B. Loud on "George Washington."

Ethical Culture.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE,
Founded 1876.
Meeting House, Central Park West and 64th St.
11 A. M., MR. PERCY MACKAYE, Speaker.
Subject: "RELATION OF THE THEATRE TO THE PEOPLE'S LEISURE."
8 P. M., DR. DAVID SAVILLE MUZZEY, Speaker.

Jewish.

FREE SYNAGOGUE.
CARNEGIE HALL: SUNDAY AT 11.
DR. WISE WILL PREACH ON
"THE LIFE AND TEACHINGS OF JESUS THE JEW" I.
ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE BETH-EL,
Fifth Av. and 76th Street.
Rev. Dr. SAMUEL SCHULMAN
Sunday Morning at 11:
"Jewish Ethics and Contemporary Fiction."

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
5th Av. and 43d St.
Saturday, 10:30, Sermon by Dr. Enelow, "On Getting Together." Sunday, 11:15, Sermon by Dr. Silverman, "The New Palestine and Its Scientific Benefit for the World."

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT. Broadway and 93d St. Wm. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d St., Dr. REMENSNYDER. Services, 11 and 8.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD STREET, cor. Morton. Morning Holy Communion. Evening, Rev. George W Downs, Pastor. Welcome.

EIGHTEENTH STREET M. E. CHURCH, near 8th Av., Rev. GEORGE E. BARBER, Pastor.—Concluding services of the seventy-seventh anniversary celebration Sunday, March 2. Rev. Richard E. Bell at 11, and Rev. Arthur Jamieson at 8.

GRACE, 104th, nr. Col., Christian F. Reisner, D. D. 11: "Church Neglecters." 7:45: "Lying." Also Detective Burns.

JOHN STREET METHODIST CHURCH.—First in America.—Three daily Lenten Services, except Saturday, beginning Thursday, March 6, at 12, (noon,) afternoon, 4; evening, 8. Preacher, Dr. Henry Clay Morrison of Kentucky.

MADISON AVE. M. E. CHURCH,
Corner 60th Street,
Rev. Wallace MacMullen, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by the pastor, followed by Communion of the Lord's Supper.
8 P. M.—Preaching by the pastor.
Wed. Ev. Prayer Meeting led by Dr. MacMullen.

7TH AV. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14TH ST.
SANFORD CULVER HEARN, Minister.
10:45 A. M.—"THINKETH NO EVIL."
8:00 P. M.—"WHAT IS A CHRISTIAN?"

ST. ANDREW'S METHODIST,
76th St., west of Columbus Av.
WALLACE HAROLD FINCH, Minister.
11 A. M.—"One Reception—and Another."
8 P. M.—"Heroes of Faith—Luther."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
WEST END AV. AND 86TH ST.
11 A. M.—Dr. THOMAS C. HALL.
8 P. M.—Rev. JOHN CALAHAN,
AND OTHERS FROM
HADLEY RESCUE HALL.

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48th St. and Broadway.—J. Lewis Hartsock, Minister. 11, Communion; 8 P. M., the New York Male Quartet will sing.

New Thought.

MARY E. CHAPIN, Berkeley Theatre, West 44th St., near 5th Av., Sundays, 11 A. M. Public invited. "The Question of Lent."

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 W. 58th St.
Sunday, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M.
Speaker, W. ELLIS WILLIAMS. Public Invited.

UNITY SOCIETY, 305 Madison Av.
Mrs. Sophia Van Marter speaks. Subject:
"Ye Are the Light of the World."
Sunday, 8 P. M., 305 Madison Av.
Monday, 3 P. M., 8 East 37th St.

VILLA FAULKNER PAGE.
Sundays, 3:30. Professional Woman's League, 1,999 Broadway. Subject, March 2d.
"HOW NEW THOUGHT RELIEVES DISCOURAGEMENT."
Good music. Public invited.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
114th St. and Broadway.
Rev. WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesday evening Prayer Meeting at 8.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
WEST 57TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor.
REV. JAMES B. COCHRAN at 11 A. M.
At 8 P. M., REV. WILLIAM B. BUYERS of Hyden, Kentucky.
9:45 A. M.—Young Men's Bible Study Club.
3 P. M.—Sabbath School.
Devotional Service Wednesday at 8 P. M.
ALL WELCOME.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av. and 55th St.
Pastor,
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, M. A., D. D.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock.
Afternoon Service at 4:30 P. M.
Mid-Week Service on Wednesday evening at 8:15 in the Chapel will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. P. E. ERICKSON, Assistant Pastor, will preach morning and evening.

Presbyterian.

LABOR TEMPLE,
14th St. and 2d Av.
JONATHAN C. DAY, D. D., Supt.
Sunday afternoon-evening programme:
Bible School, 4 Pictures, 5 Lecture, Social Luncheon, 8, Preaching Service.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 24th St.
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister.
The Pastor will preach at 11 A. M.
Mr. Montgomery at 8 P. M.
Communion Service at 4 P. M.

NORTHMINSTER,
141 West 115th St.
ANNIVERSARY SERVICES,
11 A. M., 6:30 and 8 P. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av., 11th to 12th St.
Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor.
11 A. M., Rev. Dr. George Pentecost will preach. 8 P. M., Oratorio—"The Crucifixion."

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d Street.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the Rev. GEORGE F. PENTECOST, D. D.
Morning Theme: "THE CHINESE REPUBLIC." "The Church's Opportunity and Responsibility."
Evening Theme: "THE GREATEST RELIGION."

THE BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers: WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL, FRANK LATIMER JANEWAY.
Communion at close of Morning Service.
Dr. Merrill will preach at eleven o'clock.
CHINA CAMPAIGN POPULAR SERVICE at 4.
Dr. Merrill presiding, and Rev. Frank Bible and Dr. Arthur J. Brown, speakers.
Bible School and Classes, 9:45 A. M.
Dr. Merrill's Lenten Lecture, Tuesday, 4:30.
Midweek Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.
Noon Service Every Weekday, 12:30-12:50.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Services in the chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock.
Preacher, the Rev. P. J. MacLagan, M. A., D. Phil., of Swatow, China.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Cor. of 10th St., (one block west from Broadway,) GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.—Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. The Pastor will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END CHURCH,
Amsterdam Ave., Cor. 105th St.
Rev. A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M. The Pastor will preach.
8 P. M. Rev. Dr. Elliott W. Brown will preach Thursday, March 6th, at 8 P. M., Motion Picture lecture "The Lands of the Rising Sun," by T. W. Erwin, traveler and lecturer. Sixth return engagement. Silver offering.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, D. D., } Pastors.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., }
Dr. Evans will preach at 11 A. M.
At 8 P. M.—Special service for St. David's Society. Dr. Evans will preach.

PREACHING SERVICES AT THE
NEW CHURCH HOUSE, 603 W. 178TH ST.
The Rev. HERBERT B. HOWE
WILL PREACH AT 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street,
SUNDAY, March 2d.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Raymond C. Knox.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Ernest Edmund Seyzinger.
4:30 P. M.—Daily Evensong; Choral, except on Monday and Saturday.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D. Rector. Holy Communion, 8 A. M. Holy Communion and sermon by rector 11 A. M. Choral Evensong, 4 P. M. Evening prayer daily, with address, 5 P. M. Strangers welcome.

ALL SOULS' (Anthon Memorial,) St. Nicholas Av., 114th St.—Rev. G. STARKWEATHER PRATT, Rector. Services, 8, 11, and 8.

CALVARY CHURCH,
4th Av. and 21st St.
The Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector. Holy Communion, 8; Morning Prayer, 10:15; Holy Communion, Confirmation and sermon by Rt. Rev. David H. Greer, 11. Organ recital by Harold B. Philips, 7:30. Evening service and Gounod's "Gallia," 8. Organ recital Thursday evening, 8:15, by Mr. John Cashing, assisted by Mr. John Bland, tenor.

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway and 71st St.—G. A. STRONG, Rector. 8 A. M., 11 A. M., Rector. 8 P. M., Mr. Brown-Seaman. Noonday preacher next week, Dr. Seagle.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector.—Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9; Litany, solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rector,) 10.45 A. M. Evensong and Sermon at 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon.
4 P. M.—Dubois's "Seven Last Words."
8 P. M.—Public Forum, Inc. Symposium: "Relief of Tenement House Evils."
9 P. M.—Discussion, Parish House, 12 West 11th St.

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY,
35th St. and Lexington Av.
SPECIAL LENTEN PREACHING.
Wednesdays, 5 P. M.—Prof. Drown, Cambridge Theological School.
Fridays, 5 P. M.—Rev. Arthur Ketchum.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST.
551 5th Av. Rev. Herbert Shipman, Rector.
Services, 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th St. and 6th Av.
REV. HENRY MOTTET, D. D.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Service and Sermon (Rector.)
12:00 M.—Holy Communion.
3:15 P. M.—Italian Service (Rev. P. Griglio.)
3:30 P. M.—Children's Service (S. Koyima.)
5:00 P. M.—Confirmation Instruction (Rector.)
8:00 P. M.—Service and Sermon (Rev. R. B. B. Foote.)
9:00 P. M.—Parish House (Mr. J. Clements Boyers,) "A Recreation Programme for N. Y. C."

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
MADISON AV. AND 35TH ST.
REV. H. C. ROBBINS, RECTOR.
8 and 10 A. M., Holy Communion. 11 A. M., Morning Prayer. Sermon, (Rector,) and Holy Communion. 4 P. M., Evening Prayer and Sermon, Rev. M. E. Montgomery.

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29, GEORGE CLARKE HOUGHTON, Rector, Communions: 7, 8, 9 o'clock. TOURS MASS and SERMON, (VERY REV. DEAN FRANK VERNON, D. D.,) 10:30. CHORAL EVENSONG, 4 o'clock. SERMON, by VERY REV. DEAN VERNON, 8 P. M.
SERVICES DAILY, at 7, 9, 12:10 (noon) and 5 P. M. REV. FATHER FREDERICK CECIL POWELL, S. S. J. E., preaches DAILY AT NOON.
THE REV. ARNOLD PINCHARD, Vicar of St. Jude's Church, Birmingham, England, will deliver the final lecture in the course on "THE CATHOLIC CHURCH" in the CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Subject: "THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY OF GOD."

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th Street,
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer .... 10 A. M.
Litany: Holy Communion, Preacher the Rector .... 11 A. M.
Evensong: Preacher, Rev. J. H. Randolph Ray .... 8 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 Est 27e Rue. Services religieux le dimanche a 10½ h. et 8h. Rev. A. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector. 8; and 11 (Rector); 4 (Rev. Mr. Bachman); 8 (Rev. Mr. Edwards). Daily Services at 12:30 and 4:30.

SPECIAL LENTEN HEALTH SERVICES, "The Lord Is the Strength of My Health," at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie, 10th St. and 2d Av., on Sunday afternoons at 5 o'clock. March 2, Preacher, Lyman P. Powell. Subject: "The Wholesome Christ."

ST. ANN'S CHURCH,
140th St. and St. Ann's Av.
Rev. W. BERTRAND STEVENS, Rector.
7:30, 11—Rector. 8—Rev. Francis T. Brown of Yonkers.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner 44th St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher Rt. Rev. J. M. Horner.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. C. B. Ackley.
5:15 P. M.—Organ Recital by A. S. Hyde.
8:15 P. M.—Illustrated Stereopticon Lecture on Bismya and Nippur by Rev. S. N. Ussher.
DAILY LENTEN MID-DAY SERVICES.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on East 16th St., near 3d Av.
ALL SEATS FREE.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Holy Communion, 8; Sunday School, 9:45; Morning Service, (Rev. Dr. Alsop,) 11; Afternoon Service, (Rev. Mr. Carey,) 4.

ST. LUKE'S, West 141st St., Convent Av.
SERVICES 8, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

ST. MARK'S-IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth St. and Second Av.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
10:30 A. M.—Special Musical Service.
11 A. M.—Divine Service with sermon by the Rector.
4 P. M.—Abridged Evening Prayer, with five-minute address by the Rector, followed by University Extension Lecture.
5 P. M.—Devotional Vesper Service, (Health,) sermon as announced elsewhere. The Rev. Jas. P. Faucon, Minister.
8 P. M.—"The Socialist Pulpit," followed by Forum. The Rev. Irwin Tucker, Minister.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 84th St., near Central Park West. Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, Rector.—Services, 8, 11, and 8.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 122-128 WEST 69TH ST. Rev. Dr. SEAGLE, Rector, 8, 11, 4.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
4—Evensong and Address, (Rector.)

TRINITY CHURCH.
SUNDAY SERVICES:
7 and 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion.
8:15 A. M., Holy Communion (in German.)
10:15 A. M., Morning Prayer.
11 A. M., Sermon and Holy Communion.
3:30 P. M., Evensong and Catechising.
8 P. M., Mission Service and Sermon.
WEEK-DAY SERVICES:
7:30, 9 A. M., 3 P. M.
Short service for business people daily (except Saturday) at 12 M. The Preacher will be the Right Reverend Charles Edward Woodcock, D. D., Bishop of Kentucky, from March 3d to 7th inclusive.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., just off Broadway.
LENTEN MID-DAY SERVICES.
MONDAY, March 3, at 12:20, "De Profundis," by Charles Gounod.
OTHER DAYS next week, at 12:20, the Rev. Caleb R. Stetson, Rector of St. Mark's Church, Washington, D. C.

Reformed.

FORT WASHINGTON REFORMED CHURCH, Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.—Rev. A. J. Muste at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St.—Rev. J. R. Duryee, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 and 8 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE REFORMED CHURCH, 149th St. and Convent Av., Rev. PAUL S. LEINBACH, D. D., Minister, will preach, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner of 57th St.
11 A. M.
8 P. M. G. A. JOHNSTON ROSS, M. A.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister.
Will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SOUTH CHURCH, Park Av. and 85th St., Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D., Minister.
MANOR CHURCH, 348 West 26th St., Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph.D., Minister.
Divine service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. at both churches.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, Minister,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning—"The Golden Scepter."
Evening—"The King's Countersign."
Lenten Organ Service, Tuesday, at 4 P. M.

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Quartette accompanied by Harp and Violin.
Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the morning service.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
At 4:30 P. M., subject: "The Temple of the Living God." Choral Service, "Olivet to Calvary," by J. H. Maunder. Choir assisted by Mr. Hans Kronold, 'Cellist.

Reformed Episcopal.

FIRST REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Madison Av. and 55th St. W. D. Stevens, D. D., rector. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY LECTURE.
BERKELEY THEATRE,
44th St., near 5th Av.
Sunday evening, 8:15.
"Thought, Power, and Karma."
BY L. W. ROGERS.
Admission Free.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 253 West 72d St.—Public lecture Sunday evening at 8:15. Subject: "Brotherhood," by C. H. A. Bjerregoard.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS' (Unitarian,) 4th Av. and 20th St.
Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Pastor.
Rev. PAUL REVERE FROTHINGHAM, Pastor of the ARLINGTON STREET CHURCH, Boston, Mass., will preach on Sunday, March 2. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH (Unitarian,)
PARK AVENUE AND 34TH STREET.
John Haynes Holmes, Minister.
11 A. M.—Morning Service—MR. HOLMES will preach the first in a series of three sermons on "THE FACTORS OF HUMAN PROGRESS"; subject: "HEREDITY; OR, THE PROBLEM OF EUGENICS."
4 P. M.—Lenten Vesper Service, Mr. HOLMES will deliver the second of his series of addresses on "THE SPIRIT OF LIBERAL RELIGION." Subject: "THE SPIRIT OF FREEDOM."
5 P. M.—Reading by MR. HOLMES of selections from W. W. Gibson's "Daily Bread" in the Church House. All are welcome to all services.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (UNITARIAN,) Pierrepont St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn, 3 blocks from Borough Hall Subway station. Rev. John Howland Lathrop. Service at 11.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st St. Services at Eleven.
"AT HOME IN THE WORLD," (Continued.)
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 600 W. 181ST.
PETER H. GOLDSMITH, D. D., Minister.
Worship and Sermon, 8 P. M.

Universalist.

THE CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th St. Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M.: "Who, Then Can Be Saved?" 4:30 P. M., Dubois's Cantata, "Seven Last Words of Christ." Thursday Lenten Service, 3:30. Organ Recital, 4 P. M.

Y. M. C. A.

WILLIAM J. BURNS.
THE VALUE OF A GOOD REPUTATION.
West Side Y. M. C. A., 57th St. and 8th Av., 4 P. M. Kahn Trio Concert, 3:30 to 4 P. M.

Other Services.

BENJAMIN FAY MILLS
At EMERSON HALL, 45 East 34th St.
9:45, Special Concentration Meeting
At 48TH STREET THEATRE.
4 P. M.—Interpretation of "A Poor Little Rich Girl."
8:15 P. M.—"What the World Needs Most to Learn."
EDWIN MARKHAM will preside.

BIBLE STUDY PROGRAMS.
Old Testament Outlines.
Each Sunday, 3:30 P. M., at Marble Collegiate Church, 5th Av. and 29th St. Leader, Dr. Wilbert W. White, President.
Bible Teachers' Training School,
541 Lexington Av.
NEW TESTAMENT OUTLINES,
Friday Evenings, 8:30, at the School.
Visitors welcome.

CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE.
Divine Science Service held at Carnegie Hall, Suite 1, Sunday, 8 P. M. Speaker, Robert C. Hannon. Subject "THE ETERNITY OF LIFE AND HEALTH."

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th Street & 8th Avenue, Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor.—Sunday, March 2nd, 10:30 A. M., Rev. A. B. Simpson; Subject, "The Old Paths." "Back to Patmos." 8:00 P. M., Rev. W. T. MacArthur.

HENRY R. ROSE.
Illustrated Lecture.
"Ben Hur," with 100 colored slides.
23d St. Y. M. C. A., near 7th Av., at 4.

SPANISH EVANGELICAL CHURCH,
24th St. and Madison Av. 24th St. entrance.
Rev. Samuel F. Gordiano, M. A., Pastor.
Sundays, 3; Thursdays, 8 P. M. Spanish students welcome.

VEDANTA; SWAMI BODHANANDA, 135 West [illegible] St., 8 P. M. Subject: "Freedom in Life."

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
A Health Resort, 45 minutes of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres, park; 500 feet elevation; near station. Own dairy and vegetables. Rates $8. Open all year. Booklet.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Reservations now being made for the Easter Holidays.
HOTEL RUDOLF
Ocean front; American and European Plans. Sea water in all baths. Running water in guest rooms.
A. S. Rukeyser, Mgr. Joel Hillman, Pres.

COME TO ATLANTIC CITY
and enjoy the delights of the Winter at the Seashore combined with the comforts and conveniences of the World's Seaside Metropolis.
HOTEL DENNIS
is always popular on account of its unequaled location and its unobstructed ocean view.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

NEW HOTEL MERION
Homelike hotel of high class at popular tariff. Newly built brick at Vermont Ave., near Beach. MACK LATZ & CO.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

HOTEL SHOREHAM Virginia Av., near Beach. Elevator, private baths, steam heat, 'phone; open surroundings. Special Lenten rates, $10 to $17.50 weekly; booklet. W. B. COTTEN.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
America's Famous All-Year Resort.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

BARTLETT INN
THE ONLY EUROPEAN PLAN HOTEL IN LAKEWOOD, N.J.
Write for illustrated booklet and rates.

OAK COURT HOTEL
A MODERN HOTEL Noted for a Homelike Atmosphere. Booklet.
E. E. SPANGENBERG, Manager.

FLORENCE-IN-THE-PINES
Lakewood, N. J. New modern addition; 30 suites, with private baths; running water in rooms. Booklets. I. WOEHR, Prop.

LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Laurel-in-the-Pines and Laurel House.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

The Ideal Location,
The Perfect Appointments,
The Excellent Table, make
THE METROPOLITAN
THE HOTEL DELIGHTFUL
For the Spring Season. Music every evening. A week-end trial will convince you of its merits.
FRANCIS YARNALL, Manager.

NEW JERSEY—Summit.

SUMMIT, N. J. NEW PARK HOUSE.
First-class Family Hotel.
Healthy, Refined, Comfortable. Liberal Table. Room and Board $12 up. Two in Room $20 up. Write JOHN D. BAILEY for Booklet.

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THE DE SOTO
SAVANNAH, GA.
American and European Plans.
One Hundred Rooms with Bath.
Savannah's Tourist Hotel
Complete with every comfort. Caters to the most exacting family and transient trade.
Home of the Grand Prize and Vanderbilt Cup Auto Course.
Golf and Tennis.
R. W. POWERS, Mgr.

VIRGINIA.

HOTEL CHAMBERLIN
OLD POINT COMFORT
DESCRIPTIVE BOOKLETS at Chamberlin Office, No. 1,122 Broadway, 'Phone 1872 Madison. ASK Mr. Foster, 1 Madison Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb Co., No. 225 5th Av. All Cook's Tourist Offices, or address Geo. F. Adams, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Virginia.

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FOR OFFICE FURNITURE GO TO BUDD'S
Largest Stock
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Quickest Delivery
71-73 SPRING ST., near B'way and Subway.

Roll Top DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
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TYPEWRITERS, all makes, perfect condition, up to date, sold at prices which defy competition. Our guarantee GUARANTEES! Excellent machines rented.
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Kodaks, Graflex cameras, and high-grade lenses at bargain prices at Willoughby's, 810 Broadway.

Bankruptcy Notices

AT A STATED TERM OF THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, held at the Post Office Building in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of February, 1913.—Present: Hon. Learned Hand, District Judge.—In the matter of RICHARD SCHOLZ, ERNST FRANK, FRANK J. STUEVE, individually and composing the firm of CORTLANDT LACE & EMBROIDERY WORKS, Bankrupts.—No. 17,530.

Upon reading and filing the petition of Robert G. Perry, Receiver herein, verified the 27th day of February, 1913, and on all the proceedings herein, it is,

On motion of Henry B. Singer, attorney for the Receiver,

Ordered: That all creditors and parties in interest herein show cause before me or one of the Judges of this Court at a Stated Term thereof, to be held at the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3rd day of March, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why an order should not be made authorizing Robert G. Perry, the Receiver herein, to accept the offer of John Meyer to purchase the assets of the estate herein, as well as all the right, title and interest of the estate in and to the lease of the premises Nos. 359-363, East 155th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, as set forth in the said petition. And it is further

Ordered: That a copy of this order be served on each of the creditors made known to the Receiver herein by mail on or before the 28th day of February, 1913, and that a copy of said order be published in The New York Times and Daily Trade Record on the 1st day of March, 1913. And it is further

Ordered: That Abraham H. Rubenstein, Ralph O. E. Fay, and Bernard J. McCorry, be and they are hereby appointed appraisers to appraise the property of the bankrupts above named and report their appraisal to this Court on or before March 3rd, 1913.

LEARNED HAND, U. S. D. J.

To the Creditors of the Above Named Bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that the foregoing order and the Petition of Robert G. Perry, verified the 27th day of February, 1913, thereto annexed, was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

Dated New York, February 27th, 1913.

HENRY B. SINGER, Atty. for Receiver, 55 Liberty Street, New York.

NO. 17,785.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM S. FURMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of William S. Furman, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1913, the said William S. Furman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

February, 25th, 1913.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Permanent Country Home
$6,500
9 rooms, bath, steam heat, all improvements, on large plot; newly built; less than hour from Broadway. Easy terms to prompt buyers.
OPPORTUNITY, P. O. Box 150.
New York City.

LITTLE FARMS MONEY
Between Metuchen and Perth Amboy; 40 minutes from New York; near Penn. & Lehigh Valley R. R. station. 10,000 square feet of good, productive soil, suitable for chicken farms. Retail or wholesale price of $190 on easy terms. Write for free tickets to inspect these farms. HARRIS, Suite 116, 25 Dey St., N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The Adlon
S. W. Cor. 54th St. & 7th Av.
New 14 Story
Housekeeping Apartments
NOW COMPLETED.
Suites of
3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms
Large foyer and reception hall.
References of the highest character absolutely indispensable.
Supt. on premises, or
Adlon Construction Company,
501 Fifth Ave.

Kitchenette Apartments,
two rooms and bath, thoroughly up to date; best residential section; $55; strict references required. Apply on premises.
105 West 77th St.
SAMUEL H. MARTIN, 1,974 Broadway.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof
43 to 51 E. 58th, 480 Park Ave., 6 & 7 rooms, 3 baths. All night elev., standard service. $1,100-$1,500.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

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HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS
4-5-6 ROOMS
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, TELEPHONE, SHOWER BATHS, PARQUET FLOORING, &C.
Rents $25 To $45
Inquire
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2 Blocks east of Simpson St. Sub. Station, or
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Highest, dryest, and finest residential section.
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2 families on a floor; all up-to-date improvements; 5 and 6 rooms.
Tremont Av. and
Grand Boulevard & Concourse.
180th St. crosstown cars connecting Subways pass door.
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LOW RENTS—NEW BUILDING—JUST COMPLETED
3-Room-Apartments $11 4-Rooms-& Bath $14 & $15
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BETWEEN 7th & 8th AVES. ASTORIA
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Parlor Bedroom and bath, handsomely furnished; southern exposure; large closets; concessions to permanent guests. Restaurant a la Carte. Hotel San Rafael, 65 West 45th St.

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At 307 5th Avenue,
From 1st May; spacious show and salesrooms, 2d floor, nearly 28x132 ft., and part of cellar, with elevator. Also, from April 1st, entire 4th floor, fitted for sales or living rooms. Apply to Superintendent, or
C. H. Bachem, Agt.
35 NASSAU ST.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Pages 22 and 23.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING.

Notice is hereby given that a public hearing upon the proposed terms and conditions of the proposed certificate to the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for laying additional tracks on, above or contiguous to portions of the route or routes of the Second Avenue, Third Avenue, and Ninth Avenue Elevated Railroads of the Manhattan Railway Company, will be held at the office of the Public Service Commission for the First District, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 15th day of March, 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. The said additional tracks may be described as follows:

Upon the Second Avenue Line additional tracks as follows: A third track from Chatham Square, through Division Street to Allen Street; thence through Allen Street and 1st Avenue to 23d Street; thence through 23d Street to 2d Avenue; thence through 2d Avenue to the Harlem River. North of 125th Street station there may also be a fourth track. Between 51st and 60th Streets a third and fourth additional track may be laid on the existing structure for the purpose of providing a connection over the Queensboro Bridge.

Upon the Third Avenue Line additional tracks as follows: A third and fourth track from the intersection of Pearl Street and Franklin Square through the New Bowery and the Bowery to Canal Street, and a fifth track on the Bowery, between Chatham Square and Canal Street; a third track from a point at or near Canal Street through the Bowery and 3d Avenue to 129th Street, and through 129th Street to 2d Avenue; thence two additional tracks over the Harlem River and through private property, crossing public streets, from the Harlem River to the intersection of 3d Avenue and 145th Street, and a fifth track between 138th Street and 142d Street, with the right to build a third track from the intersection of 145th Street and 3d Avenue, through 3d Avenue to Pelham Avenue. A fourth track may be added between 120th Street and 129th Street. Also a third and fourth track from the City Hall station at Brooklyn Bridge, through Park Row and Chatham Square to a connection with the Second Avenue Line at Chatham Square.

Upon the Ninth Avenue Line additional tracks as follows: A third track from a point at or near Battery Place and Greenwich Street through Greenwich Street, 9th Avenue and Columbus Avenue to 109th Street; thence through private property, 110th Street and 8th Avenue; thence through 8th Avenue to the Harlem River.

Copies of the draft of the said proposed certificate may be obtained at the said office of the said Public Service Commission for 25 cents each.

New York, February 28, 1913.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT,

By EDWARD E. McCALL, Chairman.

TRAVIS H. WHITNEY, Secretary.

STATE OF NEW YORK, PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, SECOND DISTRICT.

Albany, February 27, 1913.

A petition having been presented to this Commission by The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, Rome, Watertown, and Ogdensburg Railroad Company, The Utica and Black River Railroad Company, Oswego and Rome Railroad Company, Carthage, Watertown and Sackets Harbor Railroad Company, The Niagara Falls Branch Railroad Company, and Little Falls and Dolgeville Railroad Company, under section 140, and following sections of the Railroad Law, for permission and approval of this Commission to the consolidation of said Companies and railroads into a single company and railroad, to-wit, The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company and railroad:

Notice is hereby given that a public hearing on said petition will be held by this Commission at Room 210 (Tower) Metropolitan Building, No. 1 Madison Avenue, New York City, on Saturday, March 8th, 1913, at 10 o'clock A. M.

By the Commission,

J. S. KENNEDY, Secretary.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Another Private Dwelling Site Purchased in the Carnegie Hill Section—Coe Estate Increases West Side Holdings—Investors Buying Tenement Property —Bronx and Brooklyn Deals.

Residential plots on upper Fifth Avenue continue to be in active demand and another sale yesterday in the Carnegie section shows the steady movement to that locality for high class private homes. The 75-foot plot at 11 to 15 East Ninety-sixth Street has been sold by Francis K. Pendleton on behalf of Isaac Clothier of Philadelphia. The buyer, according to the broker in the transaction, Francis de R. Wissmann, is a prominent resident of this city who intends to erect on the site two large houses, one for his own occupancy and the other for a member of his family. By this sale all of Mr. Clothier's former large holdings on the north side of Ninety-sixth Street have been transferred to other hands.

The 35-foot plot adjoining on the west the plot just sold was purchased a few days ago by Mr. Wissmann, who will improve it with a dwelling. In Ninety-fifth Street recent purchasers of vacant plots for residential improvement include Ernesto G. Fabbri, Mrs. Amory Carhart, while on Fifth Avenue, near by, are the future home sites of Justice Cerard, Miss Helen O. Brice, and Willard D. Straight.

Two West Side Apartment Deals.

The Coe estate has increased its holdings on the upper West Side by the purchase of the two seven-story elevator apartments, with stores, at the southwest corner of Broadway and Ninety-third street. The property is known as 2491 to 2495 Broadway, and was acquired by the seller, J. M. Donovan, about seven years ago, and has a frontage of 75.8 feet on Broadway and 100 feet on Ninety-third Street.

Another transaction in the same vicinity involved the sale by the North Holding Company, (Mulliken & Moeller) of the six-story elevator apartment house, known as the Arleigh, at 616 to 620 West 115th Street, on plot 75x100.11, between Broadway and Riverside Drive. The purchaser gave out-of-town property in part payment.

Italian Club in Forty-eighth Street.

The Italian National Club of which P. Grassi is President, has taken a ten years' lease on the two old houses at 117 and 119 West Forty-eighth Street, near Sixth Avenue. The lease carries with it an option to buy. Extensive alterations, costing $40,000, are to be made by the architects, Ogden, Pryor & Day, and when completed the Italian Club will move into its new home from its present used quarters at 11 East Forty-fourth Street.

Investors Buying Tenements.

The six-story new law tenement, 612 West 135th Street, on a plot 38.9 by 100, has been sold by Nels Gross to Louis J. Meader for investment. John H. Lawrence was the broker in the transaction.

The estate of Julia K. Barry sold to an investing client of J. R. & O. L. Foley, the five-story tenement, 279 East Houston Street, on a lot 25 by 102.3.

Crist & Herrick have sold for Mr. H. C. Gissel, the five-story double tenement house, 251 West Eighteenth Street, to a client for investment.

Bronx Borough.

An investing client of Edward Polak has purchased from the Mandell Construction Company, the five and one-half-story flat, with stores, northwest corner of Clay Avenue and 173d Street, 49 by 100. The purchaser gave in part payment four three-family houses, 180-182-184 East 206th Street, and 161 East 206th Street, Bedford Park. The same brokers also sold, for John R. Peterson, lot 68, Swinton Street, Waring estate, Throgg's Neck.

W. E. & W. I. Brown, Inc., have sold for a client, a plot 100 by 100 on the north side of Bush Street, 100 feet west of Anthony Avenue, to a builder for improvement.

Paul Bultman has sold for a client to an investor, 449 East 146th Street, a five-story tenement house, on a lot 25 by 100.

A. Blumenthal sold for the One Hundred and Seventy-fourth Street Construction Company the plot, 66.9 by 100, at the southwest corner of Tinton Avenue and 166th Street, to Ferdinand Cioffi, who will erect a five-story apartment house.

Sophie Levy has sold 1,476 Vyse Avenue, a four-story brick flat, on a lot 25 by 100, to an investor, who gave in part payment the lease of a four-story building and store, known as 1,808 Park Avenue, Manhattan. Paul Bultman & N. Lopard were the brokers.

Brooklyn.

The Realty Associates have sold, in the West Borough Park section, 4,902 Eleventh Avenue, corner of Forty-ninth Street, a two-story limestone, two-family dwelling, to Katharine Mundy; 4,916 Eleventh Avenue, a two-story limestone, two-family dwelling, to John B. D'Alessio; 1,160 Fifty-fourth Street, a two-story tapestry brick one-family dwelling, to Edward C. Balcke.

In the Flatbush section, 330 East Twenty-fifth Street, a two-story limestone, one-family dwelling, to Marshall E. Munrow; 314 East Twenty-fifth Street, to Edward Hamison; 372 East Twenty-fifth Street, to Nettie R. Thompson, and plot 100 by 90, on the northwest corner of East Twenty-fifth Street and Avenue D, to Goell Construction Company, for immediate improvement with five two-story and cellar, one-family dwellings.

B. J. Sforza has sold for William Lieb, a plot 40 by 100 on the southeast corner of Fourteenth Avenue and Sixtieth Street. The property will be improved immediately with a four-story steam-heated apartment house.

John McCabe reports the sale of the southeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Fifty-first Street, a three-story and store building, to a client for investment.

The Kings & Westchester Land Company has sold to Harry Balfe, 1,034 St. John's Place, a three-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 17 by 140, about 183 feet east of Brooklyn Avenue.

Long Island.

The Windsor Land & Improvement Co. has sold at Hempstead, to P. Connolly a plot 40 by 100 on Botsford Street, to N. Held a plot 60 by 100 on Windsor and Hempstead Parkways; to J. Murray, a plot 40 by 100 on Nassau Parkway; to M. Flynn, a plot 40 by 100 on Frazier Street; to M. Keating and J. Coby, a plot 140 by 119 on Oceanside Avenue; to B. O'Connor, a plot 40 by 100 on Weir Street; to N. McHugh, a plot 40 by 100 on Aspen Street.

Recent Buyers.

Samuel Levine is the buyer of No. 12 Lewis Street, reported recently.

The New York Real Estate Security Co. is the purchaser of the seven-story apartment house, 99.11 by 35, at the southeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 141st Street. Sold by Maud T. Lavigne.

$500,000 in Broadway Leases.

Leopold Weil and Adolph Meyer have leased to Weber & Heilbroner for the Crosstown Realty Co. the store, No. 1363 Broadway, also for the same owners to John R. Thompson of Chicago, Ill., the store, No. 1365 Broadway, and to Harry Raphael the store, No. 1355 Broadway. The stores are located in the rebuilt Hotel Marlborough, which has been renamed the Marlborough-Blenheim. The leases are for long terms and the total rental being about $500,000.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES AT PREVAILING RATES.

F. R. WOOD, W. H. DOLSON CO.

MAIN OFFICE, COR. BROADWAY & 80TH ST.

BRANCH, 20 LIBERTY ST.

4% and 5%
MORTGAGE MONEY
H·H·HAZELTON & C·R·LEVY
55 LIBERTY ST.

Realty Notes.

Gronenberg and Leuchtag are preparing plans for one five-story and cellar apartment house for the Filrose Construction, to be erected on a lot 63 by 99.11, located on the south side of West 152d Street, 140 feet east of Riverside Drive. The building will cost $70,000.

G. Carlucci & Co. have secured a first mortgage of $3,500 at five per cent. for five years from The Lawyers' Title Insurance & Trust Co. on the six-story tenement, 156-158 Sullivan Street, New York City.

The New York Central Railroad has increased its realty holdings adjacent to its west side freight terminal by the purchase from Rebecca S. Mills of eighteen lots on Eleventh and Twelfth Avenues and Thirty-fourth Street.

The Charles F. Noyes Co. has procured an $18,000 mortgage covering property 12-14 Coenties Slip.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

125th St, 213 to 223 East, n s, 155 ft e of 3d Av, 100x99.11, six three-story tenements; foreclosure, withdrawn.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Jumel Terrace, 18, w s, 98 ft s of 162d St, 17.6x100, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. C. Thomson, $12,500.

AT 3,208 3D AV.

By Joseph P. Day.

Burke Av, 775, n s, 50 ft e of Wallace Av, 25x100, Wakefield; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, A. L. Kimberly, $5,000.

Burke Av, 777, n s, 75 ft e of Wallace Av, 25x100, Wakefield; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, A. L. Kimberly, $5,000.

Morris Av, 651 and 653, w s, 58.10 ft s of 152d St, 58.11x100, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Henry Elias Brewing Co., $46,000.

By Henry Brady.

Washington St, s e corner of Starling Av, 53.4x108, Unionport; foreclosure, to Christian Roser, $5,300.

By George Price.

Popham Av, 1,711, w s, 121.4 ft n of 176th St, 25x100, two-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Henrietta Gerken, $6,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

63d St, 231 East, for a two-story storage house, 25x90; L. M. Boardman, 100 Broadway, owner; A. S. Vornay, lessee; E. King, 311 Madison Av, architect; cost, $10,000.

Fort Washington Av, s e corner of 180th St, for a six-story tenement, 100.10x90; Harvey Realty Co., 40 East 22d St, owner; J. C. Cocker, 2,017 5th Av, architect; cost, $150,000.

Broadway, w s, junction Corlear Av and 246th St, one-story frame store, 45x25; Tommasco DeFine, 3,414 Bailey Av, owner; Joseph Ziccardi, 3,360 Cruger Av, architect; cost, $1,000.

Cauldwell Av, w s, 74.77 ft n of Westchester Av, for four six-story brick tenements, 57 and 56x102; Jonas Weil, 547 Beekman St, owner; B. Meyers, 1 Union Square West, architect; cost, $220,000.

Mayflower Av, w s, 75 ft s of William St, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x48; Holby & Holbeck, 1,429 Bryant Av, owners; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Van Nest Railroad Yard, 130 ft w of Bear Swamp Road, for a two-story brick storage house, 75x100; N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co., New Haven, Conn., owners; C. W. Lord, New Haven, Conn., architect; cost, $25,890.

Davis St, n w corner of Leland Av, for a two-story and attic brick dwelling, 34x34; Nicholas Siviglia, 2,122 1st Av, owner; A. P. D. Agostino, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

136th St, n s, 100 ft w of Southern Boulevard, for two five-story brick tenements, 50x93; Joseph Bullesbach, 144th St and Southern Boulevard, owner; Moore & Landseidel, 3d Av and 148th St, architects; cost, $100,000.

Alterations.

(Items under $5,000 omitted.)

73d St, 120 East, to a three-story and basement dwelling; W. Terry, 60 Wall St, owner; J. G. Rogers, 11 East 24th St, architect; cost, $25,000.

Franklin St, n w corner of Washington St, to a three and ten story store, loft, and office building; Fruit Auction Co., premises, owner; F. T. Cornell, 125 East 28th St, architect; cost, $25,000.

69th St, 12 East, to a four-story private dwelling; J. W. Ellsworth, 18 East 58th St, owner; Warren & Wetmore, 16 East 47th St, architect; cost, $25,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, FEB. 28.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 1,333, n w corner of 71st St, 29.4x75; Jacob Fritz to Charles W. Knoche, 207 East 68th St, (mtg $17,000,) Feb. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$1

AV. A, 27; also 2d St, 142, being lot 160, map Jno. J. Astor, in l. 2,030, cp. 467; Max Bierman to M. Goldberg, 60 2d Av, Sept. 21, 1912; attorneys, Rosansky & G., 41 Park Row....$100

BROADWAY, n e corner of 125th St, 99.11x75; Brown Weiss Realties to John B. Simpson, Bolton, Warren County, N. Y., (mtg $125,000,) Feb. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

BRADHURST AV, s e corner of 151st St, 49.11x85; Placid Realty Co. to Flourish Realty Co., 73 East 90th St, (mtg $51,000,) Feb. 28; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

CHRISTOPHER ST, s s, 123 ft w of Bleecker St, 69.6x82.4x69x69.3; Charles I. Weinstein Realty Co. to John Dondero and Maria, his wife, 42 Baxter St, and Andree Corsiglia and Amanuela, his wife, Midvale, N. J., (mtg $63,000,) as tenants by entirety, Feb. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

COMMERCE ST, 9, n s, 21x40; Mary Horler to John J. Bogert, 305 Hewes St, Brooklyn, (mtg $6,000,) Feb. 26; address 153 6th Av....$1

GRAND ST, 59, s s, 22x67; Anna Zimmerman to Alice Fuchs, 553 West 159th St, (mtg $16,000,) Feb. 20....$100

LEXINGTON AV, 1,738, w s, 24.10x100; Edward C. Prescott to Samuel J. Corker, at Fort Lee, N. J., ½ part, (mtg $16,500,) Feb. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

MANHATTAN AV, 403, w s, 18x50; Samson Lachman and another to Reuben E. Fichthorn, 153 East 150th St, Feb. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

MINETTA ST, 4, n s, 22.1x75; Mary E. Bailey and another to Melvin G. Palliser, 472 West End Av or 100 William St, October, 1903...$1

NORTHERN AV, w s, 78 ft n of 181st St, 100.3x171.8x100.2x168; Miami Realty Co. to Trossachs Realty Corp., 40 East 22d St, all liens, Feb. 25; attorneys, Pressinger & M., 60 Wall St....$100

PARK AV, e s, 759 ft n of 97th St, 25.2x100, (foreclosure Jan. 27;) James A. Foley, referee, to Francis K. Pendleton, 7 East 86th St, and William C. Bowers, 31 East 49th St, as trustees of Thomas E. Davis, deceased, Feb. 15; attorneys, Anderson, I. & A., 25 Broad St....$22,000

PLEASANT AV, n e corner of 118th St, 25.5x76; Hy. Brin et al. to August Schaefer, 502 East 118th St, (mtg $20,800,) Feb. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

STANTON ST, 253, s s, 25x60x irregular x75; Fannie Gorodsky to Davis Kowal, 534 Metropolitan Av, Brooklyn, ½ part, (mtg $19,000,) Feb. 27; attorney, B. F. Schwarz, 261 Broadway....$250

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 598 ft s of 123d St, runs e 21x s 34.5 to av x n 40.3 to beginning, gore; West St, 292 and 293, s e corner of Hoboken St, 44x80; West St, 290 and 291, e s, runs s 40x e 100x n 24x w 20x n 16x w 80 to beginning; Murray St, 73, n s, 25x100; 8th Av, s w corner of 123d St, 152.5x50.11x irregular; also property in San Francisco, &c., in California; Alice P. Sullivan to Francis J. Sullivan, her husband, 1,075 Mission St, San Francisco, Cal., all title, Sept. 5, 1911....Gift

ST. NICHOLAS AV, &c., same property, except lands in California; Francis J. Sullivan to Noel and Ada Sullivan and others, 526 Phelan Building, San Francisco, 1-3 part, or 2-3 part of all title, all title, all liens, Aug. 29, 1912; address party of the first part, 1,075 Mission St, San Francisco, Cal....$1

SUFFOLK ST, 169, n w s, 24x100; Edward H. Childs, referee, to Pauline K. Taylor, 226 West 70th St, Feb. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$20,700

5TH AV, 557, e s, 25x100; Daniel H. Morgan to Montrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, (mtg $235,000,) Feb. 28; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Montrose Realty Co. to Daniel H. Morgan, 136 East 11th St, Feb. 28, (mtg $265,000;) attorney same....$100

7TH AV, 2,195, e s, 18.9x75.1, (foreclosure Feb. 25;) William Bernard, referee, to David Fawlowitz, 642 5th St, (mtg $15,000,) Feb. 26; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway..$3,000

9TH AV, s w corner of 216th St., 99.11x100; Sam'l A. Hamel to Simon Sichel, 122 West 121st St, (mtg $14,000 and all liens,) Feb. 28; attorney, Louis S. Marx, 128 Broadway...$100

4TH ST, 74 East, s s, 25x93.1; Walker Marder to Rack Realty Co., 74 Broadway, (mtg $24,000,) Feb. 27; attorneys, Strasbourger, E. & S., 74 Broadway....$1

19TH ST, 244 to 252 West, s s, 97.2x103.3; William W. Astor to Julius B. Fox, 520 Ocean Av, Jersey City, quit claim and correction deed, June 27, 1911; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; William V. Astor to same, quit claim, correction, and confirmation deed, Feb. 15; attorneys, same....$1

27TH ST, 128 East, s s, 98.9x22.3x irregular; Isabel A. Lee, widow of W. T. Lee, and devisee Ellen A. Ahearn, to Lexington Realty Co., 47 Cedar St; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

44TH ST, 307 East, n s, 26.4x100.5; Teobaldo Teutonico and another to Ferdinando Criscuoli and another, 376 Court St, Brooklyn, 1-3 part, (mtg $10,000,) May 1, 1909....$100

44TH ST, n s, 74 ft e of 11th Av, 26x75.3; partition Feb. 19,) Richard M. Henry, Referee, to Rosanna M. Nagle, 167 East 64th St, (mtg $7,000,) Feb. 27; attorneys, Thompson, K. & W., 256 Broadway....$13,000

53D ST, s s, 130 ft e of Madison Av, 18x100.5, (foreclosure Jan. 12, 1912;) Winston H. Hogan, referee, to County Holding Co., 100 Broadway, Feb. 28; attorneys, Merrill & R., 100 Broadway....$60,000

58TH ST, n s, 21.5x100.5; 58th St, n s, 417.10 ft w of 8th Av, 21.5x100.5; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. and Joseph Berger, executors of John J. Clancy, to Thomas W. Hardy, 375 East 8th St, Brooklyn, Feb. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$61,000

78TH ST, 256 West, s s, 17x102.2; Kate L. Gilbert to Kate G. Hayward, Patchogue, L. I.; all liens, Nov. 25, 1908; attorney, Everett J. Esselstyn, 2 Rector St....$1

83D ST, s w corner of Park Av, 90x102.2; Leo. S. & Alex. M. Bing to Benj. Stern, 59 West 55th St, (mtg $500,000,) Feb. 26; attorney, Title Guaranty Company, 176 Broadway....$100

84TH ST, 51 East, n s, 25x102.2; Anson W. Hard to Loyola School, 65 East 83d St; c. a. g., Feb. 25; attorney, Jos. H. Fargis, 37 Liberty St....$100

84TH ST, 59 East, n s, 25x102.2; (mtg $21,000;) 85th St, s s, 166.8 ft west of Park Av, 33.4x102.2; 85th St, s s, 133.4 ft west of Park Av, 33.4x102.2; Jno. P. Buderus to Loyola School, 65 East 83d St, b. & s. & c. a. g.; Feb. 20; attorney, Jos. H. Fargis, 37 Liberty St....$100

85TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Madison Av, 25x102.2, (mtg $20,000;) 84th St, 53 and 55, n s, 50x204.4 to s s 85th St, 53 and 55, (mtg $25,000;) John J. Deery to Loyola School, Inc., 65 East 83d St, B. and S., C. A. G., Feb. 19; attorney, J. H. Fargis, 37 Liberty St....$100

90TH ST, s s, 226.6 ft w of Columbus Av, 53x100.8; William Livingston to John M. Hain, 511 West 29th St, (mtg $47,500,) Feb. 28; attorneys, Amend & A., 1,119 Nassau St.$100

92D ST, 164 West, 15.6x100.8; Peter D. Strauch to Central Baptist Church, 651 Amsterdam Av, (mtg $12,000,) Feb. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$1

111TH ST, 63-67 East, n s, 46.9x100.11; Walter M. Keck, trustee, to Gertrude Weber, 208 West 88th St, and Elizabeth Lipshutz, 505 West 134th St, B. & S., Feb. 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

117TH ST, 420 East, 16.8x100.11; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Nicola Mannino and another, 327 East 113th St, Feb. 27; attorney Jacob I. Berman, 346 Broadway....$100

SAME to Santo Giacini, 423 East 117th St, Feb. 27; attorney same....$100

124TH ST, 244 West, s s, 25.3x100.11; John Danenhauer to Philip Bernhardt, 1,822 Avenue H, Brooklyn, (mtg $15,000,) Feb. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$100

123D ST, s s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 66.10x100.11; Philip Bernhardt to John Danenhauer, 62 West 69th St, (mtg $65,000,) Feb. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

140TH ST, 55 West, n s, 41.8x90.11; Moses D. Frank to Louis Block, 78 East 96th St, (mtg $40,000,) Feb. 27; attorney, Abr. A. Silberberg, 258 Broadway....$100

142D ST, n s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 100x99.11; George A. Turley to New York Real Estate Security Co., 42 Broadway, (mtg $153,000,) Feb. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$1

Bronx.

BAINBRIDGE AV, w s, 71.8 ft s of 194th St, 80x86.4; Elkan Kahn to Michael Ripp, 448 East 136th St, Feb. 27, (mtg $27,400;) attorneys, Davis & D., 51 Chambers St....$1

COLLEGE AV, s w corner of 143d St, 25x100; William J. Law and another, executors, to William H. Kroepke, 383 College Av, (mtg $3,000,) Feb. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000

GLEBE ST, s e corner of Grace Av, 26x106.9; John A. McGreety, referee, to Lena Faith, 2,152 Westchester Av, Feb. 28; attorney, J. H. Hildreth, 3d Av and 148th St....$1,000

HUGHES AV, s e corner of 188th St, 45x87.6; Samuel Prensky to Teresa Marucci, 88 Mulberry St, (mtg $32,500,) Jan. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LOT 975A, map of Laconia Park, 27.2x97.9; Arthur J. Mace and another, executors, to Louis Cohen, at Barren Island, L. I., Jan. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$615

LOTS 16 to 19, map of Neill estate; Franklin Leonard, Jr., referee, to Mary A. Langbein, 505 East 175th St, Dec. 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$13,475

LYON AV, n s, 30 ft w of Parker Av, 25x100; Phenix Ingraham, referee, to Mabel A. Pragnell, 819 Ritter Place, Feb. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$5,150

LYON AV, s s, 25 ft e of Glover St, 25x100; Edward T. Hayes to Pauline T. Wienecke, 2,216 Newbold Av, Feb. 27, (mtg $5,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

MARION AV, s e s, 107 ft s w of 193d St, 25x98; Jerry M. Carey to John H. Carey, 235 East 198th St, Feb. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

NELSON AV, n e corner of 166th St, 75.2x101.1; James L. Van Sant to Woodycrest Methodist Episcopal Church, 1,074 Ogden Av, (mtg $5,000,) Feb. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$14,000

TINTON AV, s w corner of 166th St, 100x66.9; 174th St Construction Co. to Ferdinando Cioffi, 1,116 Intervale Av, (mtg $10,000,) Feb. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WESTCHESTER AV, w s, 120.4 ft s of Bryant St, 150x—; Charlotte F. Trowbridge to Board of Managers of the Diocesan Missionary and Church Extension Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Diocese of New York, 416 Lafayette St, Feb. 27, (mtg $6,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$85,000

3D AV, 4,001 and 4,003, w s, 50x128.8; Philip E. Hendrick, Jr., to George H. Pratt, Norwich, Conn., Feb. 17; attorney, Herman Herst, Jr., 220 Broadway....$100

3D AV, w s, 201.9 ft n of 173d St, 50.1x131.8; same to same, Feb. 17; attorney, same....$100

3D AV, 2,422, e s, 25.11x126.5; George W. Gaffney to Joseph C. Sequine, New Brighton, S. I., Jan. 25, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, M. Lessler, 31 Nassau St....$1

135TH ST, s s, 725 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 125x—; John B. Simpson to Brown-Weiss Realties Corporation, 63 Park Row, Feb. 28, (mtg $38,000;) attorneys, Marks & M., 61 Park Row....$100

136TH ST, 448 East, 25x100; Michael Ripp to Elkan Kahn, 1,018 East 163d St, (mtg $6,000,) Feb. 27; attorneys, Davis & D., 51 Chambers St....$100

146TH ST, n s, 161.11 ft w of Morris Av, 16.8x100; Robert O. Huson to Ottilie Polak, 137 West 110th St, (mtg $9,000,) Feb. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

215TH ST, n s, 352 ft w of 4th Av, 48xirreg x 108x164; Roy M. Robinson, referee, to Michael Brennan, a corporation, 649 East 220th St, Feb. 27; Attorney, J. R. Halsey, 141 Broadway....$5,600

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, 129, w s, 25x87.6; Harris Schwartz to Joseph H. Schwartz, 920 Avenue St. John, Feb. 24, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Manheim & M., 302 Broadway....$3,000

AUDUBON AV, s e corner 166th St, 34.11x95; American Exchange Realty Co. to Emigrant Independent Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Feb. 28, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$38,000

AVENUE A, 1,333, n w corner of 71st St, 29.4x75; Charles W. Knoche to Jacob Fritz, 1,419 Clinton Av, Feb. 27, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$6,000

COMMERCE ST, 9, n s, 21x40; John J. Bogert to Mary Horler, 305 Hewes St, Brooklyn, Feb. 26, 3 years....$6,000

MADISON AV, s e corner 25th St, 74x—; Musgrave Realty Co. to Carl Vietor et al., 56 East 56th St, prior mtg $1,500,000, due as per bond, Feb. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$300,000

MANHATTAN AV, 403, 18x50; Reuben E. Fichthorn to Nellie T. McCafferty, 243 East 116th St, Feb. 28, 5 years; attorneys, Arnold, B. & B., 115 Broadway....$6,000

PARK AV, s w corner of 83d St, 102.2x90; Benjamin Stern to Leo S. Bing and another, 2,120 Broadway, Feb. 28, prior mtg $500,000, due May 2, 1917, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway....$100,000

SUFFOLK ST, 169, w s, 24x100; Pauline K. Taylor to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Feb. 28, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$18,000

WEST ST, 224; Daniel F. Connelly to August Toebelmann, 224 West St, Feb. 26, prior mtg $10,500, due as per bond; attorney, George F. Kaiser, 100 William Street....$4,000

1ST AV, 1,714, e s, 25.1x81; Mortimer Realty Co to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, Feb. 27, due as per bond..$14,500

5TH AV, 557, e s, 25x100; Montrose Realty Co. to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway, prior mtg $235,000, Feb. 28, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$30,000

10TH ST, 121 East, n s, 25x94.7; John Ruff to Frederic de P. Foster and another, trustees, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., Feb. 27, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; address 44 Wall St....$28,000

33D ST, n s, 138.4 ft e of 11th Av, 240.7x—; Louise M. White to Lucy D. Rice, West Worcester, Mass., prior mtg $105,000; instalments, Feb. 1; attorney, G. C. White, 556 West 34th St....$10,000

58TH ST, n s, 439.3 ft w of 8th Av, 21.5x100.5; 58th St, n s, 417.10 ft w of 8th Av, 21.5x100.5; Thomas W. Henry to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co, 22 William St, and another, executors, Feb. 26, 3 years; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place..$48,800

69TH ST, 231 and 233 East, 50x100.5; Isaac Specter to F. M. B. Realty Co., Inc., 144 West 125th St; prior mtg $47,500, due as per bond, Feb. 18; attorneys, Franan & L., 55 Liberty St....$4,000

90TH ST, s s, 226.6 ft w of Columbus Av, 26.6x100.8; John M. Hain to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Feb. 28, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St....$10,000

104TH ST, 48 East, 25x100.11; Casper D. P. Schnoor to Solomon Lehmaier, 63 East 105th St, Feb. 28, due as per bond; attorney, Albert Erdman, 35 Nassau St....$5,000

111TH ST, 63-67 East, 46.9x100.11; Gertrude Weber and another to Walter M. Keck, trustee, East Orange, N. J., Feb. 28, 5 years; attorneys, Creevey & R., 60 Wall St....$42,000

117TH ST, 420 East, 16.8x100; Nicola Mannino to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Feb. 28, due March 1, 1918; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$5,800

117TH ST, 422 East, 16.8x100.11; Santo Giancini to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Feb. 28, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$5,500

124TH ST, 244 West, s s, 25x100.11; Philip Bernhardt to John Danenhauer, 62 West 69th St, Feb. 27, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$15,000

140TH ST, 55 West, 41.8x99.11; Louis Block to Moses D. Frank, 1 West 72d St, Feb. 28, prior mtg $40,000, due as per bond; attorney, Bernard Naumberg, 32 Broadway....$3,000

142D ST, 605 to 609 West, 100x99.11; New York Real Estate Security Co. to New York Trust Co., trustee, 26 Broad St, prior mtg $153,000, Feb. 28; due as per mtg record Dec. 17, 1908; supplemental to mtg recorded Dec. 17, 1908; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

142D ST, 307 West, 25x99.11; Alvina Fontham to Elizabeth McVeigh, Newark, N. J., Feb. 28, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, James T. Brady, 280 Broadway....$4,000

Bronx.

AMUNDSON AV, w s, 250 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; Signhild Hayman to East Chester Savings Bank, Mount Vernon, N. Y., 3 years, 6 p. c., Feb. 28; attorney, J. M. Bell, 9 South 3d Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y....$3,800

BARRETTO ST, n e corner of Simpson St, 105x50; Sanbar Realty Corporation to Herman Rosenburg, 1,018 East 163d St, Feb. 28, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. H. Mittleman, 44 Cedar St....$9,000

BOSTON AV, s e s, 442 ft n e of Perot St, 24.6x—; Joseph Polsenski to Teachers Co-operative Building and Loan Association, 170 East 60th St, Feb. 28, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Fred C. Leubuscher, 258 Broadway.$5,400

CLAY AV, e s, 223.6 ft n of 174th St, 75x—; Julia E. Hard to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, 1 year, 5½ p. c., Feb. 28; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St....$8,000

COLLEGE AV, s w corner of 143d St, 25x100; William H. Kroepke to Hugo Wegener, 328 East 236th St, Feb. 28, due Jan. 1, 1918; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$6,500

HOE AV, s w corner of Aldus St, 42x111; Eberhardt Realty Co to Herman Rosenberg, Stapleton, S. I., Feb. 5, 4 years; attorney, J. J. Frank, 52 William St....$42,000

LYON AV, n s, 30 ft w of Park Av, 25x100; Mabel A. Pragnell to Mary E. Egner, 319 East 93d St, Feb. 27, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$4,500

NELSON AV, n e corner of 166th St, 75.2x101.1; Woodycrest Methodist Episcopal Church to New York Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, 150 5th Av, Feb. 27, prior mtg $5,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to James L. Van Sant, White Plains, N. Y., prior mtg $10,000, Feb. 24, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,000

TINTON AV, s w corner of 166th St, 100x66.10x100x66.9; Ferdinand Cioffi to Max J. Klein, 22 Mount Morris Park West, prior mtg $10,000, Feb. 27, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lese & C., 35 Nassau St....$1,000

WESTCHESTER AV, w s, 120.4 ft s of Bryant St, 150x—; Board of Managers of the Diocesan Missionary and Church Extension Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Diocese of New York to Charlotte F. Trowbridge, 834 President St, Brooklyn, Feb. 28, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$70,000

156TH ST, s s, 425 ft e of Willis Av, 25x100; Elkan Kahn to Lawyers Mortgage Co, 59 Liberty St, Feb. 27, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$10,500

157TH ST, s s, 1,050 ft e of Home St, 50x100; Hogan & Di Genno Construction Co. to Concourse Improvement Co., 1,150 Clay Av., due Feb. 1, 1914, 6 p. c., Feb. 28; attorney, E. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St....$34,000

156TH ST, 493, n s, 24.11x99.11x23.11x99.11; Franz Schostal to Elizabeth Kippel, 1,822 Crotona Av, prior mtg $17,000, Feb. 3, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, F. W. Hottenroth, 261 Broadway....$2,500

205TH ST, s s, Lots 482-483, map of George F. Hy. B. Opdyke, 52.4x—; David G. Baird to New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, Feb. 28, 3 years, 6 p. c....$15,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

COLUMBUS AV, 55, store and basement; Mahnken Estates to Martin J. Flanagan, 1,789 80th St, 10 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St....$3,000

GREENWICH ST, 812 and 814, all; John W. Ferguson to Victor Typewriter Co., 812 Greenwich St, 5 1-12 years, from Jan. 1, 1913; attorney, J. R. Abney, 27 William St....$11,000

LEXINGTON AV, 742, store, &c.; United Cigar Stores Co. to James J. Tierney, 703 West 78th St, 18 years from Dec. 15, 1915; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway....$9,000

PARK AV, 1,441, store, &c.; Samuel Strasbourger and another, executors, to Michael F. Keogh, 948 Washington Av, 5 2-12 years from March 1, 1913; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway....$1,128

WASHINGTON AV, 2,179 and 2,181, store and bakery; Sophia Gruenstein to Aron Boritz, 1,632 Washington Av, 5 years and 3½ months; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$900

SAME PROPERTY; south store; same to Nathan Landa, 2,179 Washington Av, 3½ years, from Dec. 15, 1912; same attorney..$360

1ST ST, 45 East, store and basement; Philip Mandelman and another to Independent Provision Co, 45 1st St, 6 years, from March 1, 1913; attorney, Leon Bleecker, 31 1st St..$900

2D AV, 1,192 and 1,194, all; John A. Weekes, executor, to Isaac Moritz, 116 East 81st St, 5 years, from May 1, 1913....$1,200

2D ST, 81, third and fourth floors; Philip Hartenstein to Max Schuster, 5 Clinton St, 5 years, from March 1, 1913; attorney, S. H. Sternberg, 176 Rivington St....$900

4TH ST, 197 East, all; Louise Peter to John Biro and another, 197 East 4th St, 6 3-12 years from Jan. 1, 1913; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 132 Nassau St....$2,700

8TH AV, 159, all; John Berry, trustee, to Arthur L. Lawton, East Chester, N. Y., 4 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, E. M. Rabenold, 25 Broad St....$2,760

8TH AV, 152, store and basement; Salo Cohen to Harry Raab, 320 West 18th St, 3 years from May 1, 1912....$960

37TH ST, 9 and 11 East, fifth and sixth lofts; 9 East 37th St Co. to Elite Styles Co., 9 East 37th St, 5 9-12 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, M. S. Hoffman, 35 Nassau St..$6,000

48TH ST, 326 West, all; Hugh R. Healy, Jr., to William E. Falkinburg, Flushing, L. I., 5 years from April 1, 1913; attorney, George Falkenburg, 7,133 Broadway....$1,200

112TH ST, 314 to 316 East, all; Barnet Weinberg to Nicola Grieco, 527 East 117th St, 3 years, from March 1, 1913; attorney, L. Cioffi & Co., 2,149 2d Av....$3,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BELMONT AV, e s, 155.2 ft n of 181st St, 31.1x144; John J. Bentz against Crotona Park Realty Co., owner and contractor....$2,900

BROADWAY, 260th St, Huxley Av & Whalen St, block, &c.; Broadway, Whalen St, Huxley Av and Forster Place, block, &c; Forster Place, n s, whole front between Broadway and Huxley Av, —x—; 260th St, n s, whole front between Huxley Av and Spencer Av, —x—; Timothy F. Dooley against John Whalen, owner and contractor....$138

GREENWICH ST, 712; Mark Strompf against M. L. & C. Ernst, owners; Model Construction Co., Inc., contractor....$280

PARK AV, w s, 71.9 ft n of 188th St, 40x100; John H. Symmers Co. against Henry J. Hemens, owner; William Burr & Co., contractor....$315

PARK AV, s e corner of 153d St, 87.6x54.6; Louis Greenberg against Meyer Friedlander, owner; Reliable Contracting Co. and Kings County Plumbing Co., contractors....$181

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 100 ft s of Tiffany St, 175x155; Whitlock Av, e s, 431 ft s of Tiffany St, 156x90; James McBride Co. against Lockwhit Co., owner and contractor....$4,000

WHITLOCK AV, 832 to 844; Henry Krumgold against Lockwhit Co., owner and contractor....$960

WHITLOCK AV, 864 to 874; Henry Krumgold against Lockwhit Co., owner and contractor....$1,585

WHITLOCK ST, Leggett Av, Cabot St, East River, and 149th St, or Bungay St, (Oak Point freight yard;) North Sand Co. against N Y, N H & H R R Co., owner; William Henderson, William Henderson, Inc., and Mathews & Marshal, contractors....$687

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 100 ft s of Tiffany St, 175x155; Whitlock Av, e s, 431 ft s of Tiffany St, 156x90; Bronx Artificial Stone Works, Inc., against Lockwhit Construction Co., owner; Charles Graham, contractor....$611

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 100 ft s of Tiffany St, 175x125; Thomas C. Edmonds & Co. against Lockwhit Co., owner and contractor...$1,095

6TH AV, 783 and 785; John J. Sullivan against Susie E. Pitchett, Emily E. Burns, and Annie E. De Camp, owners; Burns Restaurant and Hotel Co., contractor, (renewal)....$149

8TH ST, 55 West; Berger Manufacturing Co. against Arlington Estate, Inc., and Rose Judson, owners; Daniel J. De Voe, contractor....$494

37TH ST, 14 East; Gustav B. Geiger against Charles E. Haveland, owner; Mary Wendell, agent, contractor....$47

64TH ST, 174 East; Thornton Brothers against Laura d'O. Roosevelt, owner; Delafield & Co., Inc., contractor....$446

104TH ST, 141 West; Paul K. Miklowitz against Julia, Nellie, and Jennie Muhlfelder, owners; Leonard J. Muhlfelder, owner and contractor....$218

104TH ST, 139 West; Paul Miklowitz against Julia, Nellie, and Jennie Muhlfelder, owners; Leonard J Muhlfelder, owner and contractor....$218

105TH ST, 61 West; Paul Miklowitz against Leonard J. Muhlfelder, owner and contractor....$225

125TH ST, 307 West; Benjamin Bloom against Mary E. Robertson, owner; Thomas J. Kennedy, lessee and contractor....$100

127TH ST, 619 West; Barnett Miller and Samuel Raine against Faultless Construction Co....$415

149TH ST, 440 and 442 East; Harry P. Senft against Bronx 149th St. Realty Co., owner; Cramp & Co., contractor....$215

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIEN.

113TH ST, 62 East; Joseph Rosenstreich against Ralph Garfiel and others, Feb. 17, 1913....$113

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

AMUNDSON AV, w s, 250 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; East Chester Savings Bank loans Signhild Hagman....$3,800

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, e s, 75 ft s of 158th St, 99.1x100; Edgecombe Av or Colonial Parkway, w s, 75 ft s of 153d St if extended, —x100; Joseph Hamerslage loans Strathcona Construction Co....$295,000

VALENTINE AV, e s, 104.8 ft n of 194th St, 409.1x67.6x irregular; City Mortgage Co. loans John J. Tully Co....$160,000

157TH ST, s s, 10,50 ft w of Home Av, 50x100; Concourse Improvement Co. loans Hogan & Digenno Construction Co....$34,000

LIS PENDENS.

LINCOLN AV, s w corner of 136th St, 26.1x99.9; M. Tecla & Co. against Anna M. Mullen, (notice of attachment;) attorneys, Jacoby, Scharps & Raffel.

PARK PLACE, 14 to 18; Edward Davis against Merchants Exchange National Bank and others, (specific performance;) attorneys, Olcott, Gruber, Bonynge & McManus.

PIKE ST, 54; Jonas Weil against Isaac Nagel and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, I. S. Heller.

VANDERBILT AV, s e corner of 160th St, 26.6x73; August Freutel against James C. Corbett and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. P. Hallock.

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 82.1 ft n of 178th St, 27.6x92.1; Edward W. Davis against Anthony H. Werneke and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Odell.

2D AV, 1,996; Augusta Marks against Rosie Price and others, (Partition;) attorney, J. C. Levi.

13TH ST, 537 East; Samuel Weil against Morris Kronovet and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, I. S. Heller.

81ST ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 112.5x102.2; 81st Street Company against S. B. Construction Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Stoddard & Mark.

117TH ST, 235 and 237 East; Charles Strauss against Matilda W. Brower and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Strauss, Reich & Boyer.

119TH ST, 511 East; Anna Boettner against John Gerken and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. W. Osterweis.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

EDWD CORNING PRES. CHAS F. BERGER C.E. V. PRES.
EDWARD CORNING CO.
BUILDERS
100 W'M. ST. NEW YORK

REDUCE PLUMBING BILLS
LET US SHOW YOU HOW
THE SOLE PLUMBING INSPECTION SYSTEM
182 PARK AVE. 'Phone Harlem 360

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BUSINESS ESTABLISHED JULY, 1847
BRYAN L. KENNELLY
REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER.
BROKER AND APPRAISER.
156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Telephone Cortlandt 1547.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Joseph P. Day
REAL ESTATE.
31 Nassau Street.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

6-STORY FLAT
30-family. Rent $6,900. Price $60,000. Mortgage $40,000. To exchange for Bronx lots.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
149th St. & Third Avenue.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Lovely Home
AT COST—PRICE $5,000
$100 Down, Balance Same as Rent.
In the Park Section of Brooklyn; 30 minutes from New York City Hall; 5c. fare on elevated and new subway; perfect house; finely finished, handsomely decorated, on a beautiful boulevard; 7 rooms, tiled bath and vestibule; parquet floors, hardwood trim, sewer, gas, electricity. Send for photos. Special Manager, 60-A Liberty St., N. Y. Phone 552 Cortlandt.

$100 Down—Get Back $100
In 90 days if you're not absolutely satisfied with this model brick home at $4500—$100 Down—$15 Monthly—pays carrying charges. Move in—make it your home, and if at the end of 90 days you're dissatisfied we'll take back the house and return your money. A bona-fide offer by a reputable firm; this offer expires Mar. 15. Investigate! Sea Beach L (via 5th av.) from Park Row. OTTO SINGER, Inc., 248 Kings Highway, near W. 9th st., Brooklyn.

1-family stone & brick, only $4,675. Subway. Bargain. Postal brings full particulars. The Rapelyea Co., 390 Elderts Lane, Brooklyn. (Grant Ave. Station Kings Co. "L.")

$3,500. Flatbush Gem
$100 down, $27 per month, 1-family cottage, 6 rooms and bath, steam heat, parquet floors; laundry in cellar. C. E. WILLIAMS, 1,945 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HANDSOME HOME ON THE SOUND
Beautiful cottage, 8 rooms; hardwood trim, &c.; strictly up to date; sewer, gas, electricity; also use of dock and club; 25 minutes out; fine shade; $300 cash needed, balance $25 a month, or deed. RABUS, W 102 Times.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

A BARGAIN in BEECHMONT PARK, NEW ROCHELLE.
¾ acre plot; forest trees; beautiful modern home, 11 large rooms, several bathrooms; elegant hardwood floors; gas, electricity, hot water heat; garage and stable. Price under $14,000 for quick sale
O'CONNOR & McCANN,
221 Huguenot St. Tel., 594—New Rochelle, N. Y.

Modern Stucco Dwelling
10 rooms, 2 baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat.
For sale below cost.
Large list houses for rent and for sale.
C. B. ALLEN, 232 Huguenot St. New Rochelle, N. Y.

SHORE FRONT.
Price $19,000. 195 feet frontage on Long Island Sound. Stamford gas, water, electricity, piped into property. Highly restricted community. Beautiful private beach. B. J. G., Room 701, 505 Fifth Ave.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN
BEAUTIFUL HOME
$5,950 BUYS IT; VALUE $7,500.
Will sell on easy terms my beautiful suburban house in Greater New York City, between the Sound and the sea; artistic in design, handsome interior, decorated to suit; hardwood finish; large plot; in beautiful restricted residence park, where every one owns their own home; steam heat, beamed ceilings, parquet floors, spacious concrete cellar, tiled bathroom; water, gas, electricity; large veranda; 28 minutes from Manhattan; very close to trolleys and depot. Call, phone, or write, T. I. McNeece, Room 403, 334 5th Av.
PHONE MADISON SQUARE 8425.

BUILDER GONE BROKE
This is your chance to secure a six-room, with foyer hall, cottage; plot 50x100; only 6 minutes from railroad station at Freeport, with gas, electric light, steam heat, and all improvements, for $3,750; built to sell at $4,500; must sacrifice these 4 cottages to save myself; only $300 cash needed, and $20 per month balance. Write at once, Builder, Box V 205 Times Downtown.

BAYVIEW FREEPORT
$300 CASH.
Fine house, 7 rooms and bath, all improvements; hot water heat; plot 65x150, ONSLOW-MOORE COMPANY'S Development. Have some to let, and one fine corner to exchange. Come out SUNDAY and see SEALY at BAYVIEW AV. & ARCHER ST.

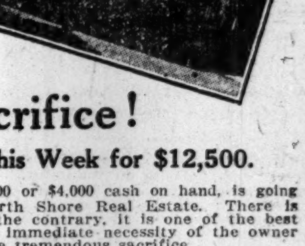
Bungalows Semi-bungalows and pretty English Cottages overlooking the ocean will be built for you at NEPONSIT, L. I.—40 minutes from N. Y. 100 trains a day. Terms to suit. Neponsit is a highly restricted, exclusive residence section. Write to-day for our new booklet of photographic views showing the Beach, the Clubhouse, and many of the handsome residences.
NEPONSIT REALTY CO.,
1 West 34th St., Room 301.

YEAR ROUND COUNTRY HOME
Beautiful, new hollow tile and brick Colonial house; 14 rooms and 4 baths; decorations and hangings complete; located on the high North Shore; 30 minutes out; near station; exclusive neighborhood; all improvements; price $39,000; easy terms; no brokers. Owner, A B 408 Times.

GREAT NECK For Sale or Rent.—New, beautifully finished 10-room house; ½ acre high ground; ¾ mile from station; views of Manhasset Bay and surrounding country.
J. W. JACOBUS, Great Neck Station, N. Y.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Pages 21 and 23.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. **LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.**



A
Slashing Sacrifice!
An $18,000 House to be Sold This Week for $12,500.

Some intelligent, thrifty person, who has $3,500 or $4,000 cash on hand, is going to get the biggest bargain of the year in North Shore Real Estate. There is absolutely nothing wrong with the house. On the contrary, it is one of the best built, most artistic houses of its size. Only the immediate necessity of the owner to sell and the poor season of the year cause the tremendous sacrifice.

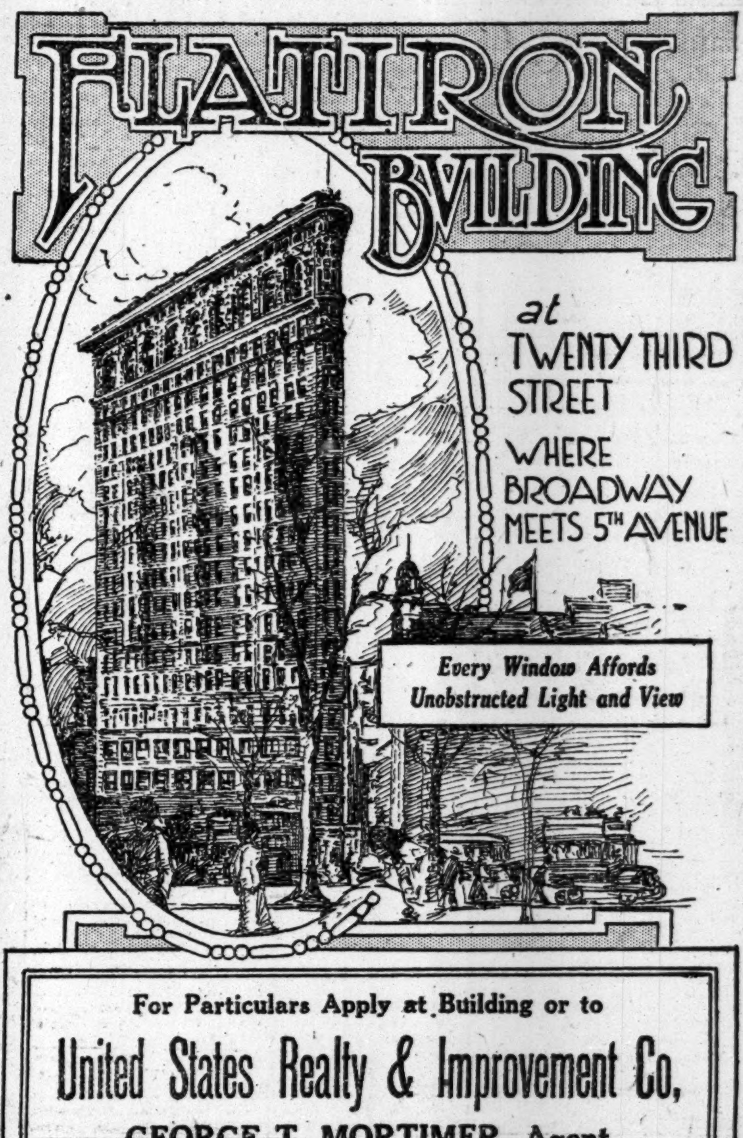
The house is situated 200 feet above Manhasset Bay, and is but a short distance from the Great Neck Station. The views and surroundings are delightful. Fine old trees and appropriate shrubbery surround the house.

The distinctive features are a big colonial hall running directly through the body of the house, large living room with open fire-places, sun parlor and large veranda. In the dining room there is an open fire-place and an ingle nook, also an old-fashioned built-in china closet.

There are 5 bedrooms on the second floor, with provisions on the third floor for two additional rooms. Two baths, all tiled, excellent fixtures, including built-in tubs, especially made electric light fixtures, copper screens, hot water heat, completely decorated, large plot nearly ½ acre.

If you are one of the many persons who have been looking around for a bargain, stop right now and look at this place. The price alone commands it! Telephone 1926 Mad. Sq. this morning and arrange to see the place or write immediately for further detailed description. Box G 45 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. **TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.**


FLATIRON BUILDING
at
TWENTY THIRD STREET
WHERE BROADWAY MEETS 5th AVENUE
Every Window Affords Unobstructed Light and View

For Particulars Apply at Building or to
United States Realty & Improvement Co,
GEORGE T. MORTIMER, Agent
111 Broadway - - - - New York

42d St. Building
S. W. Cor. Madison Av.
THIS office building has a subway entrance inside the building to the present Subway and *Grand Central Depot,* and upon their completion will connect with the *New Subway, Steinway Tunnel and McAdoo Tunnel.* With the surface cars passing this corner, there is no more accessible location in the city.
Offices to rent to approved tenants from April 1, 1913
Renting Office in Building

1475 Broadway
155 West 42d St.
605 Seventh Ave.
all mean the
TIMES BUILDING
Times Square
New York City
If you wanted to use the best known address in America, which one would you use?
OFFICES TO LET
Rental Agent, Room 406, on premises, or Phone 1000 Bryant.

34th Street
Between 5th & 6th Aves.
Three Stores for Rent
Store No. 1
18x80, with 36 ft. fronting on Astor Court. Very high ceiling. Large basement.
Store No. 2
19x100x25 with basement.
Store No. 3
15x100x25 with basement.
Modern Store Fronts Have Been Installed
Apply to
United Stores Realty Co.
44 West 18th St.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts. Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

315 FIFTH AVENUE
S. E. CORNER 32D STREET
EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT OFFICES AND SHOW ROOMS SINGLE OR EN SUITE
Attractive Rentals
MOOYER & MARSTON,
477 FIFTH AVE., COR. 41ST ST.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

Sunlight Building
Lofts
220 West 19th St.
92 foot frontage.
Reasonable Rents.
E. S. Willard & Co.,
45 Pine St.

147 WATER STREET.
EXTRA STRONG BUILDING TO LET.
Five stories and basement; size 25x82; 550 pounds to sq. ft.; electric light and elevator; rent low; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

LOFTS, 60x80.
Light three sides, steam heat, elevator service; will arrange to suit tenant.
COLWELL BUILDING,
LAFAYETTE & WALKER STS.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Pages 20 and 21.

TOP LOFT, 75x100,
3-Story Factory Building.
STEAM HEAT & ELEVATOR SERVICE
LIGHT 3 SIDES, ALSO SKYLIGHTS
LONG LEASE TO DESIRABLE TENANT
COOK SPRING COMPANY,
420 to 424 East 106th St., New York.

NO. 13 WEST 30TH ST.
250 FEET WEST OF 5TH AV.
Large parlor floor store to let, about 2,000 square feet; plate glass show window, steam heat, electric light; also entire second floor.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

BROADWAY STORE,
At 168th St. Subway Station, 4007 Broadway, for high-class business; good opening for cigar, stationery, cleaning, dyeing, laundry, men's furnishing; long lease.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Pages 21 and 23.

Other Automobile Advertisements on Pages 21 and 23.

The New York Times

Censored Want Advertisements

"Only advertisements fit to print."

Legitimate Business Opportunities in the Want Columns of The New York Times are carefully considered by investors who are alive to the possibilities that are presented.

The type used for "Wants" is called agate. By counting six average (seven short) words to the line in small type or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost by consulting the following table:

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Business Notices Automobile Exchange Business Opportunities Lost, Found, Rewards Purchase and Exchange	30c
Public Notices	40c

Real Estate.

Manhattan—For Sale.

BUYERS ONLY.
Boarding house or hotel, 33 rooms, fully furnished, improvements, for sale or exchange; also 3,851 California St., Omaha, Neb., one house, $4,000; improvements. Inquire 1,708 Shore Road, Brooklyn.

$2,000 cash, above a small, first mortgage, will buy brick factory in Manhattan. S. Furst, 80 Nassau St., Brooklyn.

West Side.

A plot, 150x98.9, 29th St., between 9th and 10th Av.; ready for improvement; price $125,000; want offer.
H. V. Mead & Co., 493 8th Av.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Will manage real estate near Freeman St. Subway station, Bronx, to the satisfaction of real estate owners. C. F. Heitmann, 2,482 7th Av., Corner 144th St.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

RYE.—By electric express trains in 41 minutes from Grand Central Station. One block from the Sound. Finest bathing beach. All year round or Summer seashore proposition, suitable for both automobile and boat. Sewers, water and gas. A limited number of cottages and bungalows will be built for June 1st occupancy on small cash payment, balance monthly as rent. The longing for the sea may be satisfied in this highly restricted colony at a minimum of expense. Address J. W. H., 50 Times.

Private Bathing Beach and Dock.—For sale, plot 100x200; magnificent trees; all improvements; exclusive neighborhood; price, $6,500; terms to suit, or will build residence for responsible party from your plans and finance entire purchase; on the Sound, 50 minutes from Grand Central. Frederick P. Jones, 505 5th Av.

SCARSDALE.—One acre, modern house, stable, worth $14,000; will sell for $10,000, $1,500 cash; a real bargain. ANGELL, 507 5th Av.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

To rent, furnished, for season of 1913, modern, up-to-date house, fronting on Port Jefferson Harbor; five master's bedrooms, three baths; private dock and garage. For photos and particulars address Stephen Yates, 243 West 34th St., New York City.

Buy or rent a house from owner and save commission; do it now and have your pick of several new and distinctive places in residential park in centre of Flushing; write for descriptions. Wallace-Appleton Company, Waldheim, Flushing, L. I.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Catskill Mountains.—Four-room bungalow at Haines Falls, N. Y.; for sale or rent. 20 President Place, Kingston, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE at beautiful Hillsdale, in hills Northern Jersey; close to city; excellent train service; near station and school; plot 50x112; parquet floors, tiled bath with shower, white enamel bedrooms, open fireplace, concrete cellar, beam ceiling in dining room; $6,000; easy terms. JOHNSTON, 801 Singer Building.

THE BEST BARGAIN IN EAST ORANGE. Modern residence; fine interior; large rooms; on grand old Halsted St.; 5 minutes Brick Church Station and two trolleys; worth $12,000; will sell for $9,500; part cash. Owner, G 47 Times.

Builder sacrifices new house, six rooms and bath, Hackensack, plot 50x150; improvements; $3,200; $300 cash, $20 monthly, account principal and interest; larger house, $4,500. Box 383 Madison Square.

At Ridgewood.—Complete information regarding commuting farm; village property for sale or rent; ask for illustrated booklet. Fred'k Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

For sale quick, eight-room bungalow on Lake St. Catherine, Vt.; 150 feet lake front, 200 feet deep, and barn 18x36 feet; $2,500. Address for picture and description, M. W. Hicks, Granville, N. Y.

Mortgage Loans.

For sale, choice first mortgages, $3,500-$5,500, 6 per cent.; property worth double. Jenks, 115 Broadway.

To Let for Business Purposes.

IN TIMES SQUARE,
STORE 40x100,
With Part of Basement.
MODERN OFFICE BUILDING,
102-104 West 38th St.,
NEAR BROADWAY AND SIXTH AV.
RENT LOW. Apply on premises.

DESK ROOM IN FINE SUITE OF ENGINEERING OFFICES; TELEPHONE and receiving room; everything first class; modern building; best service; low rent. Suite 1,600, 2 Rector St.

STORE, 61½ EAST 125TH ST.
ON BLOCK WITH N. Y. CENTRAL STATION
Attractive new front.
HUDSON REALTY COMPANY,
115 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY.

Desk Room for Rent.—Commodious office, nicely furnished; all office facilities, including stenographer; $25 monthly. Room 401, Times Building, 42d St.

A rare opportunity for right party to secure desk space; good equipment, excellent service, opportunity for solicitors. Meacham Co., 149 Broadway.

Desk room or private office; furnished, if desired; every convenience and service guaranteed. Fifth Av. Bldg., 200 5th Av., Room 1178.

LOFT, manufacturing or storage; power and elevator services; centrally located. G. B. RAFFETTO, 408 West 13th St.

Light, airy loft for rent at 80 and 82 West 3d St. for light manufacturing and studio purposes. Inquire at 82.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

LOFT TO LET, 25x95; LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES; STEAM HEAT; ELEVATOR. 306 EAST 40TH.

50TH, 51 WEST.—Doctor, dentist; well appointed office parlor floor; use of reception room.

Lofts, 25x100 and 27x63, with power; woodworking allowed. Fagan, 202 West Houston St.

Factory to let, 3-story brick, upper Manhattan; $1,500; cheap. Owner, 2,960 3d Av.

Lofts, 59 and 61 Orchard St., 50 by 87½ feet. Apply E. Ridley, 59 Allen St.

Sublet part of large front office facing Library. B. Shoninger Co., 505 5th Av.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

West Side.

To Sublet.—Six rooms and bath, $65 month; elevator, electric light, and all service. Beecher, 225 West End Av.

Six-room front apartment to sublet at liberal concession from regular rent. Apartment 7B, 419 West 114th St.

Riverside Drive, 550, Alabama Apartments.—Seven rooms; southern exposure; concessions.

Riverside Drive, 550, Alabama Apartments.—Six rooms, overlooking Drive; concessions.

202 WEST 130TH ST.
Seven large, light rooms, bath, $45-$60.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Elevator, front apartment; 6 rooms, bath; $50 a month.

93D, 46 WEST.—Eight very light large rooms, bath $55; station street; park entrance.

20TH ST., 345 WEST.—Floor in private house; four large heated rooms and bath.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Pages 21 and 22.

Real Estate.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Will sublet high-class, unfurnished elevator apartment; 9 rooms, 2 baths; newly decorated. Located on northwest corner of Broadway in the Nineties. Eastern and southern exposure; unusually large, sunny rooms. One block from subway, all trains. Tenant compelled to leave country. Lease running up to Oct. 1st. Apartment ready for occupancy April 1. V 214 Times Downtown.

CORNER SIX ROOMS AND BATH.
101 WEST 70TH STREET.
Electric light and steam heat.
Rents $40 to $45. Apply to
L. J. Phillips & Co., Cor. 72d St. & Col. Av.

202 WEST 78TH STREET.
7 rooms and bath, ground floor, for doctor or dentist; heat, hot water, hall, phone service; $47.50.
Broadway REMCO, 98th Street.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th and Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
SEE APARTMENTS TO LET—FURNISHED.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 407.
Near 100th St., first floor, 7 rooms and bath; elevator house; for doctor or dentist; $65.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

FIVE ROOMS and bath; attractive and high-class; to sublet until October; highest references required. 11 F. Oregon, 162 West 54th St.

301 West 91st St, cor. West End Av.—Attractive apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths, to sublet. Supt. on premises; rental moderate.

TO LEASE.
8 large, sunny rooms; fireproof building; elevator. 133 to 135 West 129th St.

16th, 5 West.—Bachelor apartments, skylight studios, or room and bath; all improvements; references required.

Unfurnished, first-class five-room elevator apartment to sublet; southern exposure; elevator. 701 West 178th St.

Unfurnished apartment to sublet at bargain. Apply 829 West End Av.

East Side.

For Rent—Bachelor apartment, 5 East 45th St.; schedule rent, $1,000 per annum; may be had for unexpired term until Oct. 1 next at considerably reduced rental. Apply premises or Room 1,024 Singer Building.

Two rooms, bath, $45 to $55; full hotel service; greatest offer in New York. 35 East 27th.

Brooklyn.

Park Slope.—Elegant six light rooms, bath, separate toilet, heat, hot water, telephone; $34-$36. Apply 511 6th St., between 7th and 8th Avs.

Four light rooms, steam heat, hot water supply, $24. 299 13th St., Brooklyn.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th and Columbus Av.
Elegantly furnished, also unfurnished
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS,
private bath, kitchenette, 'phone; $25, $30, $40 up monthly; elevator; hotel service if desired. Near "L" and Subway; reference essential. Can inspect evenings. 'Phone 3970 Riverside.

Apartment, five rooms, bath, attractively, completely furnished, southern exposure; three minutes Subway; sublet six months, possibly longer; references; worth investigating. Apartment 7, 515 West 139th.

119TH, 435 WEST, (and Amsterdam.)—Will sacrifice to October high-class three-room kitchenette apartment, opposite Columbia campus, furnished, unfurnished. Moore, evenings.

115th St., 601 West, Apartment 125.—Sublet furnished apartment, 5 rooms and 2 baths; every room overlooking the Hudson River; $150 monthly. Call after 12.

Beautifully appointed apartment, 7 rooms and 2 baths; highest class throughout; immediate possession. Boyle, 916 Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway.

Desirable small and large furnished apartments to rent for 3 months or longer; reasonable; immediate possession and April 1. P 47 Times.

Sublet—2 rooms, bath, south exposure; desirable; one at $50, one at $60; newly decorated; full hotel service. Hotel Ganoga, 35 East 27th.

92d St., 7 West.—Handsomely furnished 8-room elevator apartment; sublet; reasonable; telephone. Inquire Apartment 62.

4 large rooms, bath; fully furnished; hotel service; sublet to June 1. Manhattan Square Hotel, 50 West 77th. Apt. 94.

Large room and private bath, $12 weekly; two-room suite and bath, $16 and $18. Hotel Monticello, 35 West 64th St.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—Four rooms, luxuriously furnished; high-class apartment house; near Riverside Drive.

610 West 113th, near Riverside Drive.—Six rooms, beautifully furnished high class. VAIL.

Handsomely, completely furnished four rooms, bath; elevator, 'phone, &c. 5 West 104th.

To Sublet.—Six rooms and bath; modern apartment. 42 Morningside Drive.

Eight-room furnished apartment, sublet. 223 Riverside Drive.

Business Opportunities

A NEW ENGINEERING SUCCESS.
Fire and sound proof steel concrete buildings, all classes, erected without the use of forms; all reinforcement in floor, roof, or ceiling slabs are connected with the structural steel frame, in a simple and inexpensive manner; thoroughly demonstrated; safe and rapid erection; patents allowed; proposition considered, New York district or Eastern States; either new company, partnership, or exclusive royalty license. Box P 84 Times Uptown.

Excellent Opportunity.—Will sell long term lease and fixtures reasonable; cloak and suit store; Grand, corner Allen St.; cheapest rent in locality; established 10 years; business $50,000 to $60,000 average yearly; profit $10,000; have outgrown locality; will move March 15 to 2 West 14th St. Inquire M. Holtzer, 309 Grand St., New York.

TRENTON, N. J.
A cheap milk business for sale for $2,000; two horses, two milk wagons, two ice boxes, and all the business that belongs to same; 450 quarts for sale a day; $25 house rent, with machinery. 350 Morris Av., Trenton, N. J.

For Sale—Strictly high-class restaurant and furnished apartment business; choice residence neighborhood; permanent all the year round clientele; fine net income; possession immediately; owner retiring. Address Prosperous, X 51 Times.

We are manufacturing and selling a new auto accessory, big and proven field; need party with $10,000 to enlarge business; will give substantial interest; don't answer unless you mean business. Lucrative, X 57 Times Uptown.

French caterer, good clientele, thoroughly familiar with business, desires to run hotel, club, or restaurant on commission basis; will go anywhere; will not consider boarding house. Caterer, Room 607, 1,431 Broadway.

An opportunity offered for live man with $1,000, with or without services; orders on hand; quick money needed; fullest investigation; no agents. X Y Z, 600 Ordway Bldg., Newark, N. J.

YOUNG GENTLEMAN, having $5,000 to invest, desires to enter in business as active partner in going concern; no promotions considered. Box 226 Times, 2 Rector Street.

AGENCIES WANTED FOR CANADA
from Manufacturers or Wholsalers.
Showroom if necessary. Security given.
Address R. M., Box 1,754, Montreal.

Need thousand dollars handle legitimate proposition; big profits within sixty days; no Wall Street scheme; particulars at interview. P 26 Times.

Capital wanted to increase a profitable established business. Write or call Sunday, between 12 and 2 P. M., A. A. Maillett, 604 West 140th St.

I have a complete office and sample room; references; will take agency any reliable business anywhere. Room 203, 25 West 42d St.

INSURANCE MEN DESIRING TO SELL THEIR RENEWALS WRITE V 221 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Want to buy a live confectionery store on busy street. Experienced, V 223 Times Downtown.

Business Notices

GOING WEST. REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH CAR SERVICE
on Household Goods and Automobiles.
BEKINS HOUSEHOLD SHIPPING CO.,
290 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1150 Worth.

ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE REPAIRED AND POLISHED. PARQUET FLOORS A SPECIALTY. CHARLES ROAK, 429 WEST 39TH STREET. TELEPHONE 3626 BRYANT.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

DESKS Some new—others almost as good as new—also chairs, tables, filing cabinets and sectional bookcases; all at prices that will interest you. Office Furniture Trading Co., 4 and 6 White St.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, Multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, Addressograph, partitions. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

All the furniture purchased from a large corporation; roll and flat-top desks, chairs, tables, hat-trees, bookcases, filing cabinets, telephone booths, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 6 Reade St.

DESKS, BUSINESS FURNITURE, bookcases, filing equipments, new and slightly used. Fint Bros., 358 B'way. Phone 50 Franklin.

150 typewriters, costing $100 each new, now $5 and up; 25 drop-leaf typewriter cabinet desks; selling out. 393 Broadway.

$85.00 electric vacuum cleaner, $16.00; perfect condition. 131 West 42d St., Room 202.

Furniture, carpets, china, glassware, 781 Eighth Ave., near Forty-eighth St.

Public Notices

Wanted—A temporary home, within ten miles of New York, for two refined girls, aged 1½ and 2½ years; care and constant attention required. Address, with terms and references, B 25 Times.

Lost

LOST—Diamond pin, fleur de lis design, on Subway express train from Grand Central Station to 14th St., or party walked down 5th Av. from 57th St. to Hotel Manhattan. Finder returning to Hotel Manhattan cashier will receive liberal reward.

LOST—Union Pacific Railroad Company preferred stock certificate No. 30,218, for 100 shares, in the name "B. F. Stauffer." Notice is hereby given to show cause why a duplicate should not be issued. B. F. Stauffer.

LOST.—Thursday morning, Feb. 27, in front of No. 14 West 45th Street, small fur neck piece. Reward, if returned to Needlework Department, Young Women's Christian Association, 14 West 45th Street.

LOST.—Between 42d St. and Pennsylvania Station, a single pearl earring, mounted with diamond at the top. Liberal reward for return to Monroe, Paris & Co., 452 5th Av.

LOST.—Bank Book No. 554,354, Seamen's Bank for Savings, 74-76 Wall Street, New York. Payment stopped and cancellation applied for. Please return to bank.

LOST.—Lady's small gold watch with monogram, between Washington Square and 51st St.; generous reward. Return to Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

LOST.—Brooch; small gold bar pin with garnet surrounded by pearls, in vicinity of St. Luke's Hospital; reward. Anderson, 425 West 114th St.

LOST.—Will finder of crescent diamond pin who phoned Clarke Thursday communicate with Richard A. Cloke, 56 Liberty St. Liberal reward.

LOST.—Gold bracelet, Wednesday evening; initials engraved inside, "V. M. C. A. B."; reward finder. Maurer, 859 Cauldwell Av., Bronx.

LOST—Broad diamond ring, fifteen small, one large diamond with ruby, 141st to 125th, Amsterdam car, or street; reward. 87 Hamilton Place.

LOST.—On Tuesday, silver watch, with fob, between 81st and 93d Sts., on Columbus Av.; reward. Miss Cooke, 4 West 93d St.

LOST.—Half hunting case, lady's gold watch; monogram L. B. V.; reward; return Mrs. S. Prentice, Nyack, N. Y.

LOST—Small purse, containing solitaire diamond ring. Return Clendening Hotel, 202 West 103d St.; reward.

LOST—Large mink muff on Wednesday evening, 114th, near Broadway; reward. 628 West 114th St. Apartment 52.

LOST.—Silver card case, either Knickerbocker Theatre or in front; reward. Fish, 209 West 97th St.

LOST.—Gold bracelet between 71st and 103d. Liberal reward. Mr. Breslin, 171 West 71st.

REWARD $100.—Lost, Thursday, Feb. 27, chamois bag, containing diamond sunburst, rings, &c.; reward will be paid for return of same; no questions asked. Hand, 30 Vesey St.

$100 REWARD
for diamond crescent brooch, lost Feb. 27, between Broadway, 44th and 48th Sts.
TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Found

FOUND.—Friday morning, Feb. 21, in 5th Av. stage, small leather purse containing money; returned on identification. Sayre, 14 West 48th.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests.

47TH, 130 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms, board; phone; near Grand Central; table boarders.

53D ST., 37 EAST.—Room, with board; table board; references.

West Side.

16TH ST., 20-22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well heated; unexcelled board; telephone.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable, large, small rooms; running water; bath; gentlemen; $9-$4.50.

44TH ST., 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068 Bryant.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; private baths; telephones; superior table.

53D, 57 WEST.—Very attractive rooms; private baths; refined surroundings; telephone; superior table; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; references.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Large, small front rooms; southern exposure; private bath; good board; telephone.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly decorated large, small; private bath; electricity; superior table; references.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
Two attractive rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences.

76TH, 237 and 239 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent table.

81ST, 116 WEST.—Large, desirable room; strictly high-class board; satisfactory references necessary.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Large, small room; excellent table; table guests; new management. Schuyler 8510.

81ST ST., 120 WEST.—Refined patrons wanted for table board; very reasonable rates; excellent cuisine. MacDonald.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Warm, well-appointed rooms; southern exposure; first flight. Phone 5326 Schuyler.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Beautifully furnished suite; private bath; suitable two or three; superior table; Jewish.

84TH, 47 WEST.—Magnificent second-story front sunny room; excellent board; parlor dining room.

94TH., 144 WEST.—Desirable rooms; southern exposure; parlor dining; table guests; convenient.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, handsomely furnished front room; southern exposure; bath.

103D, (corner West End, 879.)—Large corner room; all conveniences; splendid cuisine; table guests.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service, good company; references; reasonable; Southerners.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; couple, gentlemen; unusual table. Morningside 8136.

137TH, 602 WEST, (Broadway Subway, Near Riverside.)—High-class accommodations; front room; refined Jewish family; excellent German cooking; elevator apartment.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Large rooms; electricity; with or without private baths; references; table guests.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Desirable, homelike accommodations; business people; first-class table board; reasonable; references.

149TH ST., 552 AND 554 WEST. AUDUBON ANNEX. Two newly furnished houses. Following vacancies:
Two large-size rooms, $10 and $12.
Two medium-size rooms, $9 each.
Two smaller rooms, $8 each.
Add $5 table board each additional person. Prices include first-class meals and services. Parlor dining room; superior accommodations; social surroundings; most beautiful, healthful section. Telephone 2757—Audubon.

ADULT FAMILY having beautifully furnished apartment, Riverside Drive, near 116th Subway, southern exposure, will take refined married couple who desire such accommodations in preference to hotel; references exchanged. C 100 Times.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter residence; elegant, sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; 20 minutes Manhattan; rates 25% lower than New York. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY for couple or gentlemen seeking refined home; references required. 'Phone 5262 River.

WAVERLY PLACE, 103.—Desirable room, with private bath attached and meals, $16 a week.

WOODBURY, 855 Riverside Drive, two blocks north of 157th Subway; beautiful grounds. Audubon 4412.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5.—Heights; aristocratic neighborhood; Subway five minutes Wall St.; trolley every locality Manhattan; River view, apartments; bath, small, large rooms, moderate, high-class board. 905 Main.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; private house; modern conveniences; electric light; telephone.

34TH ST., 56 EAST.—Large, handsomely furnished, clean room with bath; gentleman; $8 per week.

43D ST., 4 EAST.—Front hall bedroom; telephone 8489 Bryant; reference.

57TH ST., 23-25 EAST.—Elegant suites; single, double rooms; $4, $5, $6, $7, $10.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms with and without bath; gentlemen; references.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Sunny suite, suitable doctor's office or studio; furnished, unfurnished; board optional.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

83D ST., 155 EAST.—Sunny large room, adjoining bath; modern improvements; private house; telephone; superior table; suitable for couple or physician.

HOTEL ENNIS, 152-154 EAST 42D ST.—New fireproof hotel, convenient to Subway and all surface lines; every room a good room; hot and cold running water, electric light, telephone, elevator service; ladies' restaurant; first-class cafe. Rates from $1 upward.

OUTSIDE room, use bath, $7 week; for two, $9; room, private bath, $9; hotel service. 35 East 27th St.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; beautiful, large, medium sized rooms; running water; bath; breakfast.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; every convenience; medium-sized rooms; phone.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; two charming rooms for bachelors; modern; transit facilities unsurpassed; references.

12TH ST., 64 WEST.—Two comfortably furnished rooms, adjoining bath; southern exposure; rates reasonable; telephone; must be seen to be appreciated. Bergmann.

39TH ST, 39 WEST.—Large and small rooms; all conveniences; telephone; also parlors; straight lease.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with or without private bath; all conveniences.

46TH ST., 136 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms for couple; board optional; all conveniences; respectable; telephone.

50TH ST., 70 WEST.—Two rooms, private bath, $8; hall rooms; steam heat; telephone, Subway.

52D ST., 244 WEST.—House, newly renovated; cheerful, homelike; near Broadway; reasonable; references required.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large room; private bath; gentlemen only; reference.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large room; private bath; gentlemen only; reference.

56TH ST., 207 WEST.—Large room, modern apartment; refined home, right party. Apartment 2 east.

57TH ST., 364 WEST.—Large, well furnished rooms, suitable for two; private baths.

64TH ST., 35 WEST.—Bachelor rooms, connecting bath; steam, phone, elevator service; $8, $9 weekly.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, absolutely private; unrivaled service; hot and cold water in every room; breakfast optional.

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Attractive rooms; all conveniences; refined, quiet house; breakfast optional.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Unexcelled appointments; parlor floor; suites with private bath; large single rooms.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Large second-story front room; private bath; hot water supply; references.

71ST ST., 165 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, decorated, large, small rooms; furnishings new, up to date; immaculately clean; cozy home for refined people only; Subway around corner; conveniences; telephone.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive, single room; near bath; refined surroundings; references.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Desirable single room; gentleman; reference; reasonable.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large front room, twin beds; private house; all conveniences; phone.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful small front room, southern exposure; gentlemen only; near Subway; reasonable.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors; large, handsome rooms; select, private house; all modern conveniences; references.

80TH ST., 161 WEST.—Singular, parlor suite; steam, phone; convenient Subway, "L." Josephs.

80TH ST., 135 WEST.—Large room; hot water; convenient; $5 per week. 'Phone 9759 Schuyler.

81ST ST., 159 WEST.—Desirable, nicely furnished large room; running water; southern exposure.

82D ST., 27 WEST.—Attractive rooms, all conveniences; refined, quiet house; breakfast optional; references.

82D ST., 114 WEST.—Comfortable, large front room; doctor's residence; nicely furnished; large closets. REFERENCE.

82D ST., 134 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; sunny second floor rooms; single or connected; private bath.

84TH ST., 14 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; second floor; southern exposure; refined surroundings; telephone.

84TH ST., 29 WEST.—Sunny outside room; modern apartment; moderate; refined family; 'phone. Ochs.

84TH, 250 WEST.—Very desirable rooms for gentlemen; corner Broadway; near Subway; telephone. Hawkins.

86TH, 306 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms with private bath; breakfast optional; Subway, "L;" references.

88TH ST., 100 WEST.—Nicely furnished parlor and back parlor; no other roomers; quiet and homelike surroundings; references. Apt. 5.

88TH, 103 WEST, ("L," Subway.)—Parlor suite, large, small; piano, phone; housekeeping; reasonable. Ryan.

88TH ST., 181 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; private bath; telephone; select house; also small room.

88TH ST., 101 WEST.—Desirable rooms in refined apartment; board; references. Coleman.

93D ST., 59 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; up to date; handy cars. 'Phone 9874 Riverside.

93D ST., 37 WEST.—Beautiful, large, small rooms; private family; board optional; gentlemen. Apt. 18.

93D ST., 175 WEST.—Newly furnished front parlor, bedroom; other front rooms; steam; telephone.

95TH ST., 255 WEST.—Well furnished, sunny front room, bath, with shower; breakfast optional.

97TH ST., 27 WEST.—Large, cosy, well-kept room; German family of culture; electricity; moderate price.

97TH ST., 115 WEST.—Attractive large front room, three windows, bath adjoining; medium room; telephone.

97TH ST, 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; front room; lavatory; high-class apartment; breakfast optional. Grossman.

97TH ST., (758 West End.)—Attractive, homelike; independent; outside; lavatory; elevator; small private family; gentleman; private.

103D, 128 WEST.—Attractive, sunny room; private house; bath, phone; one block from Broadway; subway, "L" stations; $6.

104TH ST., 222 WEST.—Subway, "L"; attractively furnished room, adjoining bath; gentleman; references. Welles.

106TH, 63 WEST.—Opportunity, business people, married couples; single, double rooms, suites, kitchen privileges; scrupulously clean, comfortable, home-like surroundings; $4 to $7. Lawrence.

110TH, 200 WEST, (Amsterdam.)—Sunny front room; also smaller; elevator; reasonable. Apartment 2 D.

111TH ST., 605 WEST, (Apt. 15.)—Front room, beautifully furnished, overlooking Hudson; all conveniences; private home; reference.

112TH ST., 605 WEST.—Two nice rooms, large and small. Reasonable. Lady or gentleman. Apartment 2.

115TH, 419 WEST.—Light rooms, modern, bath, shower; telephone; elevator; gentlemen. Apartment L.

113TH ST., 622 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Attractive rooms, suite or singly; elevator. Apt. 31.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Bright, attractive, warm room; running water; desirable neighborhood; references. White.

116TH ST., 404 WEST.—Attractive rooms; 1 block Broadway Subway; overlooking Morningside Park; reasonable. Morse.

116TH, 620 WEST, (Apartment 101.)—Select room for gentleman. Morningside 3596.

118TH ST., 418 WEST.—Outside side room, sunshine, $3.50; elevator, telephone, subway; references. Apt. 64.

118TH ST., 414 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Elevator, telephone; single rooms, double, $5.50-$6. Smith.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Corner rooms; all conveniences; telephone; single, en suite, $3, $5. Hungerford.

123D ST., 209 WEST.—Large furnished front room; southern exposure; all improvements; 'phone; "L" Subway.

123D ST., 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Suites, double, single rooms; $3 to $7 each; elevator. Rose.

126TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large, sunny back parlor; clean and all conveniences; private house. Kerpen.

130TH ST., 200 WEST, (7th Av.)—Well furnished, steam heat, bath; private family; reference. Allen.

136TH, 607 WEST.—Large room; all conveniences; congenial surroundings; Subway block; breakfast optional. Heck.

137TH ST., 601 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room; elevator apartment; half a block from Subway. Apt. 41E.

137TH ST., 601 WEST, (Subway block.)—Exceptionally large room; elevator; American Jewish family. Apartment 56.

137TH, 606 WEST, (near Broadway Subway.)—Very desirable front room; elevator, electricity; reasonable. Norbury.

137TH ST., 607 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; near Riverside and Subway; all modern conveniences; scrupulously clean; must be seen to be appreciated. Heck. Apt. 43.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Suite, single rooms; high-class accommodations; subway block. Apt. 22A.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

152D ST., 561 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Large corner room, suitable for two gentlemen; home table; Southern cooking. Phone 4678 Audubon.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME, WITH NONE OF THE WORRIES. SUITE OR SINGLY, WITH OR WITHOUT MEALS. MAGNIFICENT LOCATION, ADJOINING CENTRAL PARK WEST. TELEPHONE EACH ROOM; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE. REFERENCES RIGIDLY DEMANDED. FIRST INSTANCE. P. O. 1718.

FREE INFORMATION.
SAVE TIME, CARFARE, AND ANNOYANCE.
Consult our investigated list superior accommodations; rooms and board; best locations. Leland's, 4 West 33d St. (Established over 25 years.)

GENTLEMAN can have beautiful front room, private residence; West End. X 29 Times.

HANDSOME furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen; references. Telephone 9688 Riverside. Party I.

LARGE, sunny room, vicinity Grant's Tomb; musical institute; Columbia and Barnard Colleges; will rent to lady or couple; references. W 165 Times.

LARGE, sunny bedroom, private family; 76th St., near Central Park; $5. X 30 Times.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 110.—Large room; large closet; reasonable; refined, business woman only; elevator. Grissing.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550.—Alabama Apartments; rooms, singly and en suite; private bath; references.

TWO elegantly furnished rooms, private family, on Broadway; one block from Subway, corner 93d St. Telephone 5064 Riverside.

UNUSUAL SUNNY SUITE.
Every modern improvement. Apt. 16, 237 West 107th St.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Desirable room with private bath attached; $9 per week; service.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful small room; private family; near 91st St. Subway; gentleman; reasonable; reference.

Brooklyn.

PROSPECT PARK SECTION.—Two large connecting rooms; running water; heated; private house; near subway. References; $4-$4.50. 126 Underhill Av.

Help Wanted, Female

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN over 25, capable of earning $30 per week, to travel with and assist experienced woman in the interests of a child's course. Salary and commission. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

BEST & CO.,
Fifth Av. at 35th St.,
require experienced fitters on women's gowns and suits. Apply all week, sixth floor.

CUTTER AND FITTER.
AITKEN, SON & CO. REQUIRE A FIRST-CLASS CUTTER AND FITTER OF CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES. THIS POSITION OFFERS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR A THOROUGHLY CAPABLE WOMAN ACCUSTOMED TO HIGH-CLASS WORK. APPLY BROADWAY AND 18TH ST.

DEMONSTRATOR for department store; good salary, competent person. Loewenstein, 71 Washington Square South.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of a number of
TALL GIRLS,
at the age of 16 or over, to serve as
PARCEL WRAPPERS.
Positively no applications will be considered unless the applicant has her working papers or birth certificate.
Apply Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

LADIES with clear enunciation to play parts in short plays to be given for charitable entertainments. Call Room 200, Studio Hall, 64 East 34th St., Wednesday morning, between 9 and 12, or telephone Audubon 5243.

RIBBON SALESWOMAN.
AITKEN, SON & CO. REQUIRE AN EXPERIENCED SALESWOMAN IN THEIR RIBBON DEPARTMENT. APPLY BROADWAY AND 18TH ST.

SKIRT HELPERS
and drapers wanted. Apply at once, Simcox, 535 5th Av.

WAIST HELPERS
and drapers wanted. Apply at once. Simcox, 535 5th Av.

WANTED—Competent women to call on dry goods, general and department stores to instruct salespeople in handling established line; six months trip; state experience and salary expected. P 57 Times.

WANTED—Expert saleswomen for city; also travel on road to sell and demonstrate toilette prparation; highest salary paid; references required. Call between 10 and 12, Aubry Sisters, 200 West 23d St.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES,
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. Wheat, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

A YOUNG MAN acquainted with leather goods line; honest, trustworthy, city or out of town; commission basis only. Box A-211 Times downtown.

Book Salesmen with experience selling Encyclopaedias and other reference works can secure territory any where in United States or Canada on most favorable terms. Extra good selling proposition. Apply immediately, H. C. Cox, 416 West 13th St., New York City.

EXPERIENCED SHIPPING CLERK in a cloak and suit house; must be thoroughly experienced and furnish best references. W 92 Times.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of several
EXPERIENCED BUSHELMEN
for their
MEN'S ALTERATION WORKROOM.
Apply Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

LIVE YOUNG MEN THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE FOLLOWING LINES, ARE WANTED TO TAKE CHARGE OF SUCH STOCKS. MUST BE FULLY EXPERIENCED, AND CAPABLE OF EARNING GOOD SALARIES. WELL EDUCATED, 30 TO 35 YEARS OF AGE. GENERAL SPORTING GOODS AND PREFERABLY WITH A KNOWLEDGE OF PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS AND SUPPLIES. HARNESS & SADDLERY, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, TOYS, GAMES, AND FANCY GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, AND NOTIONS. BOX X 32 TIMES.

MEN wanted for general factory employment, including lathe workers. Apply Arlington Co., 7 Waverley Place, second floor, 9 A. M.

PRINTING—Salesman and manufacturing man, familiar with all classes of printing and binding. Apply by letter only, Trow Press, 12th St. and 3d Av.

SALESMAN.
AITKEN, SON & CO. REQUIRE AN EXPERIENCED MAN TO SELL HIGH-CLASS SILKS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, AND TRIMMINGS TO DRESSMAKERS THROUGHOUT THE WEST; ONLY THOSE HAVING A PERSONAL ACQUAINTANCE WITH THE TRADE NEED APPLY. BROADWAY AND 18TH ST.

Help Wanted, Male

BUYERS WANTED.

CAPABLE MEN WHO HAVE MADE RECORDS IN MERCHANDISING,

CARPETS AND RUGS.

CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES,

DRESS GOODS, SILKS, AND VELVETS,

FURNITURE AND HOUSEFURNISHINGS GOODS,

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR,

CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

MILLINERY,

MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CAMERAS AND SPORTING GOODS.

MEN WITH MAIL ORDER EXPERIENCE PREFERRED.

APPLY BY LETTER, GIVING FULL PERSONAL AND BUSINESS HISTORY, WITH REFERENCE.

ALL REPLIES TREATED AS CONFIDENTIAL, AND NO REFERENCES CONSULTED UNTIL AFTER FIRST INTERVIEW. UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR STRONG MEN.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES, INC.
(INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK—PAID UP CAPITAL, $1,000,000.)
P. O. BOX 745, NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMEN or business men with clientele for high-class Florida citrus tracts offering rare opportunity for sport, recreation, and investment; attractive commission proposition for part or whole time. Southern Bureau, Marbridge Building.

WANTED—Refined, well-dressed man above 40, but still active, to sell a household necessity to the better class families in or outside of city; to such that qualify we shall prove that they will earn permanently at least $50 per week. Call betwen 3-5 P. M., 58 West 15th St., first floor.

WANTED—An unmarried (white) man to act as valet and to do general housework in bachelor's apartment; one with city references required; admirable place for competent man; state salary expected and where previously employed. G 42 Times.

WANTED.—Translator for Spanish and Italian technical documents; stenographer preferred; state age, experience in full with references and salary expected. Box E Times, 2 Rector St.

WANTED—Competent salesmen to call on dry goods, general, and department stores; six months' trips; salary and expenses; state experience and salary expected. Box P 56 Times.

WANTED—GAS ARC SALESMEN.
Call between 9 and 10, or 4 and 5. Inquire for Mr. Steacy, Municipal Lighting Co., 124 East 15th St., sixth floor.

WANTED.—Intelligent, ambitious boy to start at the bottom in a publishing house; future depends on his own industry and attention to details. Business Book Bureau, 13 Astor Place.

YOUTH wanted in importer's office; must be fine stenographer and typewriter, (Monarch;) one with knowledge of English values preferred. V 226 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

A.—A.—BOOKKEEPER-EXPERIENCED.
Good position for proficient men—if you are. If not proficient, why not get busy. Study.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF ACCOUNTS,
1,133 Broadway. Manhattan's Oldest School. Write for Essay on Efficiency. Also Curriculum. Increase your earning power at once through study of advanced Bookkeeping. Higher studies, or preparation for C. P. A. Degree optional.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES,
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. Wheat, Director.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $55.00.
Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced.
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL,
233 West 54th St., (near Broadway.)
"Founded on Honesty." "Prospers on Merit."

Agents Wanted

Agents to sell Remington typewriters, No 6; rebuilt; guaranteed; price $20. Nathan's, 102 Worth St.

Situations Wanted

Female

DAY'S WORK; competent woman; office cleaning. Hudson Guild, 436 West 27th St. Chelsea 1481.

DRESSMAKER.—Tailored suits, afternoon and evening dresses; reasonable. Mme. Juliette, 126 East 12th St. Stuyvesant 408.

GOVERNESS, &c.—English governess or companion; visiting preferred; first lessons; help practice beginner in music; take children walking; reference. Dodding, 540 West 122d St.

HOUSEWORK.—By competent colored woman; sleep out or in; excellent references, (agency.) Telephone 4044 Harlem.

NURSE, German, going with a family to Europe, wants a position as a nurse from Germany to New York for the return trip in July or August; no wages required, free trip; best references. Address 1,568 Virginia St., Charleston, W. Va.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; neat, bright, American girl; beginner; rapid, accurate, correct worker; good penman; office assistant; no agency; $8. T 342 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires to change position; six years' experience, commercial, manufacturing, and export; salary $15. V 228 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; competent; well recommended; A1 reference; employer's interest first consideration. L. F., 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; 5 years' experience; brokerage, contracting, commercial references; $15. Competent, T 353 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, and bookkeeper; reliable, trustworthy; highest references; salary moderate. Dawson, 89 Delancey St.

YOUNG GIRL wishes position as general houseworker; reference. 331 East 38th St.

Situations Wanted

Male

A.—A.—Right-hand man, American, 24; capable handling men, office, correspondence; possesses good judgment, tact, pleasing personality; unquestionable references. Address A. G., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, written up, systems installed, financial statements, &c., prepared; investigations, work confidential; rates moderate; personal service. C. P. A., Room 702, 132 Nassau St. Phone 2730—Beekman.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly; trial balances; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Phone 4376 Gramercy.

BOOKKEEPER—23; neat, ambitious, good address; 4 years' office experience; familiar with trial balance, collections, systems, correspondence; desires to become assistant to busy executive. F. C., Box P 64 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, sober, and reliable, wishes position, commercial or private. John Buchta, 235 3d St., Union Hill, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR.—French, married, 35; 8 years' experience; first-class mechanic; careful driver. G. Gaby, 118 West 49th St.

Situations Wanted

Male

CHEF wants position in hotel, club or restaurant; best references. Emil Felix, 13 Poplar St., Jersey City, N. J.

EXCEPTIONALLY QUALIFIED AND EXperienced young man desires position as assistant to general or sales manager or purchasing agent; excellent knowledge of manufacture and operation of mechanical an engineering devices. V 215 Times Downtown.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
Traveling salesman, PAYING OWN EXPENSES, having large trade among hotel clubs, restaurants, etc., would like to hea from manufacturer having a new, meritoriou article to sell on commission basis; highe bank and commercial references given. P 8 Times.

INTELLIGENT European gentleman wishe position; contemplating travel abroad. W 132 Times.

MASSEUR, SWEDISH.—Young, reliable, refined man seeks position in establishment o as private valet for gentleman. W. J., P 7 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man well acquainted with dry goods and ready-to-wear trades wishes to connect with reliable firm. V 201 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 24, has no experience, but is willing to learn; knows Italian. Enrico, 511 John St., West Hoboken, N. J.

SALESMAN (32) desires position with first-class firm; building line experience. John L. Duffy, Liberty, N. Y.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 28, 3 years' experience as private secretary and full charg of office; thoroughly competent; would consider traveling; salary $25. V 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Young man experienced in the lumber business, from stump up, including export; can assist on books and other office detail. H. W., 376 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, reliable American boy; beginner; office assistant; plain penman; neat; understands simple bookkeeping; no agents; $8. T 343 Times Downtown.

THEATRE MANAGER OR ADVANCE AGENT WANTS ENGAGEMENT WITH GOOD THEATRE OR LEGITIMATE COMPANY; EXPERIENCED AND RELIABLE. P 75 TIMES.

TO MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH-GRADE Ladies' Ready-to-Wear.—Canadian manufacturers' agent would like to get in touch with a good house with view to representation in Canada; good connection, coast to coast. Reply A. H. Wheeler, care of Maison Gaillot Guinot, 5, 7, 9 West 37th St.

YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, married, best American references, wants position as waiter in hotel, restaurant, or club. G 46 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, three years' experience, wishes position as shipping clerk; can do packing and act as receiving clerk; has knowledge of selling; desires an interview; will furnish A1 references. Louis Wank, 111 Cannon St.

YOUNG MAN, 15 years' experience as chief draftsman, architect's and general superintendent builder's office, desires position as either immediately; best references. P 50 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires position inside or outside; have had considerable experience as newspaper reporter and at clerical work. T 368 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school training, conscientious, desires position with reliable firm. V 224 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, good education, clerical, selling experience, desires position offering advancement. P 35 Times.

Employment Bureaus.

Domestic.

A.—FOR EXCELLENT colored servants 'phone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th.

BOND $1,000.—A1 colored help supplied. 1,119 Harlem. Old Dominion Agency, 83 West 134th St.

CHELSEA SQUARE
BUREAU OF INFORMATION.
MARY C. NELSON,
156 5th Av., Agency. Gramercy 4428.
Investigated service, domestic, professional, commercial help supplied.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT COUPLE, cook, general work; colored; city, country. Instant Relief Agency, phone 7288 Morning.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. 1538 Riverside.

COMPETENT HELP, short notice, procurable at Progressive Emp.; reliable, 34 West 131st St. 5370 Harlem.

JAPANESE MUTUAL AID SOCIETY.—Employment agency; superior help; references investigated. 111 Lexington Av. 9358 Madison.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 172 East 4th St. Phone Orchard 2508.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. Tel. 6916—Morningside.

THE ALGONQUIN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.—Efficient servants supplied. 769 Lexington Av. Phone Plaza 4961.

Automobile Exchange.

A TREMENDOUS BARGAIN.—COME AND SEE BEFORE BUYING; my late model Stoddard Dayton five-passenger toy tonneau touring car; was used one season; was recently overhauled; fully equippped, also with electric lights, pertaining to an up-to-date car; cost $2,700; will sacrifice for $375; will give demonstration to buyer. See CAPT. MURRAY, CHAUFFEUR, 334 East 133d St., one block from 3d Av. "L" station. Telephone 1558 Melrose.

1912 50-H. P Simplex 5-passenger touring car, practically new; run only 1,200 miles; Quinby body and top; $3,750. 1910 20-H. P. Isotta toy tonneau; a beauty; in fine order; cost $4,500; a bargain at $1,500. 1909 50-H. P. de luxe limousine; a great bargain at $600; cost $6,250. 1912 C. G. V. touring car; used as demonstrator; nearly new; $2,200. J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.

New 1913 cars; 50 per cent. off.
New fore-door bodies; 65 per cent. off.
100 cars; all makes; $100-$3,000.
New Ford tops; $7.50; others all sizes.
Deliv. wagons, $150 up; windsh'lds, spdmtrs $5.
20th Century Co., 1,700 B'way, cor. 54th.

PACIFIC MOTOR CAR EXCH. CO.
Removed to
10 WEST 62D ST., connecting 1,876 B'way, with full line of new and used cars. Bodies and parts for all makes; also factory for general auto work.

Stevens-Duryea, 1907, little six touring car, with limousine body; recently overhauled, with complete up-to-date equipment; owner leaving town; no reasonable offer refused; can be seen at 360 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Mr. Holzkamp.

For sale, bargain, Stearns limousine; overhauled in December and newly painted; A1 condition; also have touring body; cost $6,000; will accept reasonable offer. V 225 Times Downtown.

Mercedes Limousine, late model, perfect condition; original cost $11,000; has been overhauled and refinished; will sacrifice to quick buyer. 1,710 Broadway.

Bargain for cash; $600; four-passenger Stevens Duryea Limousine; fresh painted and open touring body. Box P 52 Times.

Case Limousine, used three months; a bargain. J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., 1,860 Broadway.

For Sale or Rent.—Landaulet, 30, Renault. Marta, 210 West End Av., 4065 Columbus.

Premier six-cylinder; ran less than 1,000 miles; equipped. Reo Co., 19 West 62d St.

Reo 1912, centre control, fully equipped; like new; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d St.

Fifty slightly used cars taken in exchange, $150 up. Reo Co., 19 West 62d St.

Reo 1912, model R, fully equipped, $600. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d St.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD LIMOUSINES, new cars, for monthly service; special to theatre or opera, with privilege of stopping one hour for supper, $10. Largest renters of Packard cars in New York. 'PHONE............ PLAZA 2100

By month, my private five-passenger touring car, including experienced chauffeur and entire upkeep. Telephone 10400 Riverside. Apartment 1103, "The Belnord."

Beautiful private automobile, Packard landaulet, to rent very reasonable; owner drives himself; highest recommendations. Hoffman, 105 West 89th St. 8988 Riverside.

For Hire—Elegant Pierce-Arrow landaulet; hour, day, month; rates very reasonable. Joe Schmaltz, 222 West 72d St. Tel. 8027 Col.

Beautiful 1912 seven-passenger Premier touring, equipped with heaters, $3 hour; private. Telephone 821 Melrose.

Packard limousine; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 3422.

Elegant touring car, late model, by hour, day, month; $2 up. Lyons, Harlem 1646.

Limousine car for hire at all hours, day, week, or month. 3580 Columbus. Rose.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Pianos and Organs

Steinway mahogany upright piano, in excellent order; will sell for $125. 318 West 42d.

Times Want Advertisements cost but a trifle and are prompt in action.—Adv.

SULZER DROPS MILLS FROM PRISON EMPLOY

Sales Agent Long Under Charges—McDowell Also to Go for Criticising Governor.

TELLS HOW THAW PAID

Hoffman Gave Checks to Alfred Henry Lewis and One for Secretary Clark, Committee Is Told.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 28.—Frederick H. Mills, sales agent of the State Prison Department, was summarily dismissed to-day by State Supt. of Prisons Joseph F. Scott. His dismissal followed a preemptory demand by Gov. Sulzer. The action was recommended by the Governor's Committee of Inquiry.

The head of Mills is the second to fall in the prison department. Yesterday it was Dr. John W. Russell, Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan, who retired under fire at the very moment when Gov. Sulzer was writing a letter to Supt. Scott calling for his removal.

To-day the Committee of Inquiry, after examining John C. McDowell, Secretary of the Prison Department, in connection with a statement made by him last night in the presence of several newspaper correspondents to the effect that "the Governor can go to hell," made a report urging his removal from the State service. The Governor directed that the case be submitted to Supt. Scott.

Col. Scott left for Elmira this afternoon before he received this communication. He left word that he would take no action in the matter until Monday, but it is thought likely that McDowell will go.

While Gov. Sulzer has given no intimation that he intends to take steps for the removal of Col. Scott, the friends of the Prison Superintendent fully expect that such action will be taken before long. Col. Scott, in fact, is expecting hourly that the Governor will file charges against him.

Should the Governor carry his fight on Col Scott to this point it is likely to arouse a storm in the Democratic organization throughout the State. The leaders feel that the persistent campaign which has been carried on against the State Prison Superintendent is due in the first instance to the latter's failure to accede to the Governor's wish and appoint Charles F. Rattigan, a lieutenant of Thomas Mott Osborne, who has been fighting the Democratic organization for years, to the place of Warden at Auburn Prison.

The utterance of Secretary McDowell, which in all probability will lead to the latter's dismissal, was in connection with a denial made at the office of the Prison Department last night of the Governor's statement that he had filed charges with Col. Scott against George Washington Benham, the present Warden of Auburn Prison. The objectionable language was not intended for publication, but some newspapers did print it. Chairman Carlisle called Mr. McDowell before the committee.

"What I did say was said, not in my official capacity, but in my own personal capacity," said Mr. McDowell. "As an official I have always been scrupulous and careful not to say anything derogatory of the Governor. As a private citizen I have expressed my opinion quite freely and I shall continue to do so unofficially."

The dismissal of Sales Agent Mills was recommended by James D. McMahon of Rome in 1912 after an investigation made at the request of Gov. Dix. This disclosed the fact that Mr. Mills had organized a company which sold supplies to State institutions in competition with the prison-manufactured products.

"I have directed Supt. Scott to dismiss Mills and I don't want him to accept Mills's resignation," the Governor said as he read a letter which he was about to send to the Prison Superintendent, inclosing the report of the committee of inquiry and directing that Mills be removed.

THAW CHECK FOR CLARK.

Hoffman Testifies Alfred Henry Lewis Also Got Money.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—Appearing unexpectedly before Gov. Sulzer's Commission of Inquiry, Horace A. Hoffman of Poughkeepsie, who described himself as a "real estate and insurance agent who took on odd jobs" and is known as the confidential messenger of Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, now confined in the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane in Matteawan, testified this afternoon that both William F. Clark, until recently Secretary of the commission, and Alfred Henry Lewis, magazine writer, received money from Thaw for work done in the interest of procuring his release. Mr. Hoffman swore he made payments to Mr. Lewis on Thaw's behalf.

The testimony given by Mr. Hoffman corroborates in part the story told on the stand by Dr. John W. Russell, who resigned as Superintendent of the Matteawan Asylum yesterday, and Dr. James V. May, President of the State Hospital Commission. Those men said under oath they had been approached by Mr. Clark and urged by him to aid in the liberation of Thaw because Gov. Sulzer desired to see him set at liberty. The Governor, since they testified, has made it plain that if his name was used by Mr. Clark it was without his authority.

Mr. Hoffman's testimony is looked on by the members of the commission and other disinterested persons as having knocked all the props from under the defense of Mr. Clark, who in the various explanations he has made of his visits to Matteawan in the company of Mr. Lewis and of his dealings with Dr. Russell generally since the Governor put him in as Secretary of the Inquiry Commission has sought to incriminate not only Dr. Russell but also Dr. May and the State Superintendent of Prisons, Col. Joseph F. Scott, as parties to a conspiracy to involve Gov. Sulzer in the new entanglement that has been woven around Thaw and his repeated efforts to gain his liberty.

The realty agent's evidence was not the only important development of the day. Gov. Sulzer, who told the members of his commission yesterday that he wanted the investigation of the Thaw matter closed to-day, changed his mind after reading an editorial in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning, which urged a thorough investigation of the circumstances surrounding the appointment of Dr. James V. May as Superintendent of the institution in Matteawan in July, 1911. Dr. May was fourth on the civil service list, but Dr. Robert C. Woodman, who occupied the second place, was alleged to be ineligible, thus moving Dr. May up to third place and putting him in line for the appointment under the provision of the civil service law, which requires such appointments to be made from among the first three names on the list.

May Jumped Over Two Doctors.

Dr. May, though he occupied the lowest place of the three eligibles, was selected for the position. He did not remain long at the head of the State hospital, being promoted to the position he now holds on the State Hospital Commission by Gov. Dix.

Gov. Sulzer said to-day he had urged the Commission of Inquiry to reopen the Thaw case and to sift to the bottom not only the reports of the activities involving Secretary Clark, Dr. Russell, and John N. Anhut, the New York lawyer who accepted the $25,000 retainer to free the insane slayer of White, and the bribery charges that have been made incidental to the investigation involving those persons, but also the circumstances surrounding the appointments of Drs. May and Russell as Superintendents of Matteawan Hospital and certain testimony given in the latest habeas corpus proceeding begun on behalf of Thaw, which indicated that the patient had been permitted to revise to suit himself a report on his mental condition made after an examination by Drs. May and Russell.

Thaw's confidential messenger, Mr. Hoffman, told the graft hunters he paid the money to Mr. Lewis and to Mr. Clark through Mr. Lewis at the request of Thaw. The magazine writer, according to the testimony of Mr. Hoffman, received at least three checks and other payments in currency to reimburse him for expenses and to pay for work he had been doing in Thaw's behalf. The work of Mr. Lewis, as far as has been disclosed, consisted of writing magazine articles about Thaw, with the hope that they would gain liberty for the slayer.

Mr. Hoffman declined to state the amounts involved, but testified he did not consider the total "large." Only one payment was made to Mr. Clark, he said. That consisted of a check for $100, according to Mr. Hoffman, who said he made it payable to Mr. Clark, and handed it to Mr. Lewis when the writer told him that Mr. Clark wanted money for expenses.

It appears from the testimony that this payment was for the purpose of reimbursing Mr. Clark for money he had spent in attending a meeting of the State Bar Association in Utica last month. Mr. Lewis, according to Mr. Hoffman, told Thaw in his presence that Mr. Clark "stood in with the newspaper boys" and could "fix things." The inmate of Matteawan was interested in defeating a proposed recommendation on the part of the Bar Association to limit the opportunity of a man deprived of his liberty to have his case reviewed in a habeas corpus proceeding to one such proceeding in three years.

Has Photographs of Receipts.

Mr. Hoffman also corroborated the testimony given by Mr. Anhut, who admitted when examined before the Commission that he accepted a $25,000 fee from Thaw, contingent on an agreement to procure the lunatic's release before Jan. 1. The real estate man said he had photographs of the receipts given by Mr. Anhut. Asked to enlighten the Commission regarding the purpose of such a large retainer to a young and comparatively inexperienced lawyer to bring about results which it must have been apparent could not have been attained through any legal process in the time Mr. Anhut allowed to himself for the task, Thaw's confidential messenger replied:

"I presumed that Thaw would be out of Matteawan before Jan. 1 as a result."

Mr. Anhut testified that he had taken the retainer with a view to starting court proceedings, the nature of which he did not tell specifically. Dr. Russell swore that Mr. Anhut, whom Thaw retained on his recommendation, sought to bribe him into certifying that White's slayer was sane and thus procuring the prisoner's release. Mr. Anhut testified that Dr. Russell made broad advances to him, looking to such a money arrangement.

Subpoena servers had been in search of Mr. Hoffman for several days. Chairman Carlisle of the commission said early this afternoon there would be no hearing before Monday. When Mr. Carlisle and John T. Norton, counsel to the commission, were in consultation in the Chairman's room, word was sent to the head graft hunter that a man desired to see him. Mr. Carlisle answered the summons. The man said he was Mr. Hoffman, that he had just come from Philadelphia, and that he was at the disposal of the commission.

Stenographers were called, and in a few minutes the man, who described himself as a messenger for Harry K. Thaw, but who has a special account in a Poughkeepsie bank supplied with funds received from Thaw, was telling what he knew of Mr. Anhut, Mr. Lewis, Mr. Clark, and others mentioned in the affair.

Mr. Hoffman said under oath he had known Thaw three or four years. He corroborated the statements made by Mr. Anhut relative to visits he made to the lawyer in his office in New York. Each time he went to Mr. Anhut he had been sent by Thaw, he said.

Took Thaw Money to Anhut.

On Nov. 19 last, Mr. Hoffman related, Thaw sent him to Mr. Anhut with an envelope containing 140 shares of Consolidated Gas stock and five thousand-dollar bills. There were no instructions, except to get a receipt for the money. Mr. Hoffman said he saw Mr. Anhut the next day in New York and delivered the money and securities. He received two receipts, one agreeing to return $12,500 on Jan. 1, 1913, unless "satisfactory arrangements" were made. The other included an agreement to return the remaining $12,500 on July 1, 1913, if there were no satisfactory outcome. Mr. Hoffman said there was no other talk and that he gave the receipts to Thaw.

In the latter part of December last, Mr. Hoffman said, he saw Mr. Anhut again. Thaw had told him to get the $12,500 on Jan. 1.

"I went to Anhut and told him I would be at his office on Jan. 1 for the money." Mr. Hoffman testified.

Q.—Did Mr. Thaw give you back the receipts? A.—Yes.

Q.—When he gave you the receipts, what did he say to you about them? A.—Told me to have them photographed.

Q.—And you did have them photographed? A.—I did.

Q.—And you have the photographs now? A.—I have.

Q.—Have you them with you? A.—No, I haven't. I didn't come from home here.

Q.—Where did you have the receipts photographed? A.—In Poughkeepsie.

Q.—Then, after you had the receipts photographed, what was your first interview with Mr. Anhut, with reference to the return of the $12,500? A.—I told him I wanted the money on the first of January, and he told me the first of January came on a holiday. I told him I would be there after it on the second, and I was there afterward, and he gave me a hundred shares of Consolidated Gas back.

Q.—Now, how did he come to give you back a hundred shares of Consolidated Gas? What was the talk about that? A.—I think there was something said that he could not make the $12,500, and I think I agreed I had to have the $12,500 and I would, maybe, make good the difference between the $10,700 and $12,500—which I never did.

"Satisfactory Arrangement" Again.

Mr. Hoffman said he took a new receipt for $10,700 on the condition that it should be returned on July 1, 1913, unless a "satisfactory arrangement" were made.

Q.—Now, were these certificates of stock indorsed on the back? A.—Yes, they were.

Q.—By whom? A.—They were indorsed on the back by Mrs. Carnegie.

Q.—Mrs. Carnegie is related to Thaw? A.—I presume it is his sister.

Q.—Now, when did you next see Anhut? A.—I have never seen Anhut from that day to this to talk to.

Q.—What did you do with the receipt he gave you on that day? A.—I have got it.

Q.—Have you it with you? A.—No, I have not.

Q.—Do you recall what the form of that receipt was? A.—Yes. That receipt read the same way, with the exception of saying, "Received from H. A. Hoffman," and I think down in the end the amount in small brackets, "Agent of Mr. H. K. T," and "$10,700."

Q.—Did he put in that receipt "less expenses"? A.—I think he did.

Q.—Now, the receipt that he gave you on that 2d day of January, as stated in the receipt of $10,700, was the kind of a receipt that you have described, conditioned for the return of the $10,700 on the 1st of July, in case matters were not satisfactorily arranged? A.—Yes.

Q.—Now, you understand what that "satisfactorily arranged," or whatever the language was, referred to? A.—I presume that Thaw would be out of Matteawan.

Mr. Hoffman was asked if he knew a writer named Alfred Henry Lewis. He said he knew Mr. Lewis, and that he had been sent to his house by Thaw, to find out if he would be at home at a certain time. He reported to Thaw, and the next time he saw Mr. Lewis was in the Matteawan Hospital. He said Thaw and Lewis talked about articles to be written.

Thaw to Inspire Lewis Articles.

"You gathered that Mr. Lewis was to write some articles, the subject of which was suggested by Mr. Thaw?" Mr. Norton asked.

"I took it that way," the witness replied.

Q.—Have you gone to New York at Mr. Thaw's instance to see him on any occasion? A.—I have. I took some data down to him one time that Mr. Thaw gave me.

Q.—And had you previously performed such a mission for Mr. Thaw—taking matters to Mr. Lewis or some one else? A.—Oh, yes; I had done that for him very often.

Q.—And no objection at the hospital to Thaw doing that? A.—Never heard of any.

Q.—Well, now, was Mr. Lewis in the employ of Mr. Thaw? A.—Why, whatever arrangement that Mr. Thaw and Mr. Lewis made I don't know. I didn't hear it.

Q.—Well, are you in the habit of handling some of Thaw's financial matters? A.—Some of them.

Q.—Have you paid Mr. Lewis anything at the request of Mr. Thaw? A.—I have.

Q.—Well, what did you understand you were paying him for? A.—I understood I was paying him for the writing he was going to do.

Q.—And the expense matters for some expenses incurred? A.—I presume so, yes.

Q.—In connection with his work? A.—Yes.

Q.—Well, how did you keep track of things of that kind? Do you get vouchers or receipts for them. A.—No, I generally tell Mr. Thaw what I have done afterward, and he has a pretty good memory to keep track of things.

Q.—Have you any objection to telling us the amount that you paid to Mr. Lewis? A.—I would, yes, I believe it is a confidential matter between Mr. Lewis and Mr. Thaw.

Q.—Was it a small or a large amount of money? A.—I would not consider it very large.

Q.—Did you pay him in currency or by check? A.—I paid him some in currency and some by check.

Q.—Well, did you pay the expenses by check and the other by currency? A.—I gave him three checks for expenses.

Q.—Three checks for expenses? A.—Yes.

Q.—And whatever the other matter was you paid him was in currency? A.—Yes.

Mr. Hoffman said he kept a bank account for Thaw in his own name marked "special." That account, he said, was made up principally of Thaw's money.

Q.—And it is from that account or upon that account you drew whatever checks you have drawn in connection with Mr. Lewis? A.—Yes.

Q.—How long have you had a bank account for Mr. Thaw? A.—Why, I could not tell. I would say in the neighborhood of two years.

Q.—In what bank is that account? A.—In the Wallkill Bank in Poughkeepsie.

Q.—You sign the checks yourself, do you? A.—I do.

The Clark-Lewis-Thaw Council.

"Do you know William F. Clark, Secretary of this commission?" Mr. Norton asked.

"I met him through Mr. Lewis," Mr. Hoffman answered.

The meeting, the witness said, was in January in the Matteawan Hospital and in the presence of Thaw.

Q.—Did Clark know Thaw then? A.—I am under the impression no; I am not sure.

Q.—Well, what occurred while Mr. Clark was there, on that occasion when Mr. Lewis introduced him to you? A.—Why, there was something said about a meeting of the Bar Association being held up at Utica, and Mr. Thaw wanted Mr. Clark—not Mr. Clark, but Mr. Lewis—to look after some certain things. And—well, now, I don't—no, I guess—I think it was before—the first time I saw Mr. Lewis was when they were talking about that, and then he spoke and said that Mr. Clark was going up there. I don't think he met Mr. Clark then, yet, or didn't—I am not positive about that. And he said that Mr. Clark was going up there and he knew the newspaper boys and could do certain things for him up there while he was there.

Q.—Well, now, what were those certain things that they wanted done? A.—Why, in regard to their recommendation of habeas corpus proceedings.

Q.—That is, you all understood that there was pending or to pend before the meeting of the Bar Association at Utica some suggestion of the proposition to change the law in regard to habeas corpus proceedings so as to limit the number that might be taken? A.—That is what I understood.

Q.—What was it that it was decided to have Mr. Clark do at Utica on that subject? A.—I believe there were some letters that were sent there—Mrs. Thaw's letters connected with a letter of Gov. Boice—and see that they were gotten printed in some of the papers—some of the letters sent to the individual members.

Q.—Well, what was it that Mr. Lewis said to Mr. Clark? A.—Why, I think that he said that Mr. Clark was going up there anyhow and he could get him to help look after that which was up there.

"Is Mr. Clark in the employ of Thaw?" asked Mr. Norton.

"He is not to my knowledge," Mr. Hoffman replied.

Q.—For this service that was rendered up at Utica, was Clark paid anything? A.—Why, I didn't pay Clark anything.

Says Lewis Got Check for Clark.

Q.—Tell us what there is about that? A.—Why, Mr. Lewis asked me one day for a check for $100 to pay Mr. Clark for his expences.

Q.—His expenses to Utica? A.—Yes, and I gave a check payable to Mr. Clark to Mr. Lewis.

Q.—Has that check been paid? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Have you had your vouchers returned since that time? A.—I have not.

Q.—Did you get Mr Thaw's approval for giving the check? A.—Why, I understood from Mr. Thaw that Mr. Lewis was to have his expenses.

Q.—You considered Mr. Clark's expenses as a part of Mr. Lewis's expenses? A.—Yes, I had nothing to do with it whatever, you know.

Q.—Is that the only check you ever gave to or for Mr. Clark? A.—The only check I ever gave.

Mr. Hoffman said he had read Dr. Russell's statement that he had received an offer of $20,000 if he would release Thaw. He denied that the Russell testimony was the cause of his going away. He said his mission to Philadelphia had nothing to do with the case.

Q.—Have you heard indirectly or directly of any money that Clark has had of Mr. Thaw or anybody else in connection with this Thaw matter, except this $100 you have mentioned? A.—I don't know of any money.

Q.—Did Mr. Clark ever talk with you in relation to any attempt on his part to get Mr. Thaw out of Matteawan? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Did he ever mention Gov. Sulzer's name in connection with this matter in any shape or manner! A.—Never talked with me.

Money Sent for Thaw as Charity.

Q.—Do you know whether Dr. Russell had had any money from Mr. Thaw? A.—No, I don't know any more than he had money of Thaw for some patient.

Q.—That is—— A.—For instance, here—why, I cannot tell you the date, but within a couple of weeks—Mr. Thaw wrote me a note and told me to send Dr. Russell $15 for some patient that was going to be deported and would land on the other side and wouldn't have any money, and I sent the money in an envelope to Dr. Russell.

Q.—Now, how do you understand Mr. Thaw was able to get into his possession and have this amount of stock and the $5,000 in cash that he gave you to take down to Anhut? Do you know how he got it there? A.—No.

Q.—Do you know by what method he was able to have that amount of money in the institution? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Do you know whether Mr. Thaw is accustomed to having large amounts of money in his possession in the institution? A.—No.

Q.—Do you know of other times when Mr. Thaw had money in his possession in the institution since he has been there? A.—No, I don't recall any time that he has had any money.

Q.—Did you have anything to do with the telling of the story in regard to the twenty-five thousand amount of money that was paid to Anhut? Did you tell that to any newspaper men? A.—No, I don't think I told any newspaper men. I might have made some remark about the $25,000 recently.

Did you tell Mr. Lewis about that—about the transaction with Anhut and about these receipts being photographed, and so forth? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Did you tell Mr. Clark about it? A.—I may have mentioned something to Mr. Clark about it.

Mr. Hoffman said he saw Mr. Clark in Albany early in the year, to find out what shape the Kelley bill was in. He explained that the Kelley bill was the Carmody bill regarding the record in the case of an insane man.

Q.—What talk did you have with Mr. Clark on the subject of that bill? A.—I asked him what he thought about it, and I asked him where it was and whether he thought it would pass.

Reports Clark as Reticent.

Q.—What did he say? A.—He did not say much of anything. He did not seem to know much about it.

"Had you any knowledge or information or suspicion that the matter of $25,000 in currency and stock that you gave to Anhut was to be used for purposes of bribery?" Mr. Norton inquired.

"I did not," was Mr. Hoffman's reply. "I may have surmised something recently, but I did not know anything about it."

A feature of Mr. Hoffman's testimony which startled the investigators was the great measure of freedom it indicated that Thaw had in Matteawan. Mr. Hoffman was permitted to go in and out and to see Thaw at will. He was permitted to carry messages and parcels in and out of the institution for Thaw. The witness testified that he was the custodian of two bank accounts as trustee for Harry Thaw and that these were replenished whenever they had run down to nothing under the heavy drafts authorized by the State's insane ward in Matteawan. One of the accounts was made up of the large fund from which the $25,000 retainer was drawn for Mr. Anhut.

Immediately after Mr. Hoffman gave his testimony, a subpoena was issued for Mr. Lewis requiring him to testify before the Commission on Monday next. The Commission will resume its hearings on Monday afternoon. Mr. Lewis telegraphed to Chairman Carlisle this evening that he would be on hand to testify at that time.

THAW MAY BE CALLED.

Whitman to Present His Case to the Next Grand Jury.

District Attorney Whitman said last night that he would submit the reports of attempts made to obtain the release of Harry K. Thaw, to the Supreme Court Grand Jury, which is to be sworn in before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court on Monday.

When asked if Thaw would be called, Mr. Whitman said that that rested with the Grand Jury. There was no discussion yesterday as to the standing Thaw will have if he testifies. Thaw is legally insane and therefore his testimony is of no value under the Penal Code. But if Thaw is allowed to testify, it was argued, the Grand Jury must accept his testimony as that of a sane man, and this might make it easy for him to obtain his release.

TO UNCOVER CAPITOL GRAFT.

Sulzer Orders Full Inquiry into the Repair Contracts.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—Before his departure for New York to-day Gov. Sulzer instructed Chairman Carlisle of the Investigating Committee to get all the facts possible relating to the capitol reconstruction scandal and have a report for his guidance on his return to Albany next Thursday. The Governor took this course as a result of the investigation of the affairs of Herman W. Hoefer, who was forced to resign yesterday as State architect.

The Governor has ordered the canceling of all repair contracts for capitol work which are on a percentage basis. It is the Governor's intention to lay the matter before the Trustees of Public Buildings, and if possible to lay a foundation for the recovery of money alleged to have been wasted.

In the Hoefer case John A. Hennessy, Executive Auditor, reported irregularities in connection with electrical and other contracts. The Commission of Inquiry will go into these statements next week. It is also expected that the commission will be aided by Charles A. Sussdorf, whom the Governor has placed in charge of the State Architect's office temporarily.

"I was surprised at what Sussdorf told me," the Governor said. "He has been connected with the Architect's office since Commissioner Perry was in charge of the capitol construction. He was a Deputy State Architect and was laid off last October, he said, on the statement that there was no work for him to do. His pay has been going on ever since. Sussdorf says he was laid off because he was opposed to grafting. He said that if I put him in charge of the office temporarily and would back him up he would uncover all the frauds in the capitol construction, as he knew about them. I told him I would back him up and instructed him to go on and spare nobody."

About $1,600,000 has been spent on the Capitol repairs since the fire of 1911 and a million more will be needed to complete it.

TO DOUBLE AUTO TAX.

Two Bills Introduced to Amend the Motor Vehicle Law.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—Bills embodying changes in the motor vehicle law as recommended by the Secretary of State were introduced to-day by Senator McClelland and Assemblyman Levy. It is proposed to double the present automobile tax and require both owners and chauffeurs to be examined and licensed. It is also proposed to license motor cyclists upon payment of a $3 fee.

Various provisions for the better enforcement of the motor vehicle law are incorporated in the bills.

PEIRCE DENIES CHARGES.

No Conspiracy, He Says, in Sealing Vessel's Claim for Damages.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Herbert H. D. Peirce, former Third Assistant Secretary of State and more recently American Minister to Norway, has replied to the charges made against him in a report of the House Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Commerce and Labor. The Committee accused Mr. Peirce and Charles H. Townsend, Seal Expert of the United States Bureau of Fisheries, of having conspired to collect a fraudulent claim in the case of the James Hamilton Lewis, a sealing vessel. Mr. Peirce denies that there was any conspiracy and contends that the Committee had no evidence to justify the accusation against him.

In a letter addressed to Chairman Rothermel of the House Committee, Mr. Peirce says:

"A careful perusal of the evidence with which you have had the goodness to supply me has revealed the source from which these charges emanate as being the statements of a certain malicious and ill-informed individual, notoriously addicted to attacking public officials of unblemished reputation in the expectation of furthering his own interests thereby."

Mr. Peirce, in his answer to Chairman Rothermel, says that there is not a scintilla of evidence before the committee to support the charge that he had ever combined with the Liebes brothers on any subject whatever. He says that, on the contrary, he had testified repeatedly before the committee that he did not know anything about Isaac or Herman Liebes at the time he was prosecuting the claim at The Hague.

Deny That McCrea Is Gravely Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—Reports that ex-President McCrea of the Pennsylvania Road was seriously ill were denied to-night.

STATE CANAL BONDS SOLD.

Fisk & Robinson Get $1,593,000 of $5,000,000 Issue at 100.026.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—Fisk & Robinson of New York were the successful bidders for the $1,593,000 balance of the $5,000,000 canal terminal improvement thirty-four per cent. bonds which were offered on July 6, last.

Controller Sohmer received fifteen bids for these bonds to-day, only one of which was below par. The successful bid was at 100.026 for all or none. Another bid by the same firm was for $100,000 at 100.141. Some of the larger unsuccessful bids were: Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., New York, $100,000 at 100.5; Curtis & Sanger, New York, $200,000 at 100.03 to 100.53; Sutro Bros. & Co., New York, $200,000 at 100.0625; W. N. Coler & Co., New York, $550,000 at 100.03, and Rhodes & Co., $275,000 at 100.66.

The Dominant Collar.

EW

RED-MAN
2 FOR 25 cts.

PENWOOD
A NEW SPACE MODEL

EARL & WILSON, MAKERS.

Wallach Bros.
B'way at 29th St.
246-8 W. 125th St.
3d Av., cor. 122d St.

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

$16 now for some Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats regularly priced at from $25 to $40.

(A few of the Overcoats were even higher.)

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.

Spring Soft Hats
High tapering crown, flattish brim
$1.50, $1.90, $2.50
Elsewhere, $2, $3 and $4.

$2.00 Derbies at $1.50

A Rich Black Felt. New Spring Styles.

Inauguration Silk Hats, $3.90

The Newest Spring Blocks
Flat Paris Curl or London Roll

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43d. Matinee TO-DAY 2:15.
A BRAND NEW LAUGH THAT'S BOUND TO LINGER. MAY IRWIN in "WIDOW BY PROXY"

ASTOR B'WAY, 45th ST. EVES 8:15. MATS. WED & SAT. POP. PRICE MAT. WED.
FINE FEATHERS
ALL STAR CAST
ROBERT EDESON
WILTON LACKAYE
MAX FIGMAN, ROSE COGHLAN

GRAND Mat. To-day. Geo. M. COHAN "Broadway" Jones

Ad. Philipp's 57 St. Th., nr 3 Av. Tel. Plaza 812. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day. 'Auction Pinochle'

Wallack's B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinees To-day & Wed. 2:20.
The Original IRISH PLAYERS
To-day Mat. & To-night—"Riders to the Sea," "Land of Heart's Desire," and "The Jackdaw."

JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN at the CENTURY THEATRE
Evs. 8 on the minute. Mats. Tdy. & Wed. at 2 on the minute. 8th Av. & 62d St.
THE GREAT LENTEN PLAY.

LAST WEEK. To-Day 10:45 A. M. & 3:30 P.M.
RACKETTY-PACKETTY HOUSE at the Children's THEA., Century Theatre Building, 62d and 8th Av. Phone 8800 Cols. Prices $1, $1.50, $2.

STAR THEATRE, 107th St. LEXINGTON AVE. PHONE 1831 Harlem.
MATINEE DAILY, 10-15-25c
EVENING PRICES 15-25-35.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC STOCK CO. IN THE CHORUS LADY
NEXT WEEK
THE GAMBLERS
WITH
THEODORE FRIEBUS
PRISCILLA KNOWLES

BELASCO West 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO presents
Years of Discretion

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eve. 8:10. Mats. To-day, Tues. & Wed. 2:10.
☞ MATINEE TO-DAY at 2:10
DAVID BELASCO presents
A Good Little Devil
A FAIRY TALE FOR GROWN-UPS.

MONSTER HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE PERFORMANCE
under management of Jesse L. Lasky.
at the FULTON THEATRE
46th St. & Broadway.
Sunday Eve., Mar. 2, 1913, 8:15 P.M.
Fifteen Star Acts, Including
Irving Berlin, Ted Snyder, Sophye Barnard, Lou Anger, De Mille's "The Squealer," Sadie Jansell, Ben Hendricks, Leo Edwards, The Nine Piano Bugs, Belle Gold and Royal Byron, and Mabel Bright, and other star acts.

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 46. Eves. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Laurette Taylor 'Peg o' My Heart.'

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15.
WITHIN THE LAW

ELTINGE THEATRE, MISS Dorothy To-morrow (Sun.) Eve. TOYE at 8:45. Seats Now. CELEBRATED TENOR-SOPRANO IN CONCERT.

OPERA TICKETS Box Office Prices
TO-NIGHT'S PERFORMANCE La Gioconda
TYSON & CO. Long Acre Bldg. Arcade, Nor. east cor. 42 St., B'way. Phone 4080 Bryant
Branch of 1122 Broadway, (at 25th St.)

8th AVE. & 25th ST. TEL. 1268 CHEL. LADIES' MAT. DAILY. The Big Review Amateurs Friday.
PEOPLES BOWERY & SPRING ST. TEL. 3730 ORCH. LADIES' MAT. DAILY. Whirl of Mirth Amateurs Friday.
BRONX 3 AVE. & 156th ST. TEL. 1023 MEL. LADIES' MAT. DAILY. The Rose Buds Amateurs Thurs.

THE REGENT 116th St. & 7th Av. New York's Fashionable Photo Play House.
SPECIAL TO-DAY
HANSEL & GRETEL
Continuous 1 to 11. Daily Mats., 10-25c. Evs. & Sat. & Sun. 15c-25c-50c.

OPERA Tickets For All Operas. SEATS FOR CARUSO in MANON & AIDA. Kaiserhof Ticket Office. opposite Met. Opera House. Office in Kaiserhof Dining Room. B'way & 39th. Tel. 3663-3850 Bryant.

OPERA TICKETS. SEATS FOR CARUSO in MANON & AIDA. BROADWAY TICKET CO., 1482 B'way, next to Cohan's Theatre. Tel. 7644-1191 Bryant.

AN EXCEPTIONAL PERFORMANCE WILL BE GIVEN AT THE FULTON THEATRE Sunday Evening, 8:15, consisting of ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE
To-day Mat., Fuehring in Kabale und Liebe. To-night, Brandt-Christians in Schilling's Flucht.

COLUMBIA B'WAY & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day SOCIAL MAIDS

HAMMERSTEIN'S Ev. 50, 75, $1. Daily Matinee 25 & 50c. FAY TEMPLETON, Cliff Gordon, Joe Jackson & 10 other acts.

Garden, 27 St., Mad. Av. KELLERD To-day 2:15. The Merchant of Venice. To-night Hamlet

CENTURY THEATRE SUNDAY EVENING MARCH 2d, at 8:15
Monster Benefit
IN AID OF THE CHILDREN'S EDUCATIONAL THEATRE
The following will positively appear:
May Buckley
William Collier
George M. Cohan
Viola Dana
Elsie Ferguson
Rudolph Ganz
Elena Gerhart
R. L. Goldberg
Lady Gregory's Irish Players
Jack Halliday
Wilton Lackaye
Keith Wakeman
Edith Wynne Matthison
Rosa Olitzka
Mary Shaw
Brandon Tynan.
H. B. Warner
An act from "The Poor Little Rich Girl," and others.
Tickets at box office, at Tyson, 1122 B'way, and McBride's, without advance.
Boxes, $100.00 and $50.00 Orchestra, $3.00. 1st Balcony, $2.00 and $1.50. 2d Balcony, 50c.

HIPPODROME
6 Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
GYPSY LIFE. Plunging Horses MAMMOTH NEW CIRCUS.
In addition to the Great Spectacle.
UNDER MANY FLAGS

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8. Phone 9260 Col.
$1.50 Mat. The HONEYMOON EXPRESS To-day, 2. with Gaby Deslys, Al Jolson.
To-morrow Night Concert—15 New Star Acts.

89TH ST. Thea., 39th nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-day 2:15.
LAST 2 TIMES THE BRIDAL PATH
Beginning MON., MARCH 3 Seats Now on Sale.
THE FIVE FRANKFORTERS
A COMEDY SHOWING THE RISE OF THE HOUSE OF ROTHSCHILD.

Weber & Fields' 44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
THE MAN WITH 3 WIVES

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-day 2:15.
LAST WEEK LITTLE WOMEN
200th Perf. To-day. Mat. Souvenir Programs.
Beginning WED., MAR. 5. Seats Now.
THE PAINTED WOMAN
A romantic play by Frederic Arnold Kummer.

48TH ST. Theatre. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
Laugh With All the Rest at
WILLIAM COLLIER in Never Say Die. 5th Month.

BROADWAY Theatre. Matinee To-day Cor. 41st. 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50
Evs. 50c., 75c. $1, $1.50, $2 HARRY LAUDER Last Week.
Beginning MON., MAR. 3 (Seats Now.)
LOUISE GUNNING in THE AMERICAN MAID
A new comic opera. Music by John Philip Sousa.
TO-MOR. EVG. Marie Dressler ALL-STAR GAMBOL
All Stars & Headliners, headed by Marie Dressler & Jefferson De Angelis 50c to $1.50

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
TRENTINI in THE FIREFLY

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day 2:30.
ROMANCE

William Collier's COMEDY 41st E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
FANNY'S FIRST PLAY

LYRIC 42d, W. of Broadway. Evs 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
SAM BERNARD ALL FOR THE LADIES.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St. & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. at 2.
Evs. & Mat. To-day 25c. to $1.50. THE WHIP Wed. Mat. 25c. to $1.

WEST END, 125th, W. of 8th Av. Mat. To-day
MARIE DRESSLER All-Star Gambol.
Marie Dressler, Jefferson De Angelis, others.
Next Week LITTLE WOMEN

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-day Mat. at 2. Manon. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier, Reiss. Conductor, Toscanini.
To-night at 8. Pop. Prices. Gioconda. Destinn, Matzenauer, Martin, Amato. Cond., Polacco.
Sun. Evg. Concert. YSAYE The Great Belgian Violinist. 50c. to $1.50.; De Pasquali; Jorn. Entire Orchestra.
Next Mon. at 7:30. Walkuere. Matzenauer, Gadski, Homer; Urlus, Braun. Cond., Hertz.
Wed. at 8. Koenigskinder. Farrar, Robeson; Jorn, Goritz, Reiss, Didur. Con., Hertz.
Thurs. at 2. Spl. Mat. Tales of Hoffmann. Hempel, Bori, Duchene; Jorn, Gilly, Rothier, Reiss, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. at 8. Aida. Destinn, Homer; Caruso, Gilly, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. at 8. Cyrano. Alda; Martin, Amato, Reiss, Griswold, Hinshaw. Conductor, Hertz.
Sat. at 2. Tannhaeuser. Destinn, Fremstad; Urlus, Buers, Griswold. Conductor, Hertz.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Last Opportunity This Season
—TO HEAR—
The Wonderful English Contralto
CLARA BUTT
—AND—
Mr. Kennerley Rumford, Baritone
CARNEGIE HALL, MONDAY EVE., MCH. 3
ALL ENGLISH PROGRAM Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

SYMPHONY
Society of New York.
WALTER DAMROSCH Conductor
New Aeolian Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
To-morrow (Sunday) Afternoon at 3.
FIRST PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA.
SIBELIUS SYMPHONY No. 4
Soloist,
ARTHUR HARTMANN

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SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY CONDUCTOR.
To-morrow (Sunday) Afternoon at 3.
AT CARNEGIE HALL.
Soloist, RUDOLPH GANZ Pianist.
Tickets 50c. to $1.50. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

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FOR YOUNG PEOPLE
To-Day at 2:30 Carnegie Hall
New York Symphony Orchestra
WALTER DAMROSCH........Conductor
The Development of the SYMPHONY.
FAIRY TALES IN MUSIC.
Koenigskinder, Cinderella, Mother Goose.
Tkts. at Office, 1 W. 34 St., & Box Office.

Carnegie Hall, Tuesday Aft., March 4, at 3.
THE GREAT MUSICAL EVENT.
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Programme will end with
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"Better hear this wonderful Concert."
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5th Concert, Tues. Ev., Mch. 4 at 8:15
KNEISEL QUARTET
Assisting Artist, Mr. Clarence Adler
Seats, $2 and $1.50. Miss Love, 1 West 34th St.

Aeolian Hall, To-day at 3.
PIANO RECITAL.
HERBERT Sachs-Hirsch
Seats on sale at Box Office.

RUMFORD HALL, 50 EAST 41ST ST. TO-NIGHT at 8:15.
Violin Recital SAMUEL GARDNER
Tickets 50c to $1.50, 1 W. 34 St., Room 1103.

Carnegie Hall, Mon. Eve., Apr. 14th, at 8:30.
FAREWELL SONG RECITAL
JULIA CULP
C. V. BOS at the Piano. Seats Now, Box Office.

Belasco Theatre, T'm'w (Sun.) Evg. at 8:15.
JOINT RECITAL FLUTE & PIANO.
BARRERE-CONSOLO
Seats at Box Office. Direction C. A. Bamman.

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Sportsmen's Show
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Twice daily and Sundays, 2:30 & 8:30 P. M.
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IN KINEMACOLOR.

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EMPIRE B'way and 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20.
THE SPY LAST TIME AT THE EMPIRE MARCH 8.

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JULIA SANDERSON with JOSEPH CAWTHORN
in THE SUNSHINE GIRL

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Charles Cherry—Marie Doro
In the Comedy, THE NEW SECRETARY.
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H. B. WARNER in a new play THE GHOST BREAKER

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Robert Hilliard in "THE ARGYLE CASE."

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MATINEE TO-DAY 2:20
IF YOU LOVE CHILDREN, SEE
THE Poor Little Rich Girl
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The Conspiracy

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"The Master Mind" with Edmund Breese.

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OH! OH! DELPHINE
The Last Word in Musical Comedy

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Next Mon. Gala Souvenir 200th Performance.
MILESTONES by Arnold Bennett & Edward Knoblauch.

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FOR LAUGHING PURPOSES ONLY.
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& Russian Symphony Orchestra & Chorus of 150.

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MONTGOMERY & STONE, ELSIE JANIS.
THE LADY OF THE SLIPPER.

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NOW OPEN
High Class Vaudeville
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FIRST RUN OF MOTION PICTURES.
Berzac's Circus, Wilkins & Wilkins, Roberts, Hayes & Roberts, Baker Lynch & Co., Fiddler & Shelton, Farrell Bros. and other features.
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BURTON HOLMES
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PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT

LECTURES.
DR. DANIEL A. HUEBSCH offers a course of six illustrated art lectures at Delmonico's on Thursdays at 11 A. M. March 6, Leonardo; March 13, Raphael; March 20, Michelangelo; March 27, Duerer; April 3, Rembrandt; April 10, Rodin. Course tickets, $10, at 791 Lexington Av.

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